

CoolMOS[™] Power Transistor

Features

- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant; available in Halogen free mold compound^{a)}
- Ultra low gate charge
- Ultra low effective capacitances

CoolMOS[™] 800V designed for:

- Industrial application with high DC bulk voltage
- Switching Application (i.e. active clamp forward)

Туре	Package	Marking	
SPD02N80C3	PG-TO252-3	02N80C3	

Maximum ratings, at T_j =25 °C, unless	ss otherwi	se specified	
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value
Continuous drain current	I _D	T _C =25 °C	2
		T _C =100 °C	1.2
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	I _{D,pulse}	T _C =25 °C	6

Product Summary

V _{DS}	800	V
$R_{DS(on)max}$ @ $T_j = 25$ °C	2.7	Ω
Q _{g,typ}	12	nC







Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	value	Unit
Continuous drain current	I _D	T _C =25 °C	2	А
		T _C =100 °C	1.2	
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	I _{D,pulse}	T _C =25 °C	6	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E _{AS}	$I_{\rm D}$ =1 A, $V_{\rm DD}$ =50 V	90	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive $t_{\rm AR}^{\ \ 2),3)}$	E_{AR}	I_{D} =2 A, V_{DD} =50 V	0.05	
Avalanche current, repetitive $t_{AR}^{2),3)}$	I _{AR}		2	А
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	V _{DS} =0640 V	50	V/ns
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	static	±20	V
		AC (f>1 Hz)	±30	
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	T _C =25 °C	42	W
Operating and storage temperature	$T_{\rm j},T_{\rm stg}$		-55 150	°C

a) non-Halogen free (OPN: SPD02N80C3BT); Halogen free (OPN: SPD02N80C3AT)



Maximum ratings, at T_j =25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous diode forward current	Is	Т _С =25 °С	2	А
Diode pulse current ²⁾	I _{S,pulse}	7 _C -23 C	6	
Reverse diode $dv/dt^{4)}$	dv/dt		4	V/ns

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Values		Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal characteristics						
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}		-	-	3	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction -	R_{thJA}	SMD version, device on PCB, minimal footprint	-	-	62	
ambient		SMD version, device on PCB, 6 cm ² cooling area ⁵⁾	-	35	ı	
Soldering temperature, reflow soldering	T_{sold}	reflow MSL1			260	°C

Electrical characteristics, at T_j =25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Static characteristics

Drain-source breakdown voltage	V _{(BR)DSS}	V _{GS} =0 V, I _D =250 μA	800	-	-	V
Avalanche breakdown voltage	V _{(BR)DS}	V _{GS} =0 V, I _D =2 A	ı	870	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{\rm GS(th)}$	$V_{\rm DS}=V_{\rm GS}$, $I_{\rm D}=0.12$ mA	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} =800 V, V _{GS} =0 V, T _j =25 °C	ı	ı	5	μΑ
		V _{DS} =800 V, V _{GS} =0 V, T _j =150 °C	ı	25	ı	
Gate-source leakage current	I _{GSS}	V _{GS} =20 V, V _{DS} =0 V	ı	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{ ext{DS(on)}}$	$V_{\rm GS}$ =10 V, $I_{\rm D}$ =1.2 A, $T_{\rm j}$ =25 °C	1	2.4	2.7	Ω
		$V_{\rm GS}$ =10 V, $I_{\rm D}$ =1.2 A, $T_{\rm j}$ =150 °C	-	6.5	-	
Gate resistance	R_{G}	f=1 MHz, open drain	-	1.2	-	Ω



Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic characteristics						
Input capacitance	C _{iss}	V _{GS} =0 V, V _{DS} =100 V,	-	290	-	pF
Output capacitance	Coss	f=1 MHz	-	13	-	
Effective output capacitance, energy related ⁶⁾	$C_{ m o(er)}$	$V_{\rm GS}$ =0 V, $V_{\rm DS}$ =0 V	-	11	-	
Effective output capacitance, time related ⁷⁾	$C_{ m o(tr)}$	to 480 V	-	26	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$		-	25	-	ns
Rise time	t _r	V_{DD} =400 V, V_{GS} =0/10 V, I_{D} =2 A,	-	15	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	R_{G} =47 ?, T_{j} =25 °C	-	72	-	
Fall time	t_{f}		-	18	-	
Gate Charge Characteristics					-	
Gate to source charge	Q _{gs}		-	1.5	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	V _{DD} =640 V, I _D =2 A,	-	6	-	
Gate charge total	Qg	V _{GS} =0 to 10 V	-	12	16]
Gate plateau voltage	V _{plateau}		•	5.5	-	V
Reverse Diode						
Diode forward voltage	V _{SD}	$V_{GS}=0 \text{ V}, I_{F}=I_{S}=2 \text{ A}, T_{j}=25 \text{ °C}$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr}		-	520	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr}	V_R =400 V, I_F = I_S =2 A, di_F/dt =100 A/ μ s	-	2	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	/ _{rrm}]	-	6	-	А

¹⁾ J-STD20 and JESD22

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{i,max}$

³⁾ Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV} = E_{AR} * f$.

 $^{^{4)}}$ $I_{SD} = I_D$, $di/dt = 400 A/\mu s$, $V_{DClink} = 400 V$, $V_{peak} < V_{(BR)DSS}$, $T_j < T_{jmax}$, identical low side and high side switch

⁵⁾ Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5 epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air

 $^{^{6)}}$ $C_{\rm o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as $C_{\rm oss}$ while $V_{\rm DS}$ is rising from 0 to 80% $V_{\rm DSS}$.

 $^{^{7)}}$ $C_{\rm o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as $C_{\rm oss}$ while $V_{\rm DS}$ is rising from 0 to 80% $V_{\rm DSS}$.



1 Power dissipation

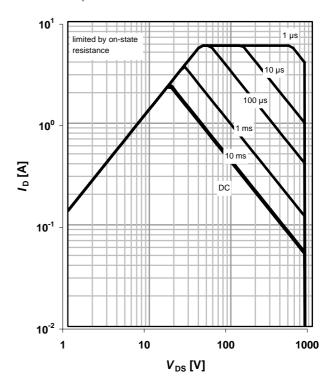
$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_{\text{C}})$

50 40 30 20 10 0 0 25 50 75 100 125 150 T_C [°C]

2 Safe operating area

 $I_{D}=f(V_{DS}); T_{C}=25 \text{ °C}; D=0$

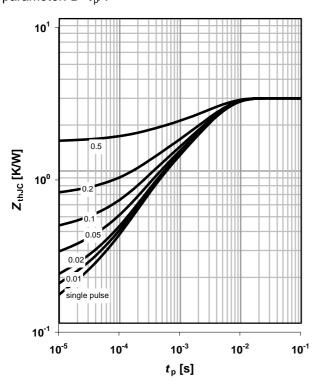
parameter: t_p



3 Max. transient thermal impedance

 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_P)$

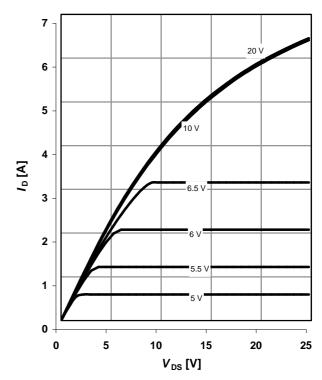
parameter: $D=t_p/T$



4 Typ. output characteristics

 $I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_j=25 \text{ °C}; t_p=10 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

parameter: V_{GS}

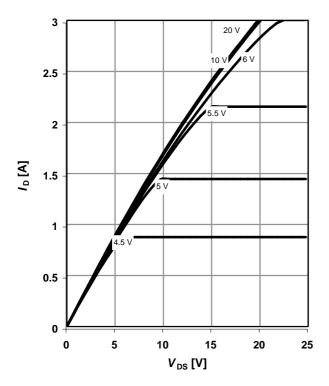




5 Typ. output characteristics

 $I_{\rm D} = f(V_{\rm DS}); T_{\rm j} = 150 \, {\rm ^{\circ}C}; t_{\rm p} = 10 \, \mu {\rm s}$

