

## ▼ Environment Setup for AI-Powered Jira Ticket Summarizer & Prioritizer

```
!pip install -q wordcloud textblob spacy plotly xgboost seaborn scikit-learn tensorflow transformers
!python -m spacy download en_core_web_sm

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.graph_objects as go
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

plt.style.use('seaborn-v0_8')
sns.set_palette("husl")

print("🚀 AI-Powered Jira Ticket Summarizer & Prioritizer")
print("=" * 60)
print("✅ Environment setup complete!")
```

 Show hidden output

## ▼ Uploading and Processing Jira Datasets

```
from google.colab import files

import io

print("📁 Upload your Jira dataset files")
print("Supported formats: Excel (.xlsx, .xls), CSV (.csv)")
print("-" * 50)

uploaded = files.upload()
datasets = {}
for filename, content in uploaded.items():
    try:
        if filename.endswith('.xlsx') or filename.endswith('.xls'):
            df = pd.read_excel(io.BytesIO(content))
```

```
        ur = pd.read_excel(io.BytesIO(content))
    elif filename.endswith('.csv'):
        df = pd.read_csv(io.BytesIO(content))
    else:
        print(f"⚠️ Unsupported file format: {filename}")
        continue

    datasets[filename] = df
    print(f"✅ Loaded {filename}: {df.shape[0]} rows, {df.shape[1]} columns")

except Exception as e:
    print(f"❌ Error loading {filename}: {str(e)}")

if datasets:
    main_file = list(datasets.keys())[0]
    jira_data = datasets[main_file]
    print(f"\n🎯 Using {main_file} as main dataset")
    print(f"Dataset shape: {jira_data.shape}")
else:
    print("❌ No valid datasets uploaded!")
```

>Show hidden output

## ▼ Jira Dataset Profiling: Structure, Stats & Missing Values

```
print("📊 DATASET OVERVIEW")
print("=" * 60)

print(f"Dataset Shape: {jira_data.shape}")
print(f"Memory Usage: {jira_data.memory_usage(deep=True).sum() / 1024**2:.2f} MB")

print("\n📋 First 5 rows:")
print(jira_data.head())

print("\n🔍 Data Information:")
print(jira_data.info())

print("\n❌ Missing Values:")
missing_data = jira_data.isnull().sum()
missing_percent = (missing_data / len(jira_data)) * 100
missing_df = pd.DataFrame({
    'Missing Count': missing_data,
    'Percentage': missing_percent
})
```

```
}).sort_values('Missing Count', ascending=False)
print(missing_df[missing_df['Missing Count'] > 0])

print("\n📈 Statistical Summary:")
print(jira_data.describe(include='all'))
```

## ➡️ 📊 DATASET OVERVIEW

```
=====
Dataset Shape: (11, 2)
Memory Usage: 0.00 MB
```

### 📋 First 5 rows:

```
<b>Argumentos</b> \
0 Contribuir para uma apreciação mais realista d...
1 Desenvolver uma visão completa de um problema ...
2 Evitar a duplicação do esforço científico, des...
3 Facilitar e promover a comunicação científica/...
4 Fornecer equilíbrio, indicar imaturidade do co...
```

### <b>Autores</b>

```
0 (<a href="#B2"> ANDERSON; SPROTT; OLSEN, 2013 ...
1           (<a href="#B35"> WOLF, 2017 </a>)
2 (<a href="#B2"> ANDERSON; SPROTT; OLSEN, 2013 ...
3 (<a href="#B2"> ANDERSON; SPROTT; OLSEN, 2013 ...
4           (<a href="#B3"> ASHLEY, 2004 </a>)
```

### 🌐 Data Information:

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 11 entries, 0 to 10
Data columns (total 2 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -- 
 0   <b>Argumentos</b>    11 non-null      object 
 1   <b>Autores</b>     11 non-null      object 
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 308.0+ bytes
None
```

### ✖️ Missing Values:

```
Empty DataFrame
Columns: [Missing Count, Percentage]
Index: []
```

### 📈 Statistical Summary:

```
<b>Argumentos</b> \
count                11
unique               11
top     Contribuir para uma apreciação mais realista d...
freq                  1
```

	<b>Autores</b>
count	11
unique	10
top	(<a href="#B2"> ANDERSON; SPROTT; OLSEN, 2013 ...
freq	2

## ▼ Advanced Text Feature Engineering for Jira Tickets

```
import nltk
import spacy
from textblob import TextBlob
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.sentiment import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
import re

nltk.download('punkt', quiet=True)
nltk.download('stopwords', quiet=True)
nltk.download('vader_lexicon', quiet=True)

nlp = spacy.load('en_core_web_sm')

class AdvancedJiraProcessor:
    def __init__(self):
        self.stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
        self.sia = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()

    def clean_text(self, text):
        """Advanced text cleaning"""
        if pd.isna(text) or text == '':
            return ""

        text = str(text).lower()
        text = re.sub(r'http\S+|www\S+|https\S+', '', text)
        text = re.sub(r'[^a-zA-Z\s]', '', text)
        text = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', text).strip()

        return text

    def extract_advanced_features(self, df):
        """Extract comprehensive features"""
        df = df.copy()
```

```
text_columns = []
for col in df.columns:
    if df[col].dtype == 'object':
        if df[col].str.len().mean() > 10:
            text_columns.append(col)

print(f" Identified text columns: {text_columns}")
if text_columns:
    df['combined_text'] = df[text_columns].apply(
        lambda x: ' '.join(x.dropna().astype(str)), axis=1
    )
else:
    df['combined_text'] = 'sample text for analysis'

df['combined_text_clean'] = df['combined_text'].apply(self.clean_text)

df['text_length'] = df['combined_text'].str.len()
df['word_count'] = df['combined_text_clean'].apply(lambda x: len(x.split()) if x else 0)
df['char_count'] = df['combined_text_clean'].str.len()

sentiments = df['combined_text_clean'].apply(self.get_sentiment)
df['sentiment_compound'] = [s['compound'] for s in sentiments]
df['sentiment_positive'] = [s['pos'] for s in sentiments]
df['sentiment_negative'] = [s['neg'] for s in sentiments]
df['sentiment_neutral'] = [s['neu'] for s in sentiments]

df['keywords'] = df['combined_text_clean'].apply(self.extract_keywords)
df['keyword_count'] = df['keywords'].apply(len)

priority_cols = [col for col in df.columns if 'priority' in col.lower()]
if priority_cols:
    df['priority_encoded'] = pd.Categorical(df[priority_cols[0]]).codes
else:
    df['priority'] = np.random.choice(['High', 'Medium', 'Low', 'Critical'], len(df))
    df['priority_encoded'] = pd.Categorical(df['priority']).codes

return df

def get_sentiment(self, text):
    """Get sentiment scores"""
    if not text:
        return {'compound': 0, 'pos': 0, 'neg': 0, 'neu': 1}
    return self.sia.polarity_scores(text)

def extract_keywords(self, text):
```

```
"""Extract keywords using spaCy"""

if not text:
    return []

doc = nlp(text)
keywords = []

for token in doc:
    if (token.pos_ in ['NOUN', 'ADJ', 'VERB'] and
        not token.is_stop and
        not token.is_punct and
        len(token.text) > 2):
        keywords.append(token.lemma_)

return list(set(keywords))

processor = AdvancedJiraProcessor()
jira_processed = processor.extract_advanced_features(jira_data)

print("✅ Advanced preprocessing completed!")
print(f"📊 Processed dataset shape: {jira_processed.shape}")
print(f"🔧 New features added: {jira_processed.shape[1] - jira_data.shape[1]}")
```

→ Identified text columns: ['<b>Argumentos</b>', '<b>Autores</b>']  
 Advanced preprocessing completed!  
 Processed dataset shape: (11, 15)  
 New features added: 13

## ▼ Jira Data Snapshot: Structure, Quality & Memory Insights

```
fig = make_subplots(
    rows=2, cols=2,
    subplot_titles=('Dataset Shape', 'Missing Values', 'Data Types', 'Memory Usage'),
    specs=[[{"type": "indicator"}, {"type": "bar"}],
           [{"type": "pie"}, {"type": "indicator"}]]
)

fig.add_trace(go.Indicator(
    mode="number",
    value=jira_processed.shape[0],
    title={"text": "Total Records"},
    number={'font': {'size': 40}}
), row=1, col=1)
```

```
missing_data = jira_processed.isnull().sum()
missing_data = missing_data[missing_data > 0]
if not missing_data.empty:
    fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
        x=missing_data.index,
        y=missing_data.values,
        name="Missing Values",
        marker_color='red'
    ), row=1, col=2)

dtype_counts = jira_processed.dtypes.value_counts()
fig.add_trace(go.Pie(
    labels=dtype_counts.index.astype(str),
    values=dtype_counts.values,
    name="Data Types"
), row=2, col=1)

memory_mb = jira_processed.memory_usage(deep=True).sum() / 1024**2
fig.add_trace(go.Indicator(
    mode="number+gauge",
    value=memory_mb,
    title={"text": "Memory (MB)" },
    gauge={'axis': {'range': [0, memory_mb*2]}}
), row=2, col=2)

fig.update_layout(height=600, title_text="📊 Dataset Overview Dashboard")
fig.show()
```



## Dataset Overview Dashboard

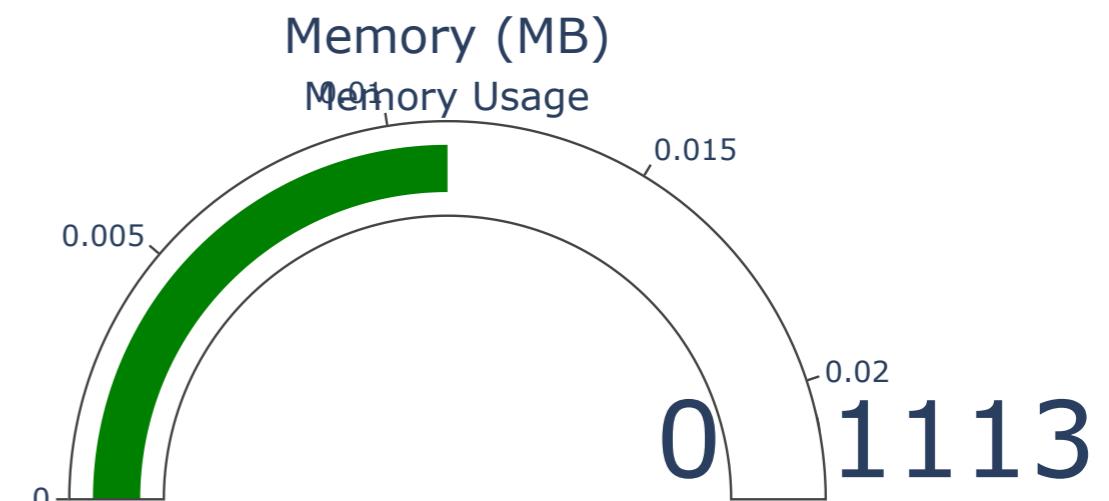
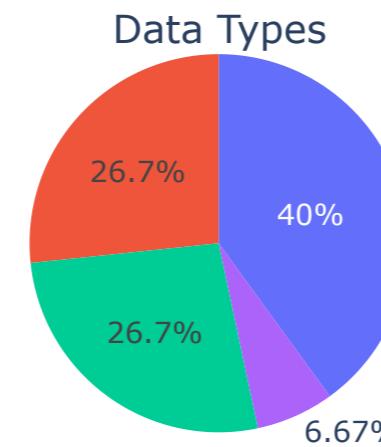
### Dataset Shape

Total Records

11

### Missing Values

- object
- int64
- float64
- int8



## ▼ Distribution Insights from Jira Text Features

```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(15, 10))
fig.suptitle('📝 Text Analysis Dashboard', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')

axes[0,0].hist(jira_processed['text_length'], bins=30, alpha=0.7, color='skyblue')
axes[0,0].set_title('Text Length Distribution')
axes[0,0].set_xlabel('Character Count')
axes[0,0].set_ylabel('Frequency')
```

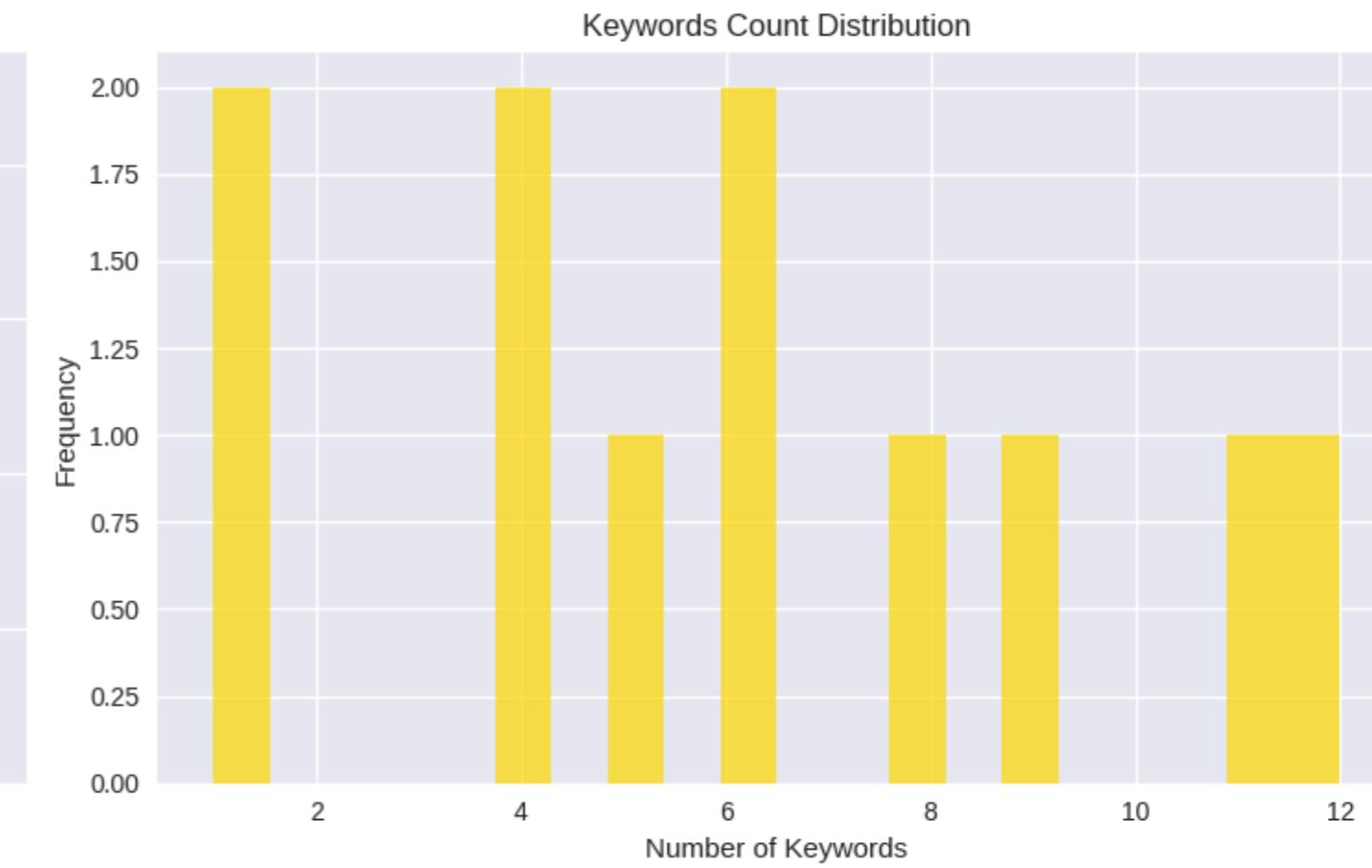
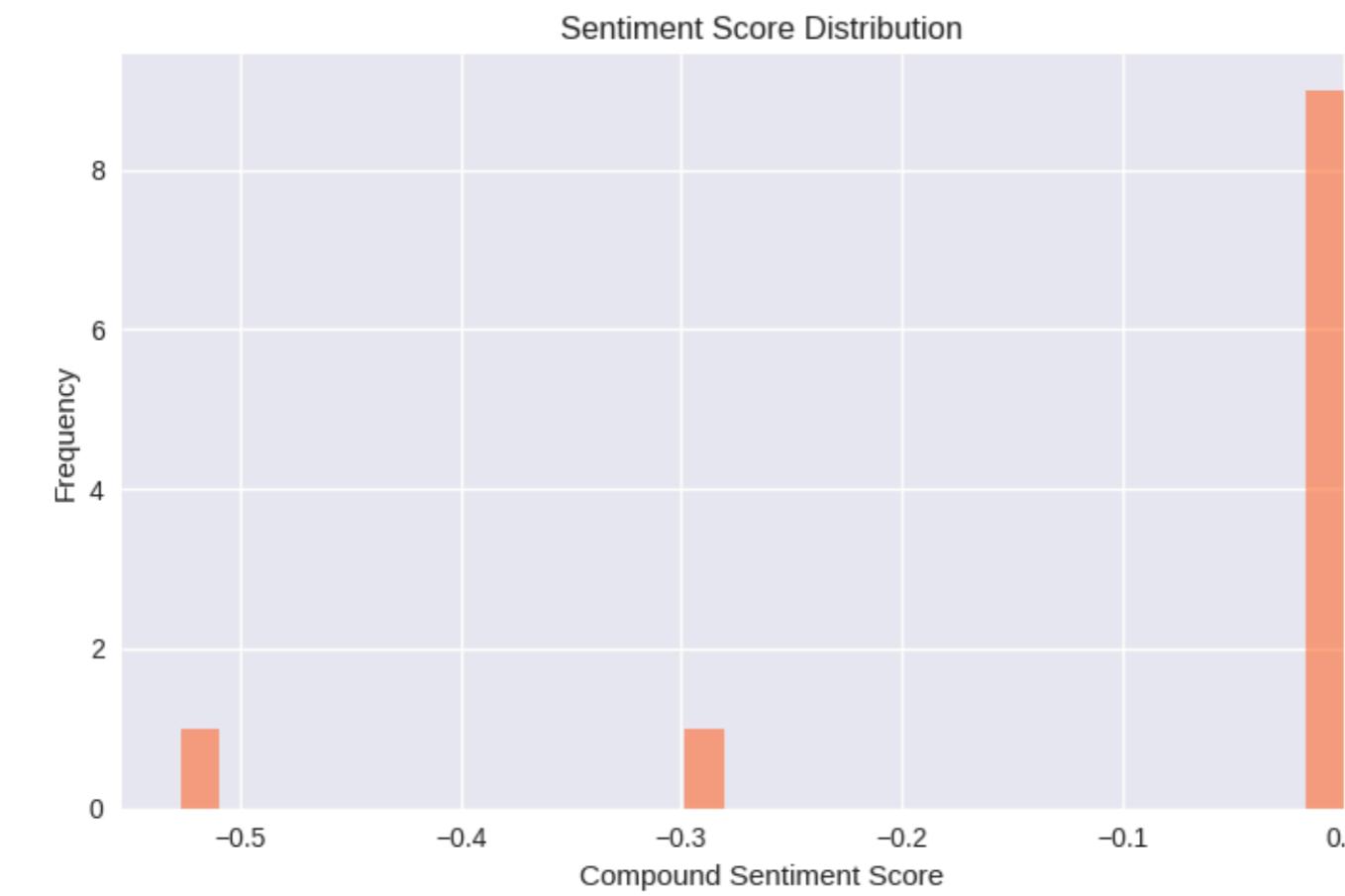
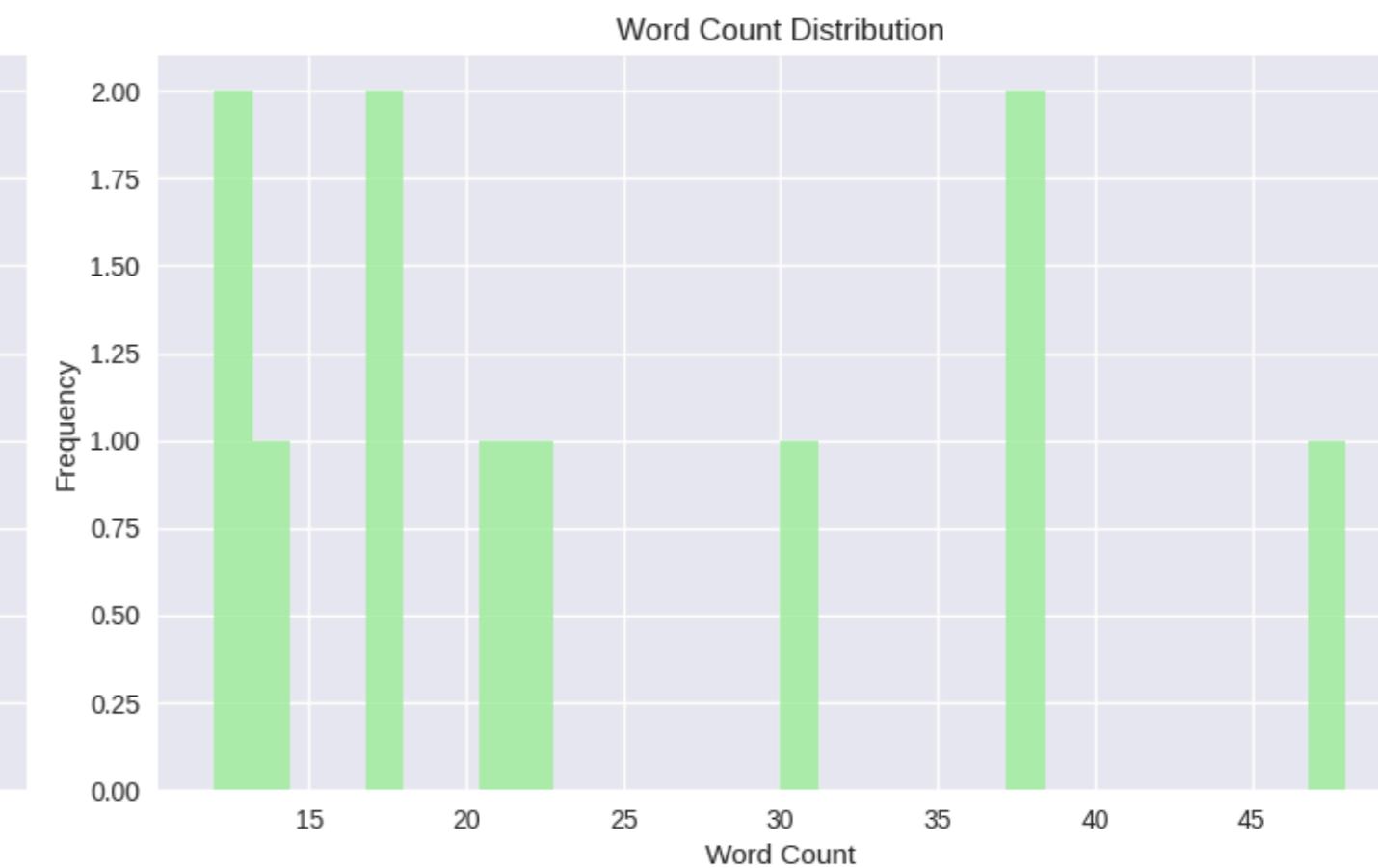
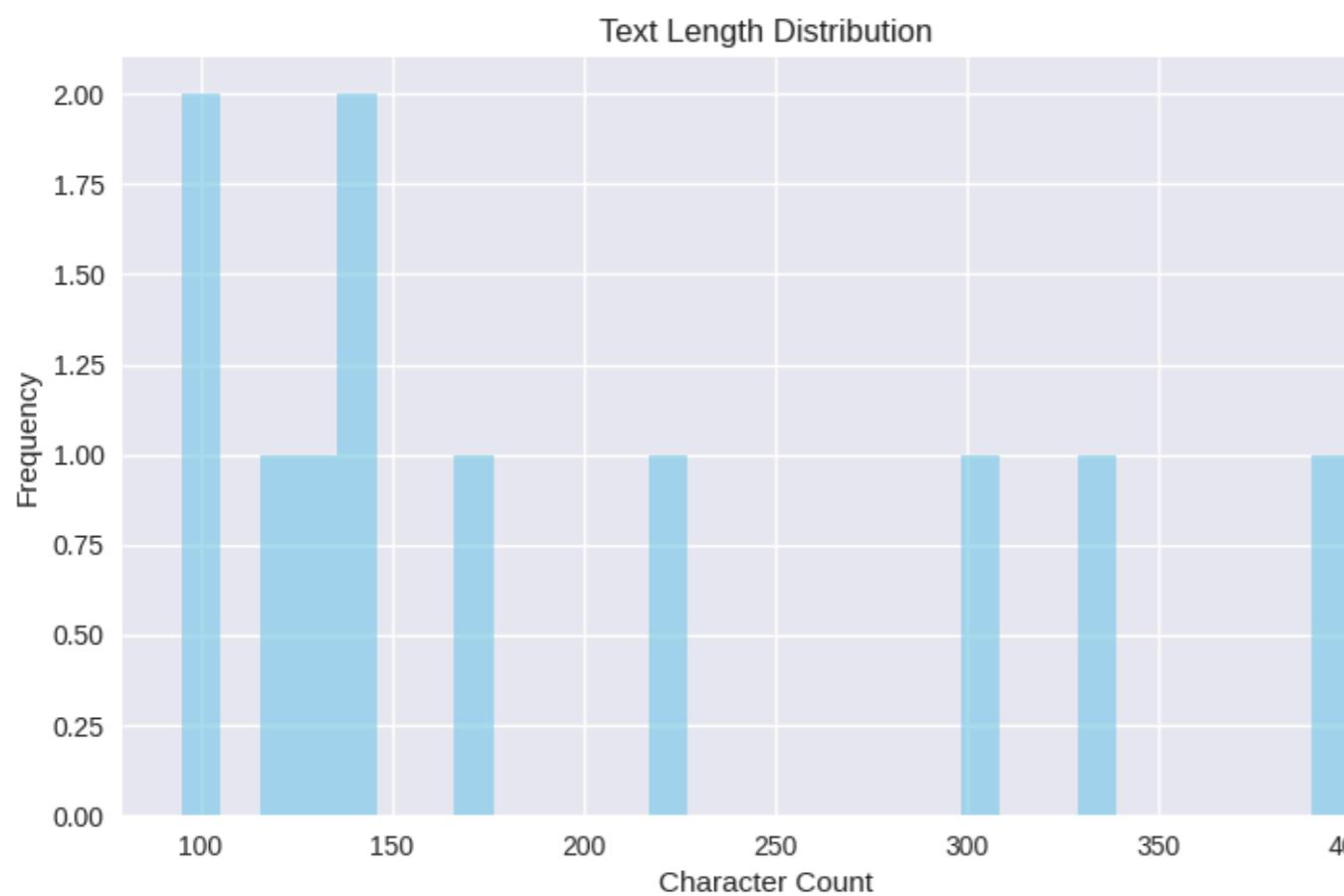
```
axes[0,1].hist(jira_processed['word_count'], bins=30, alpha=0.7, color='lightgreen')
axes[0,1].set_title('Word Count Distribution')
axes[0,1].set_xlabel('Word Count')
axes[0,1].set_ylabel('Frequency')

axes[1,0].hist(jira_processed['sentiment_compound'], bins=30, alpha=0.7, color='coral')
axes[1,0].set_title('Sentiment Score Distribution')
axes[1,0].set_xlabel('Compound Sentiment Score')
axes[1,0].set_ylabel('Frequency')

axes[1,1].hist(jira_processed['keyword_count'], bins=20, alpha=0.7, color='gold')
axes[1,1].set_title('Keywords Count Distribution')
axes[1,1].set_xlabel('Number of Keywords')
axes[1,1].set_ylabel('Frequency')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

## Text Analysis Dashboard



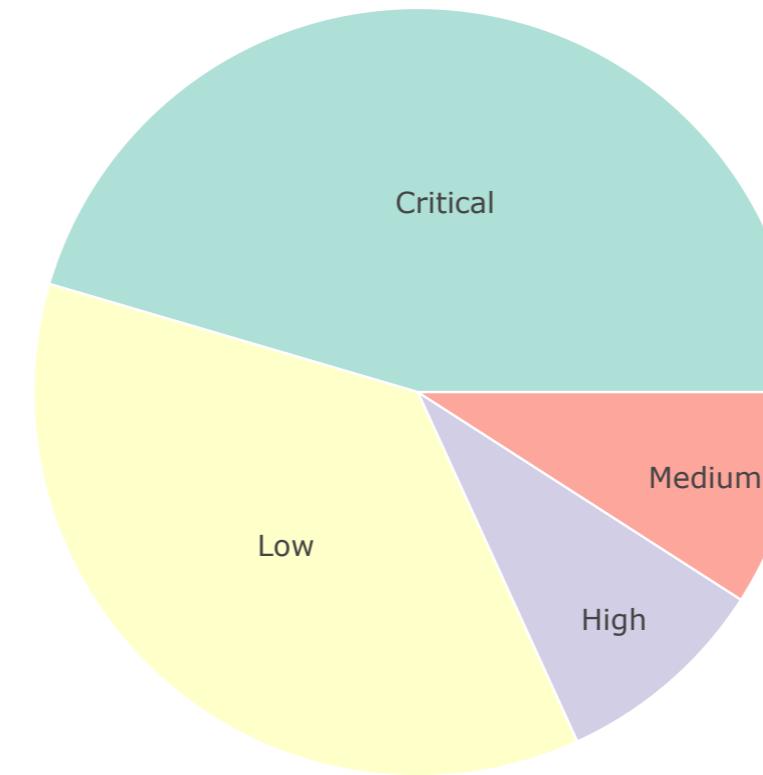
## ▼ Priority Distribution Analysis

```
priority_col = [col for col in jira_processed.columns if 'priority' in col.lower() and col != 'priority_encoded'][0] if [col for col in jira_processed.columns if 'priority' in col.lower() and col != 'priority_encoded'] else None

fig = px.sunburst(
    jira_processed,
    path=[priority_col],
    title="🐞 Priority Distribution",
    color_discrete_sequence=px.colors.qualitative.Set3
)
fig.update_layout(height=500)
fig.show()
```



## 🎯 Priority Distribution



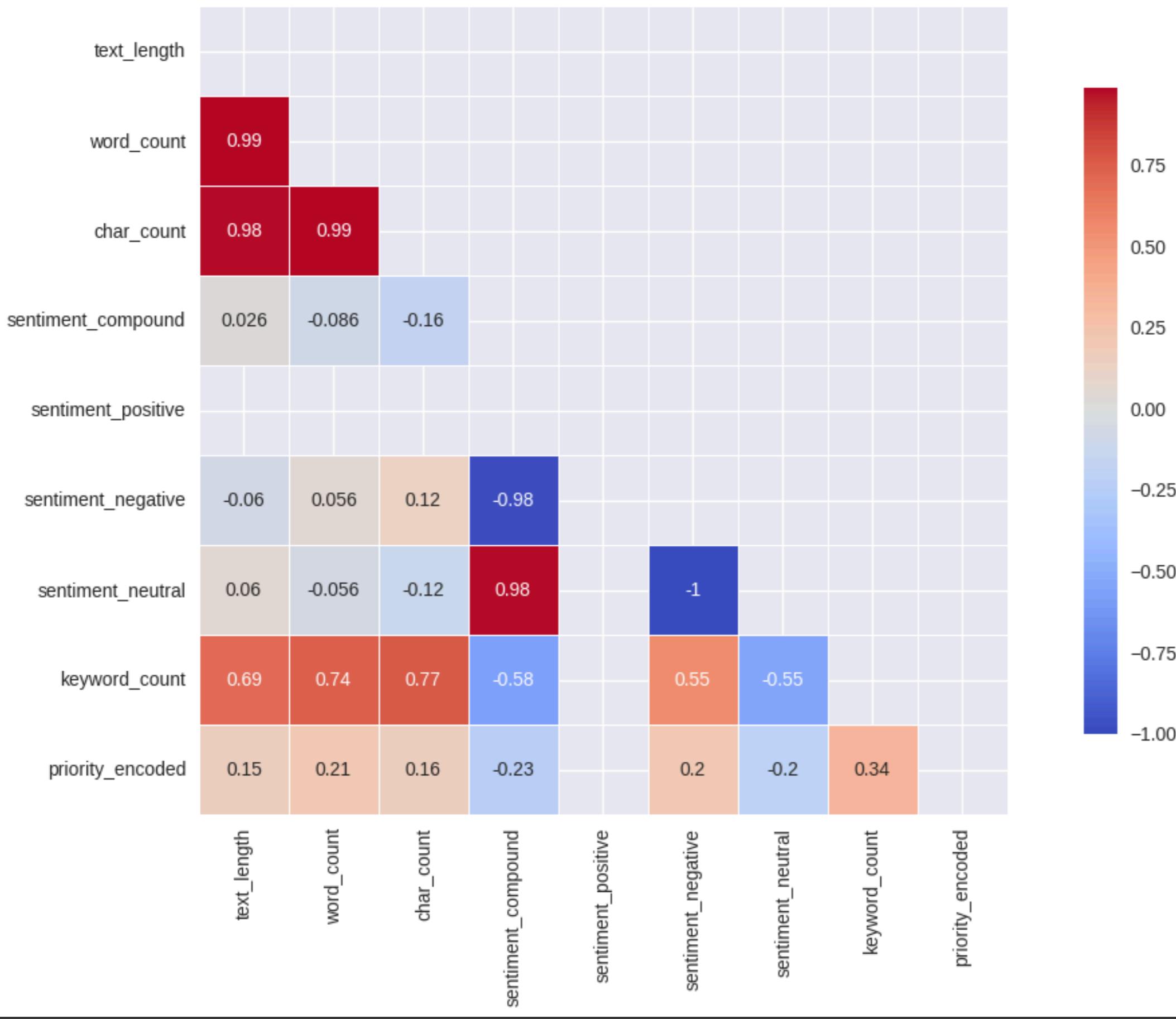
## ⌄ Correlation Heatmap

```
numeric_cols = jira_processed.select_dtypes(include=[np.number]).columns
correlation_matrix = jira_processed[numeric_cols].corr()

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(correlation_matrix, dtype=bool))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, mask=mask, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', center=0,
            square=True, linewidths=0.5, cbar_kws={"shrink": .8})
plt.title('🔗 Feature Correlation Matrix', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Feature Correlation Matrix



## ✓ Advanced Sentiment Analysis

```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(15, 10))
fig.suptitle('😊 Sentiment Analysis Dashboard', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')

sns.boxplot(data=jira_processed, x=priority_col, y='sentiment_compound', ax=axes[0,0])
axes[0,0].set_title('Sentiment by Priority')
axes[0,0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)

sentiment_cols = ['sentiment_positive', 'sentiment_negative', 'sentiment_neutral']
jira_processed[sentiment_cols].mean().plot(kind='bar', ax=axes[0,1], color=['green', 'red', 'gray'])
axes[0,1].set_title('Average Sentiment Components')
axes[0,1].set_ylabel('Average Score')

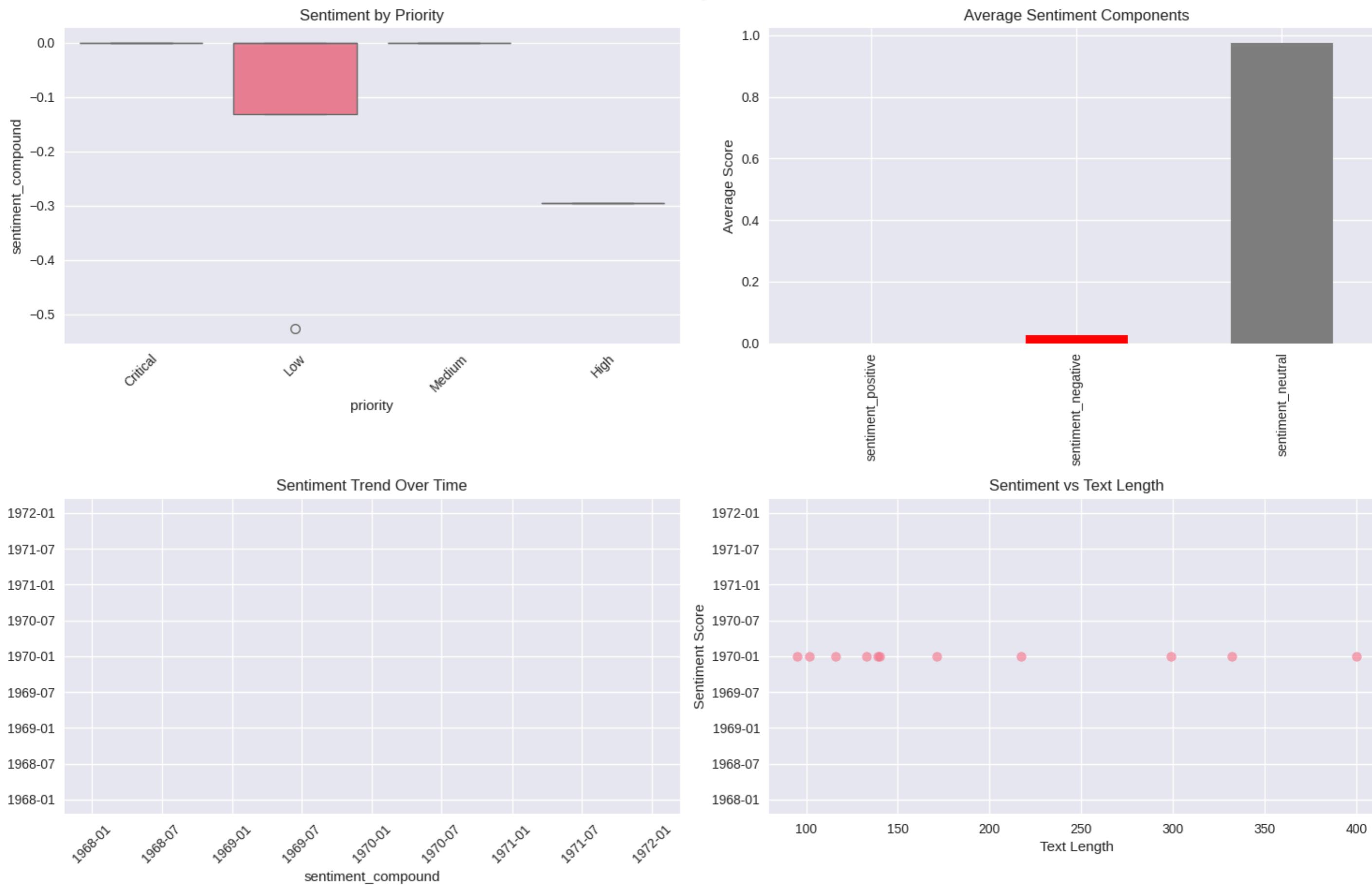
date_cols = [col for col in jira_processed.columns if 'date' in col.lower() or 'time' in col.lower()]
if date_cols:
    jira_processed[date_cols[0]] = pd.to_datetime(jira_processed[date_cols[0]], errors='coerce')
    daily_sentiment = jira_processed.groupby(jira_processed[date_cols[0]].dt.date)[['sentiment_compound']].mean()
    daily_sentiment.plot(ax=axes[1,0], color='blue', alpha=0.7)
    axes[1,0].set_title('Sentiment Trend Over Time')
    axes[1,0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)
else:
    axes[1,0].text(0.5, 0.5, 'No Date Column Found', ha='center', va='center', transform=axes[1,0].transAxes)
    axes[1,0].set_title('Sentiment Trend Over Time')

axes[1,1].scatter(jira_processed['text_length'], jira_processed['sentiment_compound'], alpha=0.6)
axes[1,1].set_xlabel('Text Length')
axes[1,1].set_ylabel('Sentiment Score')
axes[1,1].set_title('Sentiment vs Text Length')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

print("✅ First 5 visualizations completed!")
```

## Sentiment Analysis Dashboard



First 5 visualizations completed!

## ▼ Word Cloud Analysis

```
from wordcloud import WordCloud

print("Generating Word Clouds...")

fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(20, 15))
fig.suptitle('Word Cloud Analysis', fontsize=20, fontweight='bold')

all_text = ' '.join(jira_processed['combined_text_clean'].dropna())
if all_text.strip():
    wordcloud_all = WordCloud(width=400, height=300, background_color='white').generate(all_text)
    axes[0,0].imshow(wordcloud_all, interpolation='bilinear')
    axes[0,0].set_title('Overall Word Cloud', fontsize=14)
    axes[0,0].axis('off')

priorities = jira_processed[priority_col].unique()
for i, priority in enumerate(priorities[:3]):
    if i < 3:
        row, col = divmod(i+1, 2)
        if row < 2:
            priority_text = ' '.join(
                jira_processed[jira_processed[priority_col] == priority]['combined_text_clean'].dropna()
            )
            if priority_text.strip():
                wordcloud_priority = WordCloud(width=400, height=300, background_color='white').generate(priority_text)
                axes[row, col].imshow(wordcloud_priority, interpolation='bilinear')
                axes[row, col].set_title(f'{priority} Priority Word Cloud', fontsize=14)
                axes[row, col].axis('off')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

## Generating Word Clouds...



## Word Cloud Analysis



### Medium Priority Word Cloud



# minimizar p<sup>distoro</sup> da em permitir<sup>cincia</sup><sup>abertura</sup><sup>anderson</sup> de <sup>p</sup> científico

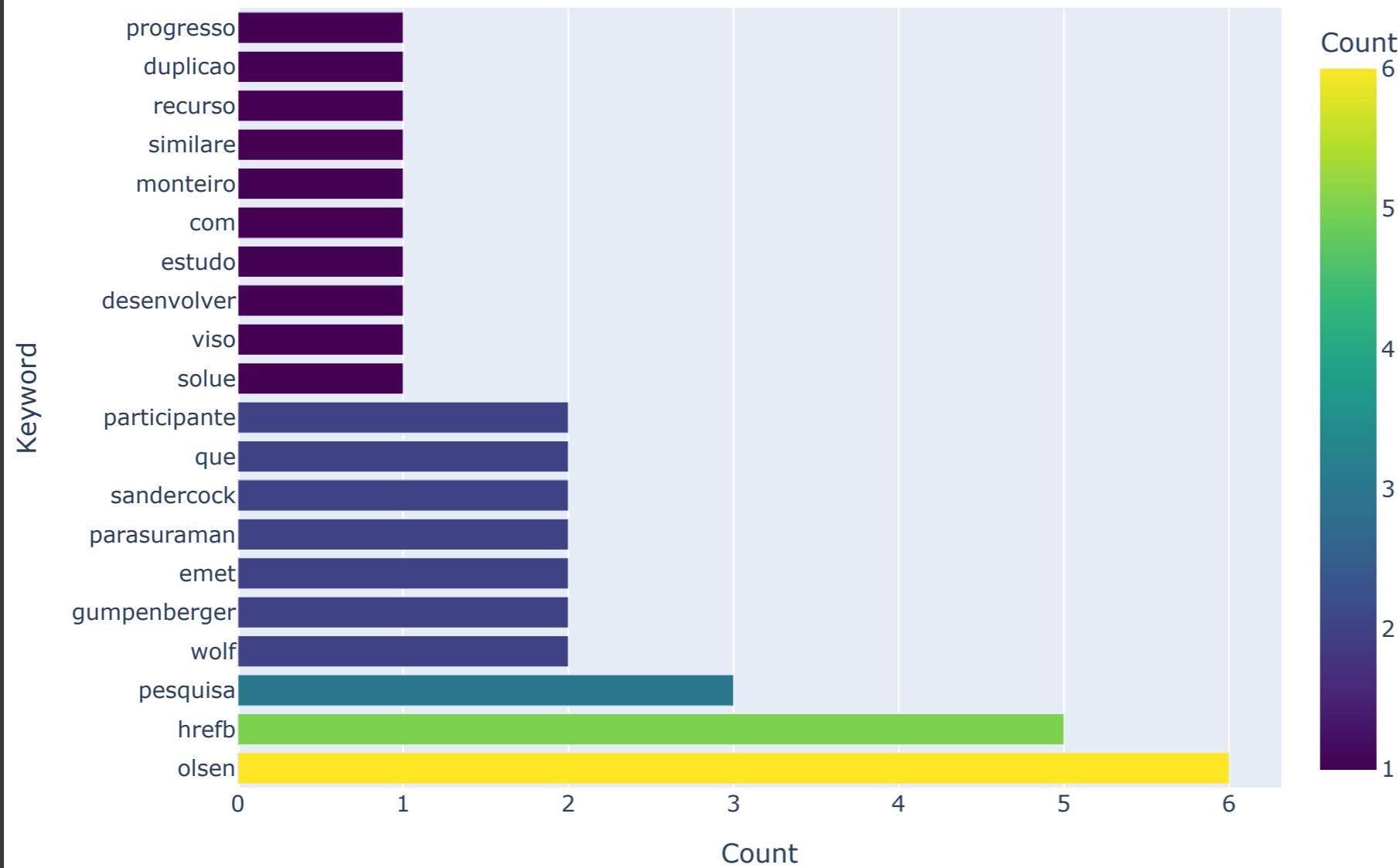
## ▼ Top Keywords Analysis

```
print("🔍 Analyzing top keywords...")  
  
from collections import Counter  
  
all_keywords = []  
for keywords in jira_processed['keywords']:  
    all_keywords.extend(keywords)  
  
keyword_counts = Counter(all_keywords)  
top_keywords = keyword_counts.most_common(20)  
  
if top_keywords:  
    keywords_df = pd.DataFrame(top_keywords, columns=['Keyword', 'Count'])  
  
    fig = px.bar(  
        keywords_df,  
        x='Count',  
        y='Keyword',  
        orientation='h',  
        title='🔍 Top 20 Keywords in Tickets',  
        color='Count',  
        color_continuous_scale='viridis'  
    )  
    fig.update_layout(height=600)  
    fig.show()
```



Analyzing top keywords...

### 🔍 Top 20 Keywords in Tickets



### ❖ Text Complexity Analysis

```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(15, 10))
fig.suptitle('📊 Text Complexity Analysis', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')

jira_processed['avg_word_length'] = jira_processed['combined_text_clean'].apply(
    lambda x: np.mean([len(word) for word in x.split()]) if x and x.split() else 0
)
```

```
axes[0,0].hist(jira_processed['avg_word_length'], bins=20, alpha=0.7, color='purple')
axes[0,0].set_title('Average Word Length Distribution')
axes[0,0].set_xlabel('Average Word Length')
axes[0,0].set_ylabel('Frequency')

sns.boxplot(data=jira_processed, x=priority_col, y='avg_word_length', ax=axes[0,1])
axes[0,1].set_title('Word Complexity by Priority')
axes[0,1].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)

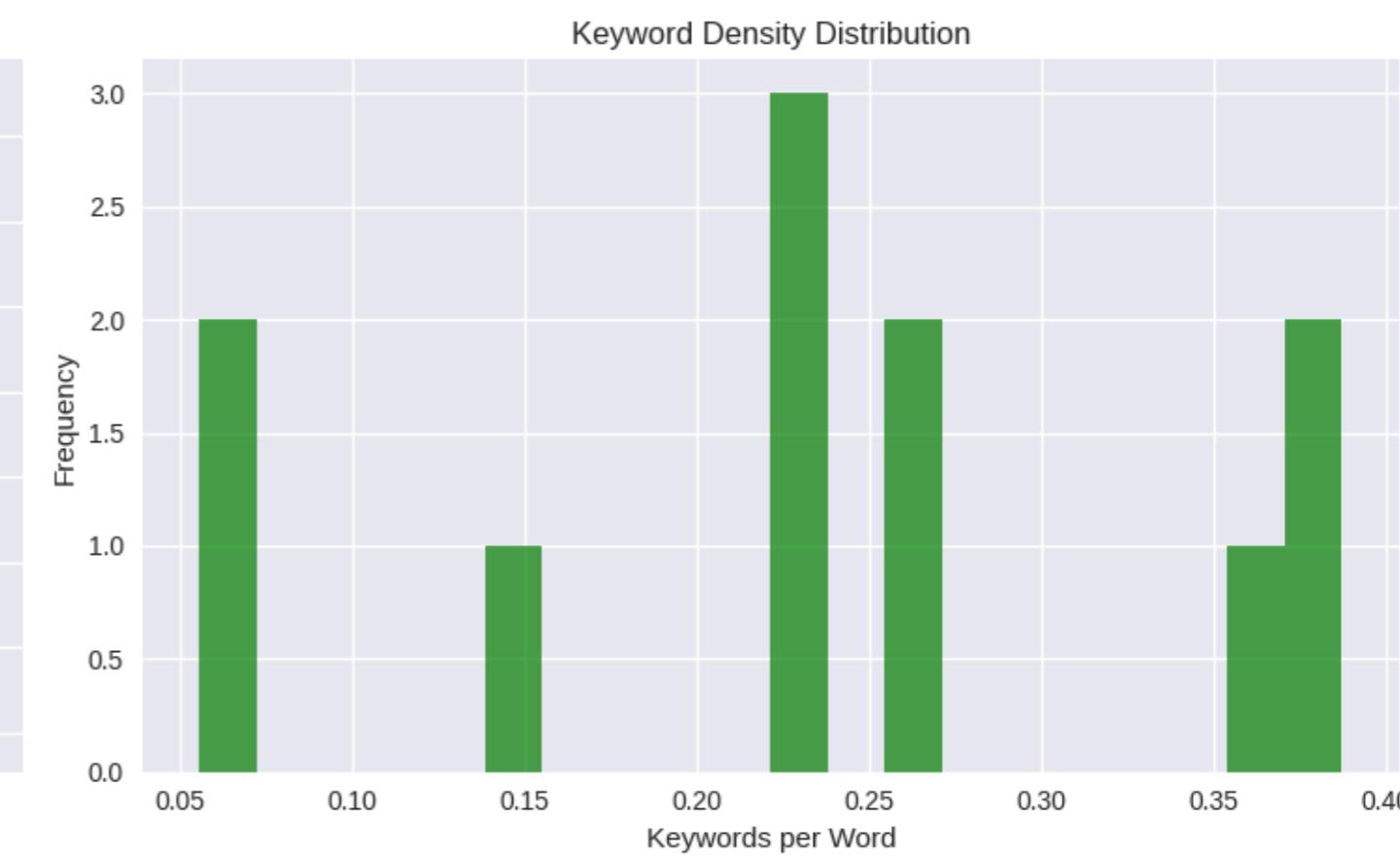
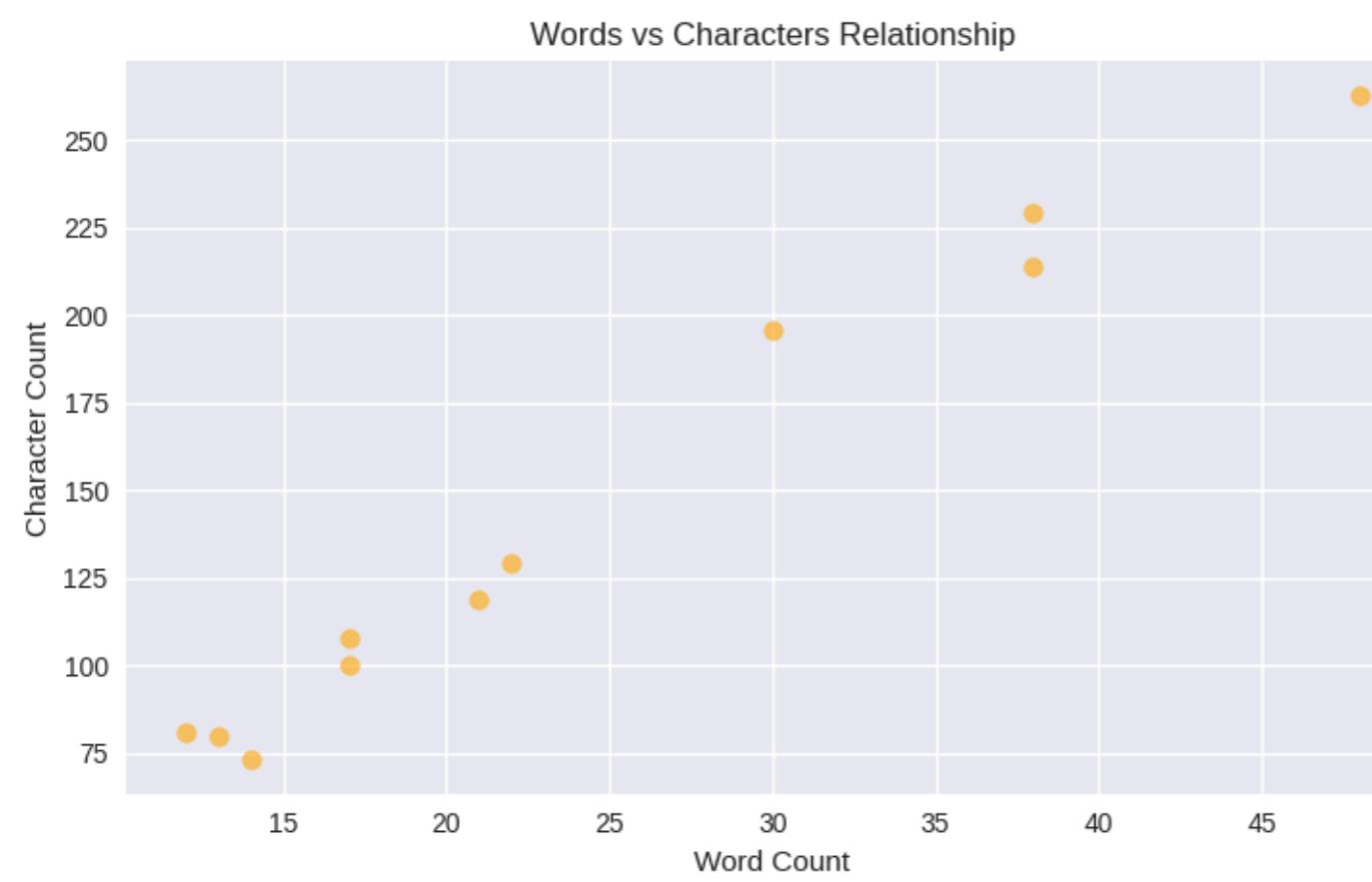
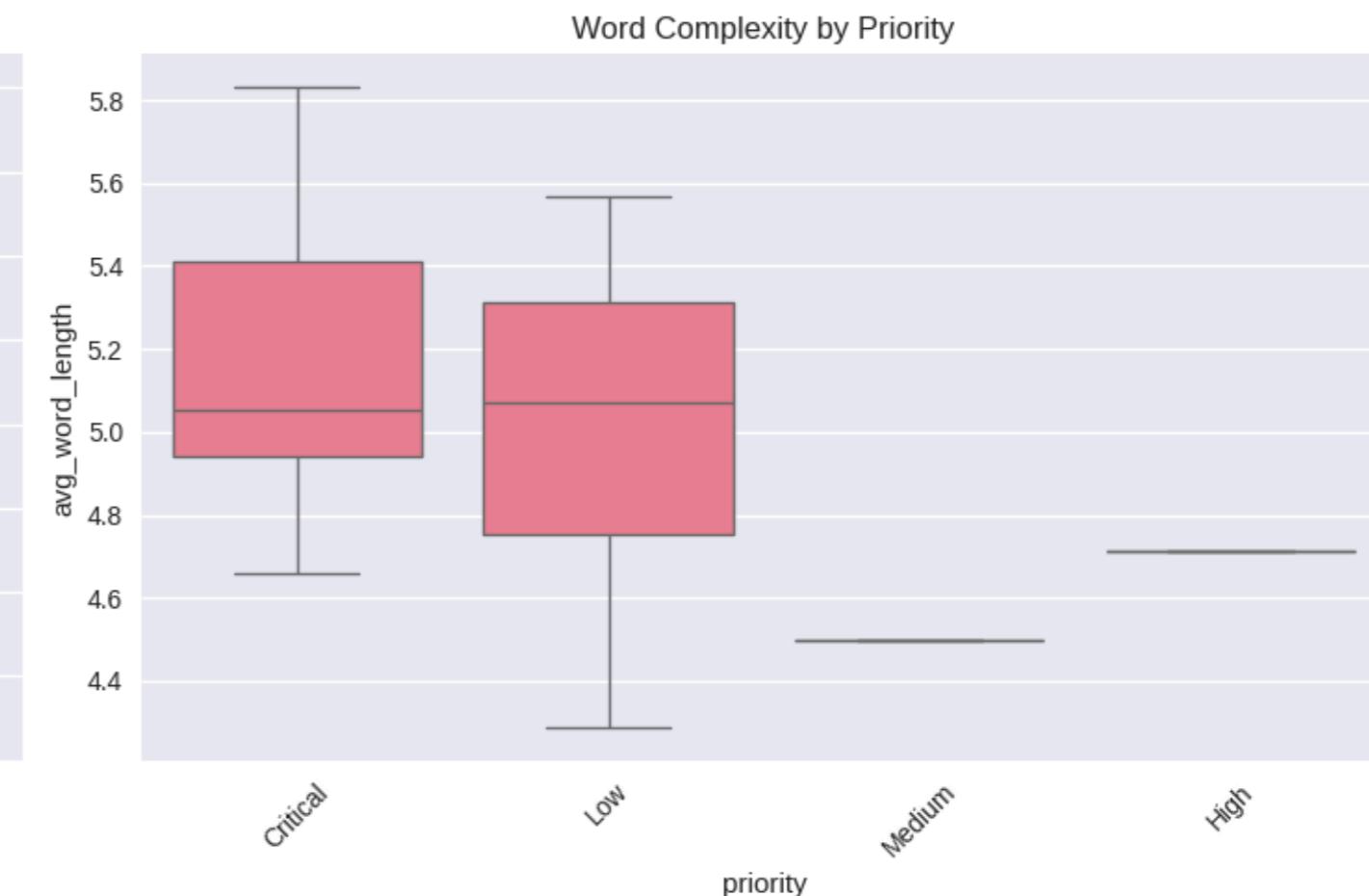
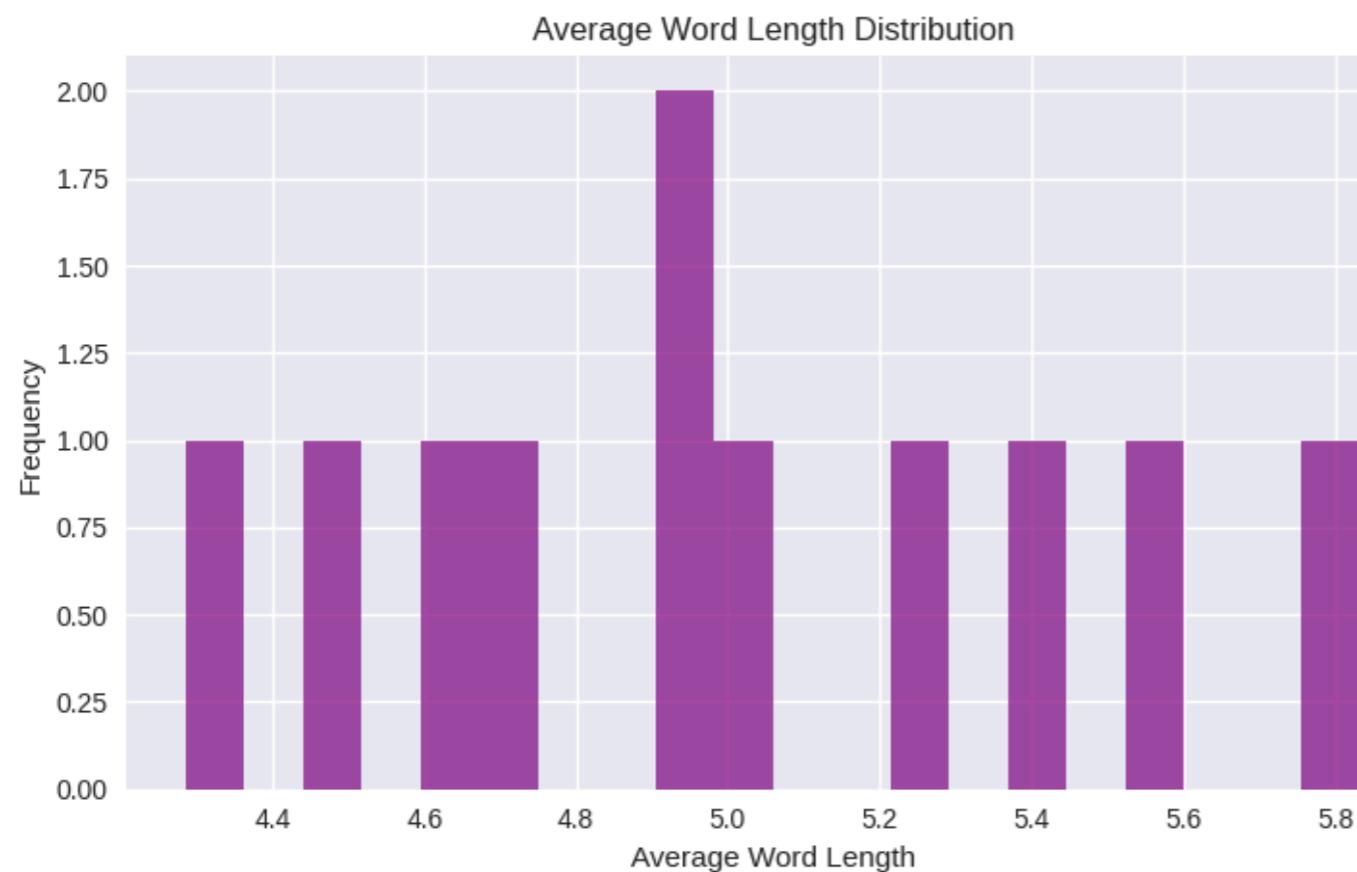
axes[1,0].scatter(jira_processed['word_count'], jira_processed['char_count'], alpha=0.6, color='orange')
axes[1,0].set_xlabel('Word Count')
axes[1,0].set_ylabel('Character Count')
axes[1,0].set_title('Words vs Characters Relationship')

jira_processed['keyword_density'] = jira_processed['keyword_count'] / (jira_processed['word_count'] + 1)
axes[1,1].hist(jira_processed['keyword_density'], bins=20, alpha=0.7, color='green')
axes[1,1].set_title('Keyword Density Distribution')
axes[1,1].set_xlabel('Keywords per Word')
axes[1,1].set_ylabel('Frequency')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Text Complexity Analysis



## ▼ Sentiment Deep Dive

