

CHARMe node Installation Document



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Document Control

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Node Services

The CHARMe node is a Python Django application that sits behind an Apache web server.

1 About these Instructions

The instructions in this document have been tested on Redhat Enterprise Linux and relate to the installation of the central CHARMe node at STFC. When installing on a different node the text in green will need to be changed. The text in red WILL need to be changed for all installations.

2 Dependencies

The server has dependencies on java, python-virtualenv, gcc, mod_ssl and mod_wsgi. These can be installed with:

yum install java-1.7.0-openjdk.x86_64 python-virtualenv.noarch gcc mod_ssl mod_wsgi

It is possible to use one of a number of databases for storing the admin data. For a production node it is recommended that postgres is used.

3 Web Server

An Apache web server is used as a front end for Fuseki and CHARMe.

3.1 Certificate

Apache should be configured to use a certificate, such as a Comodo certificate.

3.2 Security

There are a number of things to do to tighten security. Turn off TRACE, in httpd.conf add the following:

TraceEnable off

Disable SSL v2 and low level ciphers, in **ssl.conf**:

SSLProtocol all -SSLv2 -SSLv3

SSLCipherSuite ALL:!ADH:!EXPORT:!LOW:!SSLv2:!RC4:+RSA:+HIGH:+MEDIUM

3.3 Additional Configuration For Fuseki

In order to give access to the Fuseki query page and end point, add the following to httpd.conf:

ProxyPass /sparql.html http://127.0.0.1:3333/sparql.html

ProxyPassReverse /sparql.html http://127.0.0.1:3333/sparql.html

ProxyPass /sparql http://127.0.0.1:3333/privateds/sparql

ProxyPassReverse /sparql http://127.0.0.1:3333/privateds/sparql

ProxyPass /fuseki.css http://127.0.0.1:3333/fuseki.css

ProxyPassReverse /fuseki.css http://127.0.0.1:3333/fuseki.css

3.4 Start Up

Start the service:

/etc/init.d/httpd start

chkconfig httpd on

4 Triple Store

The CHARMe node has been tested with Fuseki and Strabon.

4.1 Fuseki

4.1.1 Installation

Create the required directories:

```
mkdir -p /opt/charme/luceneDB /var/log/fuseki
chown apache /opt/charme
```

Get the latest version of Fuseki and unpack it:

```
cd /opt/
wget http://mirror.vorboss.net/apache/jena/binaries/jena-fuseki-1.1.1-
distribution.zip
unzip jena-fuseki-1.1.1-distribution.zip
mv jena-fuseki-1.1.1 jena-fuseki
```

