# **Quran Encryption**

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Encryption transforms a readable message M into a non-readable message C to be decrypted by only the intended recipient(s) back to the original message M using agreed upon keys.

The word "Al-Quran" literally means: "The Readable". But since every book is written to be read, then why would God Almighty name His final Book simply "*The Readable*" unless it was made to be readable after encryption producing a readable message C while hiding an internal message M deep within it.

If you are confused, you are not alone. Look closely into the standard Text of the Quran (Uthmani script / Hafs recitation) and you will find many non-standard Arabic spellings that point to the fact that the Book is not Arabic (as God never claimed the Book to be Arabic) but the pronunciation when reading it is in perfect Arabic as indeed claimed by God Almighty.

The non-standard spellings are not "mistakes" but mathematical necessities as part of the Quran code that transforms an inner readable message M into an outer readable message C which human and jinn can never make at chapter (Surah) level where the word "Surah" literally means "perimeter" or a wall surrounding a protected area.

In order to see the evidence for such a claim, let's look at the first chapter of the Quran named The Opener (not The Opening) that acts as a Key to unlocking all other chapters.

In chapter The Opener we encounter the following words: "الصرط", "العلمين", "العلمين", "الصرط", and "الصرط" that all are missing letter elf "ا" which is replaced by a superscripted elf: "صرّطً", "مُلِكِ", "مُلِكِ", "اَلْمُ مُنْنِ". These superscript elfs keep the pronunciation as a perfect Arabic while freeing the Text to be non-Arabic output of a multistage mathematical process (one chapter, one chapter again, ten chapters, the whole Book and one Saying).

Whereas the first chapter has letter "\" missing, other chapters have other letters missing too like "ء", "ي", and "ن" and are replaced by their respective superscripted versions as in Quran 2:255 "رُحُودُهُ", 2:258 "مِنْوُدُهُ", 2:258 "مِنْوُدُهُ" to keep the Book readable as a perfect Arabic.

What's more, sometimes missing letters are not replaced at all as diacritics (harakaat) before them are sufficient to keep the sound perfect Arabic as in and Quran 10:103 "ثننج", Quran 14:35 "رُبّ" and many other verses.

Moreover, the opposite is true too, where additional letters are added to the Text with silent markers above them to indicate their pronunciation redundancy but are an essential part of the overall mathematical structure of the Text. Here are some examples:

Quran 2:259	"مِئَةً" which is normally written in Arabic as "مِأْئَةً"
Quran 13:39	"يَمُحُو " which is normally written in Arabic as "يَمُحُو اْ"
Quran 18:23	"لِشَـٰىءٍ" which is normally written in Arabic as "لِشَـٰاتْيَءٍ"
Quran 18:38	"لُّكِنَّ" which is normally written in Arabic as
Quran 3:144	"أَفَإِن" which is normally written in Arabic as "أَفَإِيْن
Quran 11:68	"ثَمُو دَ" which is normally written in Arabic as "ثَمُو دَا"

While some other times extra letters are not silenced at all as they do not effect the overall pronunciation of a word as in Quran 101:10 "هِيَهُ" read as "هِيَهُ" or some words that use letters instead of diacritics (harakaat) as in Quran 35:28 "الْفُلُمَاءُ" read as "الْفُلُمَاءُ" and in Quran 30:8 بِلِقَاّعِ read as بِلِقَاّعِ read as بِلِقَاّعِ read as .

Furthermore, a letter may be replaced by a <u>similar-sounding</u> letter but the original letter is kept as a superscripted letter to keep the pronunciation perfect Arabic as in Quran 2:245 and 7:69 "بَصُّطَة" which to be pronounced as

Finally, a letter may be totally moved from one word to a neighbouring word while keeping the readability intact as in "مَالِهُذَا" found in Quran 4:78, 18:49, and 25:7 which in standard Arabic must be written as "مَالِهُذَا".

#### **Initial Letters**

The most direct evidence for the encryption of the Quran is hidden in plain sight. Initial letters (الحروف المقطعة) in 29 chapters (e.g. التروف المقطعة) have no known meaning but clearly shift the text of their chapters by a certain number of letters, words, and verses as in chapter #42 which has two verses with initial letters (حَمَّ عَسَقَ).

It is therefore suggested by the author that initial letters in the Quran have no meaning but instead have a role to play in the encryption of their 29 chapters to force them to become readable while the other 85 chapters do not need such an extra step to produce the final and complete readable Book called "Al-Quran". Praise to Allah all-knowing.

In order to study this assumption, **QuranCode** software was developed with dynamic valuation system where static letter values taken from user-defined files in the Values folder can be dynamically modified with 19 position and distance variables:

Letter Position in word/verse/chapter/book (L, W, V, C), Word Position in verse/chapter/book (W, V, C), Verse Position in chapter/book (V, C) and Chapter Position in the book (C) as well as Same Letter Distance to the same previous letter measured by number of letters/words/verses/chapters back to the same letter ( $\Delta$ L,  $\Delta$ W,  $\Delta$ V,  $\Delta$ C), Same Word Distance to the same previous word measured by number of words/verses/chapters back to the same word  $\Delta$ W,  $\Delta$ V,  $\Delta$ C), Same Verse Distance to the same previous verse measured by number of verses/chapters back to the same verse ( $\Delta$ V,  $\Delta$ C), and of course there are no same chapters so there is no distance between same chapters.

**QuranCode** is an open-source software developed by the author for the benefit of Quran researchers worldwide and is freely downloaded from <a href="www.qurancode.com">www.qurancode.com</a>.

In order to study the effects of these 19 variables on the total value of a selected text, start QuranCode while holding the SHIFT key down until the splash screen is displayed which starts the Research Edition.



