Lab12

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library(BiocManager) library(DESeq2)

Loading required package: S4Vectors

Loading required package: stats4

Loading required package: BiocGenerics

Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind, colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find, get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply, match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int, Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort, table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min

Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

expand.grid, I, unname

Loading required package: IRanges

Loading required package: GenomicRanges

Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb

Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment

Loading required package: MatrixGenerics

Loading required package: matrixStats

Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgsPerRowSet, colCollapse, colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums, colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs, colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats, colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds, colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads, colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds, colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet, rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods, rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps, rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins, rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks, rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars, rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians, rowWeighted

Loading required package: Biobase

Welcome to Bioconductor

```
Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
    'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
    'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.
Attaching package: 'Biobase'
The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':
    rowMedians
The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
    anyMissing, rowMedians
  counts <- read.csv("airway_scaledcounts.csv", row.names=1)</pre>
  metadata <- read.csv("airway_metadata.csv")</pre>
  head(counts)
                SRR1039508 SRR1039509 SRR1039512 SRR1039513 SRR1039516
                        723
                                              904
                                                          445
ENSG0000000003
                                   486
                                                                     1170
ENSG00000000005
                          0
                                                            0
                                                                       0
                                     0
                                                0
ENSG00000000419
                        467
                                   523
                                              616
                                                          371
                                                                     582
ENSG00000000457
                        347
                                   258
                                               364
                                                          237
                                                                     318
ENSG0000000460
                         96
                                    81
                                                73
                                                           66
                                                                     118
ENSG00000000938
                                     0
                                                            0
                                                                       2
                          0
                SRR1039517 SRR1039520 SRR1039521
ENSG00000000003
                       1097
                                   806
                                              604
```

head(metadata)

ENSG0000000005

ENSG00000000419

ENSG00000000457

ENSG00000000460

ENSG00000000938

```
dex celltype
          id
                                   geo_id
1 SRR1039508 control
                        N61311 GSM1275862
2 SRR1039509 treated
                        N61311 GSM1275863
3 SRR1039512 control N052611 GSM1275866
4 SRR1039513 treated N052611 GSM1275867
5 SRR1039516 control N080611 GSM1275870
6 SRR1039517 treated N080611 GSM1275871
How many genes are in this dataset?
  nrow(counts)
[1] 38694
How many 'control' cell lines do we have?
4
  #metadata[,"dex"]=="control"
  control <- metadata[metadata[,"dex"]=="control",]</pre>
  head(control)
          id
                 dex celltype
                                   geo_id
1 SRR1039508 control
                        N61311 GSM1275862
3 SRR1039512 control N052611 GSM1275866
5 SRR1039516 control N080611 GSM1275870
7 SRR1039520 control N061011 GSM1275874
  control.counts <- counts[ ,control$id]</pre>
  #control.counts
  control.mean <- rowSums( control.counts )/4</pre>
  head(control.mean)
ENSG0000000003 ENSG0000000005 ENSG00000000419 ENSG00000000457 ENSG00000000460
         900.75
                            0.00
                                           520.50
                                                           339.75
                                                                             97.25
ENSG00000000938
           0.75
```

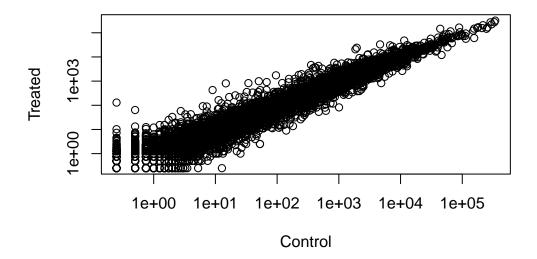
• Q4. Follow the same procedure for the treated samples (i.e. calculate the mean per gene across drug treated samples and assign to a labeled vector called treated.mean)

```
treated <- metadata[metadata[,"dex"]=="treated",]</pre>
  head(treated)
          id
                  dex celltype
                                   geo_id
2 SRR1039509 treated
                        N61311 GSM1275863
4 SRR1039513 treated N052611 GSM1275867
6 SRR1039517 treated N080611 GSM1275871
8 SRR1039521 treated N061011 GSM1275875
  treated.counts <- counts[ ,treated$id]</pre>
  #control.counts
  treated.mean <- rowSums( treated.counts )/4</pre>
  head(treated.mean)
ENSG00000000003 ENSG0000000005 ENSG000000000419 ENSG000000000457 ENSG00000000460
                                                            316.50
         658.00
                            0.00
                                           546.00
                                                                              78.75
ENSG00000000938
           0.00
  • Q3. How would you make the above code in either approach more robust?
  • add more sample, we reduce the effect of the outlier, getting more robust result
  library(dplyr)
Attaching package: 'dplyr'
The following object is masked from 'package:Biobase':
    combine
The following object is masked from 'package:matrixStats':
    count
The following objects are masked from 'package:GenomicRanges':
    intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
The following object is masked from 'package:GenomeInfoDb':
    intersect
The following objects are masked from 'package: IRanges':
    collapse, desc, intersect, setdiff, slice, union
The following objects are masked from 'package:S4Vectors':
    first, intersect, rename, setdiff, setequal, union
The following objects are masked from 'package:BiocGenerics':
    combine, intersect, setdiff, union
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
    filter, lag
The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
    intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
  control <- metadata %>% filter(dex=="control")
  control.counts <- counts %>% select(control$id)
  control.mean <- rowSums(control.counts)/4</pre>
  head(control.mean)
ENSG0000000003 ENSG0000000005 ENSG00000000419 ENSG00000000457 ENSG00000000460
         900.75
                           0.00
                                         520.50
                                                          339.75
                                                                           97.25
ENSG00000000938
           0.75
  meancounts <- data.frame(control.mean, treated.mean)</pre>
  plot(meancounts[,1],meancounts[,2], xlab="Control", ylab="Treated",log="xy")
```