4.1.2 Configuration

Set up the start up script:

```
cp /opt/jena-fuseki/fuseki /etc/init.d/
```

In /etc/init.d/fuseki add the FUSEKI_* values and edit JAVA_OPTIONS:

```
export FUSEKI_HOME="/opt/jena-fuseki"
export FUSEKI_ARGS="--update --port=3333 --config=/opt/charme/config-charme.ttl"
export FUSEKI_DATA_DIR="/opt/charme/DB"
export FUSEKI_LOGS="/var/log/fuseki"

JAVA_OPTIONS="-Dlog4j.configuration=file:/opt/jena-fuseki/log4j.properties
-Xmx1200M"
```

```
# Licensed under the terms of http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
## Example of a TDB dataset published using Fuseki: persistent storage.
@prefix :
                 <#> .
@prefix fuseki: <http://jena.apache.org/fuseki#> .
@prefix rdf:
                <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
@prefix rdfs:
               <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .
@prefix tdb:
               <http://jena.hpl.hp.com/2008/tdb#> .
@prefix ja:
                <http://jena.hpl.hp.com/2005/11/Assembler#> .
@prefix text:
                <http://jena.apache.org/text#> .
@prefix dcterm: <http://purl.org/dc/terms/> .
[] rdf:type fuseki:Server;
   # Timeout - server-wide default: milliseconds.
   # Format 1: "1000" -- 1 second timeout
   # Format 2: "10000,60000" -- 10s timeout to first result, then 60s timeout to for
rest of query.
   # See java doc for ARQ.gueryTimeout
   # ja:context [ ja:cxtName "arq:queryTimeout" ; ja:cxtValue "10000" ] ;
   # ja:loadClass "your.code.Class" ;
   fuseki:services (
     <#service tdb all>
     <#service text tdb>
   ) .
# TDB
[] ja:loadClass "com.hp.hpl.jena.tdb.TDB" .
tdb:DatasetTDB rdfs:subClassOf ja:RDFDataset .
                rdfs:subClassOf ja:Model .
tdb:GraphTDB
## Initialize text query
[] ja:loadClass
                      "org.apache.jena.query.text.TextQuery" .
# A TextDataset is a regular dataset with a text index.
                     rdfs:subClassOf
text:TextDataset
                                       ja:RDFDataset .
# Lucene index
text:TextIndexLucene rdfs:subClassOf text:TextIndex .
# Text index description
<#indexLucene> a text:TextIndexLucene ;
  text:directory <file:/opt/charme/luceneDB> ;
  text:entityMap <#entMap> ;
# Mapping in the index
# URI stored in field "uri"
# rdfs:label is mapped to field "text"
<#entMap> a text:EntityMap ;
                        "uri"
    text:entityField
    text:defaultField
                        "title"
                        "creator";
    text:field
    text:map (
              [ text:field "title" ; text:predicate dcterm:title ]
              [ text:field "creator" ; text:predicate dcterm:creator ]
             ).
```

```
### This URI must be fixed - it's used to assemble the text dataset.
:text dataset rdf:type
                         text:TextDataset ;
    text:dataset <#tdb dataset readwrite> ;
    text:index <#indexLucene> ;
<#service text tdb> rdf:type fuseki:Service ;
    rdfs: label
                                       "TDB Service (full text)";
                                       "privateds";
    fuseki:name
    fuseki:serviceQuery
                                       "query";
                                       "sparql";
    fuseki:serviceQuery
                                       "update"
    fuseki:serviceUpdate
                                       "upload";
    fuseki:serviceUpload
    fuseki:serviceReadWriteGraphStore "data";
    # A separate read-only graph store endpoint:
    fuseki:serviceReadGraphStore
                                      "get" ;
    fuseki:dataset
                                    :text dataset ;
## Updatable TDB dataset with all services enabled.
<#service_tdb_all> rdf:type fuseki:Service ;
    rdfs: label
                                       "TDB Service (RW)";
    fuseki:name
                                       "privateds";
    fuseki:serviceQuery
                                       "query";
                                       "sparql" ;
    fuseki:serviceQuery
    fuseki:serviceUpdate
                                       "update"
    fuseki:serviceUpload
                                       "upload";
    fuseki:serviceReadWriteGraphStore "data";
    # A separate read-only graph store endpoint:
                                  "get" ;
    fuseki:serviceReadGraphStore
    fuseki:dataset
                            <#tdb_dataset_readwrite> ;
<#tdb_dataset_readwrite> rdf:type
                                      tdb:DatasetTDB ;
    tdb:location "/opt/charme/DB";
    tdb:unionDefaultGraph true ;
       # Query timeout on this dataset (milliseconds)
##
##
       ja:context [ ja:cxtName "arq:queryTimeout" ; ja:cxtValue "1000" ] ;
       # Default graph for query is the (read-only) union of all named graphs.
```

Start the services:

```
/etc/init.d/fuseki start

chkconfig fuseki on

chown apache:apache /opt/charme/charme.db

/etc/init.d/httpd restart
```

5 CHARMe

5.1 Installation

Set up the python virtual environment:

```
cd /opt/
virtualenv djcharme
source djcharme/bin/activate
cd djcharme/
export http_proxy=http://wwwcache.rl.ac.uk:8080
export https_proxy=http://wwwcache.rl.ac.uk:8080
mkdir /var/www/html/djcharme
export DJANGO_PROJECT_STATIC_FILES=/var/www/html/djcharme/
```