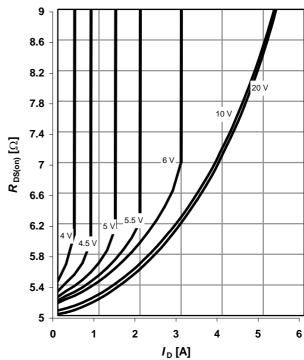
parameter: V_{GS}



6 Typ. drain-source on-state resistance

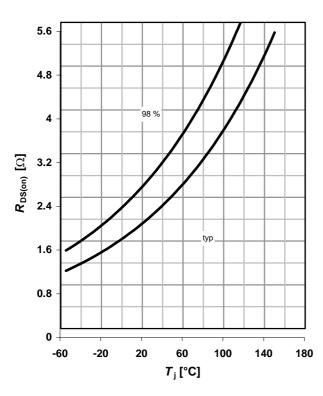
 $R_{DS(on)}=f(I_D); T_j=150 °C$

parameter: V_{GS}



7 Drain-source on-state resistance

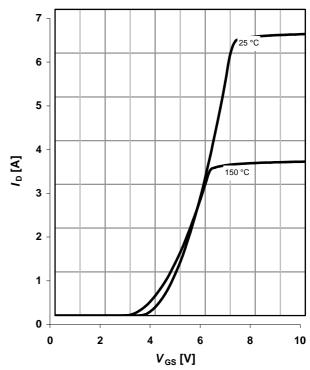
 $R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 1.2 A; V_{GS} = 10 V$



8 Typ. transfer characteristics

 $I_{\rm D} = f(V_{\rm GS}); |V_{\rm DS}| > 2|I_{\rm D}|R_{\rm DS(on)max}; t_{\rm p} = 10 \ \mu s$

parameter: T_i

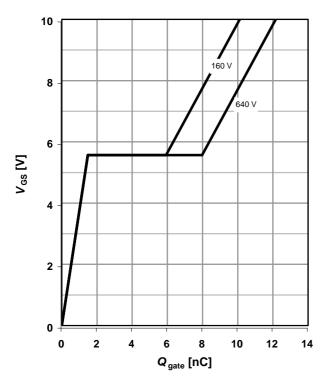




9 Typ. gate charge

 V_{GS} =f(Q_{gate}); I_D =2 A pulsed

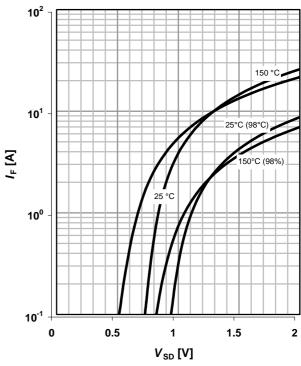
parameter: V_{DD}



10 Forward characteristics of reverse diode

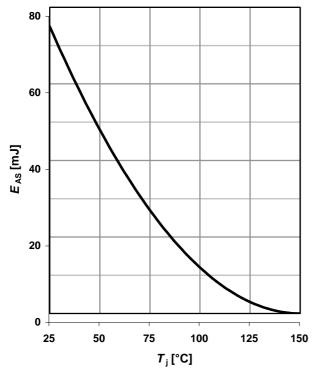
 $I_{\text{F}}=f(V_{\text{SD}}); t_{\text{p}}=10 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