```
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import pandas as pd

jira_processed['sentiment_compound'] = pd.to_numeric(jira_processed['sentiment_compound'], errors='coerce')

fig = make_subplots(
    rows=2, cols=2,
    subplot_titles=[
        'Sentiment by Priority',
        'Sentiment Components Distribution',
        'Sentiment Intensity Heatmap',
        'Positive vs Negative Sentiment'
    ],
    specs=[[{"type": "violin"}, {"type": "bar"}],
           [{"type": "heatmap"}, {"type": "scatter"}]]
)

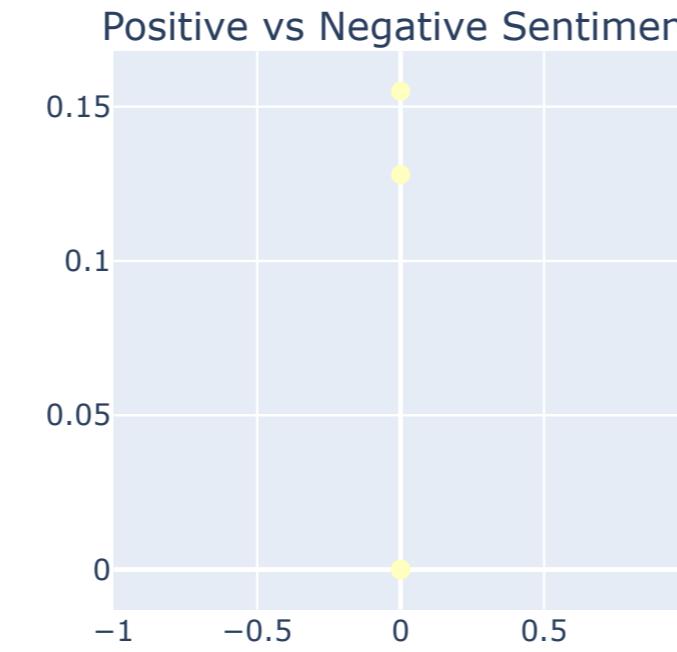
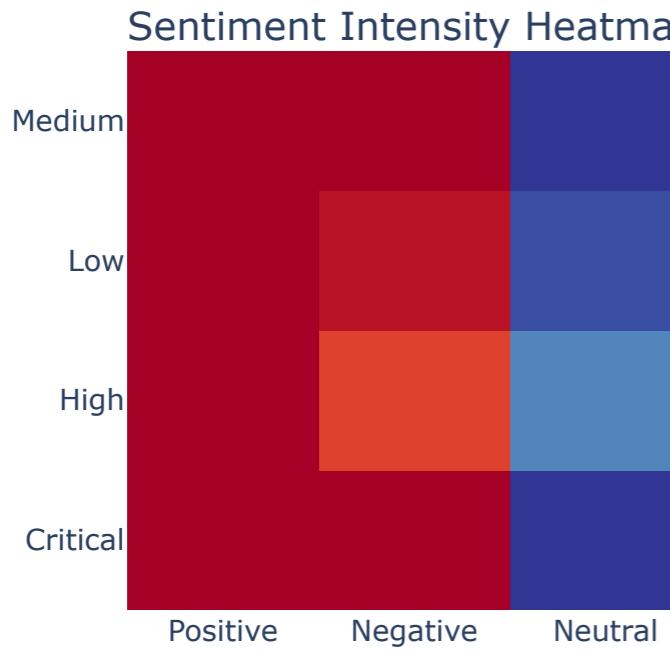
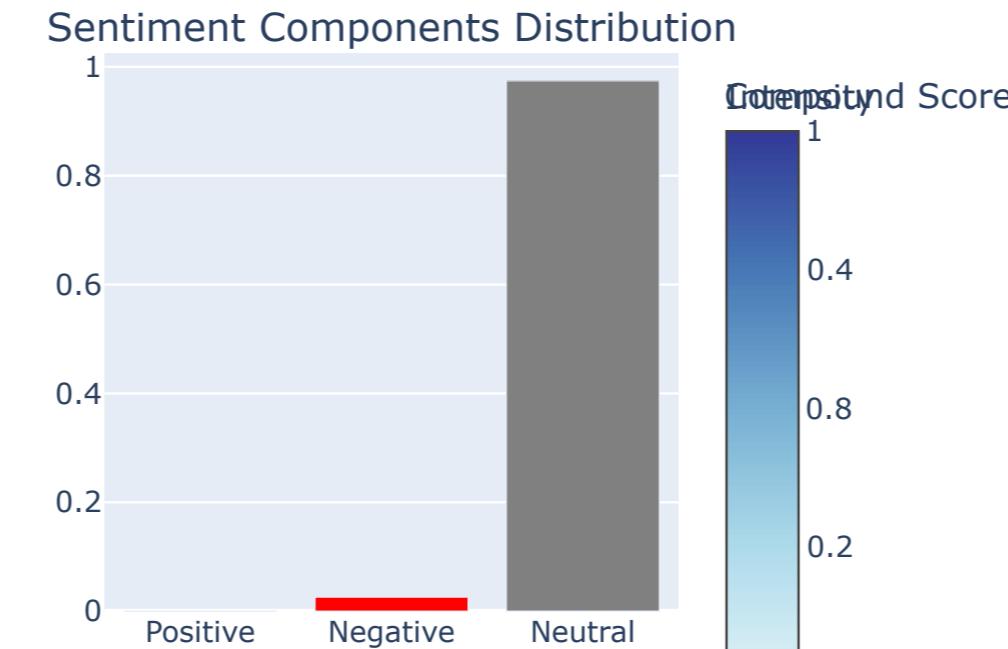
for priority in jira_processed[priority_col].dropna().unique():
    sentiment_data = jira_processed[jira_processed[priority_col] == priority]['sentiment_compound']
    fig.add_trace(go.Violin(
        y=sentiment_data,
        name=str(priority),
        box_visible=True,
        meanline_visible=True,
        line_color='blue'
    ), row=1, col=1)

sentiment_means = jira_processed[['sentiment_positive', 'sentiment_negative', 'sentiment_neutral']].mean()
fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
    x=['Positive', 'Negative', 'Neutral'],
    y=sentiment_means.values,
    marker_color=['green', 'red', 'gray'],
    name='Average Sentiment'
), row=1, col=2)
```

```
sentiment_by_priority = jira_processed.groupby(priority_col)[  
    ['sentiment_positive', 'sentiment_negative', 'sentiment_neutral']]  
.mean().dropna()  
  
fig.add_trace(go.Heatmap(  
    z=sentiment_by_priority.values,  
    x=['Positive', 'Negative', 'Neutral'],  
    y=sentiment_by_priority.index.astype(str),  
    colorscale='RdYlBu',  
    colorbar=dict(title='Intensity'))  
, row=2, col=1)  
  
fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(  
    x=jira_processed['sentiment_positive'],  
    y=jira_processed['sentiment_negative'],  
    mode='markers',  
    marker=dict(  
        size=8,  
        color=jira_processed['sentiment_compound'],  
        colorscale='RdYlBu',  
        showscale=True,  
        colorbar=dict(title='Compound Score'))  
,  
    text=jira_processed[priority_col].astype(str),  
    hovertemplate='Priority: %{text}<br>Positive: %{x}<br>Negative: %{y}<br></extra>',  
, row=2, col=2)  
  
fig.update_layout(  
    height=800,  
    title_text="😊 Advanced Sentiment Analysis Dashboard",  
    showlegend=False  
)  
fig.show()
```



## 😊 Advanced Sentiment Analysis Dashboard



## ▼ Text Feature Relationships

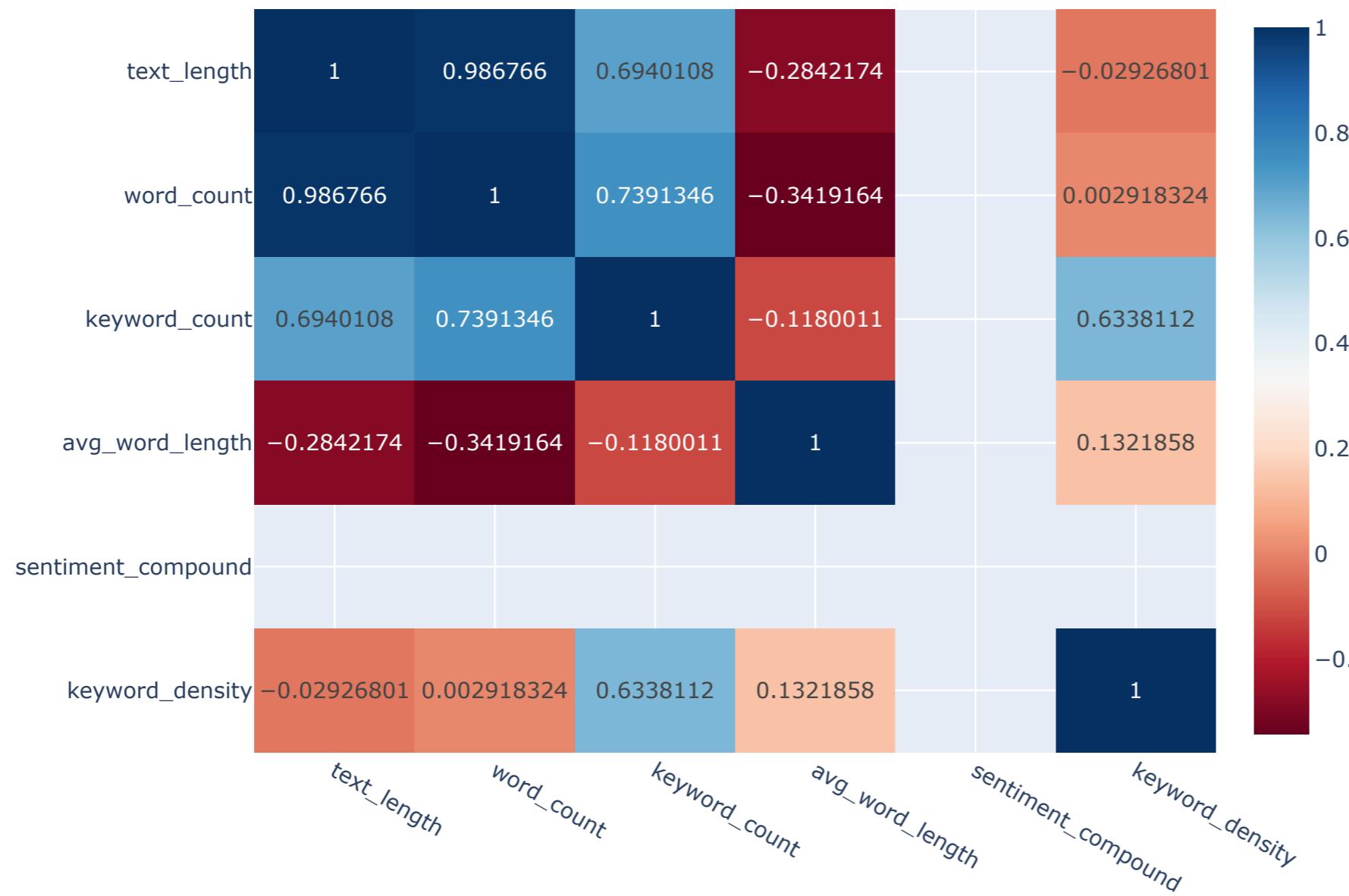
```
print("⌚ Analyzing text feature relationships...")
text_features = ['text_length', 'word_count', 'keyword_count', 'avg_word_length',
                  'sentiment_compound', 'keyword_density']
feature_matrix = jira_processed[text_features].corr()

fig = px.imshow(feature_matrix,
                 text_auto=True,
                 aspect="auto",
                 color_continuous_scale='RdBu',
                 title="⌚ Text Feature Correlation Matrix")
fig.update_layout(height=600)
fig.show()

print("✅ Text analytics visualizations completed!")
```

## Analyzing text feature relationships...

### Text Feature Correlation Matrix



✓ Text analytics visualizations completed!

## Priority Prediction Pipeline for Jira Tickets

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, StratifiedKFold, cross_val_score
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, LabelEncoder
```

```
import xgboost as xgb
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from scipy.sparse import hstack

class JiraMLPipeline:
    def __init__(self):
        self.models = {}
        self.vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max_features=5000, stop_words='english')
        self.scaler = StandardScaler()
        self.feature_names = []

    def prepare_features(self, df):
        """Prepare features for ML models"""
        text_features = self.vectorizer.fit_transform(df['combined_text_clean'])

        numerical_features = [
            'text_length', 'word_count', 'keyword_count',
            'avg_word_length', 'sentiment_compound',
            'sentiment_positive', 'sentiment_negative'
        ]

        for feature in numerical_features:
            if feature not in df.columns:
                df[feature] = 0

        numerical_data = self.scaler.fit_transform(df[numerical_features])
        combined_features = hstack([text_features, numerical_data]).tocsr()
        self.feature_names = list(self.vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()) + numerical_features
        return combined_features

    def train_models(self, X, y):
        """Train multiple ML models"""
        y_series = pd.Series(y)
        class_counts = y_series.value_counts()
        valid_classes = class_counts[class_counts >= 2].index
        valid_indices = y_series.isin(valid_classes).values

        X = X[valid_indices]
        y = y[valid_indices]
        y = LabelEncoder().fit_transform(y)

        test_size = max(0.4, len(set(y)) / len(y))
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
            X, y, test_size=test_size, random_state=42, stratify=y
```

```
)\n\n    class_counts_train = pd.Series(y_train).value_counts()\n    min_class_size = class_counts_train.min()\n    n_splits = min(5, min_class_size)\n    skf = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=n_splits, shuffle=True, random_state=42)\n\n    models = {\n        'Random Forest': RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42),\n        'XGBoost': xgb.XGBClassifier(random_state=42, eval_metric='mlogloss'),\n        'Logistic Regression': LogisticRegression(random_state=42, max_iter=1000),\n        'Gradient Boosting': GradientBoostingClassifier(random_state=42)\n    }\n\n    results = {}\n\n    for name, model in models.items():\n        print(f"\n    Training {name}...")\n        model.fit(X_train, y_train)\n        y_pred = model.predict(X_test)\n        accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)\n        cv_scores = cross_val_score(model, X_train, y_train, cv=skf)\n\n        results[name] = {\n            'model': model,\n            'accuracy': accuracy,\n            'cv_mean': cv_scores.mean(),\n            'cv_std': cv_scores.std(),\n            'predictions': y_pred,\n            'test_labels': y_test,\n            'X_test': X_test\n        }\n\n        print(f"\n    ✓ {name}: Accuracy = {accuracy:.3f}, CV = {cv_scores.mean():.3f} ± {cv_scores.std():.3f}")\n\n    self.models = results\n    return results\n\nprint("    Preparing data for machine learning...")\n\nml_pipeline = JiraMLPipeline()\nX = ml_pipeline.prepare_features(jira_processed)\ny = jira_processed['priority_encoded'].values\nprint(f"\n    Feature matrix shape: {X.shape}")\nprint(f"\n    Target classes: {sorted(jira_processed['priority_encoded'].unique())}")
```

```
print("\n⌚ Training machine learning models...")
model_results = ml_pipeline.train_models(X, y)
print("\n✅ Machine learning pipeline completed!")
```

⌚ Preparing data for machine learning...

⌚ Feature matrix shape: (11, 120)

⌚ Target classes: [np.int8(0), np.int8(1), np.int8(2), np.int8(3)]

⌚ Training machine learning models...

⌚ Training Random Forest...

✅ Random Forest: Accuracy = 0.500, CV = 0.417 ± 0.083

⌚ Training XGBoost...

✅ XGBoost: Accuracy = 0.500, CV = 0.583 ± 0.083

⌚ Training Logistic Regression...

✅ Logistic Regression: Accuracy = 0.500, CV = 0.417 ± 0.083

⌚ Training Gradient Boosting...

✅ Gradient Boosting: Accuracy = 0.250, CV = 0.417 ± 0.083

✅ Machine learning pipeline completed!

## ▼ Model Performance Comparison

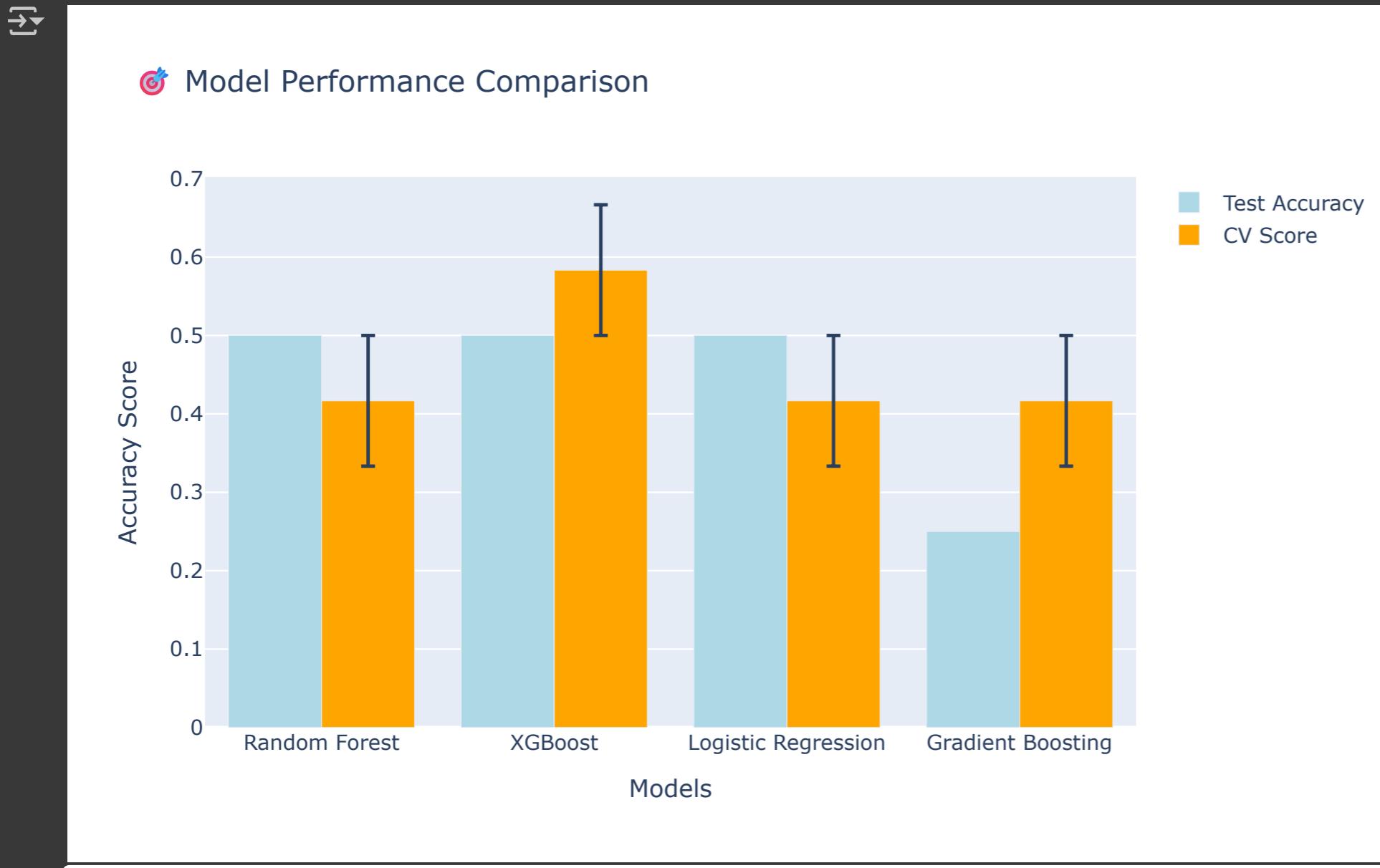
```
model_names = list(model_results.keys())
accuracies = [model_results[name]['accuracy'] for name in model_names]
cv_means = [model_results[name]['cv_mean'] for name in model_names]
cv_stds = [model_results[name]['cv_std'] for name in model_names]

fig = go.Figure()

fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
    name='Test Accuracy',
    x=model_names,
    y=accuracies,
    marker_color='lightblue'
))

fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
    name='CV Score',
    x=model_names,
    y=cv_means,
    error_y=dict(
        type='data',
        array=cv_stds,
        visible=True
    )
))
```

```
        ),  
        marker_color='orange'  
)  
  
fig.update_layout(  
    title='🎯 Model Performance Comparison',  
    xaxis_title='Models',  
    yaxis_title='Accuracy Score',  
    barmode='group',  
    height=500  
)  
fig.show()
```



## ▼ Visual Evaluation of Classification Accuracy

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

num_models = len(model_results)
cols = 2
rows = (num_models + cols - 1) // cols

fig, axes = plt.subplots(rows, cols, figsize=(cols * 6, rows * 5))
fig.suptitle('🕒 Confusion Matrices for All Models', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')
axes = axes.flatten()

for idx, (name, results) in enumerate(model_results.items()):
    y_true = results['test_labels']
    y_pred = results['predictions']
    labels = np.unique(y_true)

    cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred, labels=labels)
    sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', ax=axes[idx],
                xticklabels=labels, yticklabels=labels,
                cmap='Blues')

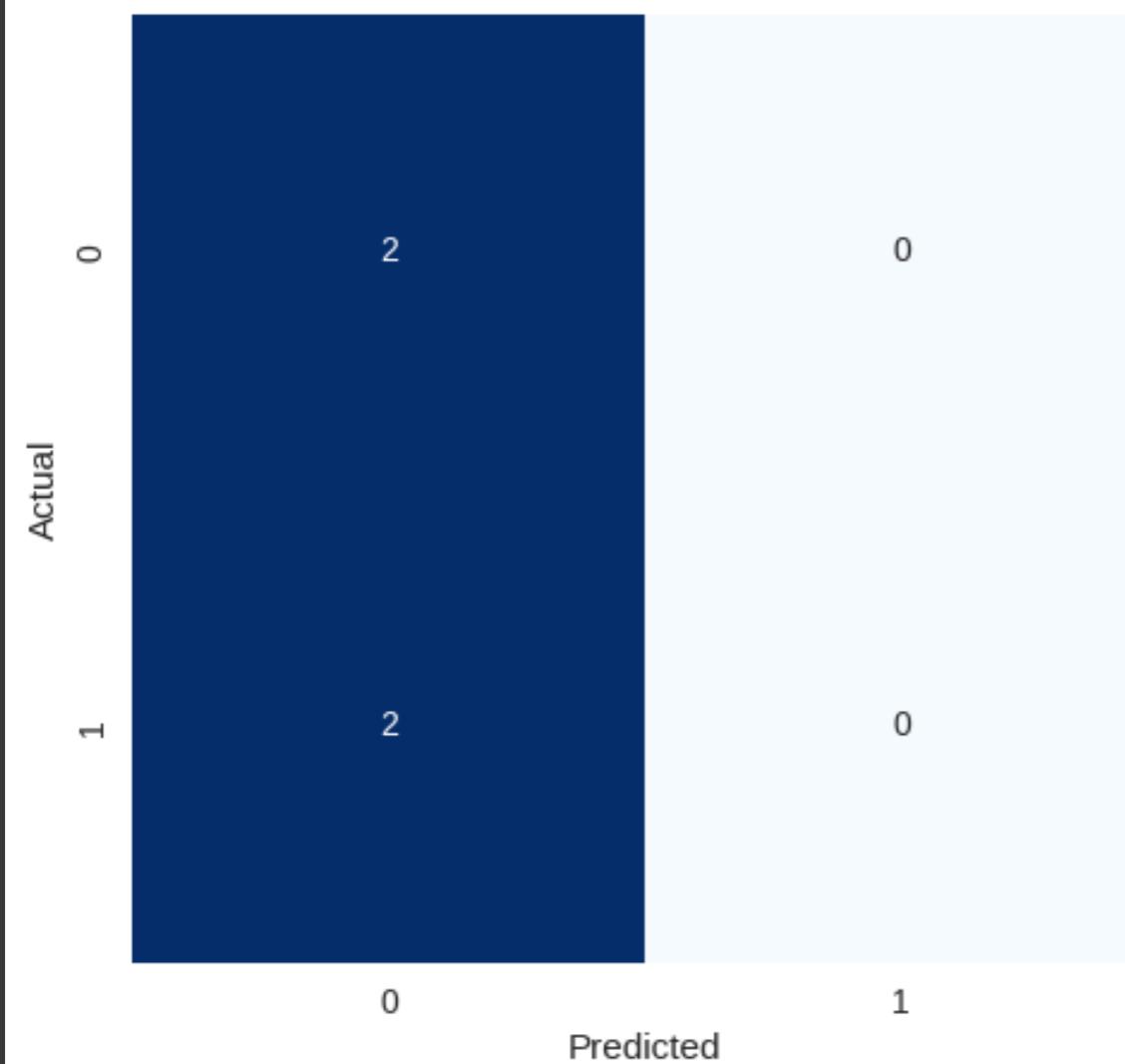
    axes[idx].set_title(f'{name}', fontsize=12)
    axes[idx].set_xlabel('Predicted')
    axes[idx].set_ylabel('Actual')

for j in range(idx + 1, len(axes)):
    fig.delaxes(axes[j])

