Class 6

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Example input vectors to start with

student-18

```
student1 <- c(100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 90)
student2 <- c(100, NA, 90, 90, 90, 90, 97, 80)
student3 <- c(90, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA)
which.min(student2)
## [1] 8
student2[-which.min(student2)]
## [1] 100 NA 90 90 90 97
mean(student2[-which.min(student2)],na.rm=TRUE)
## [1] 92.83333
## which.min will provide an index where the minimun value is provided in the array. na.rm = True is r
## Q1 compute the average grade of the student input
Grade <- function(student) {</pre>
  ## assigning any of the Na to 0
  if (any(is.na(student))){
    student[is.na(student)]=0
  ## remove one minimun value (such as 0)
  ## calcualte mean value
  return(mean(student[-which.min(student)]))
}
mean(na.omit(student2))
## [1] 91
mean(student2, na.rm=TRUE)
## [1] 91
Grade(student3)
## [1] 12.85714
## Copying all the student values into here
data1 <- read.csv("/Users/chan-yukuo/Desktop/BIMM143/Lab6/student_homework.csv", row.names=1)
which.max(apply(data1,1,Grade))
```

```
##
           18
results <- apply(data1,1,Grade)
###apply(X, MARGIN, FUN)
## Margin =1 means claulcate the maxtrix x in row
### Q2 94.5 student 18 have the highest score
hw_Grade <- function(hw) {</pre>
  ## assigning any of the Na to 0
  if (any(is.na(hw))){
   hw[is.na(hw)]=0
  }
  ## remove one minimun value (such as 0)
  ## calcualte mean value
  return(mean(hw))
}
which.min(apply(data1,2,hw_Grade))
## hw2
##
apply(data1,2,hw_Grade)
    hw1 hw2 hw3 hw4
##
## 89.00 72.80 80.80 85.15 79.25
## Does not remove the lowest value of the whole hw.
## q3: hw2 is the hardest
## Q4 Look at the correlation of each hw
data1[is.na(data1)]=0
cor(results,data1$hw5)
## [1] 0.6325982
apply(data1,2,cor,y=results)
##
         hw1
                   hw2
                             hw3
                                       hw4
                                                 hw5
## 0.4250204 0.1767780 0.3042561 0.3810884 0.6325982
## specifying the y input of the cor
```