Evidence for Quran Encrypted

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The word "Al-Quran" literally means "The Readable". But since every book is written to be read, then why should Allah All-knowing name the most important book in the whole Universe simply "The Readable" unless it should have been unreadable but with His Might and Knowledge made it readable!

If you are confused, you are not alone. If you look closely into the Uthmani text of the standard Quran (Hafs recitation), you will find many instances of non-standard Arabic spellings pointing to the fact that the Quran is encrypted which normally is unreadable but after multiple encryption stages it suddenly becomes readable, Glory to Allah.

In order to see the evidence for this claim, we need look no further than the first chapter,

surat Al-Fatiha itself with the unusual spellings of the words "ملك", "العلمين", "الرحمن,"

"الصرط" which all are missing letter "\" deliberately as inspired by God and

keep the text pronounceable in Arabic but written in non-standard Arabic for an intricate mathematical structure that depends on letter position in their words/verse/chapters/Quran and distances between same letters measured in letter/word/verse/chapter units.

Other missing letters replaced with their superscript versions are " \mathfrak{s} ", " \mathfrak{s} ", and " \mathfrak{s} " as in

There are even missing letters that are not replaced by any superscripted versions as in

The opposite is true too, where extra letters are added throughout the Quran with silent markers above them to indicate their redundancy for reading purposes but are essential part of the overall mathematical structure of the Quran. Here are some examples:

Quran 2:259	"مِئَةُ" which is written in Arabic as "مِأْئَةُ
Quran 13:39	"يَمُحُو " which is written in Arabic as "يَمُحُواْ"
Quran 18:23	"لِشَــــــُيّ ۽ " which is written in Arabic as "لِشَـــاْئيءِ "
Quran 18:38	"لُّكِنَّ " which is written in Arabic as "لُّكِنَّا
Quran 3:144	"أَفَاإِن" which is written in Arabic as "أَفَايْن

"تُمُودَ" which is written in Arabic as "تُمُودَ"

"جَآءُو اْ " which is written in Arabic as "جَآءُو اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى

Even more striking are extra letters that are not silenced at all as they do not effect the overall pronunciation of a word as in the final "أَهُ" in Quran 101:10 "هِيَهُ" read as "هِيَهُ" read as "هِيَهُ" read as "اللهُ لَمْ وُلُا " read as "اللهُ لَمْ وُلُا" or ead as "اللهُ لَمْ اللهُ الله

And if that is not enough, sometimes a letter is replaced by a similar-sounding letter as in Quran 2:245 and 7:69 "بَصُطَةٌ" which to be pronounced as "بَصُطَةٌ" and while sometimes a letter is moved from one word to a neighbouring word while keeping the readability intact as in "مَالِهُذُا" which in standard Arabic is written as "مَالِهُذُا" found in Quran 4:78, Quran 18:49, and Quran 25:7.

Furthermore, the same word could be written differently in one chapter to all other chapters to leave clues to the encryption at chapter level (amongst other levels as we will see shortly). The only example in the Quran is the name of Prophet Ibrahim (as) which is written 15 times with superscripted Elf and superscripted Yaa "إِبْرُهُمِيمُ" in chapter #2 while 54 times is written with superscript Elf but full Yaa in the rest of the Quran "إِبْرُهُمِيمُ".

Initial Letters

But above all, the most direct evidence for the encryption of the Quran is hidden in plain sight.

Initial letters in 29 chapters (e.g. اللّهَ) have no known meaning. However, they clearly shift the text of chapters by certain number of letters, words, and even verses in the case of chapter #42 which has two verses with initial letters only (حمّ عَسَقَ).

It is therefore suggested that the initial letters of the Quran have no meaning but instead they have a role to play in the encryption of their chapters into readable form to produce the final and complete Readable Book or "Al-Quran". Praise to Allah ALWAYS.

QuranCode Full Edition allows the user to adjust letter values taken from user tables (e.g. Simplified29_Alphabet_Primes) with letter position in word, word position in verse, verse position in chapters and chapter position in the Quran as well as distances to the previous same letter (L, W, V, C and Δ L, Δ W, Δ V, Δ C). Download the Full Edition of QuranCode from the DOWNLOADS tab at http://gurancode.com.

Encryption Layers

The Quran encryption is a multi-stage process as Allah Almighty has challenged us five times in the Quran to produce a text like it or parts of it as follows:

1. Challenge to produce a saying structured like it in Quran 52:34

52:34 "Let them then produce a recital like unto it,- If they speak the truth!"

2. Challenge to produce a Quran like it in Quran 17:88

17:88 Say: "If the whole of mankind and jinnkind were to gather together to produce the like of this Qur'an, they could not produce the like thereof, even if they backed up each other with help and support."

3. Challenge to produce 10 chapters like it in Quran 11:13

11:13 Or they may say, "He forged it," Say, "Bring ye then ten Suras forged, like unto it, and call (to your aid) whomsoever ye can, other than Allah!- If ye speak the truth!"

4. Challenge to produce 1 chapter like it is also in Quran 10:38

10:38 Or do they say, "He forged it"? Say: "Bring then a Sura like unto it, and call (to your aid) anyone you can other than Allah,- If ye speak the truth!!"

5. Again challenge to produce 1 chapter like it (not 1 verse) in Quran 2:23

2:23 "And if ye are in doubt as to what We have revealed to Our servant, then produce a Sura like thereunto; and call (to your aid) your witnesses or helpers other than Allah!- If ye speak the truth!"

This may suggest that there is a hidden inner text under the current outer readable text of the Quran which first encrypted at **chapter-level** producing a non-readable intermediate text (called ciphertext), then encrypted at **chapter-level again** (due to the double 1 chapter challenge) producing yet another non-readable intermediate text, that is then encrypted every **10-chapters** together producing another non-readable intermediate text, followed by a global encryption at **book-level** which produce **85** readable chapters and **29** non-readable chapters to be made readable using **initial letters**, thus the whole book becomes readable and hence named **Al-Quran**, or **The Readable despite being encrypted Book**.

This is only a theory and therefore any mistakes therein are mine and mine only as God and His final Book the He Himself guarantee its correctness in Quran 41:12

لَّا يَأْتِيهِ ٱلْبُطِلُ مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْهِ وَلَامِنْ خَلْفِهِ الْتَنْزِيلُ مِّنْ حَكِيمٍ مَيدٍ

41: 42 falsehood cannot enter it, neither at present nor in future, a [gradual revelation] sent down from One all-wise, all-praised.

I encourage all believers in ONE GOD to start investigating this miraculous readable cipher text and learn as much as God allows us as part of the preparation for the second coming of Imam Al-Mehdi (as) who is the only one permitted to unlocking the hidden inner text of the Quran to ensure peace and justice are spread fully throughout the Earth as implied in Quran 56:77-79

إِنَّهُ لَقُرُّ ءَانُّ كَرِيمُ فِي كِتْبٍ مَّكْنُونٍ لَّا يَمَشُّهُ وَ إِلَّا ٱلْمُطَهَّرُونَ

56:77 This is indeed an ever-revealing Recital,
56:78 within a protected Book
56:79 —no one can access it except the purified ones—

Quran and Prime Numbers

As prime numbers factorization is the cornerstone for unlocking ciphertext back to plaintext, Allah Almighty has used prime numbers to underpin the basic structure for the Quran. Central to this fact is the fact that the first chapter (Al-Fatiha or The Key) is built upon a special type of prime numbers (7 verses, 29 words, 139 letters) that have prime digit sums too (7=7, 2+9=11, 1+3+9=13). What's more, joining these numbers left-to-right (729139) or right-to-left (139297) also produce prime numbers with prime digit sum of (7+2+9+1+3+9=31). Such primes are called *Additive Prime Numbers*.

At book-level, Allah Almighty says in Quran 15:87



15:87 We have given thee seven of the doublets and the great Qur'an.

where the Prophet (pbuh+f) explained the seven doublets as the seven verses of chapter The Opener (or The Key) as it must be recited twice in each prayer.

This implies that the Book is divided into two parts: a **Key** part and a **Message** part.

Book = Key + Message 114 chapters = 1 + 113 6236 verses = 7 + 6229

Indeed, the two parts exhibit the same additive prime numbers pattern where the number **113** is prime with a prime digit sum (1+1+3=5) and the number **6229** is prime with a prime digit sum (6+2+2+9=19) too.

Primalogy System

All Praise to Allah, in 2008, I was shown a new letter-value system based on prime numbers where each letter of the Arabic alphabet is assigned a prime value from 2 to 107 (with hamza having the value 1) as follows:

							u
79	٥	47	ۻ	19	۷	2	-
83	J	53	هـ	23	3	3	<u></u>
89	رد	59	ظ	29	٦	5	ij
97	Ċ	61	ع	31	ز	7	ڻ
101	٥	67	ىغ.	37	ن	11	M
103	و	71	·9	41	3	13	N
107	ي	73	ق	43	9	17	Ŋ.

Primalogy System ©2008 Ali Adams

Using this new Primalogy system, the prime values of the 139 letters of chapter #1 (The Key) add up to 8317 which is prime with a prime digit sum (8+3+1+7=19) too, an additive prime number indeed.

Using this same Primalogy system, the total Primalogy value of chapter #112 (Al-Ikhlass), the second most recited chapter in the Quran, is an additive prime number with bismAllah (4201 with 4+2+0+1=7) and additive prime number without bismAllah (3167 with 3+1+6+7=17) explaining why the bismAllah is not numbered as verse #1 unlike chapter The Opener which has bismAllah as an integral part of it and not as a chapter separator as in all other chapters.

What's more, verse 2:255 called ayat Al-Kursi (The Throne) has an additive prime number too (11261 with 1+1+2+6+1=11) due to the way the word "يَكُو دُهُوْ" is written without of its two waw letters to teach us that superscripted hamzas are like all other superscripted letters are not to be counted.