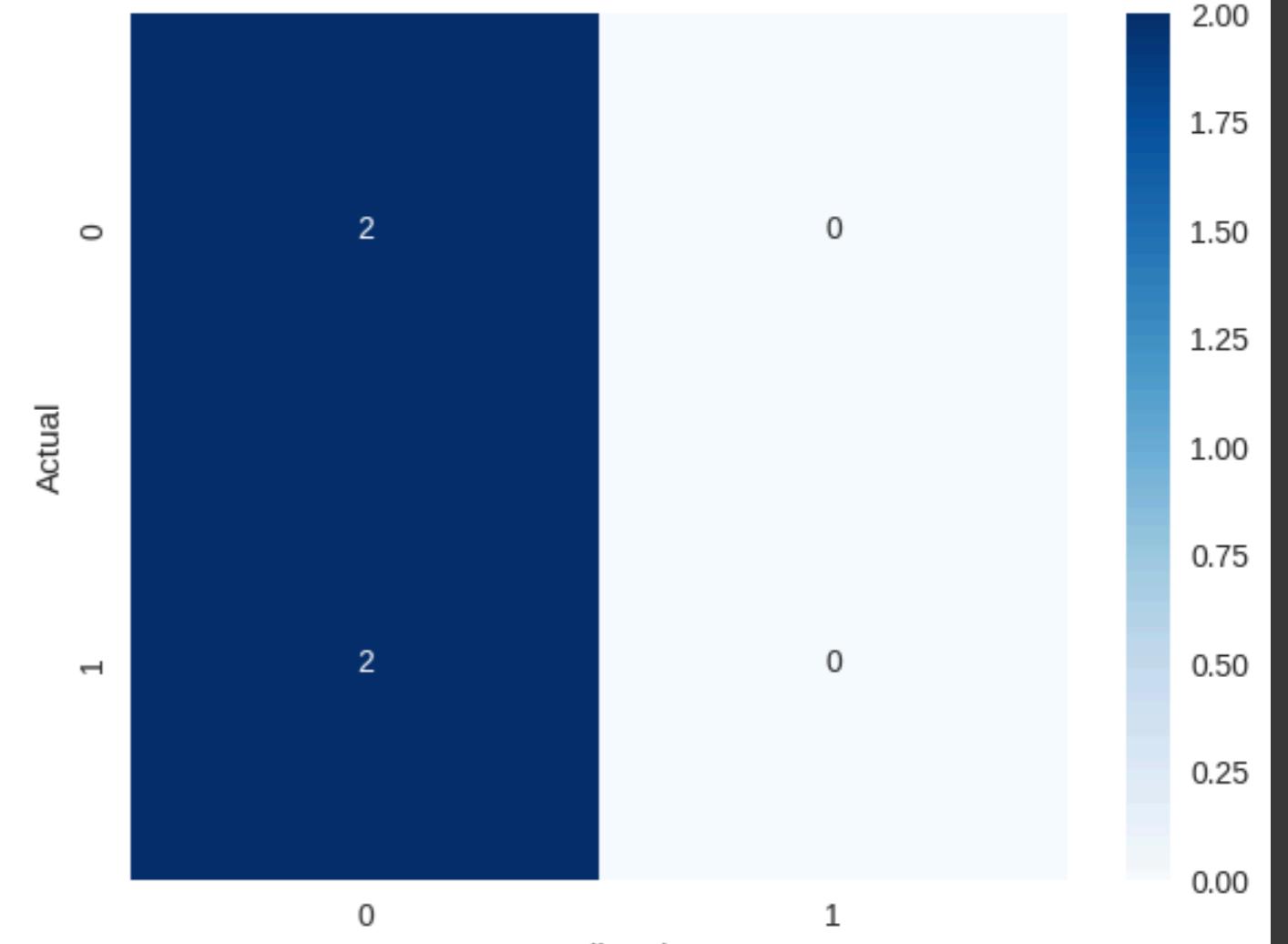
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

## Confusion Matrices for All Models

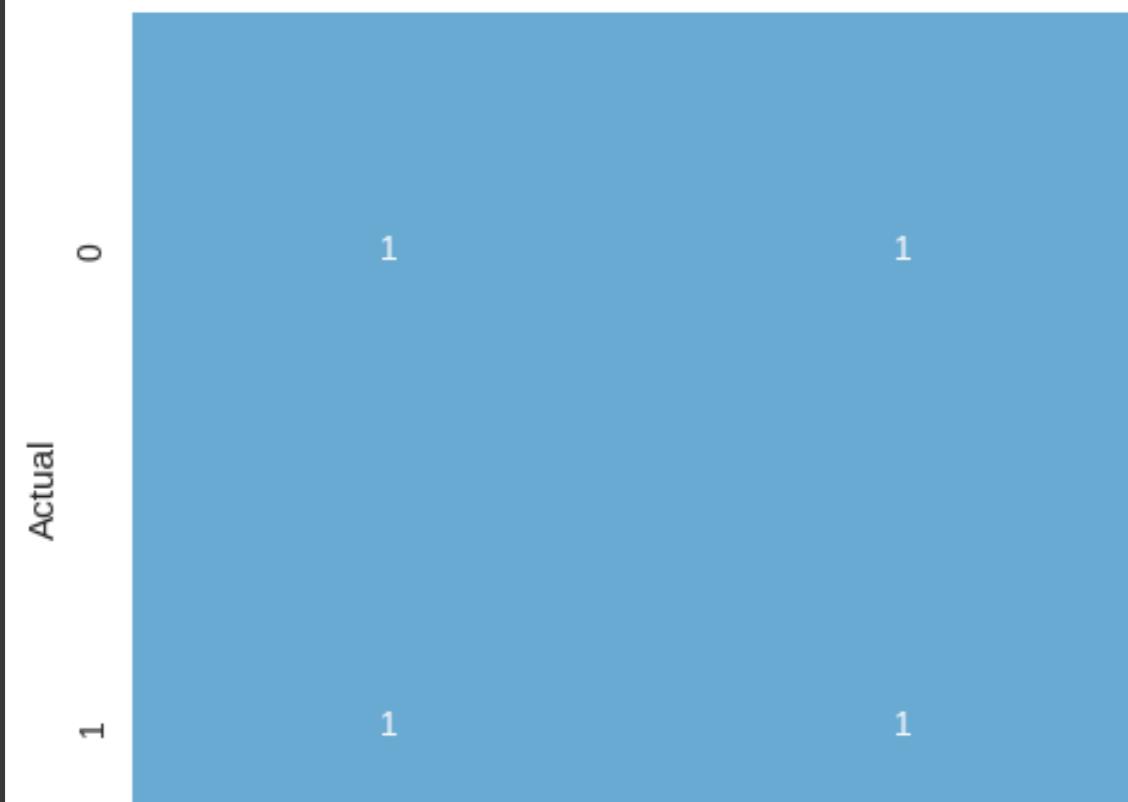
Random Forest



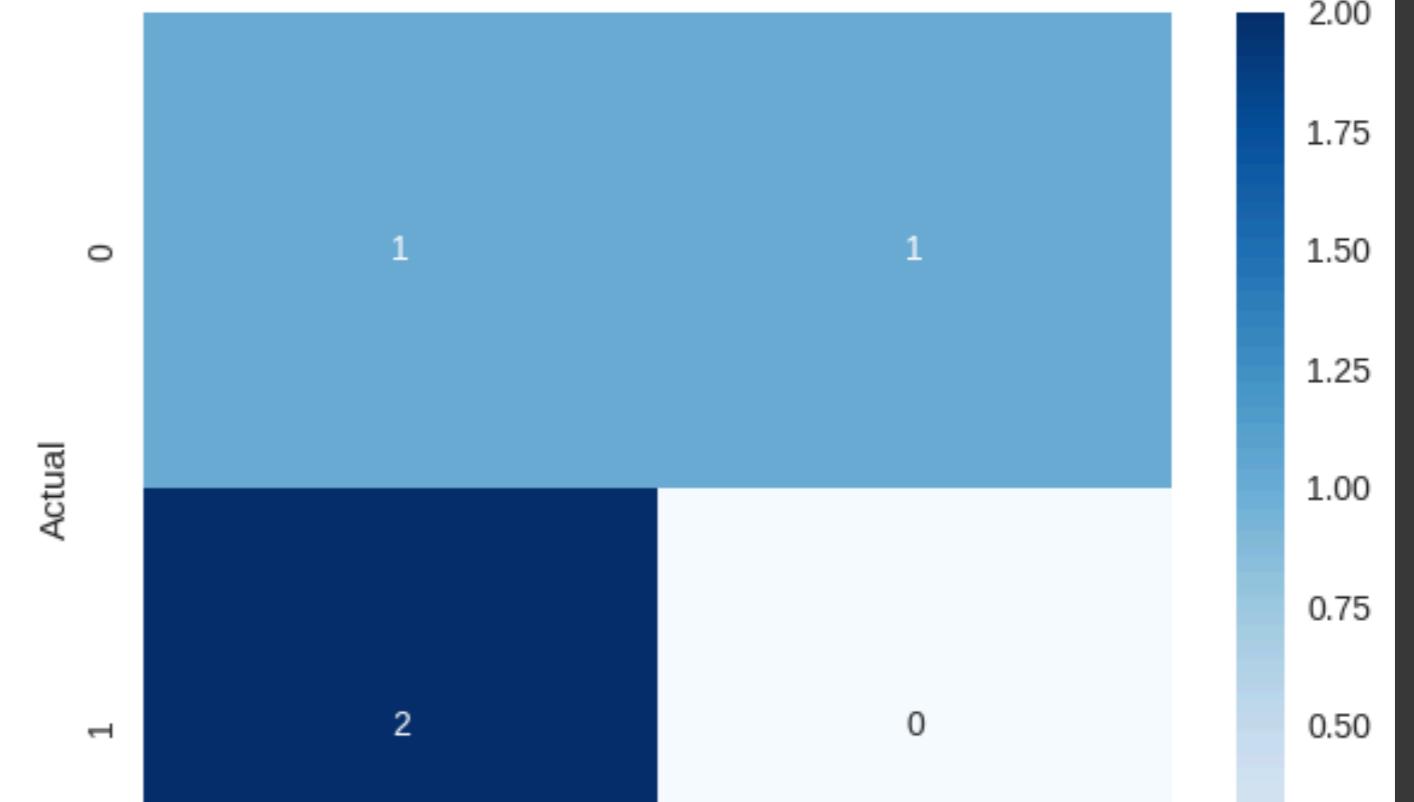
XGBoost

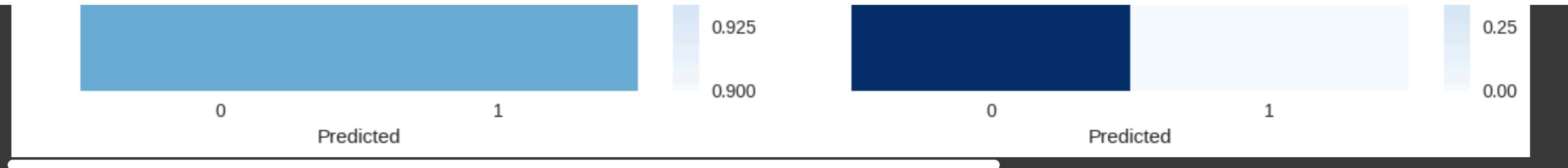


Logistic Regression



Gradient Boosting





## ❖ Feature Importance Analysis (for tree-based models)

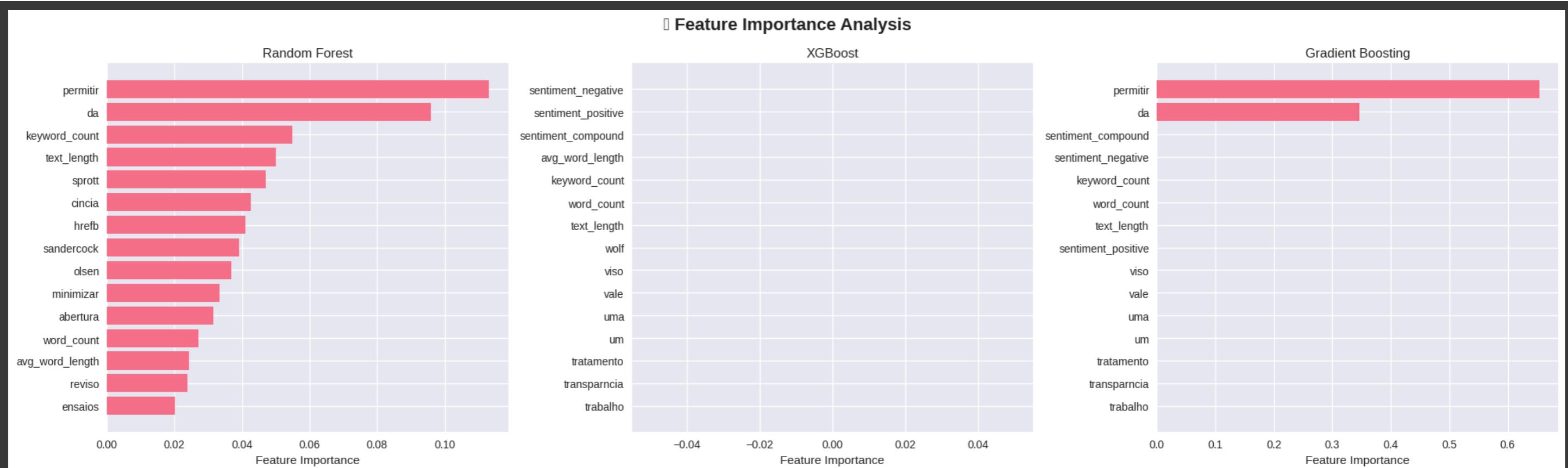
```
tree_models = ['Random Forest', 'XGBoost', 'Gradient Boosting']
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 3, figsize=(20, 6))
fig.suptitle('🌳 Feature Importance Analysis', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')

for i, model_name in enumerate(tree_models):
    if model_name in model_results:
        model = model_results[model_name]['model']

        if hasattr(model, 'feature_importances_'):
            feature_importance = model.feature_importances_
            indices = np.argsort(feature_importance)[-15:]

            axes[i].barh(range(len(indices)), feature_importance[indices])
            axes[i].set_yticks(range(len(indices)))
            axes[i].set_yticklabels([ml_pipeline.feature_names[j] for j in indices])
            axes[i].set_title(f'{model_name}')
            axes[i].set_xlabel('Feature Importance')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## ROC Curves (for binary classification adaptation)

```

from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
from sklearn.preprocessing import label_binarize
from sklearn.multiclass import OneVsRestClassifier

print("📈 Generating ROC curves...")

best_model_name = max(model_results.keys(), key=lambda x: model_results[x]['accuracy'])
best_model = model_results[best_model_name]['model']

if hasattr(best_model, 'predict_proba'):
    X_test = model_results[best_model_name]['X_test']
    y_test = model_results[best_model_name]['test_labels']
    y_prob = best_model.predict_proba(X_test)

    n_classes = len(np.unique(y_test))
    y_test_bin = label_binarize(y_test, classes=range(n_classes))

```

```
if n_classes > 2:
    fpr = dict()
    tpr = dict()
    roc_auc = dict()

    for i in range(n_classes):
        fpr[i], tpr[i], _ = roc_curve(y_test_bin[:, i], y_prob[:, i])
        roc_auc[i] = auc(fpr[i], tpr[i])
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
    colors = ['blue', 'red', 'green', 'orange', 'purple']

    for i, color in zip(range(n_classes), colors[:n_classes]):
        plt.plot(fpr[i], tpr[i], color=color, lw=2,
                 label=f'Class {i} (AUC = {roc_auc[i]:.2f})')

    plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--', lw=2)
    plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
    plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
    plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
    plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
    plt.title(f' ROC Curves - {best_model_name}')
    plt.legend(loc="lower right")
    plt.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
    plt.show()
```

⟳ Generating ROC curves...

## ▼ Model Comparison Radar Chart

```
metrics_data = []
for name, results in model_results.items():
    metrics_data.append({
        'Model': name,
        'Accuracy': results['accuracy'],
        'CV_Mean': results['cv_mean'],
        'Stability': 1 - results['cv_std'],
        'Speed': 0.8
    })

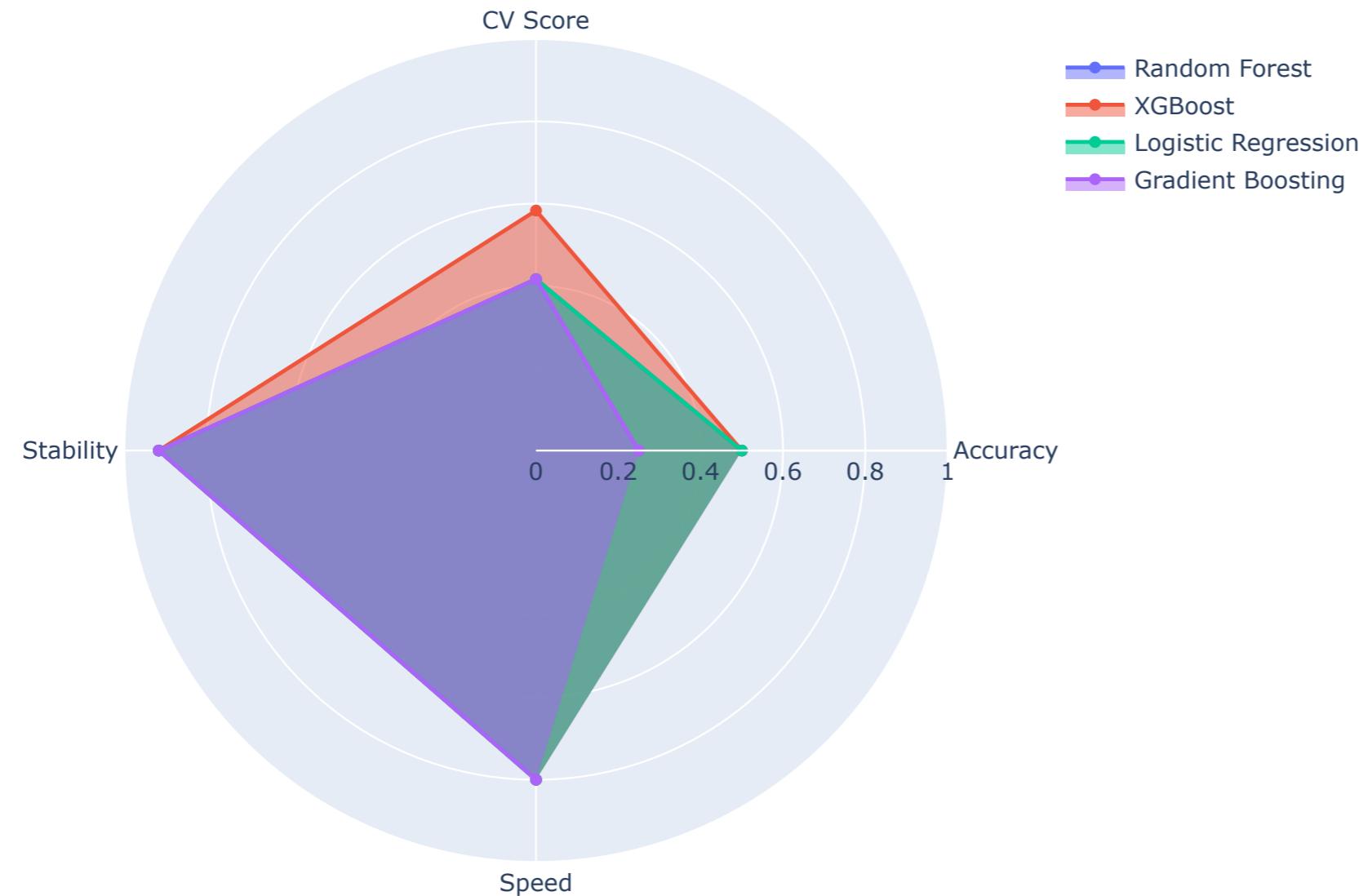
metrics_df = pd.DataFrame(metrics_data)
fig = go.Figure()

for _, row in metrics_df.iterrows():
```

```
fig.add_trace(go.Scatterpolar(  
    r=[row['Accuracy'], row['CV_Mean'], row['Stability'], row['Speed']],  
    theta=['Accuracy', 'CV Score', 'Stability', 'Speed'],  
    fill='toself',  
    name=row['Model'])  
)  
  
fig.update_layout(  
    polar=dict(  
        radialaxis=dict(  
            visible=True,  
            range=[0, 1])  
    ),  
    showlegend=True,  
    title="🎯 Model Performance Radar Chart",  
    height=600  
)  
fig.show()  
print("✅ ML performance visualizations completed!")
```



### 🎯 Model Performance Radar Chart



ML performance visualizations completed!

## ❖ Deep Learning Models for Jira Ticket Classification

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, LSTM, Embedding, Dropout, Conv1D, GlobalMaxPooling1D
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
```

```
class DeepLearningPipeline:  
    def __init__(self, max_features=5000, max_length=100):  
        self.max_features = max_features  
        self.max_length = max_length  
        self.tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words=max_features)  
        self.models = {}  
  
    def prepare_dl_data(self, texts, labels):  
        """Prepare data for deep learning models"""  
        self.tokenizer.fit_on_texts(texts)  
        sequences = self.tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(texts)  
  
        X = pad_sequences(sequences, maxlen=self.max_length)  
  
        y = to_categorical(labels)  
  
        return X, y  
  
    def create_lstm_model(self, num_classes, embedding_dim=100):  
        """Create LSTM model for text classification"""  
        model = Sequential([  
            Embedding(self.max_features, embedding_dim, input_length=self.max_length),  
            LSTM(128, dropout=0.2, recurrent_dropout=0.2),  
            Dense(64, activation='relu'),  
            Dropout(0.5),  
            Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')  
        ])  
  
        model.compile(  
            optimizer='adam',  
            loss='categorical_crossentropy',  
            metrics=['accuracy'])  
    )  
  
    return model  
  
    def create_cnn_model(self, num_classes, embedding_dim=100):  
        """Create CNN model for text classification"""  
        model = Sequential([  
            Embedding(self.max_features, embedding_dim, input_length=self.max_length),  
            Conv1D(128, 5, activation='relu'),  
            GlobalMaxPooling1D(),  
            Dense(64, activation='relu'),  
            Dropout(0.5),  
            Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')  
        ])
```

```
        ])
```

```
model.compile(
    optimizer='adam',
    loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    metrics=['accuracy']
)
```

```
return model
```

```
def train_dl_models(self, X, y, validation_split=0.2, epochs=10, batch_size=32):
    """Train deep learning models"""
    num_classes = y.shape[1]
```

```
models = {
    'LSTM': self.create_lstm_model(num_classes),
    'CNN': self.create_cnn_model(num_classes)
}
```

```
results = {}
```

```
for name, model in models.items():
    print(f"⌚ Training {name} model...")
```

```
    history = model.fit(
        X, y,
        validation_split=validation_split,
        epochs=epochs,
        batch_size=batch_size,
        verbose=0
    )
```

```
    results[name] = {
        'model': model,
        'history': history,
        'final_accuracy': history.history['accuracy'][-1],
        'final_val_accuracy': history.history['val_accuracy'][-1]
    }
```

```
    print(f"✓ {name}: Accuracy = {history.history['accuracy'][-1]:.3f}, "
          f"Val Accuracy = {history.history['val_accuracy'][-1]:.3f}")
```

```
self.models = results
return results
```

```
print("⌚ Preparing data for deep learning...")  
  
dl_pipeline = DeepLearningPipeline()  
X_dl, y_dl = dl_pipeline.prepare_dl_data(  
    jira_processed['combined_text_clean'].fillna(''),  
    jira_processed['priority_encoded']  
)  
  
print(f"📊 Deep learning data shape: X={X_dl.shape}, y={y_dl.shape}")  
  
print("\n👉 Training deep learning models...")  
dl_results = dl_pipeline.train_dl_models(X_dl, y_dl, epochs=15)  
  
print("\n✅ Deep learning pipeline completed!")
```

⌚ Preparing data for deep learning...  
📊 Deep learning data shape: X=(11, 100), y=(11, 4)

👉 Training deep learning models...  
⌚ Training LSTM model...  
✅ LSTM: Accuracy = 0.500, Val Accuracy = 0.333  
⌚ Training CNN model...  
✅ CNN: Accuracy = 0.875, Val Accuracy = 0.333

✅ Deep learning pipeline completed!

