17.3 均勻磁场对载流线圈的作用

如图,均匀磁场中有一矩 形载流线圈abcd

$$ad = bc = l_1, ab = cd = l_2$$

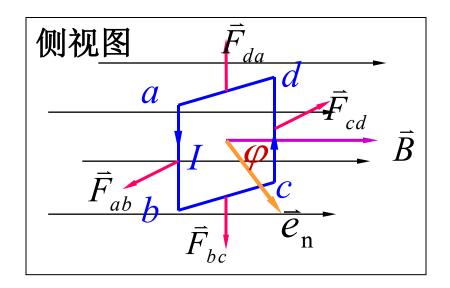
$$\vec{F}_{ab} = BIl_2$$

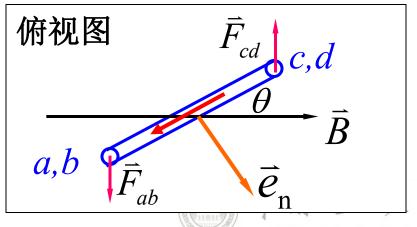
$$\vec{F}_{cd} = -\vec{F}_{ab}$$

$$F_{da} = BIl_1 \sin(\pi - \theta)$$

$$\vec{F}_{bc} = -\vec{F}_{ad}$$

安培定律: $d\vec{F} = Id\vec{l} \times \vec{R}$







合力为零,力矩呢?

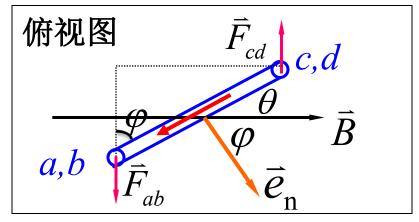
$$M_{\triangleq} = M_{ab} + M_{cd} = 2F_{ab} \cdot \frac{1}{2} ad \sin \varphi$$
$$= BIl_2 l_1 \sin \varphi = BIS \sin \varphi \quad \Box \perp$$

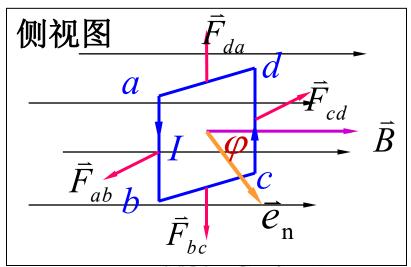
$$\vec{M} = IS\vec{e}_{n} \times \vec{B} = \vec{p}_{m} \times \vec{B}$$

N匝 线圈
$$\vec{M} = NIS\vec{e}_n \times \vec{B}$$

□结论:均匀磁场中, 任意形状刚性闭合平面 通电线圈所受的力和力 矩为 $\vec{F} = 0$, $\vec{M} = \vec{p}_m \times \vec{B}$

$\vec{p}_m = IS\vec{e}_n$





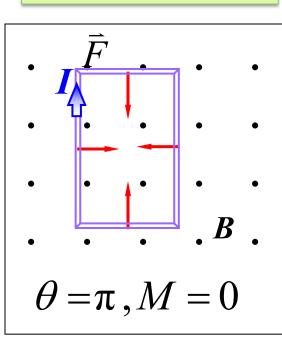


$$\vec{M} = IS\vec{e}_n \times \vec{B} = \vec{p}_m \times \vec{B}$$
 讨论:

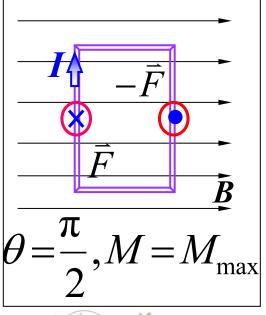
(1) \vec{e}_n 与 \vec{B} 同向 (2) 方向相反 (3) 方向垂直

稳定平衡

不稳定平衡



力矩最大



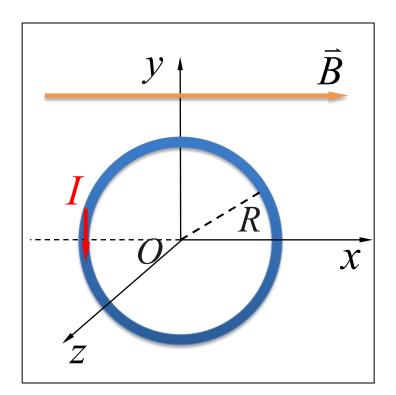


对题1

如图半径为R,电流为I,可绕轴旋转的圆形载流线圈放在均匀磁场中,磁感应强度为B,方向沿x轴正向。问线圈所受的磁力矩为多少?