QuranCode Research Edition with 19 variables to study their effects on selected text.

## **Encryption Layers**

The Quran encryption is a multi-stage process as Allah Almighty has challenged us five times in the Quran to produce a text like it or parts of it as follows:

1. Challenge to produce a Saying structured like it in Quran 52:34

52:34 "Let them then produce a recital like unto it,- If they speak the truth!"

2. Challenge to produce a **Quran** like it in Quran 17:88

17:88 Say: "If the whole of mankind and jinnkind were to gather together to produce the like of this Qur'an, they could not produce the like thereof, even if they backed up each other with help and support."

3. Challenge to produce 10 Chapters like it in Quran 11:13

11:13 Or they may say, "He forged it," Say, "Bring ye then ten Suras forged, like unto it, and call (to your aid) whomsoever ye can, other than Allah!- If ye speak the truth!"

4. Challenge to produce 1 Chapter like it is also in Quran 10:38

10:38 Or do they say, "He forged it"? Say: "Bring then a Sura like unto it, and call (to your aid) anyone you can other than Allah,- If ye speak the truth!!"

5. Again challenge to produce 1 Chapter like it (not 1 verse) in Quran 2:23

2:23 "And if ye are in doubt as to what We have revealed to Our servant, then produce a Sura like thereunto; and call (to your aid) your witnesses or helpers other than Allah!- If ye speak the truth!"

This may suggest that there is a inner readable Text under the current outer readable Text of the Quran which was first encrypted at **chapter-level** producing a non-readable intermediate text (or ciphertext), which is **again** encrypted at **chapter-level** (see double 1 Chapter challenge) producing yet another non-readable intermediate text, that is then encrypted each **10 Chapters** together to produce yet another non-readable intermediate text, followed by a global encryption at **Book** level which to produce **85** readable chapters and **29** non-readable chapters, and finally using **initial letters**, these 29 non-readable chapters are made readable and as a result the whole Text becomes readable and thus named **Al-Quran** (**The Readable** despite being encrypted, which man and jinn cannot produce at chapter level and above).

A clear evidence for chapter-level encryption can be seen in the spelling of the name of prophet Ibrahim (peace upon him) which is spelt without elf nor yaa in chapter #2 while spelt with elf only throughout the rest of the Book. It is written 15 times with two superscripted

letters (elf and yaa) "إِبُرٌ هِهَا" in chapter #2 while written 54 times with a single superscript

(elf) throughout the rest of the Quran "إِبْرُهِيمِ".

## **Deliberate Misspellings**

God guarantees the correctness of His Last Revelation (Al-Quran) in Quran 41:42



41: 42 falsehood cannot enter it, neither at present nor in future, a [gradual revelation] sent down from One all-wise, all-praised.

There are no mistakes in the Text of the Quran. All apparent misspellings are intentional by God as part of an intricate mathematical structure that starts with N = 114 (for number of chapters) because 6\*19=114 and 619 is the  $114^{th}$  prime number, and then N/2 = 57 is the only chapter that is fixed in its place when we sort all chapters by the multiplication of chapter number C times chapter verses V. Chapter 57 is the pivot chapter and the number of its verses = middle number between 1 and N/2 = median(1..57) = 29 with its C\*V = 57\*29 = 1653 where the  $16^{th}$  prime is 53. For full details see: <a href="http://heliwave.com/114.txt">http://heliwave.com/114.txt</a>

I encourage all believers in ONE GOD to start investigating this miraculous readable cipher text and learn as much as God allows us as part of the preparation for the second coming of Imam Al-Mehdi (as) who is the only one permitted to unlocking the hidden inner text of the Quran to ensure peace and justice are spread fully throughout the Earth as implied in Quran 56:77-79

إِنَّهُ لَقُرْ عَانُّ كَرِيمُ فِي كِتْبِمَّ كُنُونٍ لَّا يَمَسُّهُ وَإِلَّا ٱلْمُطَهَّرُونَ

56:77 This is indeed an ever-revealing Recital,

56:78 within a protected Book

56:79 —no one can access it except the purified ones—

#### **Quran and Prime Numbers**

As prime numbers factorization is the cornerstone for unlocking ciphertext back to plaintext, Allah Almighty has used prime numbers to underpin the basic structure for the Quran. Central to this fact is the fact that the first chapter (Al-Fatiha or The Key) is built upon a special type of prime numbers (7 verses, 29 words, 139 letters) that have prime digit sums too (7=7, 2+9=11, 1+3+9=13). What's more, joining these numbers left-to-right (729139) or right-to-left (139297) also produce prime numbers with prime digit sum of (7+2+9+1+3+9=31). Such primes are called *Additive Prime Numbers*.

At book-level, Allah Almighty says in Quran 15:87

15:87 We have given thee seven of the doublets and the great Qur'an.

where the Prophet (pbuh+f) explained the seven doublets as the seven verses of chapter The Opener (or The Key) as it must be recited twice in each prayer.

This implies that the Book is divided into two parts: a **Key** part and a **Message** part.

Book = Key + Message 114 chapters = 1 + 113 6236 verses = 7 + 6229

Indeed, the two parts exhibit the same additive prime numbers pattern where the number **113** is prime with a prime digit sum (1+1+3=5) and the number **6229** is prime with a prime digit sum (6+2+2+9=19) too.

