

Corrosion

- 1. Corrosion is basically a
 - (a) Altered reaction in presence of H_2O
 - (b) Electrochemical phenomenon
 - (c) Interaction
 - (d) Union between light metal and heavy metal
- Rusting of iron is catalysed by which of the following
 - (a) *Fe*
- (b) 0_2
- (c) Zn
- (d) H^+
- Which of the following is a highly corrosive salt
 - (a) $FeCl_2$
- (b) $PbCl_2$
- (c) Hg_2Cl_2
- (d) $HgCl_2$
- Corrosion of iron is essentially an electrochemical phenomenon where the cell reactions are
 - (a) Fe is oxidised to Fe^{2+} and dissolved oxygen in water is reduced to OH
 - (b) Fe is oxidised to Fe^{3+} and H_2O is reduced to O_2^{2-}
 - (c) Fe is oxidised to Fe^{2+} and H_2O is reduced to O_2^-
 - (d) Fe is oxidised to Fe^{2+} and H_2O is reduced to O_2