Warning in xy.coords(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, log): 15032 x values <= 0 omitted from logarithmic plot

Warning in xy.coords(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, log): 15281 y values <= 0 omitted from logarithmic plot



Q5 (b). You could also use the **ggplot2** package to make this figure producing the plot below. What **geom_?()** function would you use for this plot?

geom_points

Q6. Try plotting both axes on a log scale. What is the argument to **plot()** that allows you to do this?

meancounts\$log2fc <- log2(meancounts[,"treated.mean"]/meancounts[,"control.mean"])
head(meancounts)</pre>

	control.mean	${\tt treated.mean}$	log2fc
ENSG0000000003	900.75	658.00	-0.45303916
ENSG0000000005	0.00	0.00	NaN
ENSG00000000419	520.50	546.00	0.06900279
ENSG00000000457	339.75	316.50	-0.10226805
ENSG00000000460	97.25	78.75	-0.30441833
ENSG00000000938	0.75	0.00	-Inf

```
head(meancounts[,1:2]==0)
```

```
control.mean treated.mean
ENSG0000000003
                       FALSE
                                    FALSE
ENSG0000000005
                        TRUE
                                     TRUE
ENSG00000000419
                       FALSE
                                    FALSE
                       FALSE
ENSG0000000457
                                    FALSE
ENSG00000000460
                       FALSE
                                    FALSE
ENSG00000000938
                       FALSE
                                     TRUE
```

```
## this return a group of index that is equal to 0
to.keep <- rowSums(meancounts[,1:2]==0)==0
mycounts <- meancounts[to.keep,]
head(mycounts)</pre>
```

	${\tt control.mean}$	${\tt treated.mean}$	log2fc
ENSG0000000003	900.75	658.00	-0.45303916
ENSG00000000419	520.50	546.00	0.06900279
ENSG00000000457	339.75	316.50	-0.10226805
ENSG00000000460	97.25	78.75	-0.30441833
ENSG00000000971	5219.00	6687.50	0.35769358
ENSG00000001036	2327.00	1785.75	-0.38194109

```
#zero.vals <- which(meancounts[,1:2]==0, arr.ind=TRUE)
#to.rm <- unique(zero.vals[,1])

#mycounts <- meancounts[-to.rm,]
#head(mycounts)</pre>
```

• Q7. What is the purpose of the arr.ind argument in the which() function call above? Why would we then take the first column of the output and need to call the unique() function?

arr.ind is the array indices if the input is an array.

here is the Upregulated log2fc with cutoff of 2

314 upregulated

```
#mycounts[mycounts$log2fc>=2,]
   sum(mycounts$log2fc>=2)
[1] 314
Here is the downregulated;
485 downregulated
   #mycounts[mycounts$log2fc<=-2,]</pre>
   sum(mycounts$log2fc<=-2)</pre>
[1] 485
Q8 and Q9
  up.ind <- mycounts$log2fc > 2
   down.ind <- mycounts$log2fc < (-2)</pre>
   sum(up.ind)
[1] 250
   sum(down.ind )
[1] 367
Q10
No, fold can be large without being statistically significant, meaning the fold change result
might be due to randomness.
we should filter out any result with high p_value, when using fold change to inspect result
```

