

Next cash rate movement likely to be up: RBA April minutes



with over 2017 had been more consistent with the strength seen in the labour market over that period. More recently, growth in retail sales values had been below average in early 2018. At least some of this was likely to reflect ongoing retail price

Growth in Soushold disposable income had pricked up over 2017, purtly reflecting the extraptils in employment growth over the course of the year. Income of unincorporated and basiceses, which is intributed to the household extex, but increased in the December quarter. The national accounts measure of sugge growth all continued to be lower than ways. growth exceed and the extraption of the prices and prices and the prices are also as the continued to have a submergine growth or some district and a continued to be a some growth prices and a some growth or some district and a some growth and price and growth prices are also as the price of the and the prices are also as the prices are also as the price of the area of the prices are also as the price of the price of the prices are also as the price of the prices are also as the price of the price of the prices are also as the price of the price of the prices are also as the price of the price of the prices are also as the prices

Members noted that year-ended growth in employment thad remained strong in the first few months of 2018, although the monthly increases in employment and moderated. Nationwisk, employment that continued to grow strongly in the household services sector, particularly in the houlth and social assistance industry. Employment in goods-related industries had picked up sharply over the year to February, nainly reflecting strength in construction employment. Members observed that migration flows from Western Australia had served to minigate the effect of the end of the mining investments because the state. The automated at a high level, as employment are production at roll and a relatively high level. It alter a supplement that be found in the capital or the proof alter a relative production and a supplement that be found in the capital or the proof alter a relatively high level. The members of understand the proof of the preceding growth in employment in the proof altered. The members of understand the proof altered in the proof altered and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relative proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relatively high level. The analysis of the proof and a relative high level. The analysis of the proof and a relative proof and a relative high level. The analysis of the proof and a relative high level. The analysis of the proof and a relative high level. T

In the residential boxsing market, dwelling investment had declined a little over 2017 but was expected to remain at a high level over the following year or no, supported by the large pipeline of residential boxsing market, dwelling investment had declined a little over 2017. Housing prices had declined a little over 2017. Housing prices had declined for their in Sydney and Melbourne. Members noted that skelines in boxsing prices had been little damped in Birchause and Petril.

Members noted that most components of boxsiness investment had increased over 2017, with the exception of construction activity in the mining sector. Private non-mining but not to the private non-mining but not to the private non-mining but not to the standard of the private non-mining not to the standard of the private non-mining not to the standard not to the private non-mining not to the standard not to the private non-mining not to the standard not to the

Expert volumes had fallen in the December quanter. The decline in coal exports was expected to reverse gradually over the first half of 2018 as shipments from Queensland recover following a number of temporary disruptions. Rural expert volumes had fallen as a result of lower corp production, which was unlikely to be reversed in the near term. Members noted that the epot prices of iron or and coal had declined significantly since the previous meeting, reflecting concerns about the resilience of Clinices two or and coal demmad after the Chinese New Year holdsty period, although contract prices for coal had increased. Concerns that an excitation in global trade protectionism could damage prospects for global growth had also contributed to lower commodity prices. In contrast, the price of oil had increased in recent weeks. Recent developments in commodity prices aggreed that the terms of trade for kanadasis hade bent lined tradepoint in the March quarter.

International Economic Conditions

nomic conditions, members noted that global industrial activity and trade had strengthened over the prior couple of years. They observed that although the turiff amount cements by the US administration – and by the Chinese authorities in response – were unlikely to have a significant direct effect on global trade, the possibility of an escalation in trade restrictions reports.

Above tenta growth in the major abstracted consumers had belt to a further rightening in his belter markers. Business conditions but remained consumers as the US economy economies and belt to be further rightening in his belter markers. Business conditions but remained consumers as the US economy economies and the major of the product of the product

China, the authorities had recently amounced a growth target of around 6.5% for 2018, which was similar to the target for 2017, and a continuation of policies designed to reduce pollution and manage financial stability risks. Members recognized that economic data for China were difficult to interpret early in the calendar year owing to the effect of the Chinese New Year holidays, Nevertheless, the available data suggested that vate investment growth the picked up to remained lows. Growth, even though consumption growth, even though consumption growth, even though consumption growth and also been subdened, early because of policies designed to reduce excess capacity and pollution. However, indextors of consumer spending suggested that consumption growth, even though consumption growth, even though consumption growth and asked in recent years. Growth in total social financing had eased in prior months and singe prices had fall in the largest circle where though consumption growth, even though consumption growth, even though consumption growth, even though consumption growth and also been supported in the policy of the prior months and singe prices had fall in an alternative to the largest circle where though consumption growth, even though consumption growth and an alternative to the property of the prior months and single prior months and single prior and an alternative to the property of the prior months and single prior and an alternative to the property of the prior months and single prior and an alternative to the prior months and single prior months an

Financial Markets

Members commenced their discussion of developments in funcial narders by noting that, as expected, the US Federal Reserve had raised the federal finals rate by 25 basis points at its March meeting. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) had published upwardly revised projections for the US economy and a slightly steeper path for expected future policy rates than previously, partly owing to the US fiscal stimulus. The median of the FOMC's revised projections implied that the policy rate will easily use a post 2019, and 2020.