Set the version of the code you wish to install:

```
export VERSION=0.7.0
```

Get the code:

```
wget https://github.com/cedadev/djcharme/raw/develop/djcharme/dist/djcharme-$ {VERSION}.tar.gz
```

Install the postgres python libraries and the CHARMe code:

```
pip install psycopg2
pip install djcharme-${VERSION}.tar.gz --extra-index-url http://dist.ceda.ac.uk/pip/
```

5.2 Configuration

5.2.1 local settings.py

This shows the configuration required for using postgres as the admin database. Edit *lopt/djcharme/lib/* **python2.6/site-packages/djcharme/local_settings.py**.

In the DATABASES section set values for ENGINE, NAME, USER and PASSWORD, e.g.

```
'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.postgresql_psycopg2',
'NAME': 'charmedb',
'USER': 'postgresUser',
'PASSWORD': 'myPassword',
```

Also set values for STATIC ROOT and NODE URI, e.g.

```
STATIC_ROOT = '/var/www/html/djcharme/'
NODE_URI = 'https://charme.cems.rl.ac.uk'
```

If needed, set the values for HTTP_PROXY and HTTP_PROXY_PORT.

Update the email settings as required. DEFAULT_FROM_EMAIL will need to be set, e.g.

```
DEFAULT_FROM_EMAIL = 'no-reply@charme.cems.rl.ac.uk'
```

5.2.2 wsgi.py

Update wsgi.py:

```
sed -i s+VEPATH_PAR+/opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages+
/opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages/djcharme/resources/wsgi.py
sed -i s+DJANGO_PATH+/opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages/djcharme+
/opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages/djcharme/resources/wsgi.py
sed -i s+PROJECT_LIB_PATH+/opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages/djcharme+
/opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages/djcharme/resources/wsgi.py
```

5.2.3 djcharme_wsgi.conf

Set up the dicharme wsgi.conf:

```
cp /opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-
packages/djcharme/resources/djcharme_wsgi.conf /etc/httpd/conf.d/
sed -i s+LOG_DIR_PATH_PAR/PROJECT_NAME_PAR+/etc/httpd/logs/djcharme+
/etc/httpd/conf.d/djcharme_wsgi.conf
sed -i s+PATH_TO_DJANGO_PROJECT_STATIC_FILES+/var/www/html/djcharme/+
/etc/httpd/conf.d/djcharme_wsgi.conf
sed -i s+PATH_TO_PROJECT_WSGI+/opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-
packages/djcharme/resources+ /etc/httpd/conf.d/djcharme_wsgi.conf
sed -i s+PROJECT_NAME_PAR++ /etc/httpd/conf.d/djcharme_wsgi.conf
```

5.2.4 Other Configuration

Initialise the database:

```
python /opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages/djcharme/manage.py collectstatic
--clear --noinput
python /opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages/djcharme/manage.py syncdb --noinput
```

Set up the admin user:

python /opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages/djcharme/manage.py createsuperuser

Deactivate the python environment:

```
deactivate
```

Restart the service:

```
/etc/init.d/httpd restart
```

5.2.5 Set up the Client via the GUI

In a browser go to the admin interface:

```
https://charme.cems.rl.ac.uk/admin/
```

Then go to clients, Add client and provide the relevant values, e.g.

```
Url: https://charme.cems.rl.ac.uk/
Redirect uri: https://charme.cems.rl.ac.uk/
Client type: Public (Native and JS applications)
Organization: STFC
```

Make a note of the Client id.

5.2.6 oauth test2.html

Edit/opt/djcharme/lib/python2.6/site-packages/djcharme/templates/oauth_test2.html.

Set the values of oa_domain and client_id, using the client id from above, e.g.

```
oa_domain='https://charme-test.cems.rl.ac.uk'
client_id='1234567890'
```

Restart the service:

```
/etc/init.d/httpd restart
```