library(DESeq2)
citation("DESeq2")

```
To cite package 'DESeq2' in publications use:
  Love, M.I., Huber, W., Anders, S. Moderated estimation of fold change
  and dispersion for RNA-seq data with DESeq2 Genome Biology 15(12):550
  (2014)
A BibTeX entry for LaTeX users is
  @Article{,
    title = {Moderated estimation of fold change and dispersion for RNA-seq data with DESeq2
    author = {Michael I. Love and Wolfgang Huber and Simon Anders},
    year = \{2014\},\
    journal = {Genome Biology},
    doi = \{10.1186/s13059-014-0550-8\},\
    volume = \{15\},
    issue = \{12\},
    pages = \{550\},
  dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData=counts,</pre>
                                 colData=metadata,
                                 design=~dex)
converting counts to integer mode
Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in
design formula are characters, converting to factors
  dds
class: DESeqDataSet
dim: 38694 8
metadata(1): version
assays(1): counts
rownames(38694): ENSG0000000003 ENSG0000000005 ... ENSG00000283120
  ENSG00000283123
rowData names(0):
colnames(8): SRR1039508 SRR1039509 ... SRR1039520 SRR1039521
colData names(4): id dex celltype geo_id
```

dds <- DESeq(dds)

estimating size factors

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates

mean-dispersion relationship

final dispersion estimates

fitting model and testing

res<- results(dds)
res</pre>

log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 38694 rows and 6 columns

	baseMean	${\tt log2FoldChange}$	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
	<numeric></numeric>	<numeric></numeric>	<numeric></numeric>	<numeric></numeric>	<numeric></numeric>
ENSG0000000003	747.1942	-0.3507030	0.168246	-2.084470	0.0371175
ENSG0000000005	0.0000	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENSG00000000419	520.1342	0.2061078	0.101059	2.039475	0.0414026
ENSG00000000457	322.6648	0.0245269	0.145145	0.168982	0.8658106
ENSG00000000460	87.6826	-0.1471420	0.257007	-0.572521	0.5669691
• • •					
ENSG00000283115	0.000000	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENSG00000283116	0.000000	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENSG00000283119	0.000000	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENSG00000283120	0.974916	-0.668258	1.69456	-0.394354	0.693319
ENSG00000283123	0.000000	NA	NA	NA	NA
	padj				
	<numeric></numeric>				

\IIullet ic>

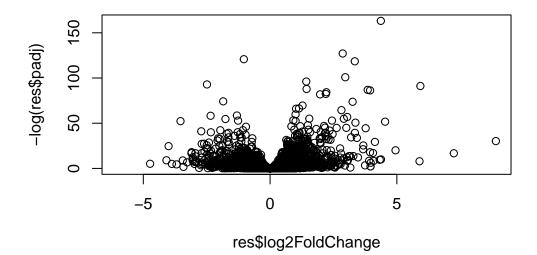
ENSG00000000000 0.163035 ENSG00000000005 NA ENSG00000000419 0.176032

```
ENSG00000000457 0.961694
ENSG00000000460 0.815849
...
ENSG00000283115 NA
ENSG00000283116 NA
ENSG00000283119 NA
ENSG00000283120 NA
ENSG00000283123 NA
```

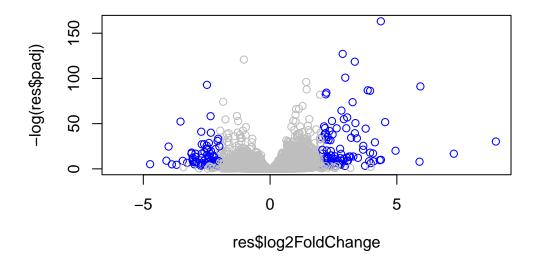
volcano plots

flip the y-axis so the value we care(low p-value)

```
plot(res$log2FoldChange,-log(res$padj))
```



```
mycols<-rep("grey",nrow(res))
mycols[abs(res$log2FoldChange)>=2]<-"blue"
mycols[abs(res$padj)>=0.05]<-"gray"
plot(res$log2FoldChange,-log(res$padj),col=mycols)</pre>
```



Annotation

```
library("AnnotationDbi")
```

Attaching package: 'AnnotationDbi'

The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':

select

```
library("org.Hs.eg.db")
```

columns(org.Hs.eg.db)