Even the word "Allah" in Arabic " $\$ " has a Primalogy value of **269** which is once again an additive prime number (269 is prime and its digit sum 2+6+9=17 is prime too).

But what is most striking is that the most repeated verse in the Quran of chapter Ar-Rahmaan

is made up from 4 words and is repeated 31 times has a Primalogy

value of 683 which is an additive prime number (683 is prime and its digit sum 6+8+3=17 is prime too) and 683 is the 124^{th} prime number matching the 31 repetitions×4 words = 124. This can be considered as a checksum to prove the correctness of this new letter-value system but not necessarily its completeness.

On a larger scale (Book-level), Allah Almighty has given us further hints to the encryption scheme used in the Quran with the most interesting and easiest to hints see are:

1. The first 7 verses has 29 words

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم الحمد لله رب العلمين الرحمن الرحيم ملك يوم الدين اياك نعبد واياك نستعين اهدنا الصرط المستقيم الرحمن الرحيم صرط الذين انعمت عليهم غير المغضوب عليهم ولا الضالين

2. The first 7 words has 29 letters

3. The **last 7** verses has **29** words

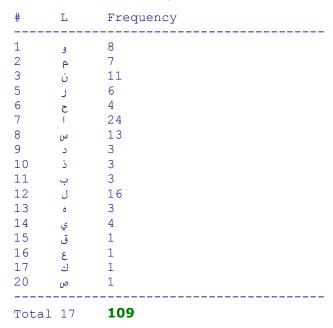
4. The last 7 word has 29 letters

5. The **7**th **additive prime number** is **29** [2 3 5 7 11 23 29 41 43 47 61 ...]

6. The number of BismAllah letters in the first 7 verses is 109

```
Frequency
4 ب
2
         3
3
         15
4
5
    ل
6
    ٥
7
8
        11
9
9 ن 11
10 ي 14
Total 19 109
```

7. The number of Fatiha or **Key letters** in the **last 7** verses is **109**



8. The number 1 is called **The Unit** it is neither prime nor composite. Numbers with repeated 1s like 11, 111, 1111, and so on are called Repeated Units of **Repunits**. Like all other number, repunits can either be primes or composites. In 2014, there are 9 known prime repunits with **2**, **19**, **23**, **317**, **1031**, **49081**, **86453**, **109297** and **270343** digits [see http://oeis.org/A004023].

Look closely at the repunit with 109297 digits!!! Can you see the 109, 29 and 7?

Is Allah pointing at the **8**th repunit with the prime numbers of **7**, **29**, and **109** at either end of the Quran? If yes, then repunits could form a part of the key to unlocking the hidden inner layers of the Quran.

Allah knows all.

Here is the list of the first few repunits and their prime factors (if composite):

```
1
    digit = 1 = The Unit
   digits = 11 is prime
2
3
    digits = 111 = 3 \times 37
4
    digits = 1111 = 11 \times 101
5
    digits = 11111 = 41 \times 271
6
    digits = 1111111 = 3 \times 7 \times 11 \times 13 \times 37
7
    digits = 11111111 = 239 \times 4649
8
    digits = 111111111 = 11 \times 73 \times 101 \times 137
9
    10
    11
    12
13
    14
    15
   16
17
    digits = 1111111111111111 = 2071723×5363222357
18
    19
    digits = 111111111111111111 is prime
20
    21
    22
23
    digits = 11111111111111111111111 is prime
317
    digits = \sim 4.2 lines of 1 digits and is prime
1111111111111111111
1031
   digits = \sim 13.7 lines of 1 digits and is prime
49081 digits = \sim 654.4 lines of 1 digits and is prime
86453 digits = \sim 1152.7 lines of 1 digits and is prime
109297 digits = \sim 1457.3 lines of 1 digits and is prime
270343 digits = \sim 3604.6 lines of 1 digits and is prime
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For further details, please see www.heliwave.com and download the free and open-source QuranCode software from www.qurancode.com to validate the above claims and be part of this new exciting research field: **Readable Ciphertext**.

Praise to the Lord of the worlds.

God >

NON-ARABIC SPELLING yet ARABIC PRONUNCIATION

AynaMa --> Ayna Ma

CORRECT ARABIC

وَلِلهِ الْمَعْرِبُ فَأَيْنَمَا تُوكُو الْفَتَمْ وَجُهُ اللّهَ وَجُهُ اللّهَ وَاللّهَ وَالْمَعْرِبُ فَأَيْنَمَا تُوكُو الْفَتَمْ وَجُهُ اللّهَ وَالْمَوْتُ وَلَوْ كُنتُمْ فِي الْمَوْتُ وَلَوْ كُنتُمْ فِي الْمَوْتُ وَلَوْ كُنتُمْ فِي اللّهِ مَا يَكُونُو اللّهِ وَاللّهَ وَاللّهُ وَلّهُ وَاللّهُ وَا اللّهُ وَا اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَ

InnaMa --> Inna Ma

وَإِن مَّا نُرِ يَنَّكَ بَعْضَ ٱلَّذِي نَعِدُهُمْ أَوْ نَتَوَقَّيَنَّكَ فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلْبَلْغُ وَعَلَيْنَا ٱلْحِسَابُ ٢٠_١٣

CORRECT ARABIC

وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَ أَأَنَّمَا نُمِّلِي لَهُمْ خَيرُ الْإَنْهَ فُسِهِمْ إِنَّمَا نُمْلِي لَهُمْ لِيَزُ دَادُوۤ ا إِلْنَّمَا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ مُّهِينُ ١٩٨٨ ٢ ١٩ فَلَا تَعْجَلُ عَلَيْهِمْ ۚ إِنَّمَا نَعُدُّلُهُمْ عَلَا اللهُ عَلَيْهِمْ ۚ إِنَّمَا نَعُدُّلُهُمْ عَلَا اللهُ اللهُولِ اللهُ ا

Inna Ma --> InnaMa

أَيَحْسَبُونَأَنَّمَانُمِدُّهُم بِلِ مِن مَّالٍ وَبَنِينَ ٥٥_٢٣_٥ 17_٩٥ وَلَا تَشْتَرُو اْبِعَهْدِ ٱللَّهِ ثَلْمَا قَلِيلًا ۚ إِنَّمَا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لُّكُمُ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ١٩٥٥ وَلَا تَشْتَرُ وُ اْبِعَهْدِ ٱللَّهِ ثَلَمُونَ ١٥٥ وَلَا تَشْتَرُ وَالْمَادِقُ ١٥٥ و ١٥٥ وَلَا تَشْتُوعَدُونَ لَوْقِعُ ١٥٥ و ١٥٥ وَلَوْقِعُ ١٧٧٧ و إِنَّمَا تُوعَدُونَ لَوْقِعُ ٧٧٧٧

CORRECT ARABIC

إِنَّ مَا تُوعَدُونَ لَآتٍ وَمَآ أَنتُم بِمُعْجِزِينَ ١٣٤ _ ٦_

Likay La --> LikayLa

٣_١٥٣ فَأَثْبَكُمْ غَمَّابِغَمِّ لِكَيْلَاتَحْدِوَ ٱلرَّسُولُ يَدْعُو كُمْ فِيَ أُخْرَ لَكُمْ فَأَثْبَكُمْ غَمَّابِغَمِّ لِكَيْلَا تَحْزَنُو أَعَلَىٰ ١٥٣ مَ فَأَثْبَكُمْ فَلَامَآ أَصْبَكُمُ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ خَبِيرُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ مَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَامَآ أَصْبَكُمُ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ خَبِيرُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

يَّا يَّهُا ٱلنَّبِيُّ إِنَّا أَحْلَلْنَالَكَ أَزُوْ جَكَ ٱلَّتِى ءَاتَيْتَ أُجُورَهُنَّ وَمَامَلَكَتْ يَمِينُكَ مِمَّا أَفَآءَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّكَ ٠٠ ٣٣ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّكَ وَٱمْرِلَلَاً مُّوْمِنَةً إِن وَهَبَتْ نَفْسَهَا لِلنَّبِيِّ إِنْ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَن وَبَنَاتِ عَمَّتِكَ وَبَنَاتِ خَلْتِكَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَن وَهَبَتْ نَفْسَهَا لِلنَّبِيِّ إِنْ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَن وَبَنَاتِ عَمْتِ نَفْسَهَا لِلنَّبِيِّ إِنْ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَن وَمَعَكَ وَ ٱمْرِلَلَا مُّوْمِنِينَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ مِن وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ مِن دُونِ ٱلمُؤْمِنِينَ قَدْ عَلِمْنَا مَا فَرَضَنَا عَلَيْهِمْ فِى أَزْ وْجِهِمْ وَمَامَلَكَ أَيْمُ أُمُ مُلِكَ يَكُونَ يَسْتَنكِ حَمَا خَالِطَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ مِن دُونِ ٱلمُؤْمِنِينَ قَدْ عَلِمْنَا مَا فَرَضَنا عَلَيْهِمْ فِى أَزْ وْجِهِمْ وَمَامَلَكَ أَيْمُنُهُمْ لِكَيْلَا مَا فَرَضَنا عَلَيْهِمْ فِى أَزْ وْجِهِمْ وَمَامَلَكَ أَيْمُنُهُمْ لِكَيْلَا مَا وَرَضَنا عَلَيْهِمْ فِى أَزْ وْجِهِمْ وَمَامَلَكَ أَيْمُنُهُمْ لِكَيْلَا مَا وَرَضَنا عَلَيْهِمْ فِى أَزْقُ وَعِيْمُ وَلَيْكُ مَن وَاللَّوْمُ فِي اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ مَن وَهُ وَاللَّهُ مُنْ الْمَالْمُ الْمَالَوْمُ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالَ وَاللَّهُ مُنْ الْمَالَالُولُ اللَّهُ وَلَالَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَلَالَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ مَن اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلِلْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُ اللَّهُ الْمَالِلْ لَكُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ وَالْمِلْمُ وَالْمُ اللَّهُ مُنْ الْمُؤْمِنِينَا لَكُولُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْعَلِيمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُ اللْمُؤْمِنَ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُولُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِلُ اللْمُلْمُ الْمُلْكُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُ

لِّكَيْلاَ تَأْسَوْ اْعَلَىٰمَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَا تَفْرَحُو اْبِمَا ءَاتَنكُمْ ۖ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ كُلَّ مُخْتَالٍ فَخُورٍ ٢٣_٥٧

CORRECT ARABIC

وَاللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ يَتَوَفَّنِكُمْ وَمِنكُمْ مَّن يُرَدُّ إِلَى ٓأَر ذَلِ ٱلْعُمُرِ لِكَى لَا يَعْلَمَ بَعْدَعِلْمٍ شَيْئاً إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ قَدِيرُ ١٦_٢٧ وَ النَّهُ عَلَيْهِ أَمْسِكُ عَلَيْكَ زَوْ جَكَ وَ ٱتَّقِ ٱللَّهَ وَتُخْفِى فِي نَفْسِكَ مَا ٱللَّهُ مُبْدِيهِ ٣٣_٣٧ وَ إِذْ تَقُولُ لِللَّذِي َ أَنْعَمَ ٱللَّهُ مُبْدِيهِ ٢٣ _٣٣ وَ يَخْشَى ٱلنَّاسَ وَ ٱللَّهُ أَنَعَمَ ٱللَّهُ فَلَمَّا قَضَىٰ زَيْدُ مِنْهَا وَ لَلَّ الزَوَّ جُنْكَهَ الِحَكَى لَا يَكُونَ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ حَرَبُ فِي أَزُوْجِ وَتَخْشَى ٱلنَّاسَ وَ ٱللَّهُ أَن تَخْشَلُهُ فَلَمَّا قَضَىٰ زَيْدُ مِنْهَا وَ لَلَهُ الْوَقَ جُنْكُهَ اللَّهِ مَفْعُولًا أَوْ كَانَ أَمْرُ ٱللّهِ مَفْعُولًا أَوْ كَانَ أَمْرُ ٱللّهِ مَفْعُولًا أَوْ كَانَ أَمْرُ ٱللّهِ مَفْعُولًا

Bihadi -- Bihadiy

إِنَّكَ لَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلْمَوْنَىٰ وَ لَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلصَّمَّ ٱلدُّعَآءَ إِذَا وَلَوْ الْمُدْبِرِينَ ١٠_٢٧ وَمَآ أَنتَ مِ رِّدِى ٱلْعُمْي عَن ضَلْلَتِهِم الْإِن تُسْمِعُ إِلَّا مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِعَايْتِنَا فَهُم مُّسْلِمُونَ ١٠_٢٧ فَمَآ أَنتَ مِ رِّى ٱلْعُمْي عَن ضَلْلَتِهِم أَلِي لَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلصَّمَّ ٱلدُّعَآءَ إِذَا وَلَوْ الْمُدْبِرِينَ ٢٠_٣٠ فَإِنَّكَ لَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلْمُسْمَ الدُّعَآءَ إِذَا وَلَوْ الْمُدْبِرِينَ ٢٠ -٣٠ وَمَآ أَنتَ بِهِدِ ٱلْعُمْى عَن ضَلْلَتِهِم إِنَّا أَن تُسْمِعُ إِلَّا مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِعَايْتِنَا فَهُم مُّسْلِمُونَ ٣٠ -٣٠ وَمَآ أَنتَ بِهِدِ ٱلْعُمْى عَن ضَلْلَتِهِم أَلِن تُسْمِعُ إِلَّا مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِعَايْتِنَا فَهُم مُّسْلِمُونَ ٣٠ -٣٠

Takoonoo --> Takoon

وَمَاتَكُونُ فِي شَأْنٍ وَمَاتَتُلُو اْمِنْهُمِن قُرُ ءَانٍ وَلَاتَعْمَلُونَ مِنْ عَمَلٍ إِلَّا كُنَّا عَلَيْكُمْ شُهُو دًا إِذْتُفِيضُونَ فِيدٍ وَمَا ١٠_١٠ يَعْزُبُ عَن رَّبِكَ مِن مِّثْقَالِ ذَرَّةٍ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَلَآأَصْغَرَ مِن ذَٰلِكَ وَلَآأَكُمْرَ إِلَّا فِي كِتُبِمُّبِينِ

Singular Waw for Many Persons

وَإِذْقُلْتُمْ يُمُوسَىٰ لَن نَّصْهِرَ عَلَىٰ طَعَامٍ وَحِدٍ فَٱدْعُ لَنَارَبَّكَ يُخْرِجُ لَنَامِمَّا تُنْبِثُ ٱلْأَرْضُ مِنْ بَقْلِهَا وَقِثَّ إِمَّا وَفُومِهَا ١-٢-٢ وَعَدَسِهَا وَبَصَلِهَ الْقَالَةُ مُّ وَضُرِ بَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلذِّلَّةُ وَعَدَسِهَا وَبَصَلِهَ الْقَالَةُ مُّ وَضُرِ بَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلذِّلَّةُ وَعَدَسِهَا وَبَصَلِهَ الْفَالَةُ مُّ وَنَالِكَ بِمَا عَصَواْ وَٱلْمَسُكَنَةُ وَبَآءُ وِبِعَضِ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ بِعَايِّتِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّبِيِّ وَبَعْمَرُ النَّبِيِّ وَبَعْضَدِ مِنَ اللَّهِ فَلَكُ بِمَا عَصَواْ وَٱلْمَسْكَنَةُ وَبَآءُ وَبِعَضِهِ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ فَلَكُ بِمَا عَصَواْ وَالْمَسْكَنَةُ وَبَآءُ وَبِعَضَدٍ مِنْ اللَّهِ فَلَا فَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ بِعَايِّتِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّبِيِّ وَبَعْمَ لِعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَيَقَتُلُونَ ٱلنَّبِيِّ وَيَقَتُلُونَ ٱلنَّيْقِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّبِيِّ وَيَعْتَمُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا لَهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَلَا الْمُؤْمِدِ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْعَلَالُولُوا اللْعُوالْمُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَيْدِ اللَّهُ الْمُعْتَدُونَ النَّيْسِ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُسْكِلِي اللَّهُ الْمُعْتَدُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنَ اللْعُلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنَ اللْمُعْلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنَ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللَّه

بِئْسَمَا ٱشْتَرَوْ اْبِهِ اَ انفُسَهُمُّ أَن يَكُفُرُو اْبِمَآ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ بَغْيًا أَن يُنَزِّلَ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضْلِهِ عَلَىٰ مَن يَشَآ ءُمِنْ عِبَادِهِ أَفَاَءُو ٢٩٠ - ٢٠ بِغَضَبِ عَلَىٰ غَضَبٍ وَلِلْصَّفِرِينَ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينُ

لِّلَّذِينَ يُؤُلُونَ مِن نِسَآمِهِمْ تَرَبُّصُ أَرْبَعَدِأَشُهُ ﴿ فَإِن فَآءُ وَفَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمُ ٢٢٢٦ ٢

وَجَآءُو عَلَىٰ قَمِيصِولِ البِدَمِ كَذِبِ قَالَ بَلُ سَوَّلَتُ لَكُمْ أَنفُسُكُمْ أَلْمِ الْفَصَيْرُ ثَمِيلٌ وَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُسْتَعَانُ عَلَىٰ مَا ١٨_١٨ وَجَآءُو عَلَىٰ قَمِيصِولِ البِدَمِ كَذِبٍ قَالَ بَلُ سَوَّلَتُ لَكُمْ أَنفُسُكُمْ أَلْمِ الْفَصَيْرُ ثَمِيلٌ وَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُسْتَعَانُ عَلَىٰ مَا ١٨_١٨ وَصَفُونَ تَصِفُونَ تَصِفُونَ تَصِفُونَ

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ جَ**آءُو** بِٱلْإِفْكِ عُصْبَةُ مِنكُم ۖ لَا تَحْسَبُوهُ اللَّا الَّكُم ۖ بَلْ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِلَى الْمُرِي مِّنْهُم مَّا ١١_٢٤ أَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ جَ**آءُو** بِٱلْإِفْكِ عُصْبَةُ مُ لَهُ وَعَذَابُ عَظِيمٌ اللَّاعَ وَالَّذِي تَوَلَّى كِبْرَهُ وَمِنْهُمُ لَهُ وَعَذَابُ عَظِيمٌ اللَّهُ عَذَابُ عَظِيمٌ

لَّوْلَا جَآءُ وَعَلَيْهِ بِأَرْبَعَةِ شُهَدَآءً فَإِذْلَمْ يَأْتُو أَبِٱلشُّهَدَآءِ فَأُوْلَبِكَ عِندَٱللَّهِ هُمُ ٱلْكَٰذِبُونَ ١٣_٢٤