Members noted that long-terms government bod yields in the United States and once other economics had risen over the preceding six months, but had declined in its recently, in part reflecting a slight lowering of inflation expectations. Share prices had failen over the preceding month, reflecting concerns about international trade policy developments, as well as regulatory and company-specific developments in the technology sector. Australian equally prices had moved thorough without the high plant and market, with prices of resources sector stock broad general control of the process.

Members also observed that corporate bond spreads in the United States and euro area had risen a little over March, which was likely to have reflected investor concerns about trade policies and reduced demand for corporate debt relating to US tax changes

Members discussed developments in US dollar money markets, noting the marked increase in the cost of borrowing US dollars at short terms since the beginning of 2018. The increase in US dollar short-term interest rates appeared to have reflected a number of factors, in foreign financial institutions to source more of their funding from ondozer US money markets. In addition, demand for a range of money market institutents from a number of large US corporations was thought to have declined following changes to US tax arrangements.

Members note that the de-evolupments in IS mong markets to different frough to higher dark erem borrowing one coin in financial market in a function in IS market to finance their domestic assets, in contrast to braiks from other jurisdictions, which funded US dollar assets with the funds raised. There had also been some flew-through to adorsterom interest rates in a few-other market. Some procedure assets, the process in ISS mong markets were processed in ISS mong markets were represented assets.

There had been fairly modest movements in most major exchange rates over the previous month. The Australian dollar had depreciated a little further against the US dollar and in trade-weighted terms, but remained within the relatively narrow range of the preceding two years. The recent depreciation had occurred in the context of lower commodity prices and interest rates in the United States having moved above those in Australia. In Australia, corporate bond greends had rises slightly over the preceding month, in line with developments in international markets, but remained at relatively low levels. Major bank' net bond issuance had been relatively strong over 2018 to date. Members noted that major bank' marginal cost of debt funding had increased a little over the preceding month, in line with developments in international markets, but remained at relatively low levels. Major bank' net bond issuance had been relatively strong over 2018 to date. Members noted that major bank' marginal cost of debt funding had increased a little over the preceding month, reflecting the higher cost of borrowing in short-term money markets related to the developments in US money markets. At the same time, there had been little change in retail deposit rates, limiting the overall effect on bank funding costs.

Growth in housing credit had stabilised in 2018, having slowed over the course of 2017, and the data on loan approvals suggested that banks had comfortably met the re sents of the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA) in relation to interest-only lending. Members noted that there had been a number of reductions in banks' advertised interest rates on investor and interest-only mortgages over the preceding month. Financial market pricing continued to imply that the cash rate was expected to remain unchanged for a considerable period, with a 25 basis point increase expected in mid 2019.

Members were briefed on the Bank's regular half-yearly assessment of the financial system

At the margin, global financial stability risks had eased. Stroager ecosomic growth had improved banks' loan performance and underlying profitability. For some banks, the increase in profits had also reflected the absence of large asset write-downs, fines and restructuring expenses, which had affected previous outcomes. In China, the authorities had taken measures to contain the risks to the financial system emanating from the high level of debt and some higher-risk forms of credit intermediation, although risks to the satelity of the Chinese financial system remained.

Low risk-free interest rates continued to underpin the valuations of many assets around the world. Members noted that a sharp increase in interest rates toward historically more normal levels that is not associated with stronger growth could see simultaneous price falls across a range of assets. In addition, investors had been accepting low levels of compensation for bearing risk, so a reassessment of this would accentuate possible price falls across a range of assets. In addition, investors had been accepting low levels of compensation for bearing risk, so a reassessment of this would accentuate possible price falls across a range of assets. In addition, investors had been accepting low levels of compensation for bearing risk, so a reassessment of this would accentuate possible price falls across a range of assets. In addition, investors had been accepting low levels of compensation for bearing risk, so a reassessment of this would accentuate possible price falls across a range of assets. In addition, investors had been accepting low levels of compensation for bearing risk, so a reassessment of this would accentuate possible price falls across a range of assets. In addition, investors had been accepting low levels of compensation for bearing risk, so a reassessment of this would accentuate possible price falls across a range of assets. In addition, investors had been accepting low levels of compensation for bearing risk, so a reassessment of this would accentuate possible price falls across a range of assets. In addition, investors had been accepting low levels of compensation for bearing risk, so a reassessment of this would accentuate possible price falls across a range of assets. In addition, investors had been accepting low levels of compensation for bearing risk.

Husing markets had been strong in a number of small open economies that did not experience significant housing market downturns during the financial crisis, including Australia. Low interest rates had contributed to strong growth in household borrowing and housing grices in these countries. National authorities had implemented "macropradential" measures on the practical interest of the practical interest on the practical interest on the practical interest on the practical interest on the practical interest of the practical interest on the practical interest on the practical interest on the practical interest on the practical interest of the practical interest on the practical interest in the practical interest

Demestically, risks remained from the high level of household debt and the growth of risksier lending in earlier years, but regulatory measures had helped to contain the build-up of risks. Members noted that while the growth of household debt had outspaced that of income over recent years, household for wealth had continued to grow and, in aggregate, household for housing and financial assets for exceeded their borrow noted, however, that this was not reflective of the financial positions of all individual households. Nevertheless, measures of household financial stress after a few to a financial stress at present. Members also noted that the abuse of interest-only locates in new lending that filled public plants and the share of closures with high loan-to-valuation ratios had had declined stander. But which had filter displayed lending readards. Mexicine filters of present the adoption of the present of the present that the present present the present present that the present present the present present that the present present t

Timing to developments in the commercial property sector, members noted than office property conditions but been strongers in System; and Mediuman, where the finite fundament demanded alguarded source; most to be break. Piccs had continued to rice faster than ment, with skep free implying very her ment of building the system of commercial property is a few formations. The properties that in the continued have transfer from the discoverage and the properties that in the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties that in the continued to a few formations of the properties that in the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of the continued to a few formations of the properties of

Members noted that the stalliness of the Australian Hancal 2 parts had continued to improve. Australian back of profits had increased in the laser tarfet pure period. Growth in profit had been driven by a vider or interest marraign and a decline in back and doubtful debt charges, lank analysis generally sepected the contribution on the formation of the contribution of the formation of the contribution o The capital ratios of Australian banks had risen further over the preceding half-year and were substantially higher than a decade prior. Further, a greater share of this was high-quality capital. The capital ratios of the four major banks were well above the current regulatory minimum and close to the 'unquestionably strong' prudential benchmark to apply from 2020. The increase in banks' capital ratios had reflected retained profits and subdated growth in risk-weighted assets as the large banks had reduced the size of their non-mortgage portfolior, which carry higher risk weights. Banks continued to hold a large stack of found assets, well exceeding the requirements under the Liquidity Coverage Ratio.

Members were briefed on the proposed revisions to the capital framework outlined in a consultation paper released by APRA in February 2018. The proposal would see changes in the capital required for different loans to imquiries, the outcomes of which could affect how they operate.

Considerations for Monetary Policy

In considering the stance of monetary policy, members noted that conditions in the global economy had remained positive in the preceding month. Output in the advanced economies was expected to continue to grow at above-trend rates, supported by accommand further upward pressure on labour costs. Globally, inflation remained low, but was expected to increase. A number of central banks had withdrawn some monetary stimulus and further steps in this direction were expected.

tainable growth path. Of particular note was the on

Long-term bond yields had risen in the United States and some other economies over the preceding six months and credit spreads had widened a little recently, but financial conditions generally rem had increased from very low levels, partly because of concerns about the direction of trade policy internationally. The Australian dollar had declined a little since the previous meeting. Domestically, he recent data had generally been consistent with the forecast for a gradual improvement in growth. The outlook for non-mining business investment growth remained positive, supported by solid domestic demand conditions, the spillover from public infrastructure work and the pipeline of non-residential building work to be completed. Forward-looking indicators suggested that spare capacity in the labour market would continue to decline gradually over 2018. Consequently, wages growth was expected to rise gradually from its current low rate. Low growth in labour costs in combination with strong competition in the retail sector suggested that inflation would remain low for some time before also picking up gradually as the economy and labour market strengthen.

Conditions in the housing markets in Sydney and Melbourne had eased, while conditions in housing markets clear the conditions in the housing markets in Sydney and Melbourne had eased, while conditions in housing markets clear the conditions in housing markets clear the conditions in housing markets clear the conditions in housing markets and house helpful in containing the build-up of risk on household balance sheets. However, household debt levels remained high, which continued to pose an element of uncertainty for the outlook for consumption growth

The low level of interest rates had supported growth over 2017, which had reduced the unemployment rate and brought inflation closer to the target. Further progress on these goals was expected in the period ahead, but this progress was likely to be gradual. Over 2018, GDP growth was expected to exceed potential growth and CPI inflation was expected to increase gradually to be a little above 2%. Members noted that an appreciation of the Australian closur would be expected to result in a slower pick-up in exonomic activity and affiliation than forecast.

In current circumstances, members agreed that it was more likely that the next move in the cash rate would be up, rather than down. As progress in lowering unemployment and having infl holding the stance of monetary policy unchanged at this meeting would be consistent with sustainable growth in the economy and achieving the inflation target over time.

Members Present: Philip Love (Gos server and Chairi Gas Bahelle (Bern)

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