[1]	"ACCNUM"	"ALIAS"	"ENSEMBL"	"ENSEMBLPROT"	"ENSEMBLTRANS"
[6]	"ENTREZID"	"ENZYME"	"EVIDENCE"	"EVIDENCEALL"	"GENENAME"
[11]	"GENETYPE"	"GO"	"GOALL"	"IPI"	"MAP"
[16]	"OMIM"	"ONTOLOGY"	"ONTOLOGYALL"	"PATH"	"PFAM"
[21]	"PMID"	"PROSITE"	"REFSEQ"	"SYMBOL"	"UCSCKG"
[26]	"UNIPROT"				

```
res$symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,</pre>
                   keys=row.names(res), # Our genenames
                   )
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
 res$entrez <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,</pre>
                   keys=row.names(res), # Our genenames
                   )
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
 res$uniprot <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,</pre>
                   keys=row.names(res), # Our genenames
                   )
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
 res$genename <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                   keys=row.names(res), # Our genenames
                   keytype="ENSEMBL",  # The format of our genenames
column="GENENAME",  # The new format we want to add
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
 library(pathview)
```

Pathview is an open source software package distributed under GNU General Public License version 3 (GPLv3). Details of GPLv3 is available at http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html. Particullary, users are required to formally cite the original Pathview paper (not just mention it) in publications or products. For details, do citation("pathview") within R.

The pathview downloads and uses KEGG data. Non-academic uses may require a KEGG license agreement (details at http://www.kegg.jp/kegg/legal.html).

```
library(gage)
```

```
library(gageData)
  data(kegg.sets.hs)
  # Examine the first 2 pathways in this kegg set for humans
  head(kegg.sets.hs, 2)
$`hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism`
          "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"
[1] "10"
$`hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes`
                       "10720" "10941"
             "1066"
 [1] "10"
                                         "151531" "1548"
                                                           "1549"
                                                                    "1551"
 [9] "1553"
             "1576"
                       "1577"
                                "1806"
                                         "1807"
                                                  "1890"
                                                           "221223" "2990"
[17] "3251"
                               "3704"
                                                          "54575"
             "3614"
                      "3615"
                                         "51733"
                                                  "54490"
                                                                    "54576"
[25] "54577"
             "54578"
                      "54579"
                                         "54657"
                                                  "54658"
                                                           "54659"
                                                                    "54963"
                                "54600"
[33] "574537" "64816"
                      "7083"
                                "7084"
                                         "7172"
                                                  "7363"
                                                           "7364"
                                                                    "7365"
```

The main **gage()** function requires a named vector of fold changes, where the names of the values are the Entrez gene IDs.

"7378"

"7498"

"79799"

"83549"

"7372"

"978"

```
c(ian=5,tim=1)
```

[41] "7366"

[49] "8824"

"7367"

"8833"

"7371"

"9"

```
ian tim
  5 1
  foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
  names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
  head(foldchanges)
       7105
                 64102
                               8813
                                                      55732
                                                                   2268
                                          57147
-0.35070302
                     NA 0.20610777 0.02452695 -0.14714205 -1.73228897
  ## 7105 is the entrez name,
  # Get the results
  keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)
  attributes(keggres)
$names
[1] "greater" "less"
                        "stats"
  # Look at the first three down (less) pathways
  head(keggres$less, 3)
                                      p.geomean stat.mean
hsa05332 Graft-versus-host disease 0.0004250461 -3.473346 0.0004250461
hsa04940 Type I diabetes mellitus 0.0017820293 -3.002352 0.0017820293
hsa05310 Asthma
                                   0.0020045888 -3.009050 0.0020045888
                                        q.val set.size
                                                               exp1
hsa05332 Graft-versus-host disease 0.09053483
                                                   40 0.0004250461
hsa04940 Type I diabetes mellitus 0.14232581
                                                  42 0.0017820293
hsa05310 Asthma
                                   0.14232581
                                                    29 0.0020045888
  pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa05332")
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

Info: Working in directory /Users/chan-yukuo/Desktop/BIMM143/lab12

Info: Writing image file hsa05332.pathview.png

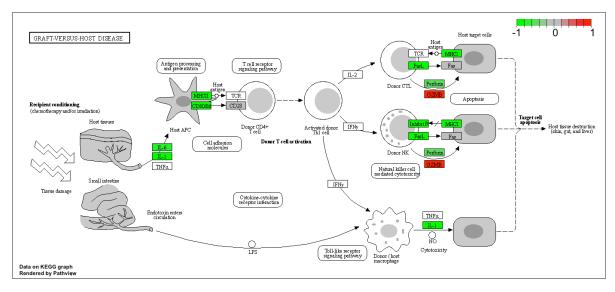


Figure 1: here is a pathway view for hsa05332 from our deseq2 analysis