# WEEK-5 PYTHON PROJECT CYBERSECURITY PROJECT

Develop a password manager with strong encryption.

Creating a password manager with strong encryption involves several key steps. Here's a basic outline of how you could approach this:

### 1. \*\*Database Design\*\*:

- Design a database schema to store user accounts and encrypted passwords. This should include tables for users, passwords, and any other necessary information.
- Consider using a secure database system like SQLite or PostgreSQL, and ensure that passwords are stored using strong encryption algorithms.

### 2. \*\*User Interface\*\*:

- Develop a user interface (UI) for users to interact with the password manager.
- Include features for adding, editing, and deleting passwords, as well as generating new passwords.

# 3. \*\*Encryption\*\*:

- Implement strong encryption algorithms to protect user passwords both in transit and at rest.

- Use industry-standard encryption libraries like OpenSSL or bcrypt to hash passwords before storing them in the database.

### 4. \*\*Password Storage\*\*:

- Develop functions to securely store and retrieve passwords from the database.
- Ensure that passwords are encrypted using a one-way hashing algorithm, so they cannot be easily decrypted even if the database is compromised.

### 5. \*\*Password Generator\*\*:

- Create a function to generate strong, random passwords based on user preferences.
- Allow users to specify parameters such as length, complexity (e.g., including uppercase letters, numbers, special characters), and any specific requirements for certain services.

## 6. \*\*Password Strength Checker\*\*:

- Implement a password strength checker to evaluate the strength of user-selected or generated passwords.
- Consider factors such as length, complexity, and uniqueness when determining password strength.

# 7. \*\*Security Features\*\*:

- Implement additional security features such as two-factor authentication (2FA) or biometric authentication for added protection.
- Regularly update the password manager to patch any security vulnerabilities and stay ahead of potential threats.

Here's a simplified code snippet to illustrate how you might generate a strong, random password based on user preferences (using Python and the `secrets` module):

```
import string
import secrets
def generate_password(length=12, include_uppercase=True, include_digits=True,
include_special=True):
  characters = string.ascii_lowercase
  if include_uppercase:
    characters += string.ascii_uppercase
  if include_digits:
    characters += string.digits
  if include_special:
    characters += string.punctuation
  password = ".join(secrets.choice(characters) for _ in range(length))
  return password
# Example usage:
password = generate_password(length=16, include_uppercase=True,
include_digits=True, include_special=True)
print(password)
```

This function generates a random password with a specified length and includes uppercase letters, digits, and special characters based on the user's preferences. You can adjust the parameters according to your specific requirements.