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓ اْ إِنَ هَٰذَآ إِلَّآ إِفَكُ ٱفْتَرَاهُوَ أَعَانَهُ عَلَيْهِ قَوْمٌ ءَاخَرُونَ فَقَدْ جَ**ٓا ءُو ظُلَّمَ**ا وَزُولَ اللَّهَ عَادَهُ عَلَيْهِ قَوْمٌ ءَاخَرُونَ فَقَدْ جَ**ٓا ءُو ظُلَّمَ**ا وَزُولَ ال

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَآءُو قَالَ أَكَذَّبُتُم بِعَايْتِي وَلَمْ تُحِيطُو اْبِهَاعِلْمًا أَمَّاذَا كُنتُمُ تَعْمَلُونَ ٢٧_٨٤

وَٱلَّذِينَ تَبَوَّءُو ٱلدَّارَ وَٱلْإِيمِٰنَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ يُحِبُّونَ مَنْ هَاجَرَ إِلَيْهِمْ وَلَا يَجِدُونَ فِي صُدُورِ هِمْ حَالجَا مِّمَّآ أُوتُواْ ٩٥٩٥ وَيُؤْثِرُونَ عَلَىٰٓ أَنفُسِهِمْ وَلَوْ كَانَ جِهْمْ خَصَاصَةٌ وَمَن يُوقَ شُحَّ نَفْسِهِ] فَأُوْلَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُونَ

و ٱلَّذِينَ جَآءُو مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا ٱغْفِرْ لَنَا وَلِإِخْوْنِنَا ٱلَّذِينَ سَبَقُونَا بِٱلْإِيمِّنِ وَلَاتَجْعَلُ فِي قُلُو بِنَا عِلَالِّلَّذِينَ ١٠ ٥٩٥٥ عَامَنُو اْرَبَّنَاۤ إِنَّكَ رَءُو ثُّ رَّحِيمٌ

Plural Waw for Singular Person

وَلْكِنَّاۤ أَنشَأْنَاقُرُولِطَافَتَطَاوَلَ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْعُمُرُ وَمَا كُنتَ ثَاهِ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِ مَذْ يَنَ تَتْلُو اْعَلَيْهِمُ ءَايُتِنَا وَلْكِنَّا ٥٠ ـ ٢٨ وَلُكِنَّا أَنشَأْنَا قُرُوطِافَتَطُاوَلَ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالَيْهِمُ عَالَيْهِمُ الْعُمُرُ وَمَا كُنتَ ثَاهِ إِلَىٰ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالَيْهِمُ عَالَيْهِمُ عَالْمُؤْمِلُ وَمَا كُنتَ ثَالِمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالَيْهِمُ عَالْمُؤْمِلُونَ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالَيْهِمُ عَالَيْهُمُ الْعُمُرُ وَمَا كُنتَ ثَالِمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالْمُؤْمِلُونَ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالْمُؤْمِلُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَالْمُؤْمِلُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَالْمُؤْمُ وَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُ عِلَا عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَالِمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَي

وَمَاكُنتَ تَتُلُواْمِن قَبْلِهِ مِن كِتْبٍ وَلَا تَخُطُّهُ بِيَمِينِكَ لِإِمَالَارْ تَابَ ٱلْمُبْطِلُونَ ٢٩_٤٨

رَبَّنَاوَ ٱبْعَثْ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِنْهُمْ يَتُلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَايِّتِكَ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ ٱلْكِتِّبَ وَٱلْحِكْمَةَ وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلْعَزِينُ 179. ٱلْحَكِيمُ

كَمَآأَرُسَلْنَافِيكُمْ رَسُولًا مِّنكُمْ يَتُلُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ ءَايْتِنَا وَيُزَكِّيكُمْ وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ ٱلْكِتِّبَ وَٱلْحِكُمَةَ ١٥١-٢ كَمَآأَرُسَلْنَافِيكُمْ رَسُولًا مِّنكُونُواْ تَعْلَمُونَ وَيُعَلِّمُكُم مَّالَمُ تَكُونُواْ تَعْلَمُونَ

لَقَدْمَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذْ بَعَثَ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِنْ أَنفُسِهِمْ يَتُلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَا يُتِهِ ۖ وَيُكَرِّكِمِ مَ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ ٱلْكِتْبَ ١٦٤ _٣] وَٱلْحِكْمَةَ وَإِن كَانُواْمِن قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلْلٍ مُّبِينٍ

وَمَا كَانَرَبُّكَ مُهْلِكَ ٱلْقُرَىٰ حَتَّىٰ يَبْعَثَ فِي ٓأُمِّهَا رَسُولا يَتُلُو اْعَلَيْهِمْ ءَايْتِنَا وَمَا كُنَّامُهُلِكِي ٱلْقُرَىٰ إِلَّا وَأَهْلُهَا ٥٩ ـ ٢٨ ظُلِمُونَ هُوَ ٱلَّذِى بَعَثَ فِي ٱلْأُمِيِّنَ رَسُولًا مِّنْهُمْ يَتُلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ اَيْتِهِ الْوَيُوَكِيمِ مُ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ ٱلْكِتِّبَ وَٱلْحِكْمَةَ وَإِن كَانُواْ ٢_٢٦ مِن قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلْلٍ مُّبِينٍ

