## 1. Single Noun

A single word naming a person, place, thing, or idea.

- Dogs bark at strangers.
- Water is essential for life.

### 2. Pronoun

A pronoun replacing a noun.

- **She** runs every morning.
- They are my friends.

## 3. Proper Noun

The specific name of a person, place, or organization.

- Michael is a great guitarist.
- Seoul is the capital of South Korea.

### 4. Noun Phrase

A group of words acting together as a noun.

• The tall man in a blue suit is my uncle.

That big house on the corner is for sale.

## 5. Compound Subject

Two or more subjects joined by and, or, or nor.

- Tom and Jerry are famous cartoon characters.
- Either the teacher or the students are responsible.

## 6. Gerund (-ing form)

A verb form acting as a noun.

- **Swimming** is my favorite hobby.
- Reading helps you learn faster.

#### 7. Infinitive Phrase

"To" + base verb, acting as a noun.

- To travel is my dream.
- To speak English fluently takes practice.

# 8. Clause as a Subject

A whole clause (with its own subject and verb) acting as the subject of the main sentence.

- What you said is true.
- That she passed the exam surprised everyone.

# 9. Dummy "It"

Used when the real subject comes later or is unimportant in itself.

- It is raining.
- It seems that they are ready.

# 10. Dummy "There"

Introduces the existence of something; the real subject follows the verb.

- There is a book on the table.
- There are many reasons to visit Jeju.

# 11. Imperative (You implied)

The subject "you" is not stated but understood.

- (You) Sit down.
- (You) **Close** the door.

All types of the subject

Part 2.

#### 1. Single Noun

• Birds sing.

2. Pronoun	
They arrived.	
3. Proper Noun	
Maria smiled.	
4. Noun Phrase (Simple)	
The little boy laughed.	
5. Noun Phrase (Expanded)	
The tall man in the black coat waved at me.	
6. Compound Subject (Two Nouns)	
Tom and Jerry are best friends.	
7. Compound Subject (Noun + Pronoun)	
My teacher and I went to the library.	
8. Gerund	

• **Swimming** is fun.

9. Gerund Phrase	
•	Swimming in the ocean relaxes me.
	finitive To learn takes time.
	finitive Phrase  To learn a new language requires patience.
	ause as Subject (That-clause)  That she passed the exam made everyone happy.
	ause as Subject (Wh-clause) What you said is true.
	omplex Noun Phrase + Clause  The idea that we should recycle more is gaining popularity.
15. Cc	ompound Subject with Clauses

• What you said and how you said it matter equally.

#### 16. Mixed Compound Subject (Phrase + Clause)

• The tall man at the corner and what he was holding caught my attention.

#### 17. Highly Complex Compound Subject

• The fact that she moved to Canada last year and her decision to start a new business there surprised us all.

#### 18. Extremely Complex Layered Subject

• The belief that people can achieve anything they set their minds to, and the determination to work tirelessly toward those goals, even when the odds are against them is what drives great leaders forward.

All types of the Subject

Part 3