

Hybridisation

221. Arrange the hydra-acids of halogens in increasing order of acidity

- (a) $HF < HCl < HBr < HI$
- (b) $HI < HBr < HCl < HF$
- (c) $HF < HBr < HI < HCl$
- (d) $HF < HI < HBr < HCl$

222. Which one has sp^2 – hybridisation

- (a) CO_2
- (b) N_2O
- (c) SO_2
- (d) CO

223. Among the following compounds the one that is polar and has central atom with sp^2 – hybridization is

- (a) H_2CO_3
- (b) BF_3
- (c) SiF_4
- (d) $HClO_2$

224. The molecule which is pyramid shape is

- (a) PCl_3
- (b) CO_3^{2-}
- (c) SO_3
- (d) NO_3^-

225. Which of the following has a linear structure

- (a) CCl_4
- (b) C_2H_2
- (c) SO_2
- (d) C_2H_4

226. In a regular octahedral molecule, MX_6 , the number $X - M - X$ bonds at 180° is

- (a) Six
- (b) Four
- (c) Three
- (d) Two

227. sp^3d^2 hybrid orbitals are

- (a) Linear bipyramidal
- (b) Pentagonal
- (c) Trigonal bipyramidal
- (d) Octahedral

228. In an octahedral structure, the pair of d orbitals involved in d^2sp^3 hybridization is

- (a) d_{x^2}, d_{xz}
- (b) d_{xy}, d_{yz}
- (c) $d_{x^2-y^2}, d_{z^2}$
- (d) $d_{xz}, d_{x^2-y^2}$

229. The correct order of bond angles (smallest first) in H_2S, NH_3, BF_3 and SiH_4 is

- (a) $H_2S < NH_3 < SiH_4 < BF_3$
- (b) $NH_3 < H_2S < SiH_4 < BF_3$
- (c) $H_2S < SiH_4 < NH_3 < BF_3$
- (d) $H_2S < NH_3 < BF_3 < SiH_4$

230. Which one of the following has the regular tetrahedral structure

- (a) BF_4^-
 - (b) SF_4
 - (c) XeF_4
 - (d) $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$
- (Atomic no. : $B = 5, S = 16, Ni = 28, Xe = 54$)





240. The hybridization of IF_7 is

- (a) sp^3d^3
- (b) sp^2d
- (c) d^2sp^3
- (d) sp^3