解:
$$\vec{p}_m = IS\vec{k} = I \pi R^2 \vec{k}$$

 $\vec{B} = B\vec{i}$
 $\vec{M} = \vec{p}_m \times \vec{B}$
 $= I \pi R^2 B \vec{k} \times \vec{i}$
 $= I \pi R^2 B \vec{j}$

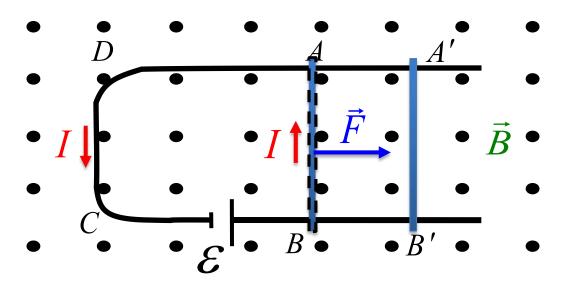




17.4 磁力版功

▶载流导线在磁场中运动时磁力所作的功

$$A = F \cdot AA' = BIlAA'$$



$$\Delta \Phi = \Phi_t - \Phi_0 = BlDA' - BlDA = BlAA'$$

磁力所作的功: $A = I\Delta\Phi$

如果电流保持不变,磁力所作的功等于电流乘以通过回路所环绕的面积内磁通量的增量。

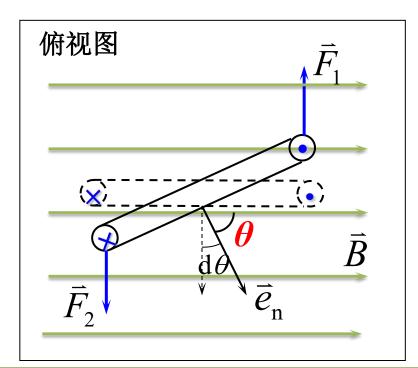


磁力做劲

>载流线圈在磁场中转动时磁场力的功(从虚线到实线)

力矩的功:
$$A = \int -M d\theta$$

磁力矩: $M = BIS \sin \theta$
 $A = \int -BIS \sin \theta d\theta$
 $= I \int d(BS \cos \theta)$
 $= I \int d\Phi = I \Delta \Phi$



在均匀磁场中,对任一形状的闭合电流回路(电流不变),不论是形状改变还是位置改变,磁力或磁力矩作的功都等于电流与磁通增量的乘积 $A = I\Delta\Phi$ 。



对题2

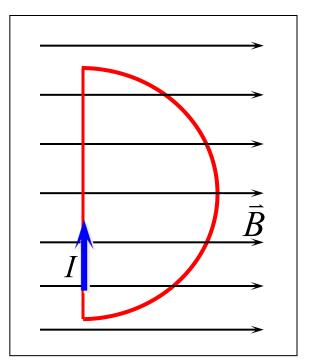
有一半径为R的闭合载流线圈,通过电流I。今把它放在均匀磁场中,磁感应强度为B,其方向与线圈平面平行。求(1)以直径为转轴,线圈所受磁力矩的大小和方向;(2)在磁力矩作用下,线圈转过90°,磁力矩做了多少功?

解: (1)
$$\vec{M} = \vec{p}_m \times \vec{B}$$

$$M = p_m B \sin \theta$$

$$\therefore \quad \theta = 90^{\circ} \qquad \qquad p_{m} = I \cdot \frac{\pi R^{2}}{2}$$

$$\therefore M = \frac{1}{2}\pi IBR^2$$
 方向: 向下



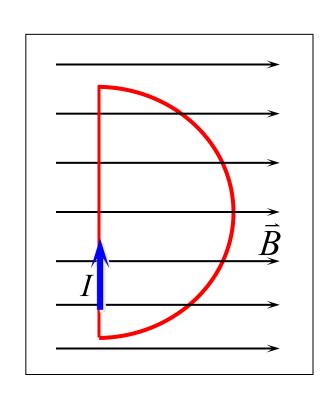


(2) 在磁力矩作用下,线圈转过90°,磁力矩做了多少功?

线圈转过90°时,磁通量的增量为

$$\Delta \Phi = \frac{\pi R^2}{2} B - 0 = \frac{\pi R^2}{2} B$$

$$A = I\Delta\Phi = \frac{\pi R^2}{2}BI$$



注意: 计算磁通量时面元的方向与电流方向满足右手螺旋。



本章作业

新教材P132~135习题 1, 4, 7, 11, 15 (共5题)

注意

□ 本章作业和第18章作业一起交