#### **Primalogy System**

All Praise to Allah, in 2008, I was shown a new letter-value system based on prime numbers where each letter of the Arabic alphabet is assigned a prime value from 2 to 107 (with hamza having the value 1) as follows:

							•
79	5	47	ض	19	۵	2	1
83	J	53	7	23	3	3	<b>)</b> .
89	٢	59	کل	29	٦	5	ij
97	ప	61	ل	31	ز	7	Ĵ
101	<b>b</b>	67	له.	37	<del>س</del>	11	ان
103	و	71	•	41	Ů	13	U
107	ي	73	ق	43	ص	17	Ċ

Primalogy System ©2008 Ali Adams

Using this new Primalogy system, the prime values of the 139 letters of chapter #1 (The Key) add up to 8317 which is prime with a prime digit sum (8+3+1+7=19) too, an additive prime number indeed.

Using this same Primalogy system, the total Primalogy value of chapter #112 (Al-Ikhlass), the second most recited chapter in the Quran, is an additive prime number with bismAllah (4201 with 4+2+0+1=7) and additive prime number without bismAllah (3167 with 3+1+6+7=17) explaining why the bismAllah is not numbered as verse #1 unlike chapter The Opener which has bismAllah as an integral part of it and not as a chapter separator as in all other chapters.

What's more, verse 2:255 called ayat Al-Kursi (The Throne) has an additive prime number too (11261 with 1+1+2+6+1=11) due to the way the word "يَكُو دُمُو" is written without of its two waw letters to teach us that superscripted hamzas are like all other superscripted letters are not to be counted.

Even the word "Allah" in Arabic " $\$ " has a Primalogy value of **269** which is once again an additive prime number (269 is prime and its digit sum 2+6+9=17 is prime too).

But what is most striking is that the most repeated verse in the Quran of chapter Ar-Rahmaan

is made up from 4 words and is repeated 31 times has a Primalogy

value of 683 which is an additive prime number (683 is prime and its digit sum 6+8+3=17 is prime too) and 683 is the  $124^{th}$  prime number matching the 31 repetitions×4 words = 124. This can be considered as a checksum to prove the correctness of this new letter-value system but not necessarily its completeness.

On a larger scale (Book-level), Allah Almighty has given us further hints to the encryption scheme used in the Quran with the most interesting and easiest to hints see are:

1. The first 7 verses has 29 words

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم الحمد لله رب العلمين الرحمن الرحيم ملك يوم الدين اياك نعبد واياك نستعين اهدنا الصرط المستقيم صرط الذين انعمت عليهم غير المغضوب عليهم ولا الضالين

2. The first 7 words has 29 letters

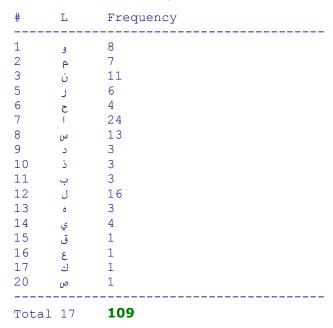
3. The **last 7** verses has 29 words

4. The last 7 word has 29 letters

5. The **7<sup>th</sup> additive prime number** is **29** [2 3 5 7 11 23 29 41 43 47 61 ...]

6. The number of BismAllah letters in the first 7 verses is 109

7. The number of Fatiha or **Key letters** in the **last 7** verses is **109** 



8. The number 1 is called **The Unit** it is neither prime nor composite. Numbers with repeated 1s like 11, 111, 1111, and so on are called Repeated Units of **Repunits**. Like all other number, repunits can either be primes or composites. In 2014, there are 9 known prime repunits with **2**, **19**, **23**, **317**, **1031**, **49081**, **86453**, **109297** and **270343** digits [see <a href="http://oeis.org/A004023">http://oeis.org/A004023</a>].

Look closely at the repunit with 109297 digits!!! Can you see the 109, 29 and 7?

Is Allah pointing at the **8**<sup>th</sup> repunit with the prime numbers of **7**, **29**, and **109** at either end of the Quran? If yes, then repunits could form a part of the key to unlocking the hidden inner layers of the Quran.

#### Allah knows all.

Here is the list of the first few repunits and their prime factors (if composite):

```
1
    digit = 1 = The Unit
   digits = 11 is prime
2
3
    digits = 111 = 3 \times 37
4
    digits = 1111 = 11 \times 101
5
    digits = 11111 = 41 \times 271
6
    digits = 1111111 = 3 \times 7 \times 11 \times 13 \times 37
7
    digits = 11111111 = 239 \times 4649
8
    digits = 111111111 = 11 \times 73 \times 101 \times 137
9
    10
    11
    12
13
    14
    15
   16
17
    digits = 1111111111111111 = 2071723×5363222357
18
    19
    digits = 1111111111111111111 is prime
20
    21
    22
23
    digits = 11111111111111111111111 is prime
317
    digits = \sim 4.2 lines of 1 digits and is prime
1111111111111111111
1031
   digits = \sim 13.7 lines of 1 digits and is prime
49081 digits = \sim 654.4 lines of 1 digits and is prime
86453 digits = \sim 1152.7 lines of 1 digits and is prime
109297 digits = \sim 1457.3 lines of 1 digits and is prime
270343 digits = \sim 3604.6 lines of 1 digits and is prime
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For further details, please see <a href="www.heliwave.com">www.heliwave.com</a> and download the free and open-source <a href="QuranCode">QuranCode</a> software from <a href="www.qurancode.com">www.qurancode.com</a> to validate the above claims and be part of this new exciting research field: **Readable Ciphertext**.

Praise to the Lord of the worlds forever ...

#### God >

## Appendix A

# NON-ARABIC SPELLING yet ARABIC PRONUNCIATION

## AynaMa --> Ayna Ma

وَلِكُلِّ وِجْهَةُ هُوَ مُوَلِّيهَ أَفَاسْتَبِقُو اللَّحَيْرُتِ أَيْنَ مَاتَكُونُو اْيَأْتِ بِكُمُ اللَّهُ بَمِيعًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَى عَقدِيرُ ١١٠ ٢ ـ ٣ ضُرِ بَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الدِّلَةُ أَيْنَ مَا ثُقِفُو اْ إِلَّا بِحَبْلِ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَحَبْلِ مِنَ النَّاسِ وَ بَا يُو بِغَضَبِ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَضُرِ بَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ١١٢ ـ ٣ ضُرِ بَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ١١٢ ـ ٣ الْمَسْكَنَةُ ذَلِكَ بِمَا عَصَواْ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ اللَّهُ وَيَقْتُلُونَ الْأَنْبِيَا عَبِغَيْرِ حَقِّ ذَلِكَ بِمَا عَصَواْ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ اللَّهُ الْمَسْكَنَةُ ذَلِكَ بِمَا عَصَواْ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مُهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّلْكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْ

هُو ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمُوْتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ ٱسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى ٱلْعَرْشِ ۚ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَلِجُ فِى ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَخْرُ جُ مِنْهَا وَمَا اللهُ عَلَى ٱلْعَرْشِ أَيْعَلَمُ مَا يَلِجُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَخْرُ جُ فِيهَ أَوْهُو مَعَكُمْ أَيْنَ مَا كُنتُمُ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ \*

ٱلمْ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمِّوْتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مَا يَكُونُ مِن نَّجُوَىٰ ثَلْثَةٍ إِلَّاهُوَ رَابِعُمُّ وَلَا خَسَةٍ إِلَّاهُو سَادِسُمُّ \\_^٥ وَلَا أَنْ مِن ذَٰلِكَ وَلَا أَكْثَرَ إِلَّاهُ وَمَعَمُ آيْنَ مَا كَانُو أَنْمُ يُنتِئُكُمُ بِمَا عَمِلُواْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيْمَةِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُلِ شَيْءِ عَلِيمُ

#### CORRECT ARABIC

ولِلهِ الْمَشْرِقُ وَ الْمَغْرِبُ فَا يَنْمَاتُ وَلُو الْفَثَمَّ وَجُهُ اللَّهُ وَلِيُّ اللَّهُ وَلِيُّ عَلِيمُ مَا الْمَوْتُ وَلَوْ كُنتُمْ فِي الْمَشْرِقُ وَ الْمَغْرِبُ فَا يَنْمَاتَكُونُواْ يُدْرِكُ مُ الْمَوْتُ وَلَوْ كُنتُمْ فِي الْمُوْرِي مُ شُشَيّدَةً وَإِن تُصِبْهُمْ حَسَنَةٌ يَقُولُواْ هِٰذِهِ مِنْ عِندِ اللَّهِ فَا كُلُّ مِنْ عِندِ اللَّهِ فَمَالِ هَا وُلَا ءِ الْقَوْمِ لَا يَكَادُونَ يَفْقَهُونَ حَدِيثًا تُصِبْهُمْ سَيِّعَةٌ يَقُولُواْ هِٰذِهِ مِنْ عِندِكُ قُلُ كُلُّ مِنْ عِندِ اللَّهِ فَمَالِ هَا وُلَا ءِ الْقَوْمِ لَا يَكَادُونَ يَفْقَهُونَ حَدِيثًا وَضَرَبَ اللّهُ مَثَلًا رَّجُلَيْنِ أَحَدُهُ مَا أَبْكُمُ لَا يَقْدِدُ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَهُو كُلُّ عَلَىٰ مَوْلَ لَهُ أَيْنَمَا يُوجِهِ هُلَا يَأْتِ بِخِيرٍ هَلَ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ مَثَلِارً جُلَيْنِ أَحَدُهُ مَا أَبْكُمُ لَا يَقْدِدُ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَهُو كُلُّ عَلَىٰ مَوْلَ لَاهُ أَيْنَمَا يُوجِهِ هُلَا يَأْتِ بِخِيرٍ هُمُ لَا يَعْرِيطٍ مُسْتَقِيمِ وَهُو كُلُّ عَلَىٰ مَوْلُولُ الْمُؤْلِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ الل

#### InnaMa --> Inna Ma

وَإِن مَّا نُرِ يَنَّكَ بَعْضَ ٱلَّذِي نَعِدُهُمُ أَوْ نَتَوَقَّيَنَّكَ فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلْبَلْغُ وَعَلَيْنَا ٱلْحِسَابُ ٤٠\_١٣\_

## **CORRECT ARABIC**

### Inna Ma --> InnaMa

أَيَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّمَانُمِدُّهُم بِهِ مِن مَّالِوَ يَنِينَ ٥٠ ٢٣ مَن مَّالِوَ يَنِينَ ٥٠ ٢٣ وَلَا تَشْتَرُو الْبِعَهْدِ ٱللَّهِ ثَمَنَا قَلِيلًا إِنَّمَا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لِّلَّكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ٥٠ ١٥ وَلَا تَشْتَرُو عَدُونَ لَصَادِقُ ٥٠ ٥٠ وَلَا تَشْتَرُ عَدُونَ لَوَقِعُ ٧٧٧ وَلِنَّمَا تُوعَدُونَ لَوَقِعُ ٧٧٧٧

# **CORRECT ARABIC**

إِنَّ مَا تُوعَدُونَ لَآتٍ وَمَآ أَنتُم بِمُعْجِزِينَ ١٣٠\_٦

# Likay La --> LikayLa

\* إِذْتُصْعِدُونَ وَلَا تَلُوُن عَلَىٰٓ أَحَدِوَ ٱلرَّسُولُ يَدْعُو كُمْ فِي أُخْرَ لْكُمْ فَأَثْبَكُمْ غَمَّا بِفَيِّ لِّ صَعَيْلاً تَعْزَنُو اْعَلَىٰ ١٥٣ ـ ٣ مَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَامَاۤ أَصْبَكُمُ وَاللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ مَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَامَاۤ أَصْبَكُمُ وَاللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

يَّآيُهَا ٱلنَّبِيُّ إِنَّا أَحْلَلْنَالَكَ أَزْوَ جَكَ ٱلَّتِى ءَاتَيْتَ أُجُورَهُنَّ وَمَامَلَكَتْ يَمِينُكَ مِمَّا أَفَآءَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّكَ ٠٠ ٣٣ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّلَ النَّبِيِّ إِنْ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَن وَ هَبَتْ نَفْسَهَ الِلنَّبِيِّ إِنْ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَن وَبَنَاتِ عَمَّتِكَ وَبَنَاتِ خَلْتِكَ ٱلْتِي هَاجَرُنَ مَعَكَ وَ ٱمْرَأَةً مُّوْمِنَةً إِن وَهَبَتْ نَفْسَهَ الِلنَّبِيِّ إِنْ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَن وَ هَبَتْ نَفْسَهَ اللَّنْبِيِّ إِنْ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَن اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ مَن وَ اللَّهُ عَلِي اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ اللَّهُ عَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ الْمَالِكَ عَلَيْكَ عَلَيْكَ عَرَبِحُ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكِلُكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُلُولُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْكُلُولُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْكُولُ

لِّكَيْلاَتَأْسَوْ أَعَلَىٰ مَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَا تَقْرَحُو أَبِمَا ءَاتَىٰكُمْ ۚ وَٱللَّالَا يُحِبُّ كُلَّ مُخْتَالِ فَخُورٍ ٢٣\_٥٧

#### **CORRECT ARABIC**

وَٱللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ يَتَوَفَّلَكُمُّ وَمِنكُم مَّن يُرَدُّ إِلَى ٓ أَرْ ذَلِ ٱلْمُمُرِلِكَىٰ لَا يَعْلَمَ بَعْدَعِلْمٍ شَيْعًا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ قَدِيرٌ ٧٠ \_ ١٦ وَإِذْتَقُولُ لِللَّذِى َ أَنْعَمَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِ أَمْسِكُ عَلَيْكَ زَوْجَكَ وَ ٱتِّقِ ٱللَّهَ وَتُخْفِى فِي نَفْسِكَ مَا ٱللَّهُ مُبْدِيهِ ٣٣ \_ ٣٣ وَتَخْشَى ٱلنَّاسَ وَ ٱللَّهُ أَحَقُ أَن تَخْشَلُهُ فَلَمَّا قَضَىٰ زَيْدُ مِنْهَا وَطَرُ ازَوَجْنُكُهَ الصَّى لَا يَكُونَ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ حَرَبُ مُ فِي أَزْقِ حِ أَدْعِيمَ إِذَا قَضَوْ أَمِنْهُنَ وَطَرًا وَكَانَ أَمْرُ ٱللهِ مَفْعُولًا

## Bihadi -- Bihadiy

إِنَّكَ لَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلْمَوْ يَنَ وَلَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلصَّمَّ ٱلدُّعَآءَ إِذَا وَلَوْ اَمُدْبِرِينَ ١٠ ٢٧ وَمَآ أَنتَ بِهِّدِى ٱلْمُمْي عَن ضَلْلَتِهِم إِلَّا مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِعَايْتِنَا فَعُم مُسْلِمُونَ ١٠ ٢٠ ٢٠ فَإِنَّكَ لَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلْمَوْ يَنَ وَلَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلصُّمَّ ٱلدُّعَآءَ إِذَا وَلَوْ اَمُدْبِرِينَ ٢٥ ٣٠ ٥٠ وَمَآ أَنتَ بِهِدِ ٱلْمُمْي عَن ضَلْلَتِهِم إِلَّا مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِعَايْتِنَا فَعُم مُسْلِمُونَ ٣٠ ٣٠ ٥٠ وَمَآ أَنتَ بِهِدِ ٱلْمُمْي عَن ضَلْلَتِهِم إِلَّا مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِعَايْتِنَا فَعُم مُسْلِمُونَ ٣٠ ٥ ٣٠ . ٣٠

# Takoonoo --> Takoon

وَمَاتَكُونُ فِي شَأْنِوَمَاتَتُلُو اْمِنْهُ مِن قُرْءَانِ وَلَاتَعْمَلُونَ مِنْ عَمَلٍ إِلَّا كُنَّا عَلَيْكُمْ شُهُو دًا إِذْتُفِيضُونَ فِيهِ وَمَا ١٠\_١٠ يَعْزُبُ عَن رَّبِكَ مِن مِّثْقَالِ ذَرَّ قِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَلَآأَصْغَمَ مِن ذَٰلِكَ وَلَآأَكُمْرَ إِلَّا فِي كِتْبِ مُّبِينِ

# **Singular Waw for Multiple Persons**

وَإِذْ قُلْتُمْ يُمُوسَىٰ لَن نَصْهِرَ عَلَىٰ طَعَامٍ وَحِدٍ فَادْ عُلَنَارَبَّكَ يُخْرِجُ لَنَامِمَّا تُنْبِثُ ٱلْأَرْضُ مِن بَقْلِهَا وَقِثَّا بِهَا وَفُومِهَا ٢-٢٠ وَعَدَسِهَا وَبَصَلِهَ الْقَالَةُ مُّ وَضُرِ بَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلذِّلَّةُ وَعَدَسِهَا وَبَصَلِهَ الْقَالَةُ مُّ وَمُورَ بَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلذِّلَةُ وَعَدَسِهَا وَبَعَالِهَ اللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّيِيِّنَ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَقِّ ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوا وَٱلْمَسْكَنَةُ وَبَآعُ بِفَضَبٍ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ بِعَايِّتِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّيِيِّنَ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَقِّ ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوا اللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّيِيِّنَ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَقِّ ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوا اللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّيِيِّنَ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَقِّ ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوا اللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّيْقِيِنَ بِغَيْرِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّيْقِيِّنَ بِغَيْرِ ٱللَّهِ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّيْقِيِّ وَبَعْ مِنْ اللَّهِ وَيَعْتُلُونَ النَّيْقِيِّ وَمِنْ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَيَعْتُلُونَ النَّيْقِيِّ وَيَعْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّيْقِيِّ مَا مُنْ اللَّهُ وَيَعْمُ مُا مُولِ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَيَعْتُلُونَ النَّيْقِيِّ وَمَا مُنْ النَّيْرِ مُنْ اللَّهُ فَي اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَيَعْتُلُونَ النَّيْقِ وَالْمُعْتَدُونَ النَّيْقِ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَيُولُونَ النَّيْقِ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَيَعْتُلُونَ النَّيْقِ مَا مُعْتَلُونَ النَّيْقِ اللَّهُ الْمُعْتَدُونَ النَّيْقِ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُعْتَدُونَ النَّهُ وَالْمُوا يَعْتَدُونَ النَّالِ الْمُعْتِمُ وَاللَّهُ الْمُعْتَدُونَ الْمُعْتَدُونَ النَّهُ وَالْمُعْتِدُونَ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُعْتَدُونَ الْمُؤْمِلُونَ النَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَالْمُؤْمِنَ اللْعَلِيْ وَالْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِ مِنْ اللْعُلِيْلُولِ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيِ الْمُعْتَدُونَ النَّامِ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمِنْ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ وَالْمُؤْمِ اللْمُؤْمِ اللْمُؤْمِ اللْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِ

بِنْسَمَا ٱشْتَرَوْ أَبِهِ الْاَنْفُسَهُمُّ أَن يَكُفُرُو أَبِمَآ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ بَغْيًا أَن يُنَزِّلَ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضْلِهِ عَلَىٰ مَن يَشَآ عُمِنَ عِبَادِهِ الْعَامُو بِعُسَمَا ٱشْتَرَوْ أَبِهِ اللَّهُ عُمَالُ عَضَبٍ عَلَىٰ عَسَلَمُ

لِّلَّذِينَ يُؤْلُونَ مِن نِّسَآيِهِمْ تَرَبُّصُ أَرْبَعَدِأَشْهُرٍ ۖ فَإِن فَآءُو فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ٢٢٢٦.

ضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلذِّلَّةُ أَيْنَ مَا ثُقِفُوٓ الْإَبِحَبْلِ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَحَبْلِ مِّنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَبَآئُ بِغَضَبِ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ١١٢ \_ ٣ ٱلْمَسْكَنَةُ ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانُو اْ يَكْفُرُ ونَ بِعَايِّتِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلْأَنْبِيَآءَ بِغَيْرِ حَقِّ ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَو اْ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ

فَإِن كَذَّبُوكَ فَقَدْ كُذِّبَ رُسُلُ مِن قَبْلِكَ جَآءُ بِٱلْبَيِّنْتِ وَٱلزُّبُرِ وَٱلْكِتْبِٱلْمُنِيرِ ١٨٠\_٣\_

قَالَ أَلَقُوا أَفَلَمَّا آلَقَوْ أَسَحَرُ وَ أَأَعَيُنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَٱسْتَرْ هَبُوهُمْ وَجَآءُو بِسِحْرٍ عَظِيمٍ ١١٦\_٧

وَجَآءُو أَبَاهُمْ عِشَآءُ يَبُكُونَ ١٢\_١١

ا ٢\_١٨ مَرُ اللهُ المُسْتَعَانُ عَلَىٰ مَا ١٢\_١٨ وَجَآءُ عَلَىٰ قَصِمُ اللهُ اللهُ

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ جَ**ٓا مُو** بِٱلْإِفْكِ عُصْبَةُ مِن حُمَّ لَا تَحْسَبُوهُ شَرَّ الَّكُمُّ بَلْ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِلَكُ لِ امْرِي مِنْهُم مَّا ١١\_٢٠ الْوَالَّذِينَ جَ**ٓا مُو** بِٱلْإِفْكِ عُصْبَهُمُ لَهُ وَعَذَابُ عَظِيمٌ الْمُوعَذَابُ عَظِيمٌ الْمُوعَذَابُ عَظِيمٌ اللهِ عُلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَيْمٌ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْمٌ اللهُ عَلَيْمُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْمٌ اللهُ عَلَيْمٌ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْمٌ اللهُ اللهُ

لَّوْلَا جَآءُ وَعَلَيْهِ بِأَرْبَعَةِ شُهَدَآءً فَإِذْلَمْ يَأْتُواْ بِٱلشُّهَدَآءِ فَأُوْلِّيِكَ عِندَ ٱللهِ هُمُ ٱلْكَذِبُونَ ٣١\_٢٠

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓ ا إِنْ هَٰذَآ إِلَّا إِفْكُ ٱفْتَرَانُهُ وَاَعَانَهُ عَلَيْهِ قَوْمٌ ءَا خَرُونَ فَقَدْ جَآءُ وظُلَمَا وَزُورًا ٤٠٠٠

حَتَّىٰۤ إِذَا جَآءُو قَالَ أَكَذَّبُتُم بِعَايْتِي وَلَمْ تُحِيطُو أَبِهَاعِلْمًا أَمَّاذَا كُنتُم تَعْمَلُونَ ١٠\_٢٧

وَٱلَّذِينَ تَبَوَّعُ ٱلدَّارَوَ ٱلْإِيمِّنَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ يُحِبُّونَ مَنْ هَاجَرَ إِلَيْهِمْ وَلَا يَجِدُونَ فِي صُدُورِهِمْ حَاجَةً مِّمَّا أُوتُواْ ٩-٩٥ وَٱلَّذِينَ تَبَوَّعُ مُالدَّوْنَ مُنْ مَا مَا مُؤْثِرُ وَنَ عَلَىٰٓ أَنفُسِهِمْ وَلَوْ كَانَ بِهِمْ خَصَاصَةً وَمَن يُوقَ شُحَّ نَفْسِهِ إِفَا وُلِّيكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُونَ

وَٱلَّذِينَ جَآءُو مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا ٱغْفِرُ لَنَا وَلِإِخْوِّنِنَا ٱلَّذِينَ سَبَقُونَا بِٱلْإِيمْنِ وَلَا تَجْعَلْ فِي قُلُوبِنَا غِلَّالِلَّذِينَ ١٠ ٥٩ ٥ اَمَنُو اْرَبَّنَاۤ إِنَّكَ رَءُو ثُورَّحِيمُ

# **Plural Waw for Singular Person**

رَلْكِنَّآ أَنشَأْنَاقُرُونَافَتَطَاوَلَ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْمُمُرُّ وَمَا كُنتَ ثَاوِيًا فِيَ أَهْلِ مَدْيَنَ تَتْلُواْ عَلَيْهِمَ الْيَتِنَاوَلُكِنَّا ٥٠ ـ ٢٨ مُرْسِلِينَ مُرْسِلِينَ مُرْسِلِينَ

وَمَا كُنتَ تَتْلُواْمِن قَبْلِهِ ☐مِن كِتْبٍ وَلَا تَخُطُّهُ بِيَمِينِكَ ۚ إِذَا لَارْتَابَ ٱلْمُبْطِلُونَ <sup>4</sup>4\_٢٩

رَبَّنَاوَ ٱبْعَثْ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِنْهُمْ يَتُلُو أَعَلَيْهِمْ ءَايْتِكَ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ ٱلْكِتْبَ وَٱلْحِكْمَةَ وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ ۚ إِنَّكَ ٱلْعَزِينُ ١٢٩ \_ ٢ ٱلْحَكِيمُ

كَمَآأَرْسَلْنَافِيكُمْ رَسُولًا مِّنكُمْ يَتُلُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ ءَايْتِنَا وَيُزَكِّيكُمْ وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ ٱلْكِتْبَ وَٱلْحِكُمَةَ ١٠١ كَمَآأَرْسَلْنَافِيكُمْ وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ مَّالَمُ تَكُونُواْ تَعْلَمُونَ وَيُعَلِّمُ كُمُ مَّالَمُ تَكُونُواْ تَعْلَمُونَ

لَقَدْمَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذْبَعَثَ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِّنْ أَنفُسِهِمْ يَتْلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَا يْتِهِ الْوَيُرَكِيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُّ ٱلْحِتْبَ ١٦٤ ٣ ٢ . ٣ وَٱلْحِكْمَةُ وَإِن كَانُواْمِن قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلْلِ مُّبِينِ

رَمَا كَانَرَبُّكَ مُهْلِكَ ٱلْقُرَىٰ حَتَّىٰ يَبْعَثَ فِي أُمِّهَا رَسُولًا يَتْلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَا يُتِنَأُ وَمَا كُنَّا مُهْلِكِي ٱلْقُرَىٰ إِلَّا وَاَهْلُهَا ٥٠ ـ ٢٨ فَلِمُونَ ظَلِمُونَ طَلِمُونَ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَالِيْ عَا عَا اللهُ عَامُهُ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَلَا اللهُ عَاللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْ عَالِمُ عَالِمُ اللهُ عَنْ عَالِمُ عَالِمُ اللهُ عَالِمُ اللهُ عَلَا عَالِمُ عَلَا عَالِمُ عَلَا عَالِمُ عَلَا عَالِمُ عَلَا عَالِمُ عَلَا عَالِمُ عَلَا

هُوَ ٱلَّذِى بَعَثَ فِى ٱلْأُمِيِّنَ رَسُولًا مِّنْهُمْ يَتْلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ الْيَتِهِ الْوَيُوَ كِيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ ٱلْحِكْمَةُ وَإِن كَانُواْ ٢\_٢٢ مَن قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلْلِ مُّبِينِ
مِن قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلْلِ مُّبِينِ

وَٱللَّهُ يَدْعُواْ إِلَىٰ دَارِ ٱلسَّلْمِ وَيَهْدِى مَن يَشَآءُ إِلَىٰ صِرْطٍ مُّسْتَقِيمٍ ٢٠٢٠

يَدْعُواْمِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَالَا يَضُرُّهُ وَمَالَا يَنفَعُهُ وَنْلِكَ هُوَ ٱلضَّلْلُ ٱلْبَعِيدُ ٢٢\_٢

يَدْعُواْلَمَن ضَرُّ هُوَ أَقَرَبُ مِن نَقَعِدِ أَلْبِئْسَ ٱلْمَوْلَىٰ وَلَبِئْسَ ٱلْمَشِيرُ ٢٢\_٢

إِنَّ ٱلشَّيْطُنَ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ فَٱتَّخِذُو مُعَدُوًّا إِنَّمَا يَدْعُو أُحِزْ بَدُولِيَكُونُو اْمِنَ أَصْحُبِ ٱلسَّعِيرِ ٣٥\_٣٥

