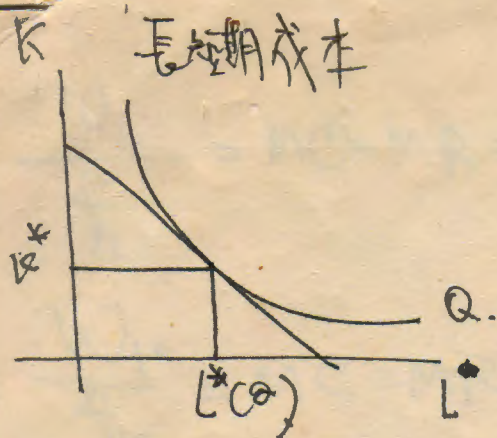


①



$$L^*(Q, \overset{w_L}{w_L}, \overset{w_K}{w_K})$$

$$K^*(Q, \overset{w_L}{w_L}, \overset{w_K}{w_K})$$

$$TC = w_L L^*(Q, w_L, w_K) + w_K K^*(Q, w_L, w_K)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{w_L}{f_L(L^*, K^*)} = \frac{w_K}{f_K(L^*, K^*)} \\ f(L^*, K^*) = Q \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{F.O.C.} \\ \text{M.C.} \end{matrix}$$

Long run

$$MC = w_L \frac{dL^*(Q)}{dQ} + w_K \frac{dK^*(Q)}{dQ}$$

$$\begin{cases} f_L \frac{dL^*}{dQ} + f_K \frac{dK^*}{dQ} = 1 \\ \frac{dK^*}{dQ} = \frac{1 - f_L \frac{dL^*}{dQ}}{f_K} \end{cases}$$

$$= w_L \frac{dL^*}{dQ} + \frac{w_K}{f_K} - \frac{w_K f_L}{f_K} \frac{dL^*}{dQ}$$

$$= \left(w_L - \frac{w_K f_L}{f_K} \right) \frac{dL^*}{dQ} + \frac{w_K}{f_K}$$

$$= \frac{w_K}{f_K} = \frac{w_L}{f_L} = \lambda$$

short run MC

$$\begin{cases} c = w_L L \\ f(L, K) = Q \end{cases}$$

$$f_L dL^0 = dQ$$

$$\frac{dL}{dQ} = \frac{1}{f_L}$$

$$\frac{dc}{dQ} = w_L \frac{dL}{dQ} = \frac{w_L}{f_L} = MC$$

L.R.

$$\begin{cases} \min w_L L + w_K K \\ s.t. f(L, K) = Q \end{cases}$$

$$w_L L + w_K K + \lambda [Q - f(L, K)]$$

(2)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{W_L}{f_L} = MC = MR = P \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_L &= P \cdot MPP_L \\ &= MR \cdot MPP_L \end{aligned}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{W_K}{f_K} = MC = MR = P \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_K &= P \cdot MPP_K \\ &= MR \cdot MPP_K \end{aligned}$$

$$\pi = P(Q) \cdot Q - W_L L - W_K K$$

$$= TR(f(L, K)) - W_L L - W_K K$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} MR \cdot f_L = W_L \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} MR \cdot f_K = W_K \end{array} \right.$$

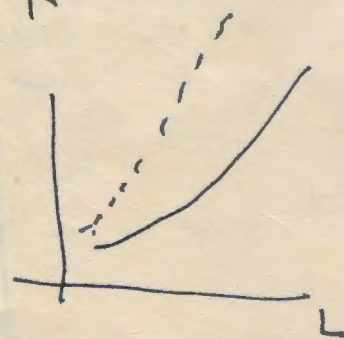
如企业为垄断竞争:

$$\pi = TR(f(L, K)) - \overset{TFC_L}{W_L(L)} - \overset{TFC_K}{W_K(K) \cdot K}$$

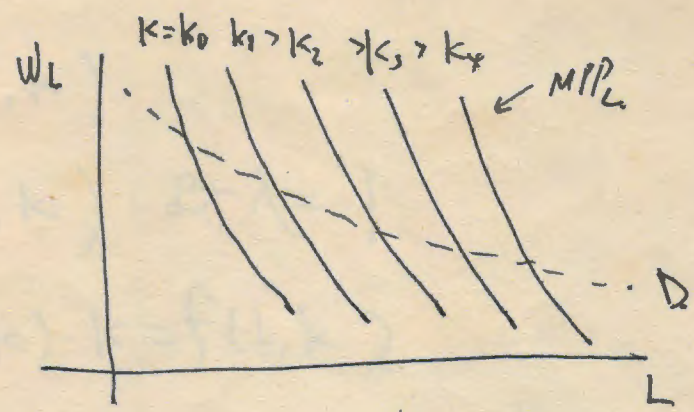
$$MR \cdot f_L = MFC_L = \frac{dW_L}{dL} \cdot L + W_L$$

$$MR \cdot f_K = MFC_K = \frac{dW_K}{dK} \cdot K + W_K$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{dW_L}{dL} \cdot \frac{L}{W_L} + 1 \right) W_L = \left(1 + \frac{1}{\eta_L} \right) P$$



$$\begin{cases} P \cdot MPP_L = W_L \\ P \cdot MPP_K = W_K \end{cases}$$



$$W_L \downarrow \Rightarrow L \uparrow \text{ 直到 } MPP_L = \frac{P_L}{P} \Rightarrow K \geq MPP \uparrow \Rightarrow K \uparrow \Rightarrow A \uparrow$$

但如产品市场为不完全竞争

$$W_L \downarrow \Rightarrow L \uparrow \Rightarrow MPP_L \uparrow$$

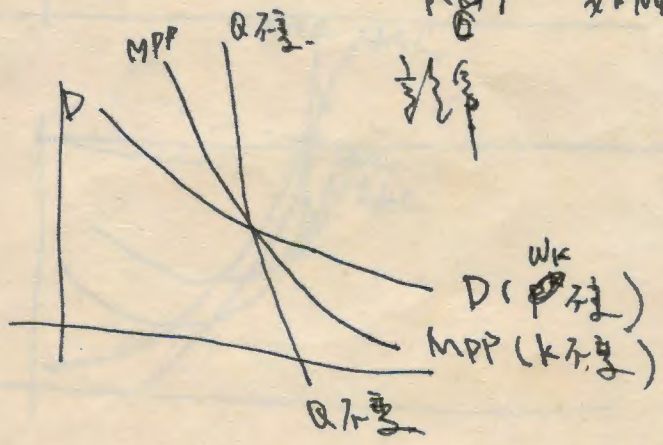
$$MR \downarrow \Rightarrow MRP_L = MPP_L \cdot MR ? \Rightarrow B \uparrow \downarrow ?$$

$$\rightarrow A \uparrow \downarrow ?$$

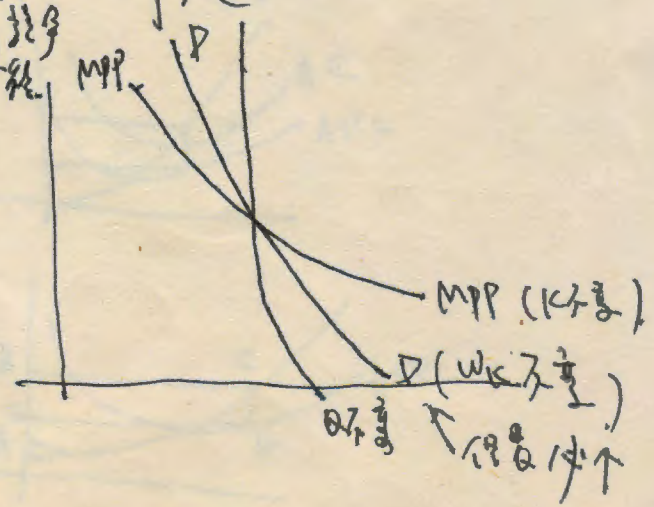
$$P \downarrow \text{ 且 } W_L \downarrow (Q \text{ 不变}) \Rightarrow L \uparrow, K \downarrow \Rightarrow \frac{W_L}{MPP_L} = \frac{W_K}{MPP_K} = MC < MR$$

$$\Rightarrow Q \uparrow \Rightarrow L \uparrow$$

$$K \uparrow$$



如MR > MC 则 P 上升 否则下降 -
 调整可能



Marshall 模型
 X 价格
 L 代表

$$f(\lambda L, \lambda k) = \lambda f(L, k)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} f(\lambda L, \lambda k) = f(L, k) \quad \text{at } \lambda = 1$$

