## NCTU Pattern Recognition, Homework 2

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## **Part. 1, Coding (60%)**:

In this coding assignment, you are required to implement Fisher's linear discriminant by using only NumPy, then train your model on the provided dataset, and evaluate the performance on testing data. Find the sample code and data on the GitHub page <a href="https://github.com/NCTU-VRDL/CS\_ILE5065/tree/main/HW2">https://github.com/NCTU-VRDL/CS\_ILE5065/tree/main/HW2</a>

Please note that only <u>NumPy</u> can be used to implement your model, you will get 0 point by calling sklearn.discriminant\_analysis.LinearDiscriminantAnalysis.

1. (5%) Compute the mean vectors  $\Box$  (i=1, 2) of each 2 classes on <u>training data</u>

```
M1= [ 1.3559426 -1.34746216]
M2= [-1.29735587 1.29096203]
```

2. (5%) Compute the within-class scatter matrix  $\square_{\square}$  on <u>training data</u>

```
Sw= [[ 388.64001349 -228.92177708] 
[-228.92177708 665.56910433]]
```

3. (5%) Compute the between-class scatter matrix  $\Box_{\Box}$  on **training data** 

```
Sb= [[ 7.03999279 -7.00052687] 
[-7.00052687 6.9612822 ]]
```

4. (5%) Compute the Fisher's linear discriminant W on training data

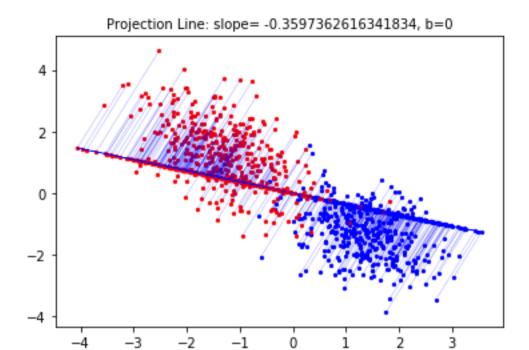
```
W= [[ 0.94096648] [-0.33849976]]
```

5. (20%) Project the <u>testing data</u> by Fisher's linear discriminant to get the class prediction by nearest-neighbor rule and calculate your accuracy score on <u>testing data</u> (you should get accuracy over 0.9)

I projected the testing data and calculate Euclidean distance of all projected training data and found the nearest-neighbor and set the same class of it.

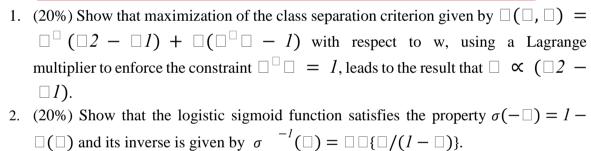
My accuracy of test-set 0.916

6. (20%) Plot the 1) best projection line on the training data and show the slope and intercept on the title (you can choose any value of intercept for better visualization)
2) colorize the data with each class 3) project all data points on your projection line. Your result should look like the below image (This image is for reference, not the answer)

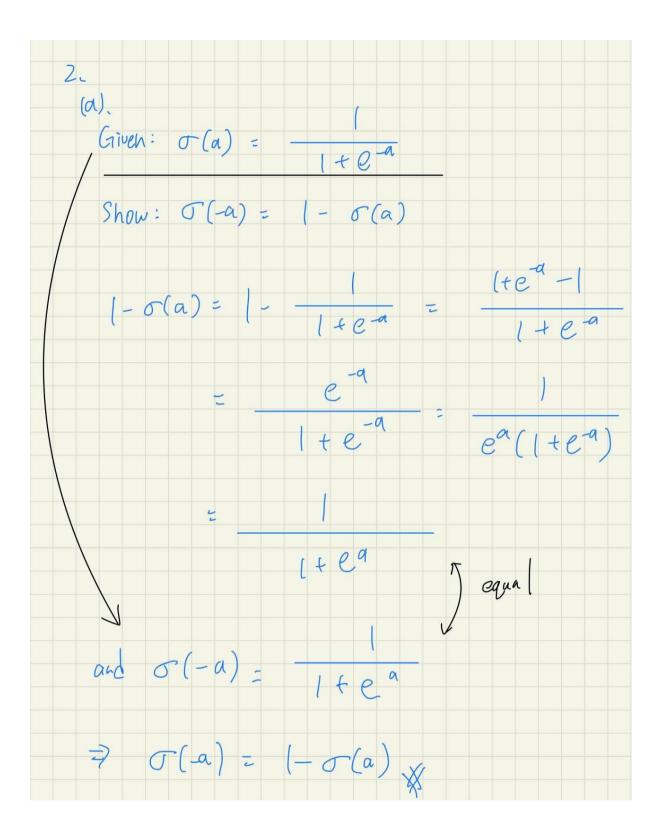


**Part. 2, Questions (40%):** 

The answer of Part 2 is handed written and showed in following pictures.



Part 2: 1. In the case of 2 -classes. Constrain W to have unit length (w=1) The optimization problem will be: Maximize  $W^{T}(m_2-m_1)$ s.t.  $W^{T}W=1$ By Lagrage multiplier: L(\(\lambda,\w) = WT (m2-m1) + \(\lambda(\alpha\tau-1)\) Differentiating with w:  $(m_2 - m_1) + 72\omega = 0$  $\Rightarrow) \qquad \omega = -\frac{1}{22} \left( m_z - m_1 \right)$  $\Rightarrow \omega \wedge (m_2 - m_1)_{\times}$ 



(b) Set 
$$y = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} = \sigma(x)$$

$$y \times (1+e^{-x}) = |y| + y e^{-x} = |y|$$

$$e^{-x} = \frac{1-y}{y}$$

$$x = -\ln(\frac{1-y}{y}) = \ln(\frac{1-y}{y})$$

$$x = -\ln(\frac{y}{y}) = \ln(\frac{y}{y})$$