رَّسُولا يَتْلُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهِ مُبَيِّنْتِ لِيُخْرِجَ الَّذِينَ المَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ الصَّلِحْتِ مِنَ الظُّلُمُتِ إِلَى النُّورُ وَمَن ١٠٥٦ وَسُولا يَتْلُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْلَهُ اللَّهُ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

وَلَا تَنكِحُواْ ٱلْمُشْرِكْتِ حَتَّىٰ يُؤْمِنَ ۚ وَلَأَمَةُ مُّؤْمِنَةُ خَيْرٌ مِّن مُّشْرِكَةٍ وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَتْ كُمُّ وَلَا تُنكِحُواْ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ٢٢١ ٢ ٢ حَتَّىٰ يُؤْمِنُواْ وَلَعَبْدُمُّ وَلَا تَنكِحُواْ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ١٢٢ ٢ حَتَّىٰ يُؤْمِنُواْ وَلَعَبْدُمُّ وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَكُمُ الْوَلْمِ لَكُمْ أَوْلَمِ لَكُمْ أَوْلَمِ لَكُمْ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الللللْمُلِمُ الللْمُلْمُ اللللْمُلِمُ

وَٱللَّهُ يَدُعُواْ إِلَىٰ دَارِ ٱلسَّلْمِ وَيَهْدِى مَن يَشَاءُ إِلَىٰ صِرَّطٍ مُّسْتَقِيمٍ ٢٠٢٠

يَدْعُواْمِن دُونِ ٱللهِ مَالَا يَضُرُّ هُ وَمَالَا يَنفَعُهُ أَنْلِكَ هُوَ ٱلضَّلْلُ ٱلْبَعِيدُ ٢٢_١٢

يَدْعُو الْمَن ضَرُّ هُوَ أَقُرَبُ مِن نَفْعِ إِلَّا لِينْسَ ٱلْمَوْ لَى وَلَيِنْسَ ٱلْعَشِيرُ ٢٢_٢

إِنَّ ٱلشَّيْطُنَ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ فَٱتَّخِذُوهُ عَدُوًّا إِنَّمَا يَدْعُو أُحِزُ بَهُ لِيَكُونُو اْمِنَ أَصْحُبِ ٱلسَّعِيرِ ٣٥_٣٥

وَمَنْ أَضَلُّ مِمَّن يَدْعُو أَمِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَن لَا يَسْتَجِيبُ لَهُ َ إِلَى يَوْمِ ٱلْقِيْمَةِ وَهُمْ عَن دُعَآ عِبِمْ غَفِلُونَ • ٢٦_

فَسَوْفَ يَدْعُواْثُبُولِا ١١ ٨٤_٨٤

وَإِن طَلَّقْتُمُوهُنَّ مِن قَبْلِ أَن تَمَسُّوهُنَّ وَقَدْفَرَضْتُمُ لَمُنَّ فَرِيطَا فَنِصْفُ مَا فَرَضْتُمُ إِلَّا أَن يَعْفُونَا أَوْ يَعْفُواْ الَّذِي بِيَدِ الْكَارِ مَا اللهِ عَلْمَ اللهَ عِمْدُ اللهَ عَمْدُ اللهَ عَلَى اللهَ عَمْدُ اللهَ عَمْدُ اللهَ اللهَ عَمْدُ اللهَ اللهَ عَمْدُ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ عَمْدُ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ عَمْدُ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهُ اللهَ اللهُ اللهَ اللهَ اللهُ اللهُ

قُلُ هَٰذِهِ السَبِيلِيَ أَدْعُواْ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ عَلَىٰ بَصِيرَ وَإَنَا وَمَنِ ٱتَّبَعَنِي وَسُبْحِنَ ٱللَّهِ وَمَاۤ أَنَاْمِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ١٢_١٠٨ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنُهُمُ ٱلْكِتِّبَ يَفْرَ حُونَ بِمَاۤ أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمِنَ ٱلْأَحْزَ ابِمَن يُنكِرُ بَعْضَهُ وَقُلُ إِنَّمَاۤ أُمِرْ تُأَنَّا عَبُدَ ٱللَّهَ ٣٦_٣٦ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنُهُمُ ٱلْكِتِبَ يَقْرَ حُونَ بِمَاۤ أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمِنَ ٱلْأَحْزَ ابِمَن يُنكِرُ بَعْضَهُ وَقُلُ إِنَّمَاۤ أُمْرِ تُ بِمِا أَنْ عَبُدَ ٱللَّهَ ١٣_٣٦ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنُهُمُ ٱلْكِيمِ الْمَيْوَالِيَهِ اللَّهُ مِنَا اللَّهُ مَنَا بَعْنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ وَمُعَالِمِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنَا لِللَهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمَنْ الْكُومُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللِّهُ اللللللْمُ الللللللْمُ الللللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللللللْمُ الللللْمُ الللللِمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللللللْمُ الللللللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ الللللللللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ ا

قُلُ إِنَّمَآ أَدْعُو أُرَبِّي وَلَآ أُشْرِكُ بِمِلَّا أَلَحُمَّا ٢٠ ٧٢_٢٧

هُنَالِكَ تَبْلُواْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا أَسْلَفَتُ وَرُدُّواْ إِلَى ٱللهِ مَوْلَهُمُ ٱلْحَقِّ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ٣٠_١٠ يَمْحُواْ ٱللهُ مَا يَشْاءُو يُثْبِثُ وَعِندَهُ وَأُمُّ ٱلْكَامِ ١٣_٣٩