$$f_L(L, k) \cdot L + f_k(L, k) \cdot k = f(L, k)$$

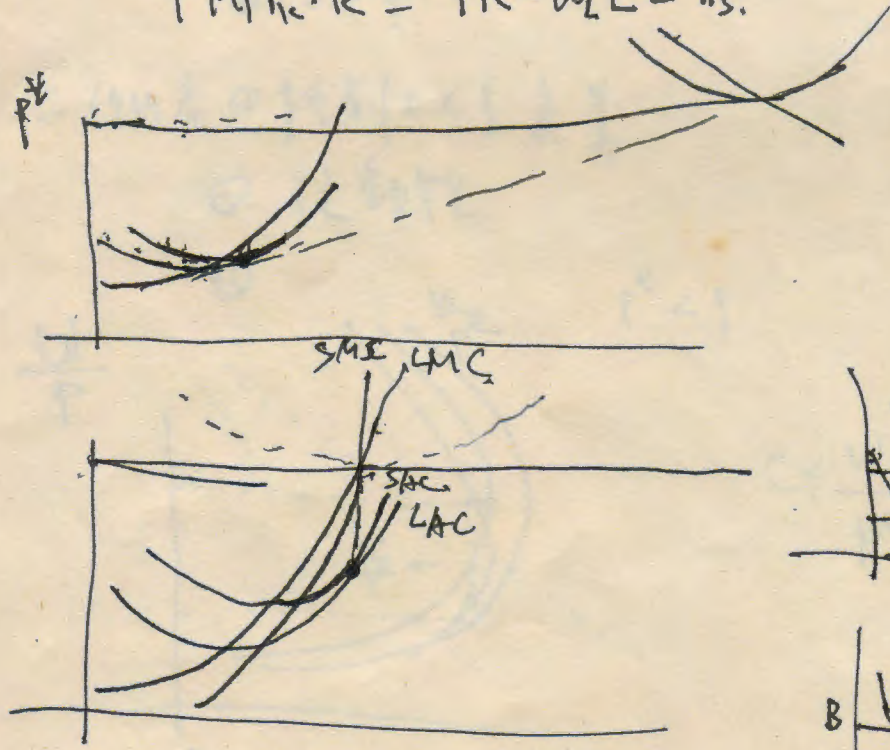
$$PMPR_L \cdot L + PMPR_k \cdot k = P \cdot Q = TR$$

$$w_L \cdot L + w_k \cdot k = TR$$

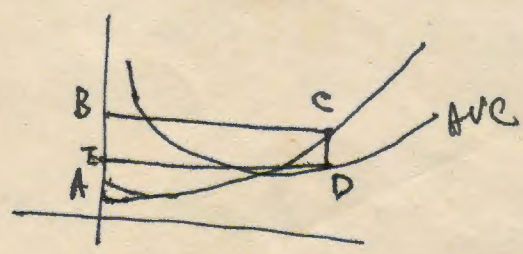
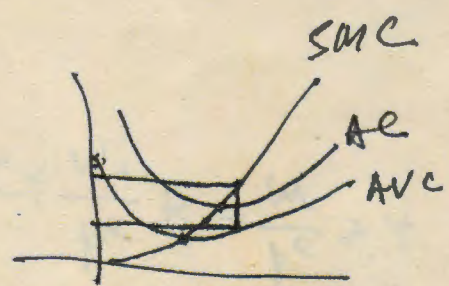
$$\therefore \pi = 0$$

$$w_L \cdot L + PMPR_k \cdot k = TR$$

$$PMPR_k \cdot k = TR - w_L L = \pi_s$$



Handwritten notes in Chinese characters, likely explaining the relationship between short-run and long-run costs.



$$ACB = BCDE$$

Handwritten notes in Chinese characters, likely explaining the geometric interpretation of the relationship between short-run and long-run average costs.

长期成本(序)

长期平均成本 $LAC = \frac{w_L L^*(Q) + w_K K^*(Q)}{f(L^*(Q), K^*(Q))}$

$$\frac{dLAC}{dQ} = \frac{w_L \frac{dL^*}{dQ} + w_K \frac{dK^*}{dQ}}{f} - \frac{w_L L^* + w_K K^*}{f^2}$$

$$= \frac{MC}{f} - \frac{TC}{f^2} \left(= \frac{MC \cdot Q - TC}{Q^2} \right)$$

短期平均成本

前述 $c = w_L L^0$ 资本 K 固定在 \bar{K} 时的总变动成本, 故短期平均成本

$$AVC = \frac{w_L L^0}{f(L^0, \bar{K})} \quad \text{且 } \bar{K} \text{ 固定 } F = w_K \bar{K} \text{ 为固定成本}$$

⑤ 总成本 = 短期总成本 + 固定成本 $F + w_L L^0 = w_L L^0 + w_K \bar{K}$
 短期平均总成本为

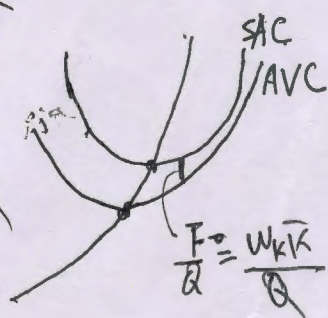
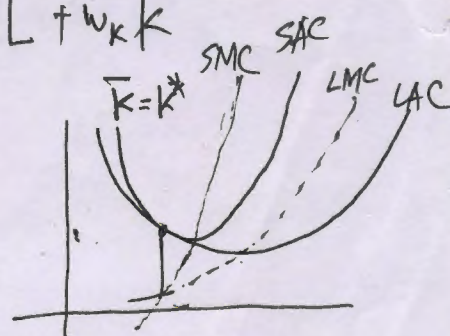
$$\frac{F + w_L L^0}{f(L^0, \bar{K})} \equiv SAC$$

$$\frac{dSAC}{dQ} = \frac{d}{dQ} \frac{w_L L^0 + w_K \bar{K}}{f(L^0, \bar{K})} = \frac{w_L \frac{dL^0}{dQ}}{f} - \frac{w_L L^0 + w_K \bar{K}}{f^2}$$

因 \bar{K} 为常数

$$= \frac{w_L / f_L}{f} - \frac{w_L L^0 + w_K \bar{K}}{f^2} = \frac{SMC}{f} - \frac{SAC}{f}$$

$$\frac{dLAC}{dQ}$$



短期成本(短)

短期平均成本 $LAC = \frac{w_L L^*(Q) + w_K K^*(Q)}{f(L^*(Q), K^*(Q))}$

$$\frac{dLAC}{dQ} = \frac{w_L \frac{dL^*}{dQ} + w_K \frac{dK^*}{dQ}}{f} - \frac{w_L L^* + w_K K^*}{f^2}$$

$$= \frac{MC}{f} - \frac{TC}{f^2} \left(= \frac{MC \cdot Q - TC}{Q^2} \right)$$

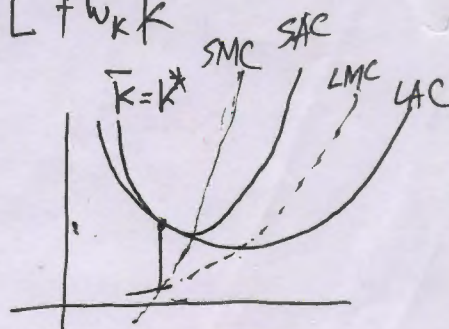
短期平均成本

前述 $c = w_L L^0$ 为 K 固定在 \bar{K} 时的变动成本, 故短期平均成本

$$AVC = \frac{w_L L^0}{f(L^0, \bar{K})} \quad \text{因 } \bar{K} \text{ 固定 } F = w_K \bar{K} \text{ 为固定成本}$$

包含固定成本的短期总成本 $F + w_L L^0 = w_L L^0 + w_K \bar{K}$
 短期平均总成本为.

$$\frac{F + w_L L^0}{f(L^0, \bar{K})} \equiv SAC$$



$$\frac{dSAC}{dQ} = \frac{d}{dQ} \frac{w_L L^0 + w_K \bar{K}}{f(L^0, \bar{K})} = \frac{w_L \frac{dL^0}{dQ}}{f} - \frac{w_L L^0 + w_K \bar{K}}{f^2}$$

因 \bar{K} 为常数.

$$= \frac{w_L / f_L}{f} - \frac{w_L L^0 + w_K \bar{K}}{f^2} = \frac{SMC}{f} - \frac{SAC}{f}$$

$$\frac{dLAC}{dQ} = \frac{SMC}{f} - \frac{LAC}{f}$$

量 $\bar{K} = K^*$ 时