٣٩\_٨ وَإِذَامَسَّ ٱلْإِنسِّنَ ضُرُّ دَعَارَبَّهُ مُنِيبًا إِلَيْهِ ثُمَّ إِذَا خَوَّلَهُ نِعْمَةٌ مِنْ هُنُسِى مَا كَانَ يَدْعُواْ إِلَيْهِ مِن قَبْلُ وَجَعَلَ لِلَّهِ أَندَادًا ٨٩٥ وَ إِذَا مَسَّ مَا كَانَ يَدْعُواْ إِلَيْهِ مِن قَبْلُ وَجَعَلَ لِلَّهِ إِنَّكُ مِنْ أَصْحُبِ ٱلنَّارِ لِيُضِلَّ عَن سَبِيلِهِ أَقُلْ تَمَتَّعْ بِكُفْرِكَ قَلِيلًا إِنَّكَ مِنْ أَصْحُبِ ٱلنَّارِ

وَمَنْ أَضَلُّ مِمَّن يَدْعُو اْمِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَن لَّا يَسْتَجِيبُ لَهُ ٓ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ ٱلْقِيْمَةِ وَهُمْ عَن دُعَآ بِهِمْ غَفِلُونَ °٢٠٠

فَسَوْفَ يَدْعُواْثُبُورًا ١١\_٨٤

وَإِن طَلَّقْتُمُوهُنَّ مِن قَبْلِ أَن تَمَسُّوهُنَّ وَقَدْ فَرَضْتُم ۚ لَمُنَّ فَرِيضَةُ فَنِصْفُ مَا فَرَضْتُم إِلَّا أَن يَعْفُواْ الَّذِي بِيَدِ الآلَا مِن عَنْوَاْ الْقَرْضِ اللَّقَوْنُ وَلَا تَنسَوُاْ الْفَضْلَ بَيْنَكُمُ إِنَّ اللَّهِ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ وَلا تَنسَوُاْ الْفَضْلَ بَيْنَكُمُ إِنَّ اللَّهِ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ وَلا تَنسَوُاْ الْفَضْلَ بَيْنَكُمُ إِنَّ اللَّهِ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ وَلا تَنسَوُا الْفَضْلَ بَيْنَكُمُ إِنَّ اللَّهِ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ اللَّهُ عِلْمَا اللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فِي اللَّهُ فِي اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللْمُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللِي الللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللِّهُ اللللللْمُ الل

قُلُ هَٰذِهِ السِيلِ اَدْعُواْ إِلَى اللهِ عَلَى بَصِيرَ وَأَنَا وَمَنِ اتَّبَعَنِى وَسُبْحُنَ اللهِ وَمَا أَنَامِنَ الْمُشْرِ كِينَ ١٢\_١١ وَالَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنُهُمُ الْكِتِّبَ يَفْرَ حُونَ بِمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكُ وَمِنَ الْأَحْزَابِ مَن يُنكِرُ بَعْضَهُ وَقُلُ إِنَّمَا أُمِرْ تُ أَنْ أَعْبُدُ اللهَ ٣٦ ١٣ وَالَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنُهُمُ الْكِتِّبَ يَفْرَ حُونَ بِمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمِنَ الْأَحْزَابِ مَن يُنكِرُ بَعْضَهُ وَقُلُ إِنَّهَ أَمْ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ مَعَابِ وَلَا أَشْرِكَ بِهِ أَ إِلَيْهِ أَدْعُواْ وَ إِلَيْهِ مَعَابِ

قُلُ إِنَّمَآ أَدْعُو أُرَبِّي وَلَآ أُشْرِكُ بِمِ الْحَدَّا ٢٠ ٧٢\_

هُنَالِكَ تَبْلُواْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّآ أَسْلَفَتُ وَرُدُواْ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ مَوْلَلْهُمُ ٱلْحَقِّ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ٣٠\_١٠ هُنَالِكَ تَبْلُواْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّآ أَسُلُواْ يَفْتُرُونَ ٣٠\_١٣ يَمْحُواْ ٱللَّهُ مَا يَشَاءُ وَيُثْبِثُ وَعِندَهُ وَالْمُعَالَيْنَ آءُو يُثْبِثُ وَعِندَهُ وَاللَّهُ مَا يَشَعُواْ ٱللَّهُ مَا يَشَاءُ وَيُثْبِثُ وَعِندَهُ وَاللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُواْ ٱللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُواْ اللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُونُ اللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُواْ اللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُونُ اللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُونُ اللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُونُ اللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُونُ اللَّهُ مَا يَعْمُونُ اللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُونُ اللَّهُ مَا يَعْمُ اللَّهُ مَا يَعْمُ اللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُونُ اللَّهُ مَا يَعْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَعَنْدُواْ اللَّهُ مُا اللَّهُ مَا يَشْعُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَعَنْدُواْ اللَّهُ مَا يَعْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَعَنْدُوا لَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَعَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَعَنْدُوا لَهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ مَا يَعْلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللْعُلِيلُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللْعُلْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللْعُلْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ الْعُلْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ الْعُلِيلُونُ اللَّهُ الْعُلِمُ عَلَيْكُونُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُوا اللْعُلُولُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ الْعُلِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللْعُلُولُ الْ