parameter: T_j



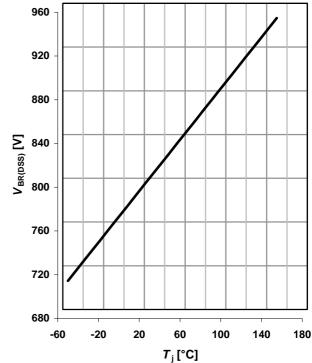
11 Avalanche energy

 $E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=1 A; V_{DD}=50 V$



12 Drain-source breakdown voltage

 $V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_j); I_D=0.25 \text{ mA}$



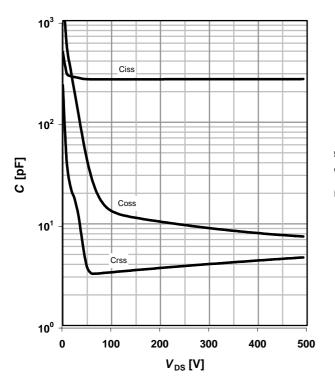


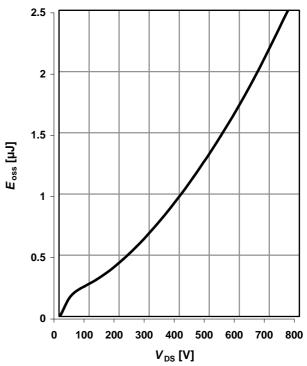
13 Typ. capacitances

C= $f(V_{DS})$; V_{GS} =0 V; f=1 MHz

14 Typ. Coss stored energy

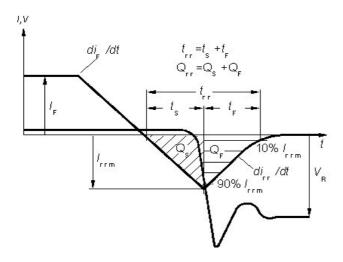
$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$





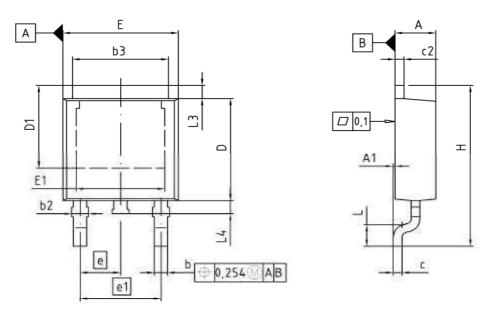


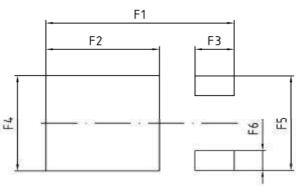
Definition of diode switching characteristics



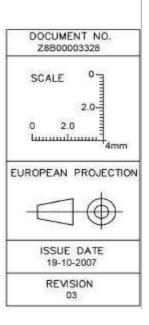


PG-TO252-3: Outline





DIM	MILLIM	ETERS	INCH	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	2.16	2.41	0.085	0.095
A1	0.00	0.15	0.000	0.006
b	0.64	0.89	0.025	0.035
b2	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
b3	5,00	5.50	0.197	0.217
C	0.46	0.60	0.018	0.024
c2	0.46	0.98	0.018	0.039
D	5.97	6.22	0.235	0.245
D1	5.02	5.84	0.198	0.230
E	6.40	6.73	0.252	0.265
E1	4.70	5.21	0.185	0.205
ө	2.	29	0.0	90
e1	4.	57	0.1	180
N		3		3
H	9.40	10.48	0.370	0.413
L	1.18	1.70	0.046	0.067
L3	0,90	1.25	0.035	0.049
L4	0.51	1.00	0.020	0.039
F1	10.50	10.70	0.413	0.421
F2	6.30	6.50	0.248	0.256
F3	2.10	2.30	0.083	0.091
F4	5.70	5.90	0.224	0.232
F5	5,66	5.86	0.223	0.231
F6	1.10	1.30	0.043	0.051





Published by Infineon Technologies AG 81726 Munich, Germany © 2008 Infineon Technologies AG All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office. Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.