

## oops assesment

June 9, 2023

```
[ ]: #Q1
```

```
[19]: class vehicle :  
        def __init__(self, name_of_vehicle, max_speed, average_of_vechile):  
            self.name_of_vehicle = name_of_vehicle  
            self.max_speed = max_speed  
            self.average_of_vehicle = average_of_vechile  
        def return_vehicle_details(self):  
            return self.name_of_vehicle, self.max_speed, self.average_of_vehicle
```

```
[20]: my_car = vehicle ('B_m_w',420 ,42)
```

```
[21]: print(my_car.name_of_vehicle)
```

B\_m\_w

```
[22]: print(my_car.max_speed)
```

420

```
[23]: print(my_car.average_of_vehicle)
```

42

```
[ ]: #Q2
```

```
[42]: class car(vehicle) :  
        def __init__(self, seating_capacity) :  
            self.seating_capacity = seating_capacity  
        def return_car_vehcile(self):  
            return self.name_of_vehicle , self.seating_capacity
```

```
[43]: my_car_seating = car (5)
```

```
[46]: print(my_car.name_of_vehicle , my_car_seating.seating_capacity)
```

B\_m\_w 5

```
[ ]: #Q3
```

```
[ ]: 'multiple inheritance we can use parent class inside the sub class this sub_
    ↳class used inside another sub class'
```

```
[51]: class class1():
        def test_class1(self):
            return 'I am getting attract towards coding'
```

```
[52]: class class2(class1):
        def test_class2(self):
            return ' oh!! my god help him to get sucess in his life'
```

```
[53]: class class3(class2):
        def test_class3(self):
            return 'thanks man'
```

```
[54]: obj_class3=class3()
```

```
[55]: obj_class3.test_class1()
```

```
[55]: 'I am getting attract towards coding'
```

```
[56]: obj_class3.test_class2()
```

```
[56]: ' oh!! my god help him to get sucess in his life'
```

```
[57]: obj_class3.test_class3()
```

```
[57]: 'thanks man'
```

```
[ ]: #Q4
```

```
[ ]: 'getter is used to return the value under the created class inside the object'
    'setter is used to modified the value under the created class inside the object'
```

```
[81]: class person():
        def __int__(self,name):
            self.name=name
        def get_name(self):
            return self.name
        def set_name(self,name):
            self.name = name
```

```
[90]: person=Person('chirag')
        print(person.get_name())
```

```
person.set_name('shashank')
print(person.get_name())
```

chirag  
shashank

[ ]: #Q5

[ ]: 'method overriding in python is a feature which help to create different  
↳ implementation of subclass which is already present in the parent class'

```
[96]: class animal:
        def sound (self):
            print('the sound effect of the animal')
    class cat(animal):
        def sound (self):
            print ("meow")
    class tiger(animal):
        def sound(self):
            print('baaaaaaaa')
```

```
[97]: cat=cat()
        tiger=tiger()
```

```
[98]: cat.sound()
```

meow

```
[99]: tiger.sound()
```

baaaaaaaa

[ ]:

[ ]: