

# Jawahar Education Society's A. C. Patil College of Engineering, Kharghar Navi Mumbai 410210

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Course Name: C.S.E. (IoT CS BC)

Course code: CSL301

Year: S.E. Semester: 3

Roll No.: 17

## **Experiment Evaluation Sheet**

Experiment No.: 5

## **Experiment Name:**

Write a program to implement the concept of Circular Queue with Insert, Delete, Display and Exit operations.

Sr No.	Evaluation Criteria	Marks (Out of 9)	Performance Date	Correction Date and Signature of Instructor
1	Experiment Performance			
2	Journal Performance			
3	Punctuality			
Total				

#### Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define max 5
int front = -1, rear = -1;
int q[max];
void enqueue() {
  int val;
  printf("Enter value :");
  scanf("%d", &val);
  if ((rear + 1) \% max == front)
     printf("Queue is full.");
  else if (rear == -1) {
     rear = front = 0;
     q[rear] = val;
     printf("Inserted successfully.");
  }
  else {
     rear = (rear + 1) \% max;
     q[rear] = val;
     printf("Inserted successfully.");
  }
}
int dequeue() {
  int val;
  if (front == -1) {
     printf("Queue is empty.");
     return -1;
  else if (front == rear) {
     int val = q[front];
     front = rear = -1;
     printf("Deleted value : %d", val);
     return val;
  }
  else {
     val = q[front];
     front = (front + 1) \% max;
     printf("Deleted value : %d", val);
     return val;
   }
}
void display() {
  int i;
  if (front == -1)
     printf("Queue is empty.");
     printf("Queue is :");
     for (i = \text{front}; i != \text{rear}; i = (i + 1) \% \text{ max}) {
        printf("%d, ", q[i]);
     printf("%d", q[i]);
```

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**Data Structure Lab** 

```
Code:
    }
 }
 int main() {
    int choice;
    do {
      printf("\n\nCircular Queue Operations\n");
      printf("1.Insert\n");
      printf("2.Delete\n");
      printf("3.Display\n");
      printf("Enter your choice :");
      scanf("%d", &choice);
      switch (choice) {
      case 1:
         enqueue();
         break;
      case 2:
         dequeue();
         break;
      case 3:
         display();
         break;
      case 4:
      printf("Exiting...\n");
         break;
    while (choice != 4);
    return 0;
```

Output:

```
Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
    TERMINAL PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE
                                                                                                         ) bash - Practical05 + \vee \square  \square \cdots \vee \rightarrow
    • chetan_i_007@HP-15-BS661TX:~/DSLab/Practical05$ ./main
8
    Circular Queue Operations
<1<sub>3</sub>
    1.Insert
    2.Delete
    3.Display
    Enter your choice :1
    Enter value :25
    Inserted successfully.
    Circular Queue Operations
    1.Insert
    2.Delete
    3.Display
    Enter your choice :1
    Enter value :34
    Inserted successfully.
    Circular Queue Operations
    1.Insert
    2.Delete
    3.Display
    Enter your choice :3
    Queue is :25, 34
```

Settings - DSLab - Visual Studio Code

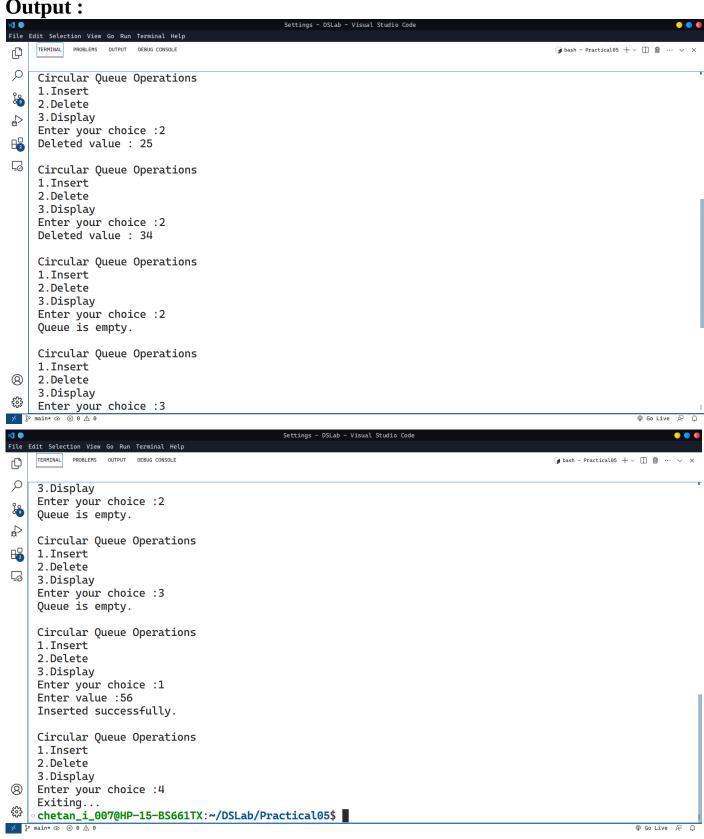
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#### **Data Structure Lab**



#### **Conclusion:**

Through this experiment we have learnt about how to implement a Circular Queue using the C language. Various operations like enqueue, dequeue, isfull, and isempty are applied on the circular queue.

This experiment helps us in using circular queue as a data structure for further reference.

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