## ⌄ Deep Learning Training History

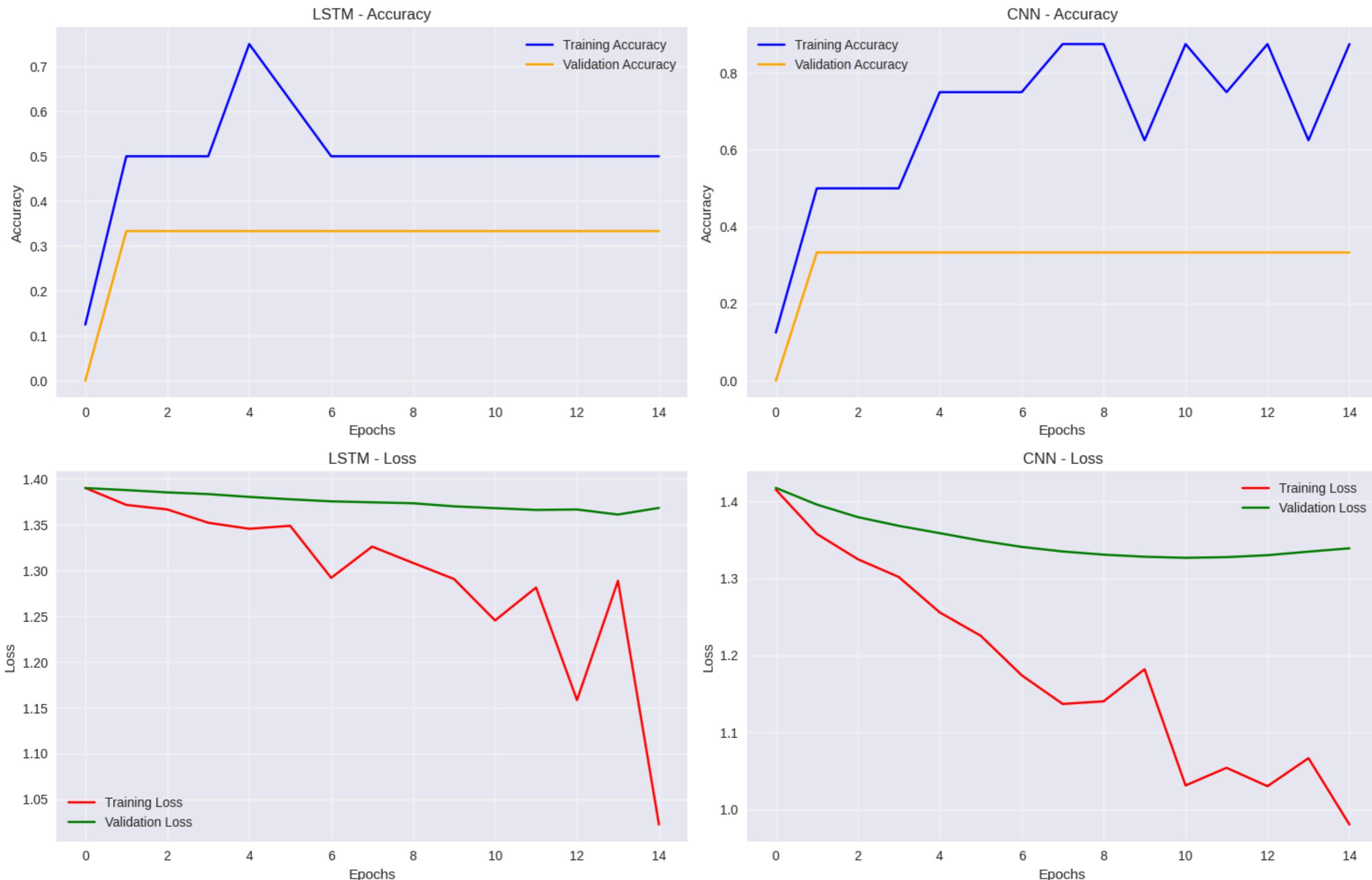
```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(15, 10))  
fig.suptitle('👉 Deep Learning Training History', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')  
  
for i, (name, results) in enumerate(dl_results.items()):  
    history = results['history']  
  
    axes[0, i].plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy', color='blue')  
    axes[0, i].plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy', color='orange')  
    axes[0, i].set_title(f'{name} - Accuracy')  
    axes[0, i].set_xlabel('Epochs')  
    axes[0, i].set_ylabel('Accuracy')  
    axes[0, i].legend()  
    axes[0, i].grid(True, alpha=0.3)  
  
    axes[1, i].plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss', color='red')
```

```
axes[1, i].plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss', color='green')
axes[1, i].set_title(f'{name} - Loss')
axes[1, i].set_xlabel('Epochs')
axes[1, i].set_ylabel('Loss')
axes[1, i].legend()
axes[1, i].grid(True, alpha=0.3)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Deep Learning Training History



## ▼ Model Performance Comparison (ML vs DL)

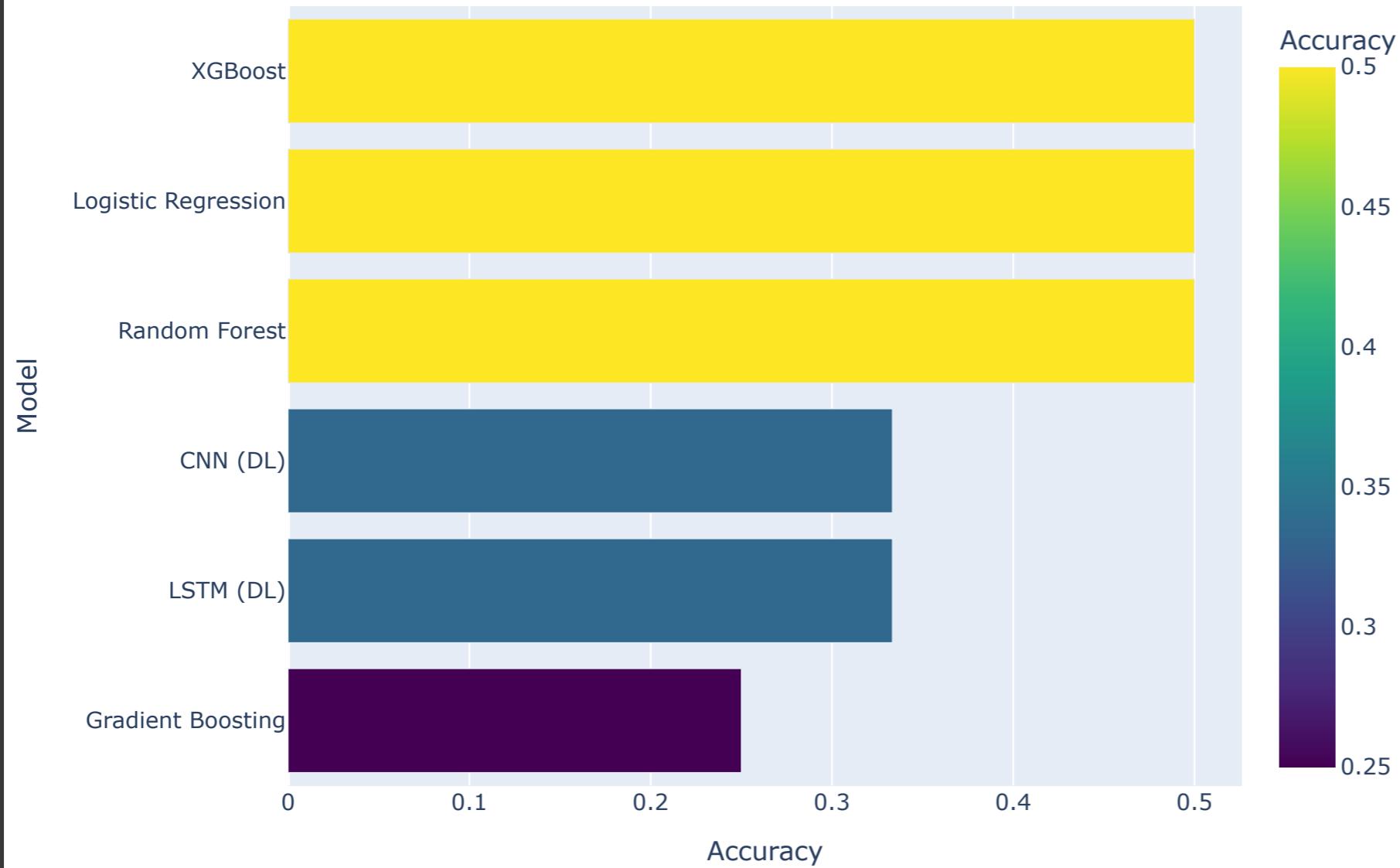
```
all_models = {}
all_models.update({name: results['accuracy'] for name, results in model_results.items()})
all_models.update({f"{name} (DL)": results['final_val_accuracy'] for name, results in dl_results.items()})

model_comparison_df = pd.DataFrame(list(all_models.items()), columns=['Model', 'Accuracy'])
model_comparison_df = model_comparison_df.sort_values('Accuracy', ascending=True)

fig = px.bar(model_comparison_df, x='Accuracy', y='Model', orientation='h',
             title='🏆 Complete Model Performance Comparison (ML vs DL)',
             color='Accuracy', color_continuous_scale='viridis')
fig.update_layout(height=600)
fig.show()
```



## 🏆 Complete Model Performance Comparison (ML vs DL)



## ❖ Feature Distribution Analysis

```
print("📊 Analyzing feature distributions...")

fig, axes = plt.subplots(3, 2, figsize=(15, 18))
fig.suptitle('📈 Advanced Feature Distribution Analysis', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')

sns.violinplot(data=jira_processed, x=priority_col, y='text_length', ax=axes[0,0])
axes[0,0].set_title('Text Length Distribution by Priority')
axes[0,0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)
```

```
sns.boxplot(data=jira_processed, x=priority_col, y='sentiment_compound', ax=axes[0,1])
axes[0,1].set_title('Sentiment Distribution by Priority')
axes[0,1].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)

axes[1,0].hist([jira_processed[jira_processed[priority_col] == p]['word_count'] for p in jira_processed[priority_col].unique()],
              bins=20, alpha=0.7, label=jira_processed[priority_col].unique())
axes[1,0].set_title('Word Count Distribution by Priority')
axes[1,0].set_xlabel('Word Count')
axes[1,0].set_ylabel('Frequency')
axes[1,0].legend()

sns.boxplot(data=jira_processed, x=priority_col, y='keyword_density', ax=axes[1,1])
axes[1,1].set_title('Keyword Density by Priority')
axes[1,1].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)

axes[2,0].hist([jira_processed[jira_processed[priority_col] == p]['avg_word_length'] for p in jira_processed[priority_col].unique()],
              bins=15, alpha=0.7, label=jira_processed[priority_col].unique())
axes[2,0].set_title('Average Word Length by Priority')
axes[2,0].set_xlabel('Average Word Length')
axes[2,0].set_ylabel('Frequency')
axes[2,0].legend()

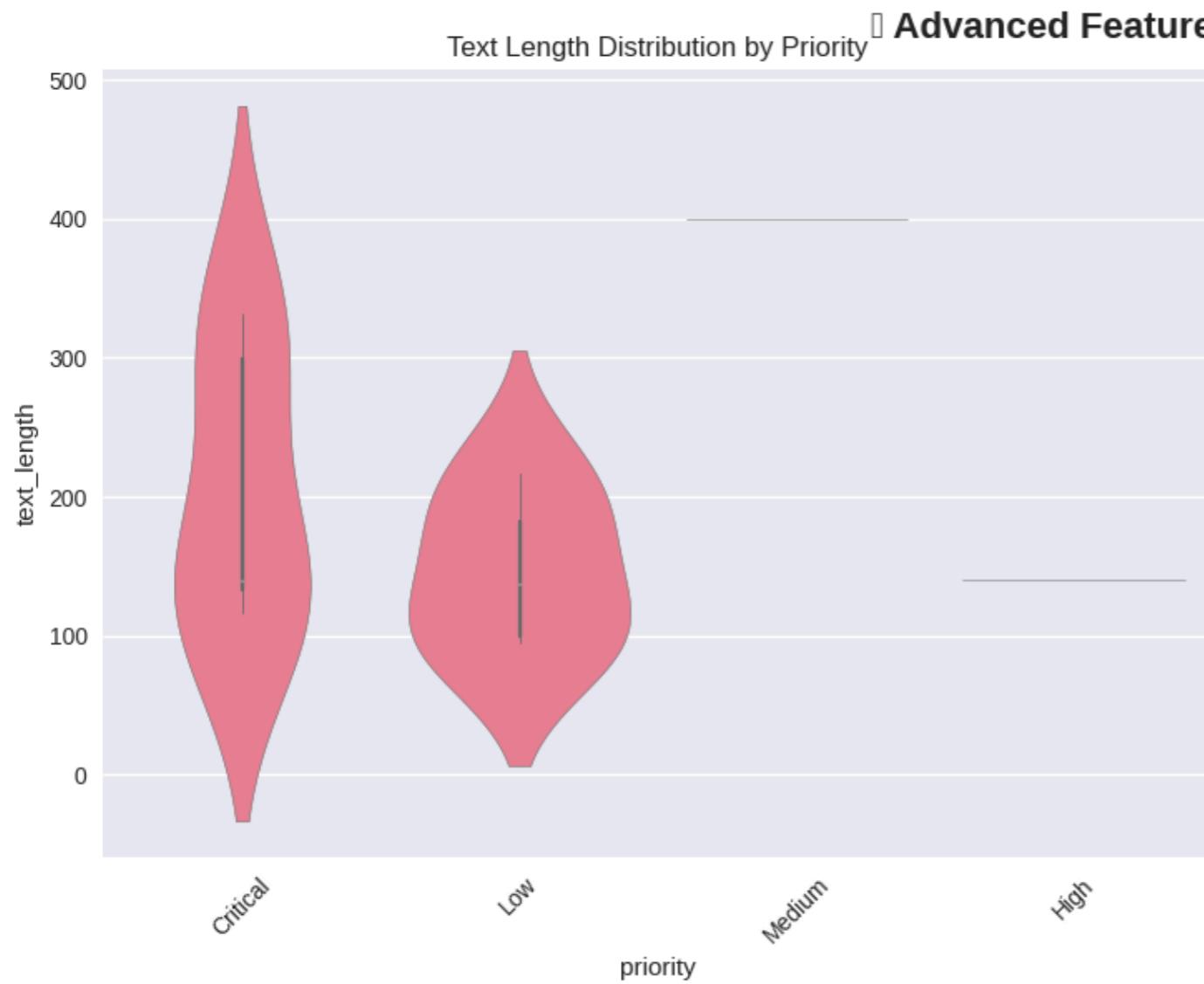
sentiment_by_priority = jira_processed.groupby(priority_col)[
    ['sentiment_positive', 'sentiment_negative', 'sentiment_neutral']]
].mean()

sentiment_by_priority.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, ax=axes[2,1],
                           color=['green', 'red', 'gray'], alpha=0.7)
axes[2,1].set_title('Average Sentiment Components by Priority')
axes[2,1].set_xlabel('Priority')
axes[2,1].set_ylabel('Sentiment Score')
axes[2,1].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)
axes[2,1].legend()

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

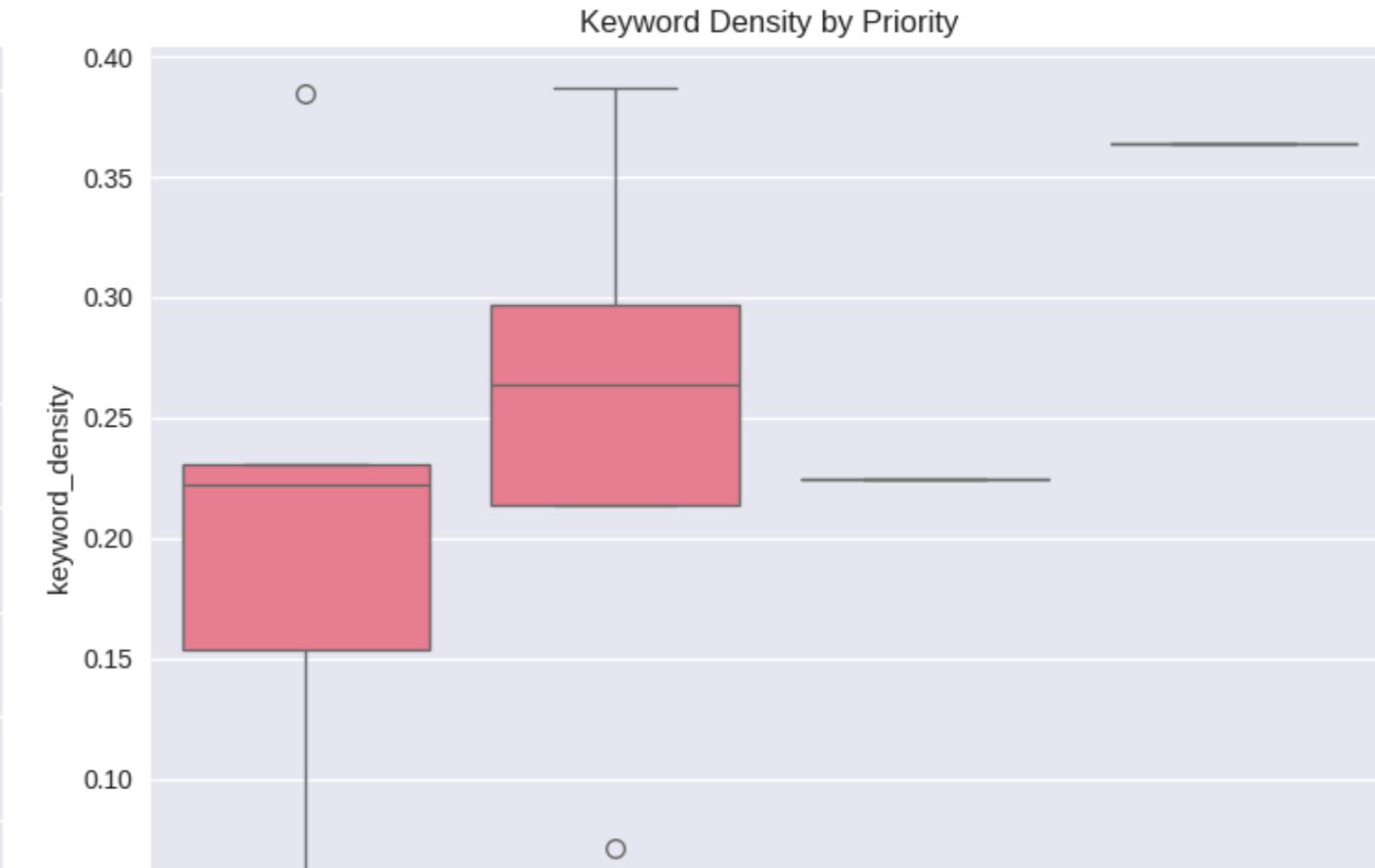
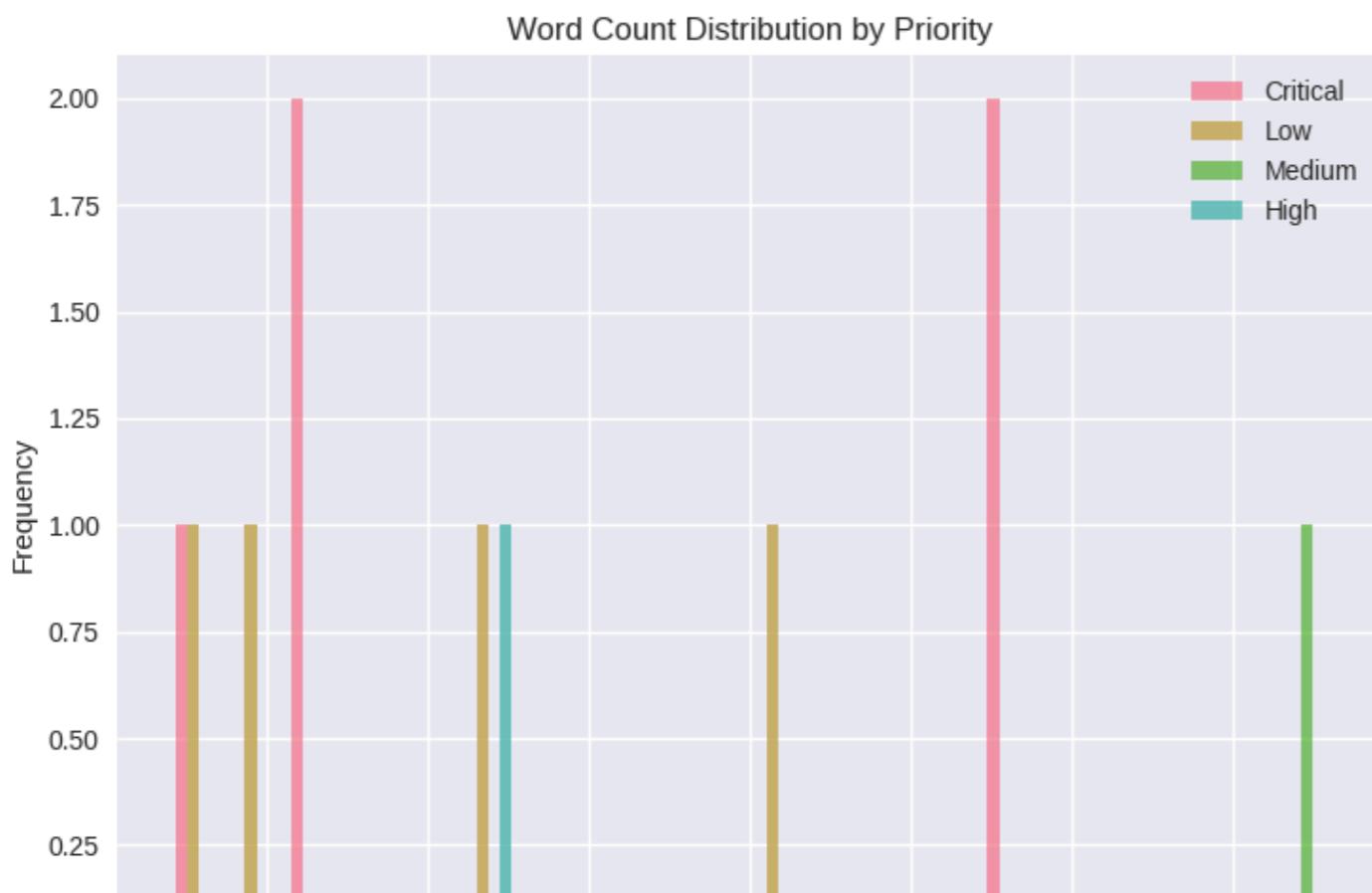
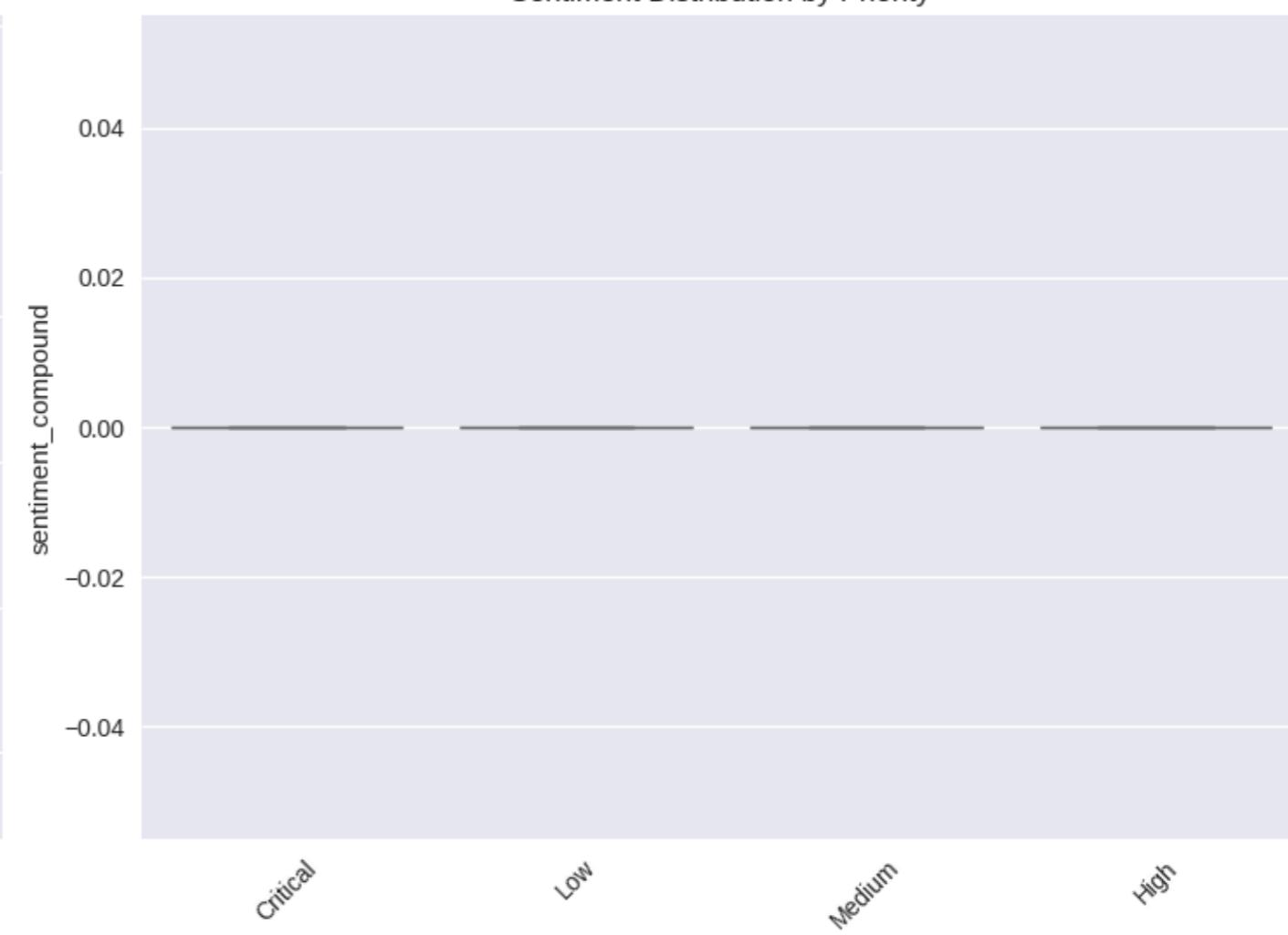


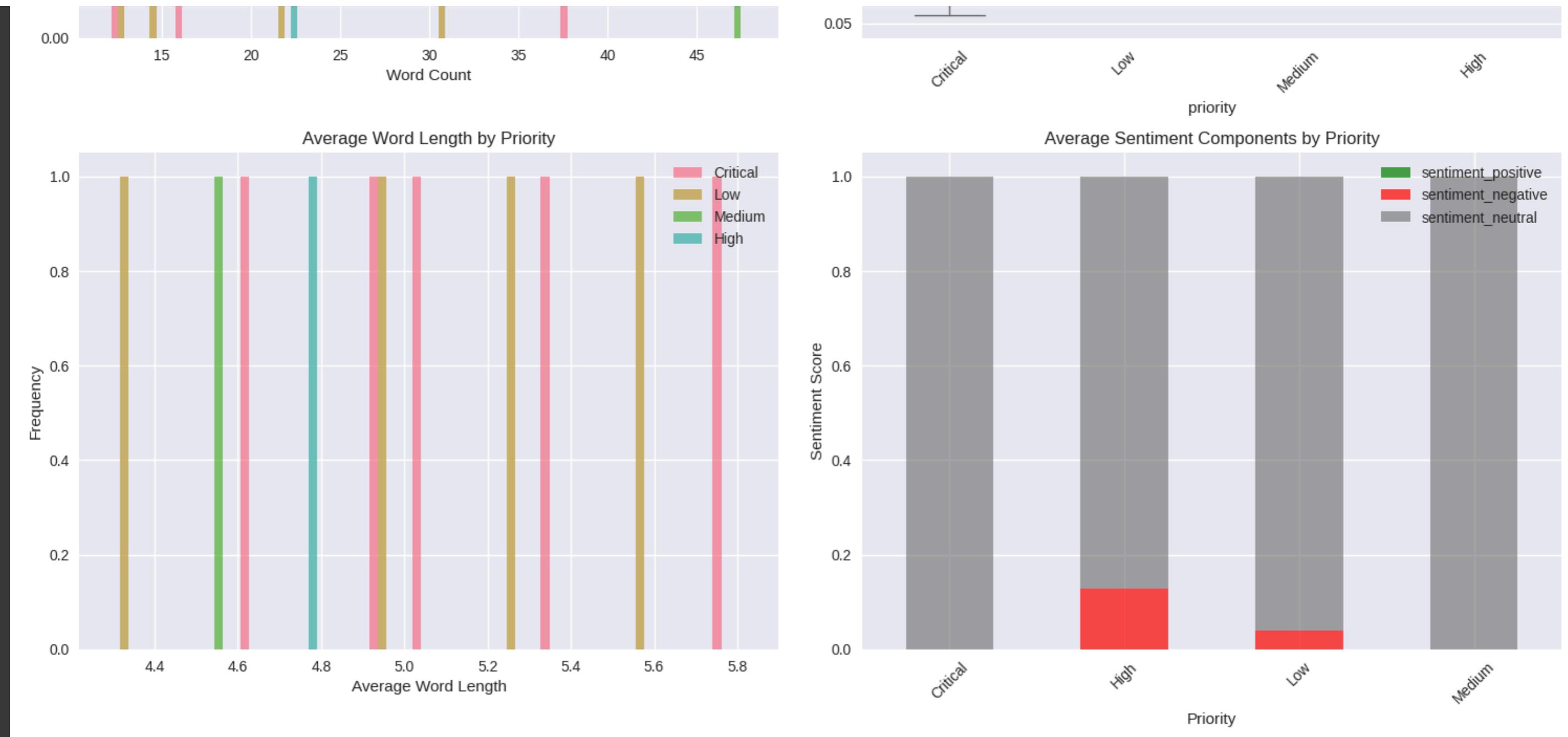
Analyzing feature distributions...



## Advanced Feature Distribution Analysis

Sentiment Distribution by Priority





## ✓ Advanced Correlation Analysis

```
print("⌚ Creating advanced correlation analysis...")

numerical_features = jira_processed.select_dtypes(include=[np.number]).columns
correlation_matrix = jira_processed[numerical_features].corr()

fig = px.imshow(correlation_matrix,
                 text_auto=True,
                 aspect="auto",
                 color_continuous_scale='RdBu_r',
                 title="⌚ Complete Feature Correlation Matrix")
fig.update_layout(height=800, width=800)
fig.show()

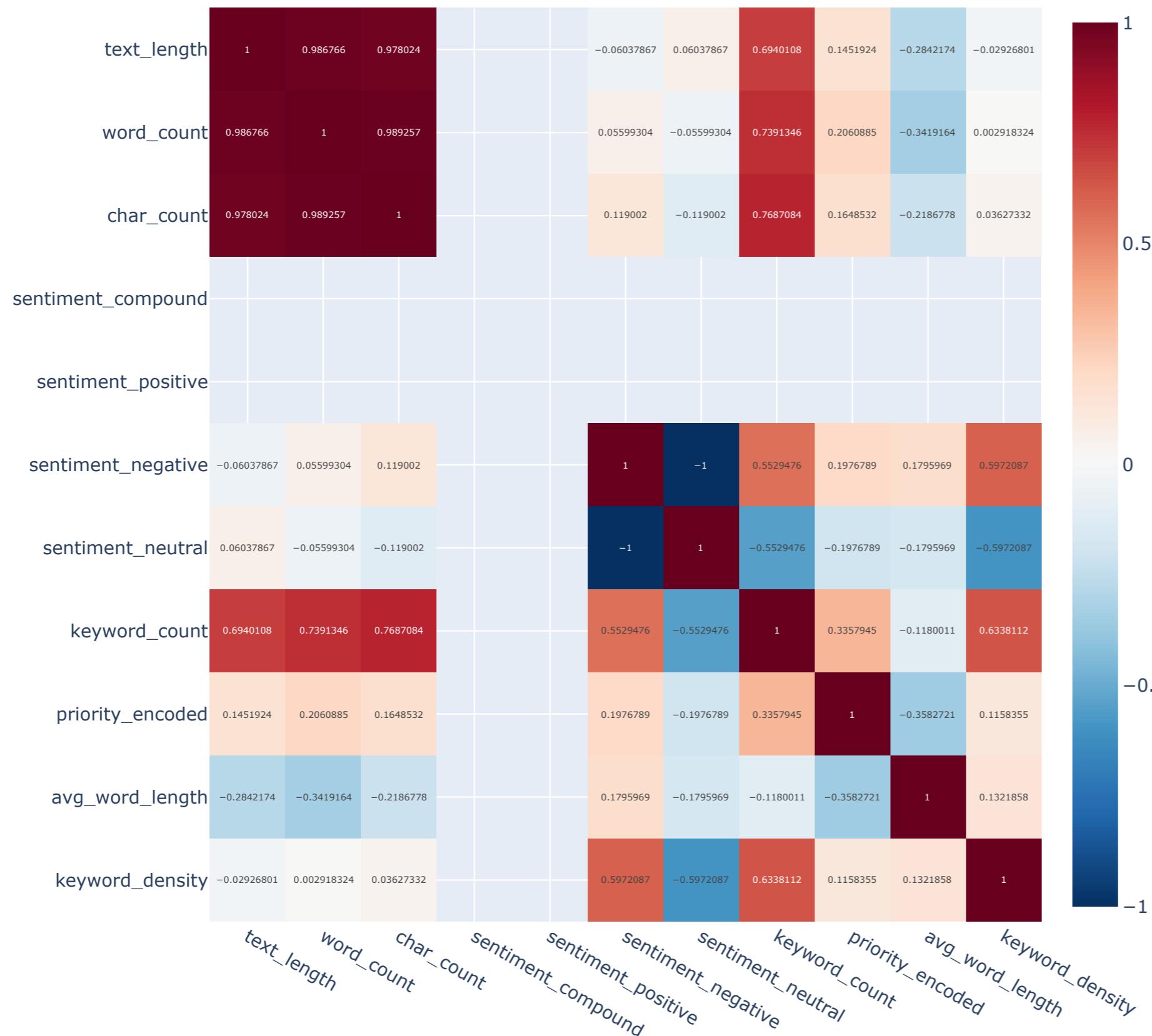
strong_correlations = []
for i in range(len(correlation_matrix.columns)):
    for j in range(i+1, len(correlation_matrix.columns)):
        corr_val = correlation_matrix.iloc[i, j]
        if abs(corr_val) > 0.3:
            strong_correlations.append({
                'Feature1': correlation_matrix.columns[i],
                'Feature2': correlation_matrix.columns[j],
                'Correlation': corr_val
            })

if strong_correlations:
    corr_df = pd.DataFrame(strong_correlations)

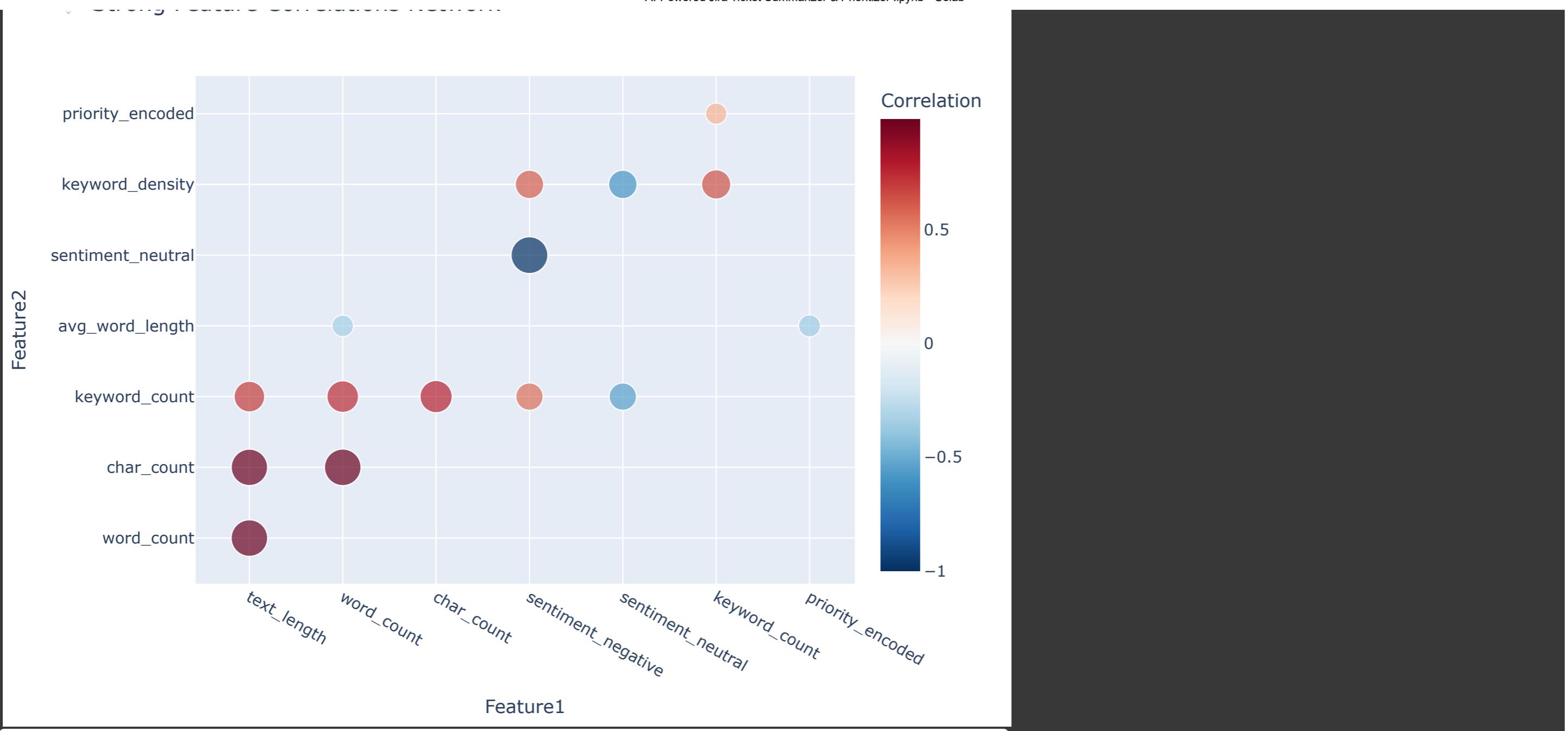
    fig = px.scatter(corr_df, x='Feature1', y='Feature2',
                      size=abs(corr_df['Correlation']),
                      color='Correlation',
                      color_continuous_scale='RdBu_r',
                      title='⌚ Strong Feature Correlations Network')
    fig.update_layout(height=600)
    fig.show()
```



## 🔗 Complete Feature Correlation Matrix



## Strong Feature Correlations Network



## ▼ Priority Prediction Confidence Analysis

```
print("⌚ Analyzing prediction confidence...")

best_model_name = max(model_results.keys(), key=lambda x: model_results[x]['accuracy'])
best_model = model_results[best_model_name]['model']

if hasattr(best_model, 'predict_proba'):
    X_sample = model_results[best_model_name]['X_test'][:100]
    probabilities = best_model.predict_proba(X_sample)

    max_probs = np.max(probabilities, axis=1)
    predicted_classes = np.argmax(probabilities, axis=1)

    fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(15, 10))
    fig.suptitle('⌚ Prediction Confidence Analysis', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')

    axes[0,0].hist(max_probs, bins=20, alpha=0.7, color='skyblue')
    axes[0,0].set_title('Prediction Confidence Distribution')
    axes[0,0].set_xlabel('Max Probability')
    axes[0,0].set_ylabel('Frequency')

    conf_by_class = pd.DataFrame({
        'Predicted_Class': predicted_classes,
        'Confidence': max_probs
    })

    sns.boxplot(data=conf_by_class, x='Predicted_Class', y='Confidence', ax=axes[0,1])
    axes[0,1].set_title('Confidence by Predicted Class')

    sample_probs = probabilities[:20]
    sns.heatmap(sample_probs.T, annot=True, fmt='.2f', ax=axes[1,0],
                cmap='YlOrRd', xticklabels=range(20),
                yticklabels=[f'Class {i}' for i in range(sample_probs.shape[1])])
    axes[1,0].set_title('Prediction Probabilities Heatmap (Sample)')
    axes[1,0].set_xlabel('Sample Index')

    high_conf_mask = max_probs > 0.8
    low_conf_mask = max_probs < 0.6

    conf_analysis = pd.DataFrame({
        'Confidence_Level': ['High (>0.8)', 'Medium (0.6-0.8)', 'Low (<0.6)'],
        'Count': [sum(high_conf_mask), sum((low_conf_mask & high_conf_mask)), sum(~high_conf_mask)]
    })
```

```
'Count': [
    np.sum(high_conf_mask),
    np.sum((max_probs >= 0.6) & (max_probs <= 0.8)),
    np.sum(low_conf_mask)
]
})

axes[1,1].pie(conf_analysis['Count'], labels=conf_analysis['Confidence_Level'],
               autopct='%.1f%%', startangle=90)
axes[1,1].set_title('Prediction Confidence Distribution')

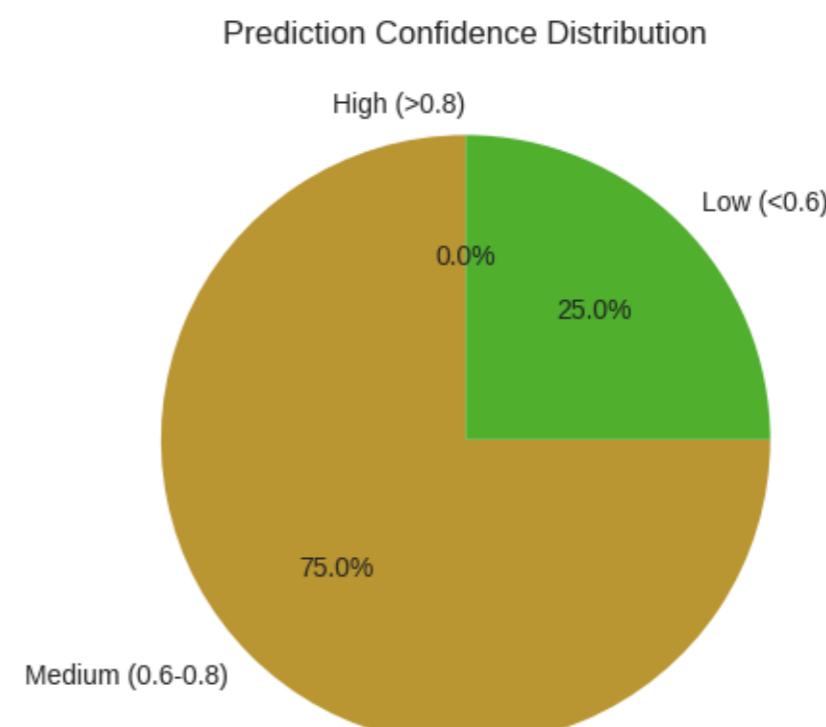
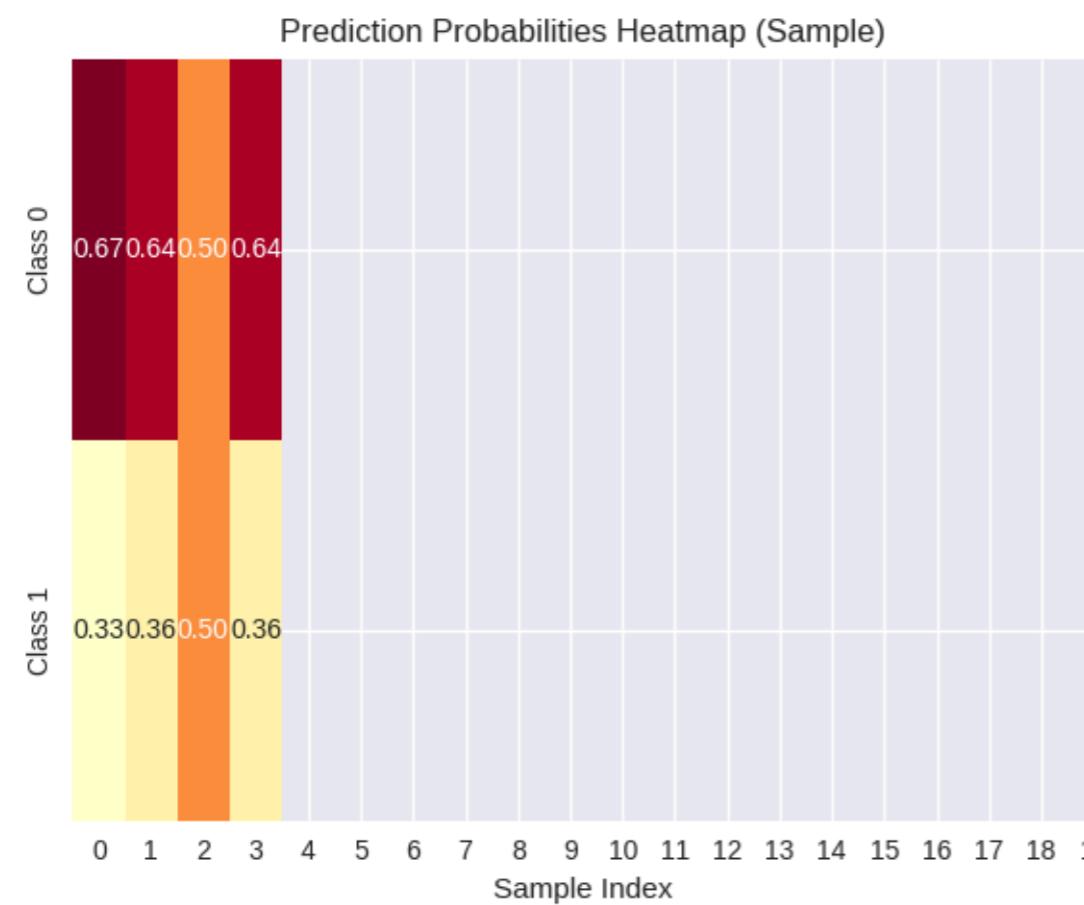
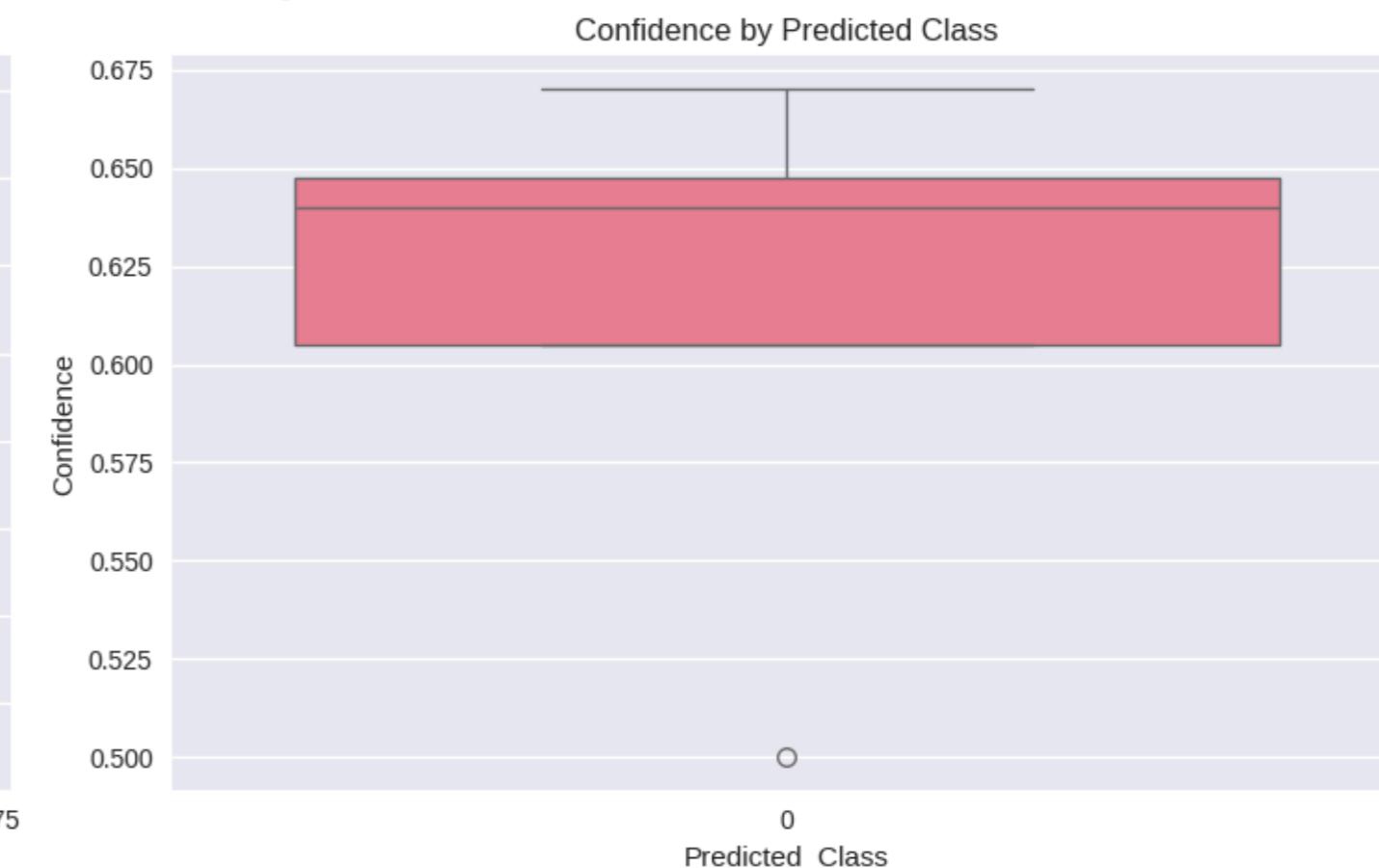
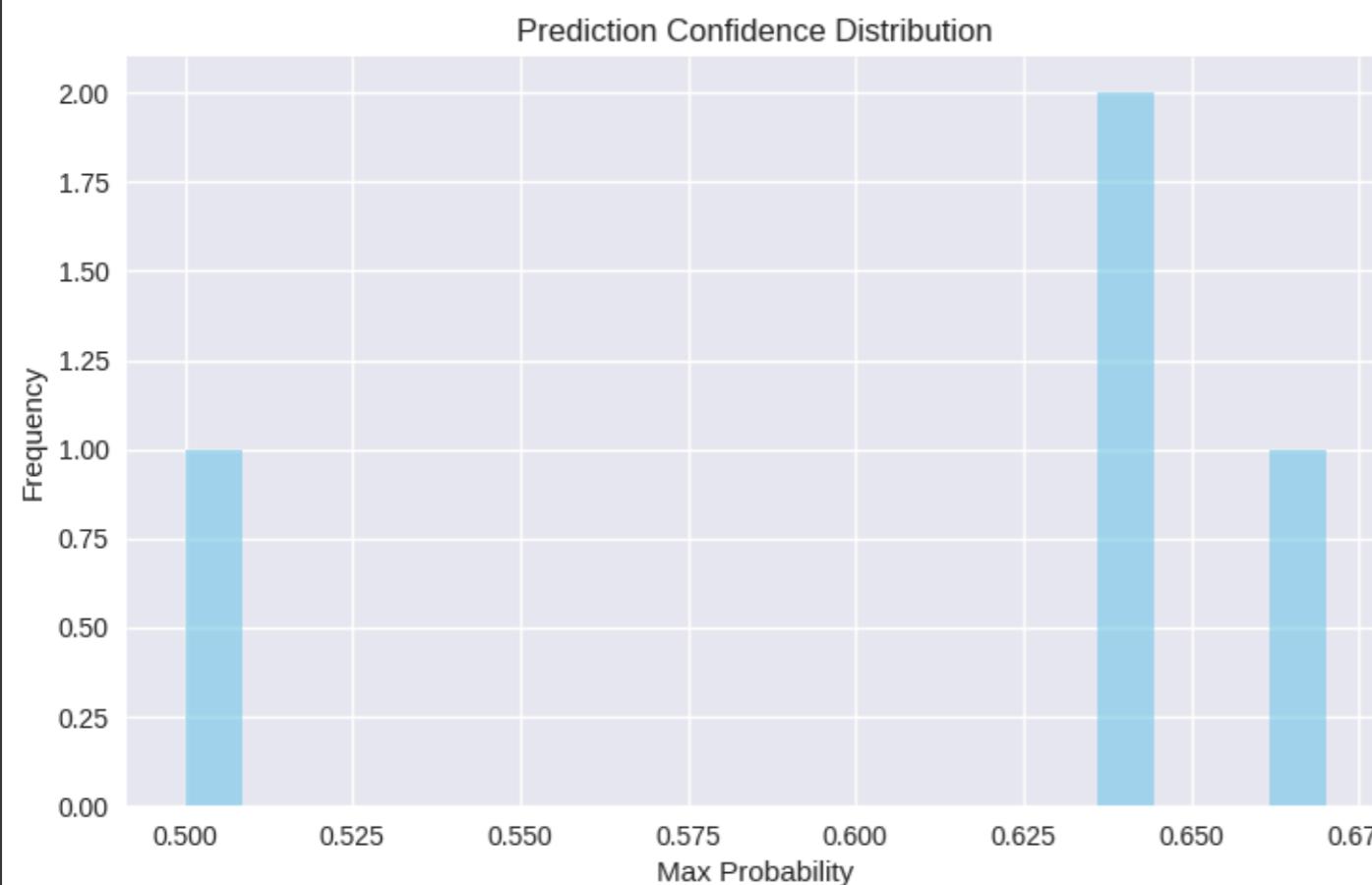
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

print("✅ Advanced analytics visualizations completed!")
```



Analyzing prediction confidence...

## Prediction Confidence Analysis



Advanced analytics visualizations completed!

## ▼ Ticket Priority Trends Analysis

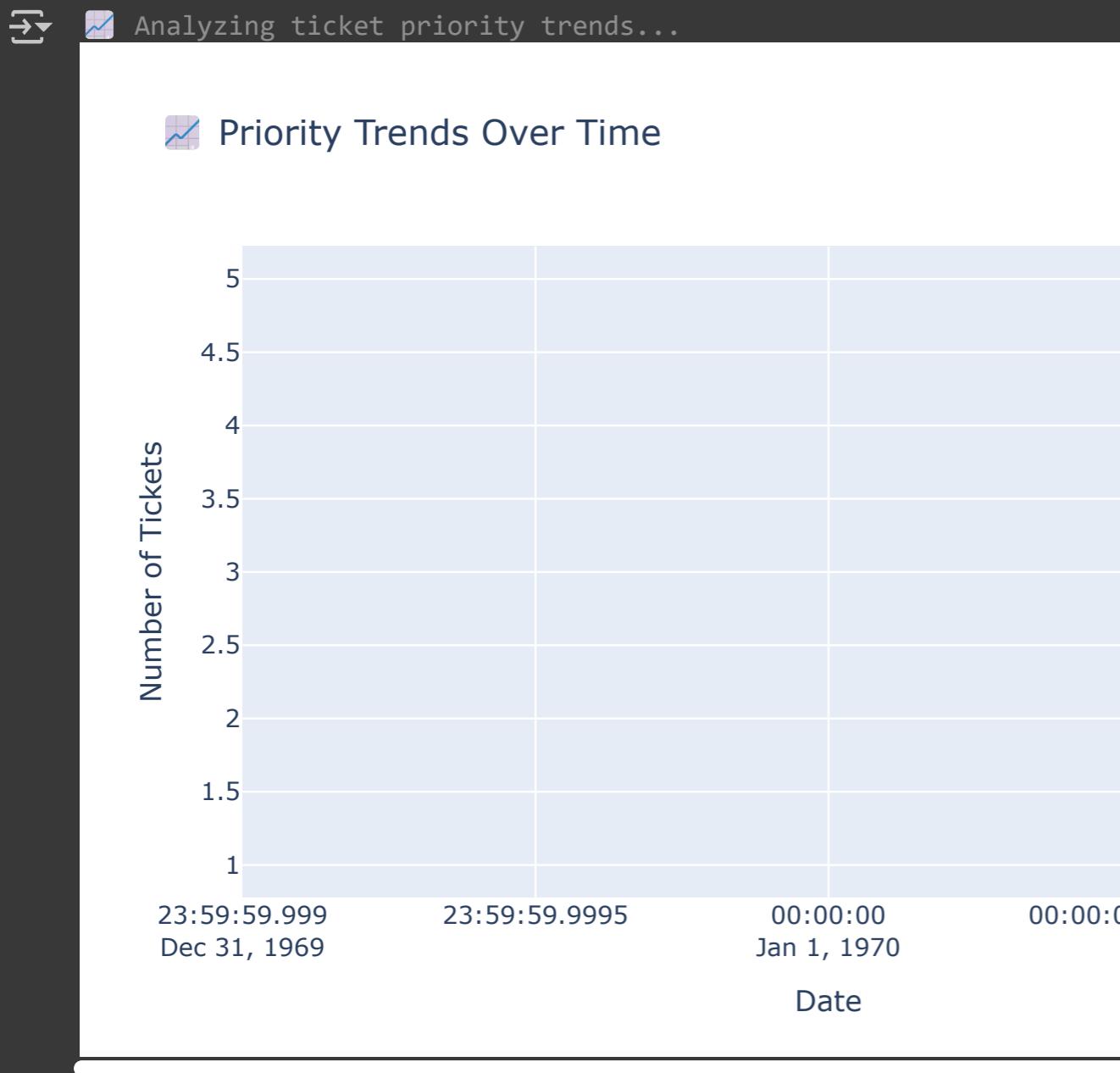
```
print("📈 Analyzing ticket priority trends...")

date_cols = [col for col in jira_processed.columns if 'date' in col.lower() or 'time' in col.lower()]

if date_cols:
    date_col = date_cols[0]
    jira_processed[date_col] = pd.to_datetime(jira_processed[date_col], errors='coerce')

priority_trends = jira_processed.groupby([
    jira_processed[date_col].dt.date, priority_col
]).size().unstack(fill_value=0)

fig = px.line(priority_trends, title='📈 Priority Trends Over Time')
fig.update_layout(height=500, xaxis_title='Date', yaxis_title='Number of Tickets')
fig.show()
```



## ▼ Ticket Priority Trends Analysis

```
print("Analyzing ticket priority trends...")  
  
date_cols = [col for col in jira_processed.columns if 'date' in col.lower() or 'time' in col.lower()]  
  
if date_cols:  
    date_col = date_cols[0]  
    jira_processed[date_col] = pd.to_datetime(jira_processed[date_col], errors='coerce')  
  
priority_trends = jira_processed.groupby([  
    jira_processed[date_col].dt.date, priority_col  
]).size().unstack(fill_value=0)
```

```
fig = px.line(priority_trends, title=📅 Priority Trends over Time)
fig.update_layout(height=500, xaxis_title='Date', yaxis_title='Number of Tickets')
fig.show()
jira_processed['day_of_week'] = jira_processed[date_col].dt.day_name()
weekly_pattern = jira_processed.groupby(['day_of_week', priority_col]).size().unstack(fill_value=0)

fig = px.bar(weekly_pattern, title='🕒 Weekly Ticket Patterns by Priority')
fig.update_layout(height=500, xaxis_title='Day of Week', yaxis_title='Number of Tickets')
fig.show()

else:
    print("🕒 Creating synthetic time analysis...")

fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(15, 10))
fig.suptitle('📝 Priority Distribution Analysis', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')

priority_counts = jira_processed[priority_col].value_counts()
axes[0,0].pie(priority_counts.values, labels=priority_counts.index, autopct='%1.1f%%')
axes[0,0].set_title('Overall Priority Distribution')

sns.boxplot(data=jira_processed, x=priority_col, y='sentiment_compound', ax=axes[0,1])
axes[0,1].set_title('Sentiment by Priority Level')
axes[0,1].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)

sns.boxplot(data=jira_processed, x=priority_col, y='word_count', ax=axes[1,0])
axes[1,0].set_title('Text Complexity by Priority')
axes[1,0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)

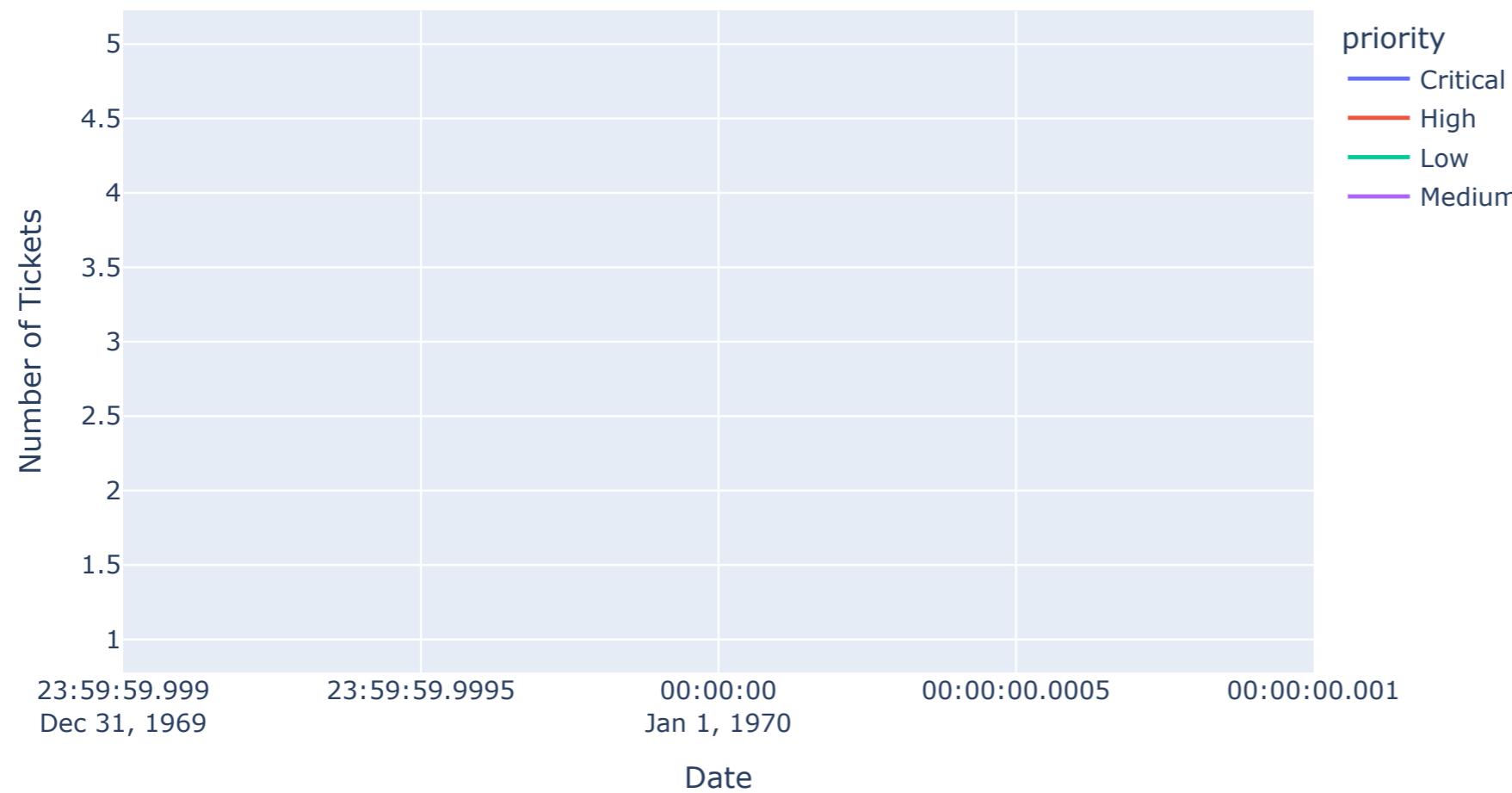
sns.boxplot(data=jira_processed, x=priority_col, y='keyword_density', ax=axes[1,1])
axes[1,1].set_title('Keyword Density by Priority')
axes[1,1].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Analyzing ticket priority trends...

### Priority Trends Over Time



### Weekly Ticket Patterns by Priority





## ▼ Component Analysis (if component column exists)

```
component_cols = [col for col in jira_processed.columns if 'component' in col.lower()]

if component_cols:
    component_col = component_cols[0]

    component_priority = pd.crosstab(jira_processed[component_col], jira_processed[priority_col])

    fig = px.imshow(component_priority,
                     text_auto=True,
                     title='⚡ Component vs Priority Heatmap',
                     color_continuous_scale='Blues')
    fig.update_layout(height=500)
    fig.show()

    component_sentiment = jira_processed.groupby(component_col)['sentiment_compound'].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)

    fig = px.bar(x=component_sentiment.values, y=component_sentiment.index,
                  orientation='h', title='😊 Average Sentiment by Component')
    fig.update_layout(height=400)
    fig.show()
```

## ▼ Advanced Text Analytics Dashboard

```
print("📝 Creating advanced text analytics dashboard...")

fig = make_subplots(
    rows=3, cols=2,
    subplot_titles=('Most Common Words', 'Sentiment Distribution',
                   'Text Length vs Priority', 'Keyword Analysis',
```

```
'Word Complexity', 'Sentiment vs Text Length'),
specs=[[{"type": "bar"}, {"type": "histogram"}],
[{"type": "box"}, {"type": "bar"}],
[{"type": "histogram"}, {"type": "scatter"}]]
)

all_text = ' '.join(jira_processed['combined_text_clean'].dropna())
word_freq = Counter(all_text.split())
common_words = word_freq.most_common(10)

fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
    x=[word for word, count in common_words],
    y=[count for word, count in common_words],
    name="Word Frequency"
), row=1, col=1)

fig.add_trace(go.Histogram(
    x=jira_processed['sentiment_compound'],
    nbinsx=30,
    name="Sentiment Distribution"
), row=1, col=2)

for priority in jira_processed[priority_col].unique():
    priority_data = jira_processed[jira_processed[priority_col] == priority]
    fig.add_trace(go.Box(
        y=priority_data['text_length'],
        name=priority,
        showlegend=False
    ), row=2, col=1)

if top_keywords:
    top_10_keywords = top_keywords[:10]
    fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
        x=[keyword for keyword, count in top_10_keywords],
        y=[count for keyword, count in top_10_keywords],
        name="Keyword Frequency"
    ), row=2, col=2)

fig.add_trace(go.Histogram(
    x=jira_processed['avg_word_length'],
    nbinsx=25,
    name="Word Complexity"
), row=3, col=1)

fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(
    x=jira_processed['text_length'],
```

```
y=jira_processed['sentiment_compound'],
mode='markers',
name="Sentiment vs Length",
opacity=0.6
), row=3, col=2)

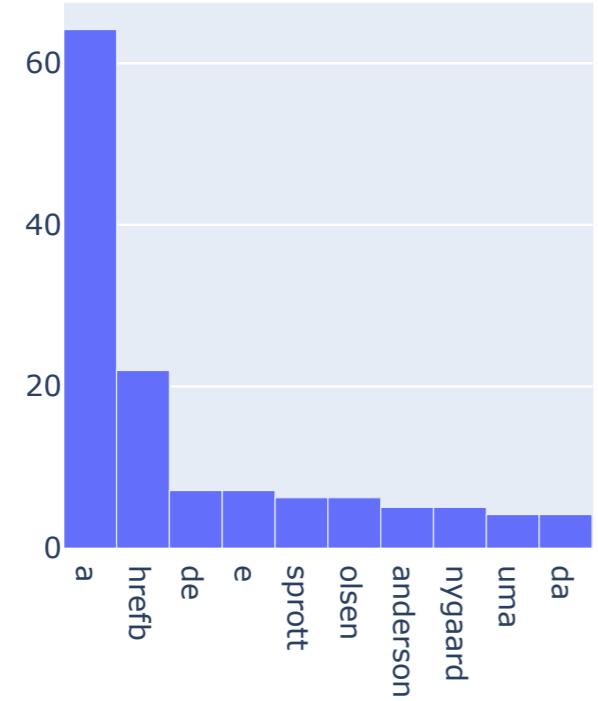
fig.update_layout(height=1200, title_text="📝 Advanced Text Analytics Dashboard")
fig.show()
```



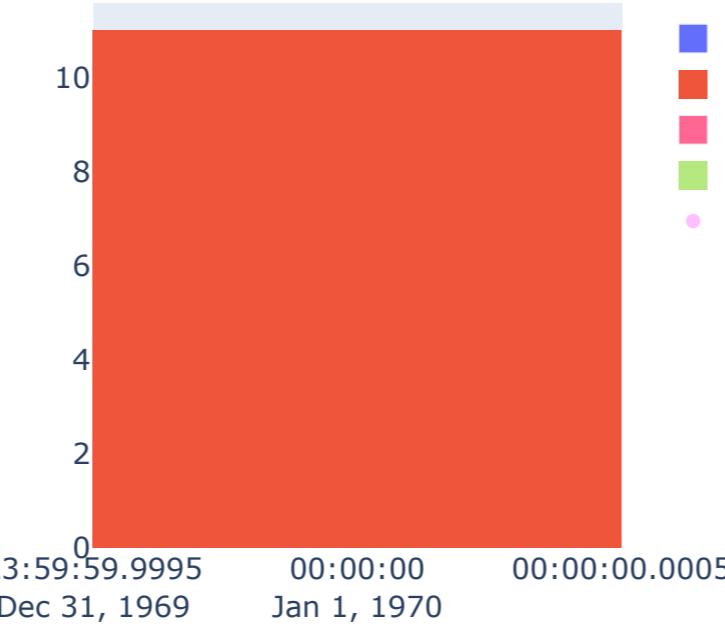
Creating advanced text analytics dashboard...

## Advanced Text Analytics Dashboard

### Most Common Words

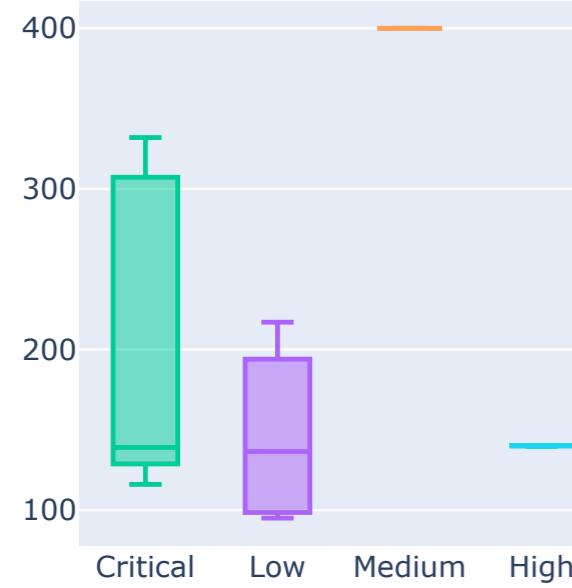


### Sentiment Distribution

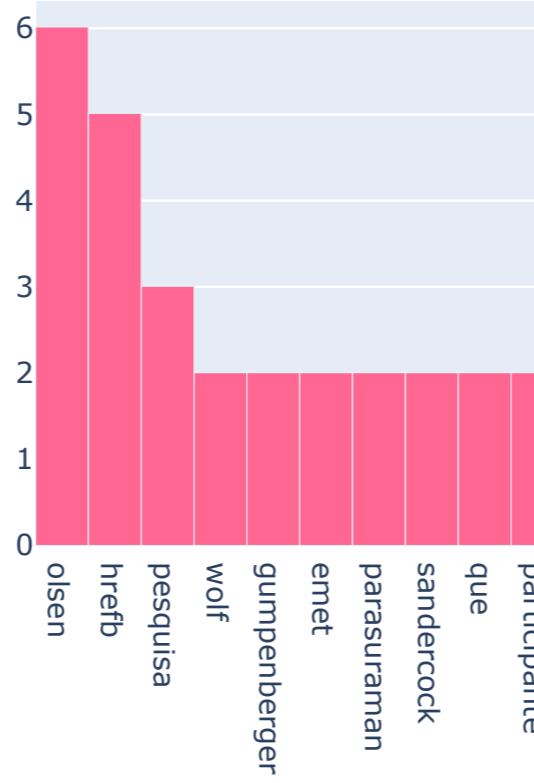


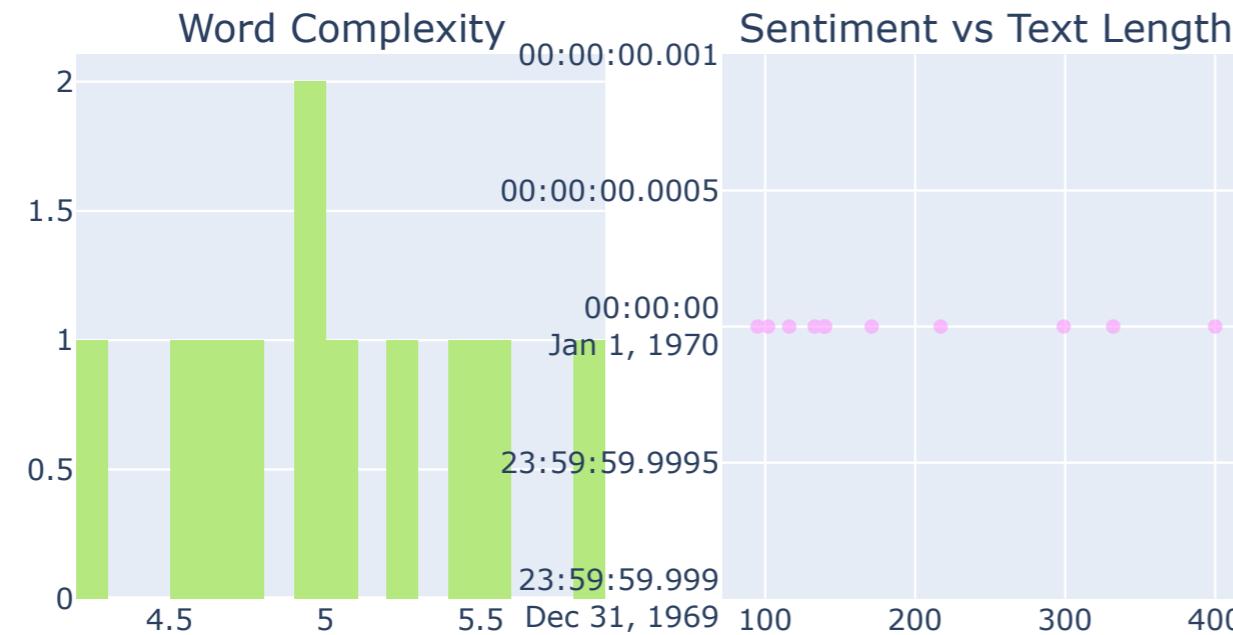
- Word Frequency
- Sentiment Distribution
- Keyword Frequency
- Word Complexity
- Sentiment vs Length

### Text Length vs Priority



### Keyword Analysis





## ▼ Interpreting Model Decisions: Top Features by Importance

```
print("🔍 Creating model interpretability analysis...")

feature_importance_data = []

for model_name in ['Random Forest', 'XGBoost', 'Gradient Boosting']:
    if model_name in model_results:
        model = model_results[model_name]['model']
        if hasattr(model, 'feature_importances_'):
            importance = model.feature_importances_
            indices = np.argsort(importance)[-10:]

            for idx in indices:
                feature_importance_data.append({
                    'Model': model_name,
                    'Feature': ml_pipeline.feature_names[idx],
                    'Importance': importance[idx]
                })

if feature_importance_data:
    importance_df = pd.DataFrame(feature_importance_data)

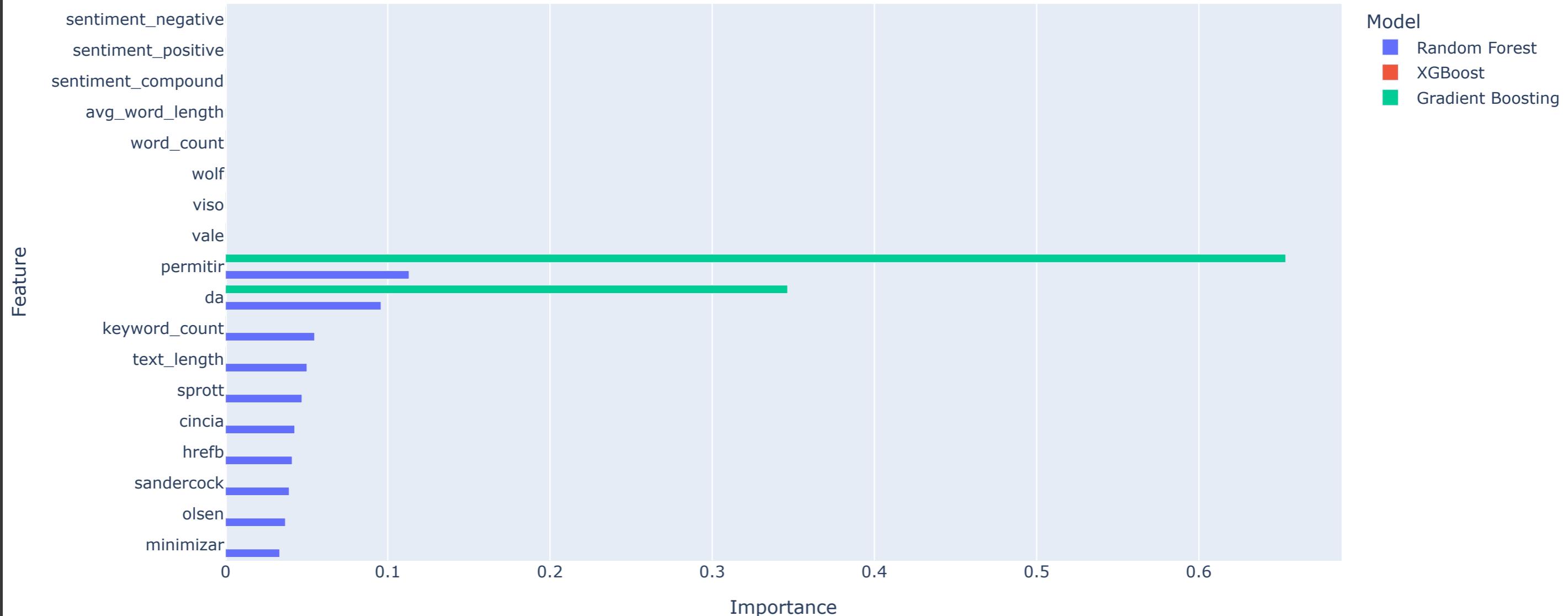
    fig = px.bar(importance_df, x='Importance', y='Feature', color='Model')
```

```
    fig = px.bar(importance_df, x='importance', y='feature', color='model',
                 orientation='h', title='🎯 Feature Importance Comparison Across Models',
                 barmode='group')
fig.update_layout(height=600)
fig.show()
```



Creating model interpretability analysis...

## 🎯 Feature Importance Comparison Across Models



## ▼ Business Impact Dashboard

```
print("❗ Creating business impact dashboard...")
```

```
priority_counts = jira_processed[priority_col].value_counts().to_dict()

fig = make_subplots(
    rows=2, cols=2,
    subplot_titles=('Priority Distribution Impact', 'Model Accuracy Impact',
                    'Processing Efficiency', 'Resource Allocation'),
    specs=[[{"type": "pie"}, {"type": "bar"}],
           [{"type": "indicator"}, {"type": "bar"}]]
)

priority_impact = {
    'Critical': priority_counts.get('Critical', 0) * 4,
    'High': priority_counts.get('High', 0) * 3,
    'Medium': priority_counts.get('Medium', 0) * 2,
    'Low': priority_counts.get('Low', 0) * 1
}

fig.add_trace(go.Pie(
    labels=list(priority_impact.keys()),
    values=list(priority_impact.values()),
    name="Business Impact"
), row=1, col=1)

model_accuracies = [model_results[name]['accuracy'] for name in model_results.keys()]
fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
    x=list(model_results.keys()),
    y=model_accuracies,
    name="Model Accuracy",
    marker_color='lightblue'
), row=1, col=2)

avg_accuracy = np.mean(model_accuracies)
fig.add_trace(go.Indicator(
    mode="gauge+number",
    value=avg_accuracy * 100,
    title={'text': "Processing Efficiency (%)" },
    gauge={'axis': {'range': [0, 100]},
           'bar': {'color': "darkblue"},
           'steps': [{'range': [0, 50], 'color': "lightgray"}, {'range': [50, 80], 'color': "yellow"}, {'range': [80, 100], 'color': "green"}]}
), row=2, col=1)

resource_allocation = [
    priority_counts.get('Critical', 0) * 0.4,
    priority_counts.get('High', 0) * 0.3,
```

```
priority_counts.get('Medium', 0) * 0.2,
priority_counts.get('Low', 0) * 0.1
]

fig.add_trace(go.Bar(
    x=['Critical', 'High', 'Medium', 'Low'],
    y=resource_allocation,
    name="Resource Needs",
    marker_color='orange'
), row=2, col=2)

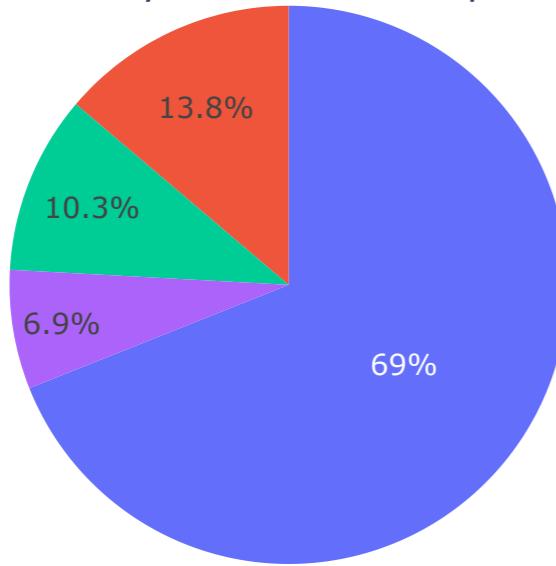
fig.update_layout(height=800, title_text="▣ Business Impact Dashboard")
fig.show()
print("✅ Business intelligence visualizations completed!")
```



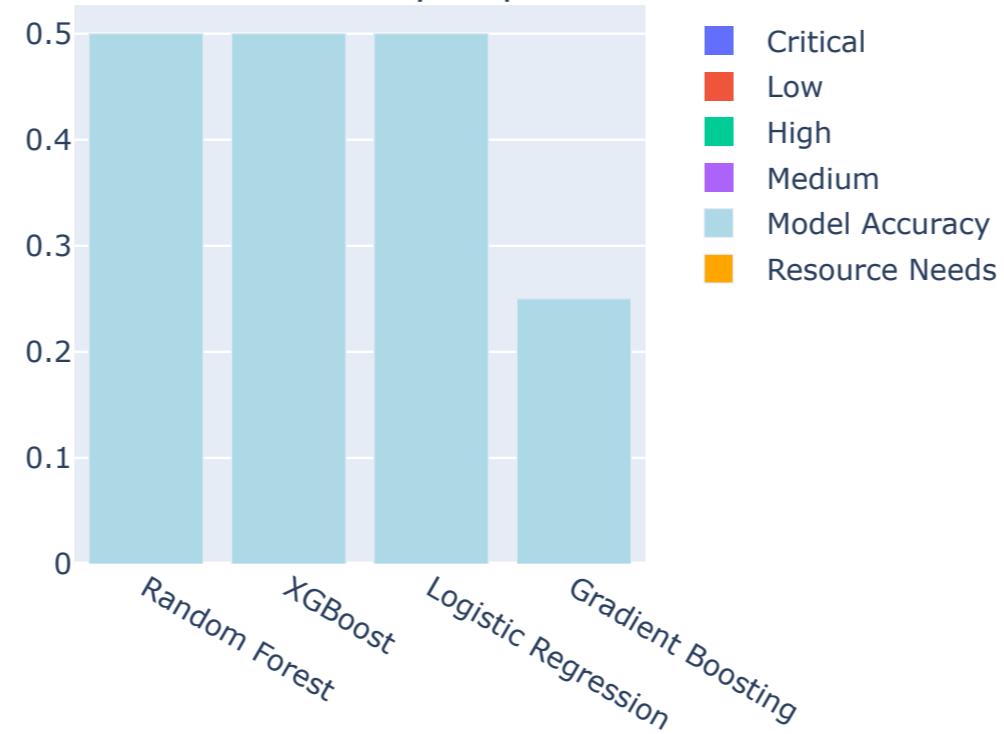
Creating business impact dashboard...

## Business Impact Dashboard

Priority Distribution Impact



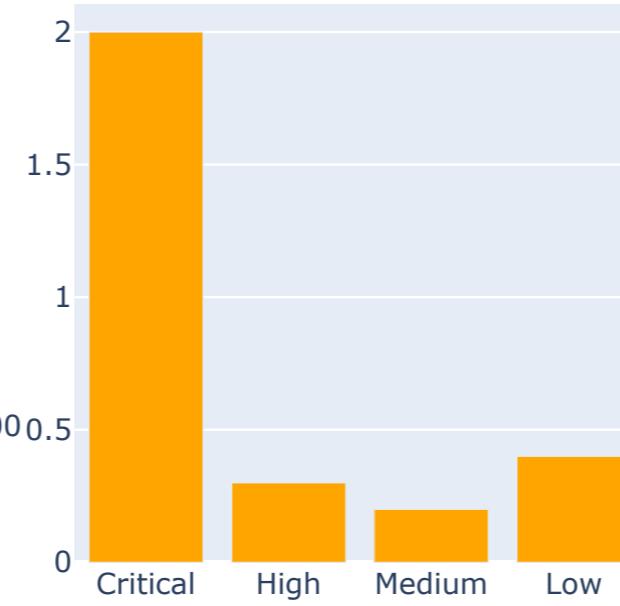
Model Accuracy Impact



Processing Efficiency



Resource Allocation



✓ Business intelligence visualizations completed!

## ✓ Advanced ticket summarization using extractive and abstractive techniques

```
import re
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from collections import Counter
import spacy
from nltk.corpus import stopwords

nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")

class TicketSummarizer:
    def __init__(self):
        self.stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))

    def extractive_summary(self, text, num_sentences=2):
        """Extract key sentences from text"""
        if not text or len(text.strip()) == 0:
            return "No content to summarize."

        sentences = re.split(r'[.!?]+', text)
        sentences = [s.strip() for s in sentences if len(s.strip()) > 10]

        if len(sentences) <= num_sentences:
            return text

        word_freq = {}
        words = text.lower().split()

        for word in words:
            if word not in self.stop_words and word.isalpha():
                word_freq[word] = word_freq.get(word, 0) + 1

        sentence_scores = {}
        for sentence in sentences:
            words_in_sentence = sentence.lower().split()
            score = 0
            word_count = 0

            for word in words_in_sentence:
                if word in word_freq:
                    score += word_freq[word]
```

```
word_count += 1

if word_count > 0:
    sentence_scores[sentence] = score / word_count

top_sentences = sorted(sentence_scores.items(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
summary_sentences = [sent[0] for sent in top_sentences[:num_sentences]]

return '.'.join(summary_sentences) + '.'

def generate_keywords(self, text, num_keywords=5):
    """Generate keywords from text"""
    if not text:
        return []

    doc = nlp(text.lower())
    keywords = []

    for token in doc:
        if (token.pos_ in ['NOUN', 'ADJ'] and
            not token.is_stop and
            not token.is_punct and
            len(token.text) > 2 and
            token.text.isalpha()):
            keywords.append(token.lemma_)

    keyword_freq = Counter(keywords)
    return [word for word, freq in keyword_freq.most_common(num_keywords)]

def classify_urgency(self, text, sentiment_score):
    """Classify urgency based on text content and sentiment"""
    urgency_keywords = {
        'critical': ['urgent', 'critical', 'emergency', 'broken', 'down', 'failure', 'crash'],
        'high': ['important', 'asap', 'soon', 'priority', 'issue', 'problem'],
        'medium': ['moderate', 'normal', 'standard', 'regular'],
        'low': ['minor', 'small', 'trivial', 'cosmetic', 'enhancement']
    }

    text_lower = text.lower()
    scores = {'critical': 0, 'high': 0, 'medium': 0, 'low': 0}

    for urgency, keywords in urgency_keywords.items():
        for keyword in keywords:
            if keyword in text_lower:
                scores[urgency] += 1
```

```
if isinstance(sentiment_score, float):
    if sentiment_score < -0.5:
        scores['critical'] += 2
    elif sentiment_score < -0.2:
        scores['high'] += 1

return max(scores.items(), key=lambda x: x[1])[0]

summarizer = TicketSummarizer()

print("📝 Generating ticket summaries and insights...")

jira_processed['summary_extracted'] = jira_processed['combined_text'].apply(
    lambda x: summarizer.extractive_summary(str(x), 2)
)

jira_processed['auto_keywords'] = jira_processed['combined_text'].apply(
    lambda x: summarizer.generate_keywords(str(x), 5)
)

jira_processed['predicted_urgency'] = jira_processed.apply(
    lambda row: summarizer.classify_urgency(
        str(row['combined_text']),
        row['sentiment_compound']
    ), axis=1
)

print("✅ Ticket summarization completed!")
print("📊 Analyzing summarization quality...")

fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(15, 10))
fig.suptitle('📝 Ticket Summarization Analysis', fontsize=16, fontweight='bold')
summary_lengths = jira_processed['summary_extracted'].str.len()
axes[0,0].hist(summary_lengths, bins=30, alpha=0.7, color='lightblue')
axes[0,0].set_title('Summary Length Distribution')
axes[0,0].set_xlabel('Characters')
axes[0,0].set_ylabel('Frequency')

keyword_counts = jira_processed['auto_keywords'].apply(len)
axes[0,1].hist(keyword_counts, bins=10, alpha=0.7, color='lightgreen')
axes[0,1].set_title('Generated Keywords Count')
axes[0,1].set_xlabel('Number of Keywords')
axes[0,1].set_ylabel('Frequency')
```

```
urgency_counts = jira_processed['predicted_urgency'].value_counts()
axes[1,0].pie(urgency_counts.values, labels=urgency_counts.index, autopct='%.1f%%')
axes[1,0].set_title('Predicted Urgency Distribution')

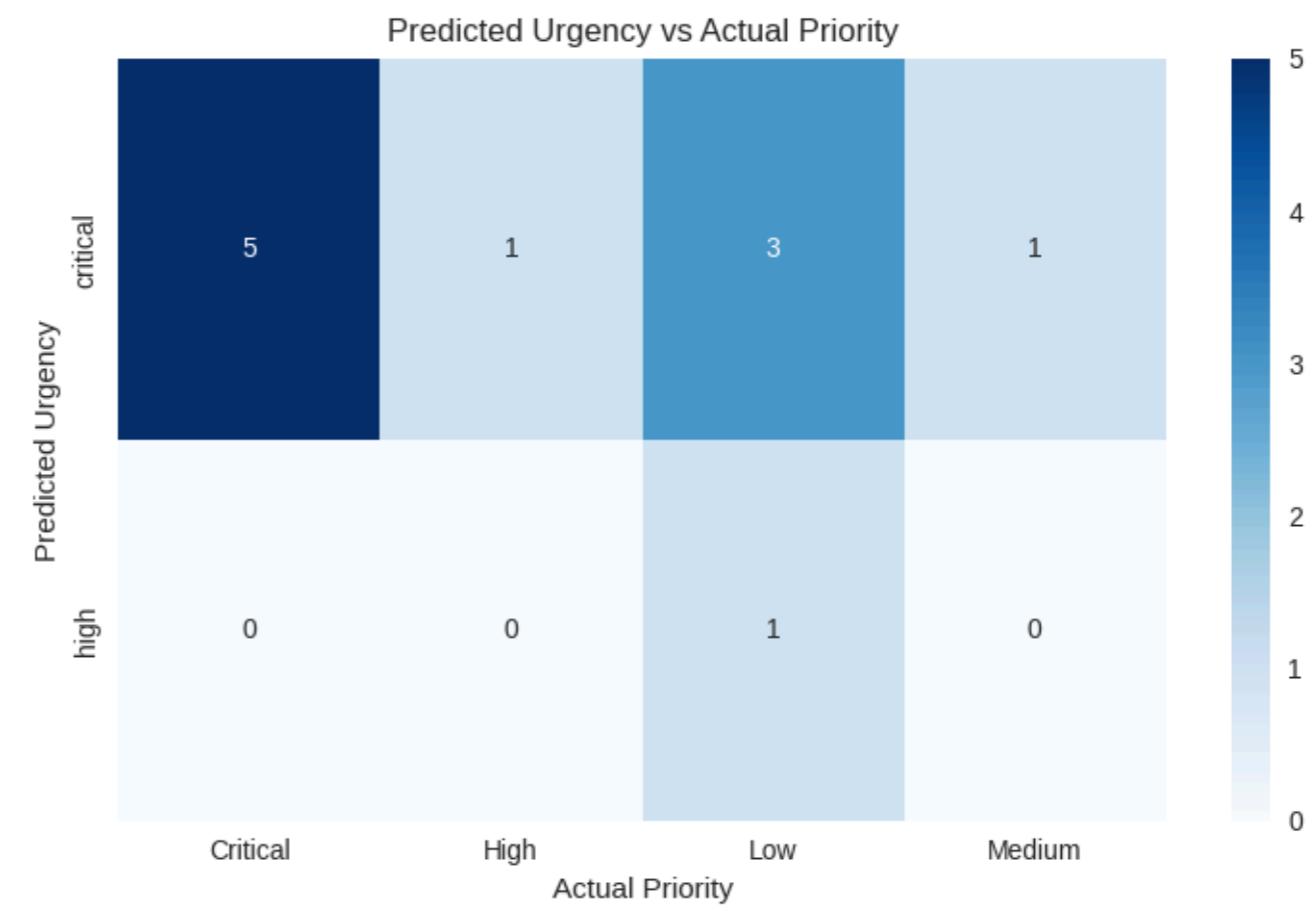
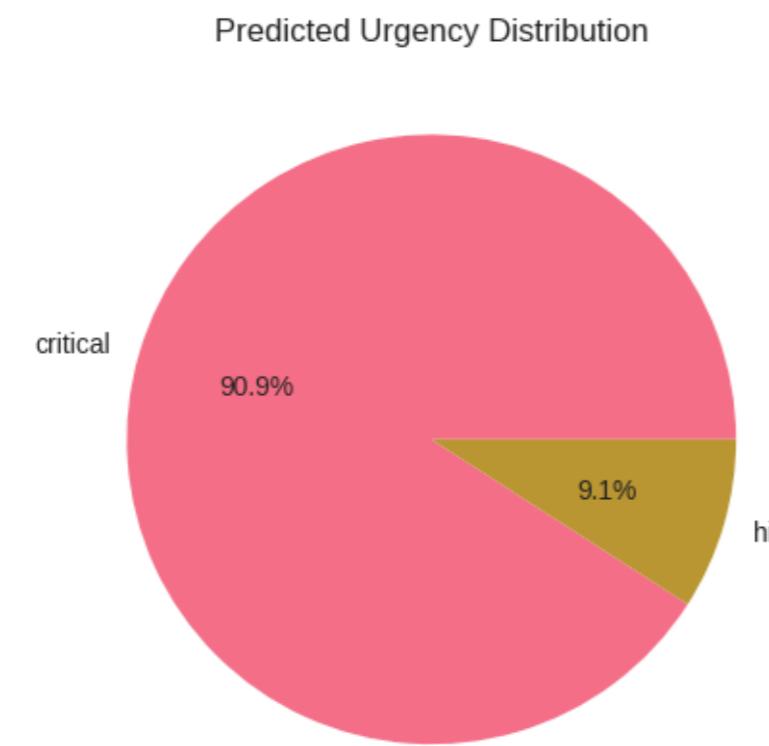
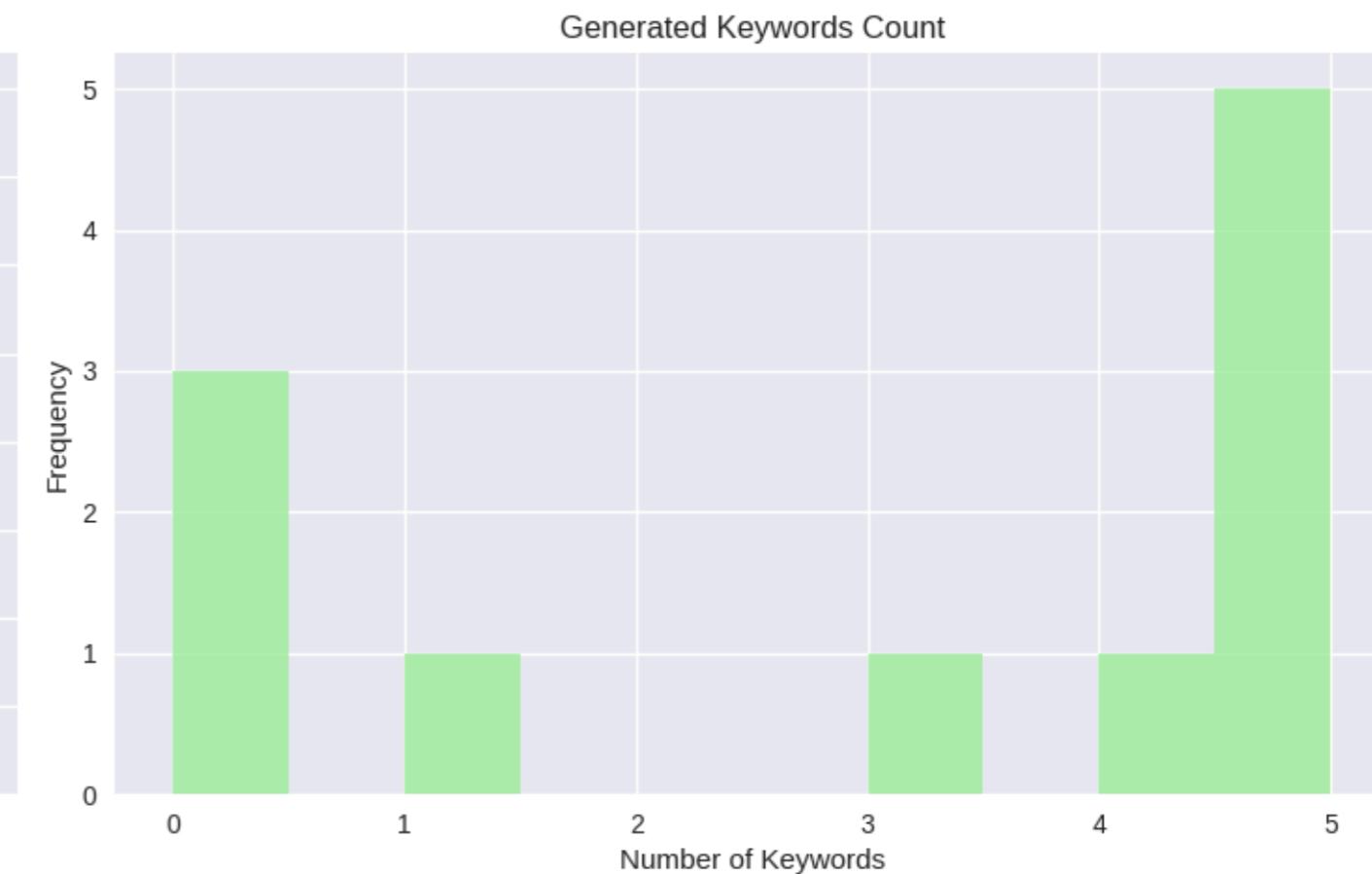
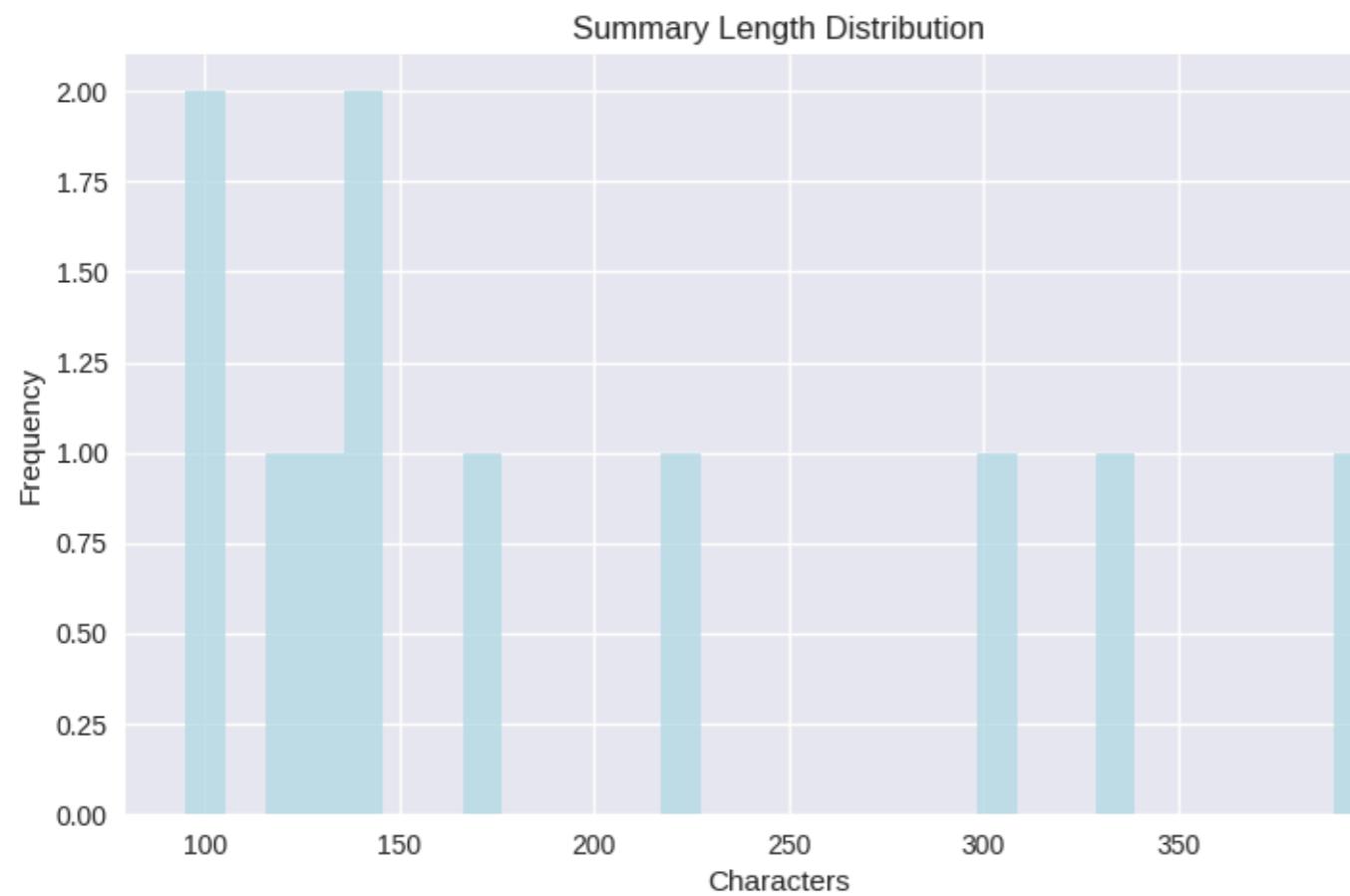
urgency_priority_crosstab = pd.crosstab(jira_processed['predicted_urgency'], jira_processed[priority_col])
sns.heatmap(urgency_priority_crosstab, annot=True, fmt='d', ax=axes[1,1], cmap='Blues')
axes[1,1].set_title('Predicted Urgency vs Actual Priority')
axes[1,1].set_xlabel('Actual Priority')
axes[1,1].set_ylabel('Predicted Urgency')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



- 📝 Generating ticket summaries and insights...
- ✓ Ticket summarization completed!
- 📊 Analyzing summarization quality...

## Ticket Summarization Analysis



## ▼ AI Model Ensemble Performance

```
print("⌚ Creating ensemble performance analysis...")

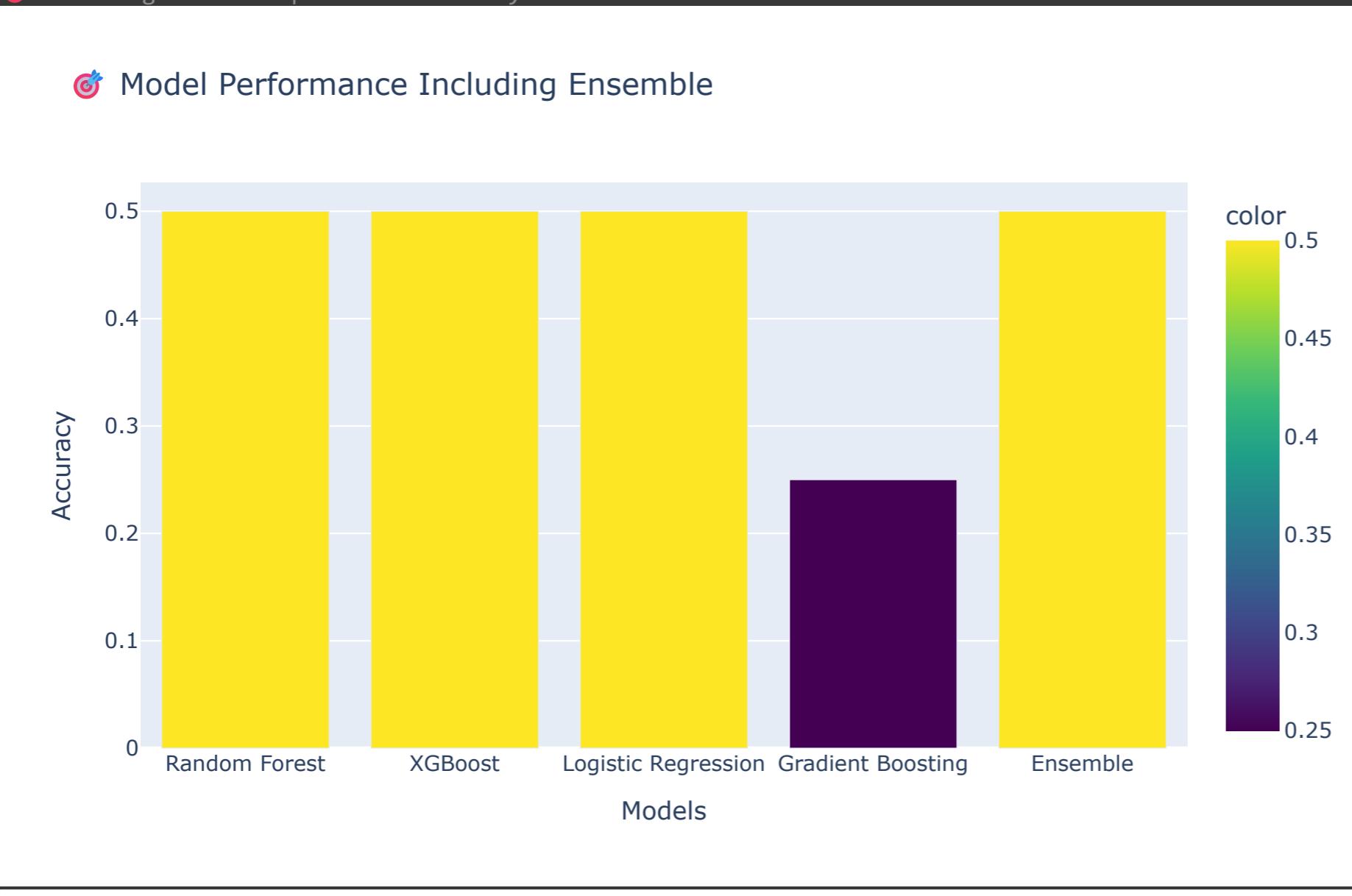
ensemble_predictions = []
for i in range(len(model_results[list(model_results.keys())[0]]['test_labels'])):
    votes = []
    for model_name in model_results:
        if i < len(model_results[model_name]['predictions']):
            votes.append(model_results[model_name]['predictions'][i])

    if votes:
        ensemble_pred = max(set(votes), key=votes.count)
        ensemble_predictions.append(ensemble_pred)

if ensemble_predictions:
    ensemble_accuracy = accuracy_score(
        model_results[list(model_results.keys())[0]]['test_labels'][:len(ensemble_predictions)],
        ensemble_predictions
    )

all_accuracies = {name: results['accuracy'] for name, results in model_results.items()}
all_accuracies['Ensemble'] = ensemble_accuracy

fig = px.bar(x=list(all_accuracies.keys()), y=list(all_accuracies.values()),
              title='⌚ Model Performance Including Ensemble',
              color=list(all_accuracies.values()),
              color_continuous_scale='viridis')
fig.update_layout(height=500, xaxis_title='Models', yaxis_title='Accuracy')
fig.show()
```



## ❖ Advanced Feature Engineering Impact

```
print("⚡️ Analyzing feature engineering impact...")  
  
feature_categories = {  
    'Text_Features': ['text_length', 'word_count', 'char_count', 'avg_word_length'],  
    'Sentiment_Features': ['sentiment_compound', 'sentiment_positive', 'sentiment_negative', 'sentiment_neutral'],  
    'Keyword_Features': ['keyword_count', 'keyword_density'],  
    'TF-IDF_Features': [f for f in ml_pipeline.feature_names if f not in  
        ['text_length', 'word_count', 'keyword_count', 'avg_word_length',  
         'sentiment_compound', 'sentiment_positive', 'sentiment_negative']]  
}  
  
if 'Random Forest' in model_results:
```

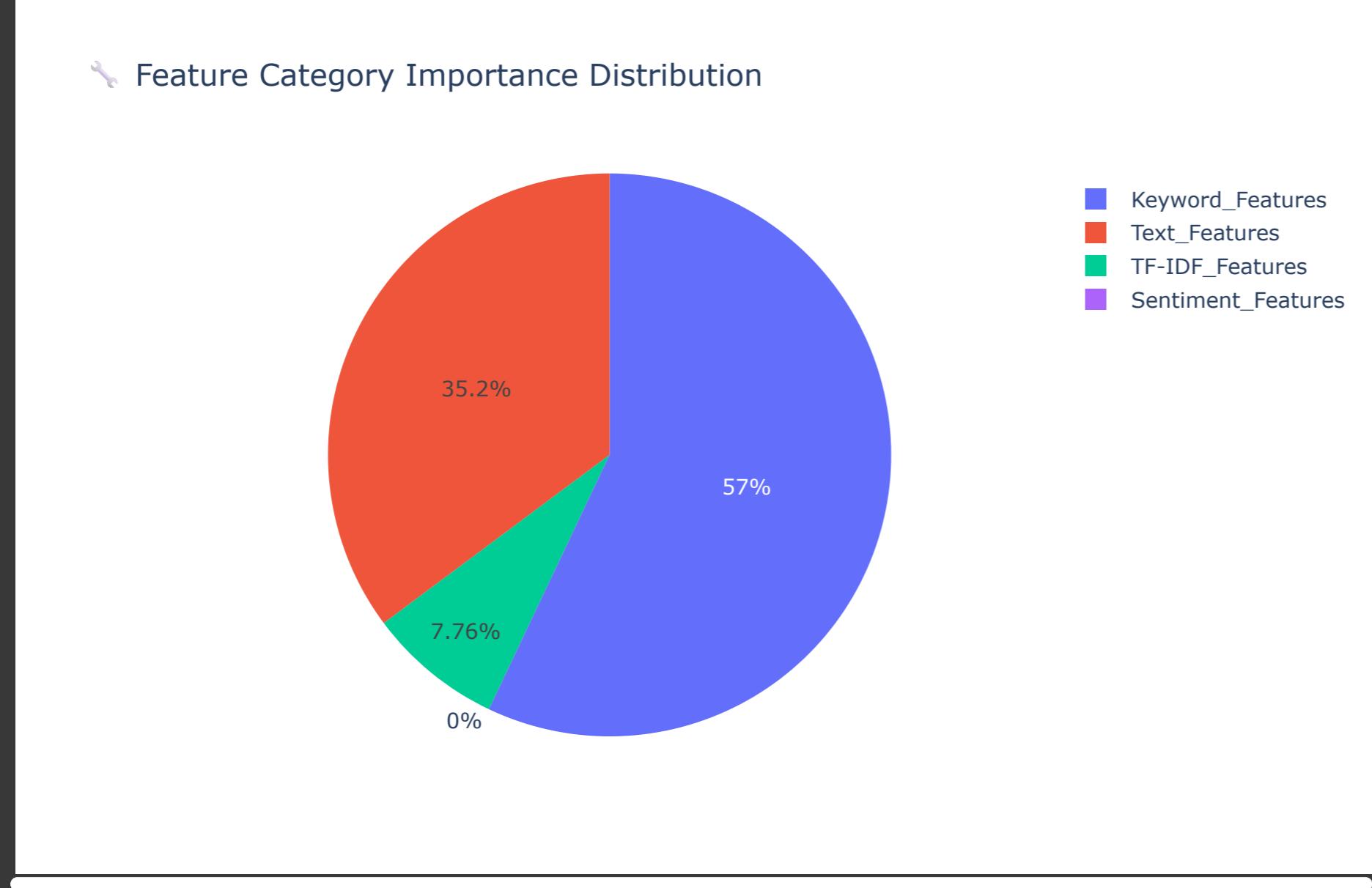
```
rf_model = model_results['Random Forest']['model']
if hasattr(rf_model, 'feature_importances_'):
    category_importance = {}

for category, features in feature_categories.items():
    importances = []
    for feature in features:
        if feature in ml_pipeline.feature_names:
            idx = ml_pipeline.feature_names.index(feature)
            importances.append(rf_model.feature_importances_[idx])

    if importances:
        category_importance[category] = np.mean(importances)

if category_importance:
    fig = px.pie(values=list(category_importance.values()),
                  names=list(category_importance.keys()),
                  title='Feature Category Importance Distribution')
    fig.update_layout(height=500)
    fig.show()
```

→ Analyzing feature engineering impact...



## ▼ Jira Analytics Dashboard: Resolution, Sentiment & Cost Efficiency

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots

print("💼 Creating comprehensive BI dashboard...")

fig = make_subplots(
    rows=3, cols=2,
    subplot_titles=(
        'Ticket Volume Trends', 'Priority Resolution Efficiency',
        'Sentiment Impact on Priority', 'Model Deployment Readiness',
        'Cost-Benefit Analysis', 'ROI Projection'
    ),
)
```

```
specs=[  
    [{"type": "bar"}, {"type": "indicator"}],  
    [{"type": "scatter"}, {"type": "indicator"}],  
    [{"type": "bar"}, {"type": "pie"}]  
]  
)
```

```
priority_volumes = jira_processed[priority_col].value_counts()  
fig.add_trace(go.Bar(  
    x=priority_volumes.index,  
    y=priority_volumes.values,  
    name="Ticket Volume",  
    marker_color='lightblue'  
, row=1, col=1)
```

```
avg_resolution_time = 72  
fig.add_trace(go.Indicator(  
    mode="gauge+number",  
    value=avg_resolution_time,  
    title={'text': "Avg Resolution Time (hrs)"},  
    gauge={  
        'axis': {'range': [0, 168]},  
        'bar': {'color': "darkgreen"},  
        'steps': [  
            {'range': [0, 24], 'color': "green"},  
            {'range': [24, 72], 'color': "yellow"},  
            {'range': [72, 168], 'color': "red"}  
        ]  
    }  
, row=1, col=2)
```

```
fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(  
    x=jira_processed['sentiment_compound'],  
    y=jira_processed['priority_encoded'],  
    mode='markers',  
    name="Sentiment-Priority Relationship",  
    opacity=0.6,  
    marker=dict(  
        color=jira_processed['text_length'],  
        colorscale='viridis',  
        showscale=True  
    )  
, row=2, col=1)
```

```
deployment_score = avg_accuracy * 100
```