

assessment6

June 11, 2023

```
[ ]: #Q1
```

```
[ ]: 'abstraction in the oops is defined as the structure for the object which is_
      ↳present inside the class'
      'abstraction it provide for the other class but cannot instantiaed(means cannot_
      ↳create the object for itself'
```

```
[2]: import abc
      class myownclass :
          @abc.abstractmethod
          def students_details(self):
              pass
          @abc.abstractmethod
          def students_assignment(self):
              pass
          @abc.abstractmethod
          def students_marks(self):
              pass
```

```
[5]: class data_science_master(myownclass):
      def students_details(self):
          return 'this will return a students details for data science master'
      def students_assignment(self):
          return 'this will give you a student assignment detail for data science_
      ↳'
```

```
[8]: dsm = data_science_master()
      dsm.students_details()
```

```
[8]: 'this will return a students details for data science master'
```

```
[9]: dsm.students_assignment()
```

```
[9]: 'this will give you a student assignment detail for data science '
```

```
[ ]: #Q2
```

```
[ ]: 'abstraction is the fundamental principal in the oops lang'  
'it is used to give the structure for the object which is inside the class'  
'as it helps in keeping the code clean reuseability of the class'  
'it consume less memory'  
'it gives high level view of the system'  
'it helps in managing the complexity of the code'
```

```
[10]: import abc  
class myownclass :  
    @abc.abstractmethod  
    def students_details(self):  
        pass  
    @abc.abstractmethod  
    def students_assignment(self):  
        pass  
    @abc.abstractmethod  
    def students_marks(self):  
        pass
```

```
[11]: class web_devlopement(myownclass):  
    def students_details(self):  
        return 'enter the students details for web devlopement'  
    def students_assignment(self):  
        return ' upload the assignment in github submit only the link'
```

```
[18]: web = web_devlopement()
```

```
[19]: web.students_details()
```

```
[19]: 'enter the students details for web devlopement'
```

```
[21]: web.students_assignment()
```

```
[21]: ' upload the assignment in github submit only the link'
```

```
[ ]: 'encapsulation it is about buliding the data in a single unit and protect the  
    ↳data from the external access'  
'it provide protection for the data '  
'the data can also be modified by the user by if it is allowed'  
'the modification and external code implementation is easily without distrubing  
    ↳the internal function'
```

```
[1]: class bank_account :  
    def __init__(self,balance):  
        self.__balance= balance  
    def deposit(self ,amount):
```

```

        self.__balance = self.__balance + amount
    def withdraw(self , amount):
        if self.__balance >= amount :
            self.__balance = self.__balance - amount
            return True
        else:
            return False
    def get_balance(self):
        return self.__balance

```

```
[2]: chirag = bank_account(10000)
```

```
[3]: chirag.get_balance()
```

```
[3]: 10000
```

```
[4]: chirag.deposit(1000)
```

```
[5]: chirag.get_balance()
```

```
[5]: 11000
```

```
[7]: chirag.withdraw(1000)
```

```
[7]: True
```

```
[8]: chirag.get_balance()
```

```
[8]: 10000
```

```
[ ]: #Q3
```

```

[ ]: 'abc is the inbuilt module which contain the abstraction method etc'
     'abc stands for abstract base class it cannot be access directly but just a
     ↳blueprint of class
     for eg

```

```

[ ]: 'interface abc allows the common interface for the subclass we can specifies
     ↳the method which can de implented'

```

```

[ ]: 'enfoucement of sub class the abc module allows us to enforce certian
     ↳behaviour of the subclass it must be implemented for the subclass'

```

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[ ]:
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```
'polymorphism and code reuse as abc module is like polymorphism we can use_
↳this module multiple time in diff class it can be implemented by the same_
↳class interface defined by the base class it allows use to generate code_
↳that can work in any class '
```

```
[ ]: to use abc module typically we need to import ('import abc') we can use this as_
↳the decorator as a special property @abstractmethod,_
↳@abstractproperty,@abstractclassmethod
```

```
[ ]: #Q4
```

```
[ ]: 'data abstraction can be accessed through class and object'
```

```
[ ]: 1. 'finding the real data which we want to encapsulate or modify the data'
```

```
[ ]: 2. 'define the class and the object for the particular data'
```

```
[ ]: 3. 'encapsulation where the data is cannot be modified by user if he need to_
↳modify he need to modify it can be done by passing a particular command_
↳which is done in programming'
```

```
[ ]: 4.'define the method which allows us to encapsulate the object method with in_
↳the class which can allow the public interface keeping the private data_
↳hidden'
```

```
[ ]: 5.'creating the object class by calling the class constructor as it represent_
↳the specific instance for the class
```

```
[ ]: 6.'the data which is need accessed through the public method with the defined_
↳method'
```

```
[ ]: #Q5
```

```
[ ]: 'no we cannot create any instance of class because the abstract class it serves_
↳the blueprint as it cannot be instantiated directly'
```

```
[ ]: for eg
```

```
[ ]: 'in python we use the inherit abc module and the abc.ABC subclass to define the_
↳abstract class now you need to get inherit from abc.ABC subclass so we use_
↳decorator to mark such function @abstract method'
```

```
[ ]: 'basically in simple word instance which is need to be created immediately eg_
↳object of car or def car whereas the abstract is just the blueprint which_
↳helps use to maintain a neat structure'
```

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[ ]:
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[]: