

Tackling Climate Change with Machine Learning

CIS 522

4/21/20



Climate change

“Human influence on the climate system is **clear and growing**”

~ UN Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)

Increasingly severe impacts

- Storms, droughts, fires, flooding, extreme heat, etc.
- Some places hit harder than others

Need net-zero greenhouse gas emissions within 30 years (IPCC)

- Emissions are **still increasing** each year

Climate feedbacks - e.g. reduced albedo, permafrost melt

What it means to tackle climate change

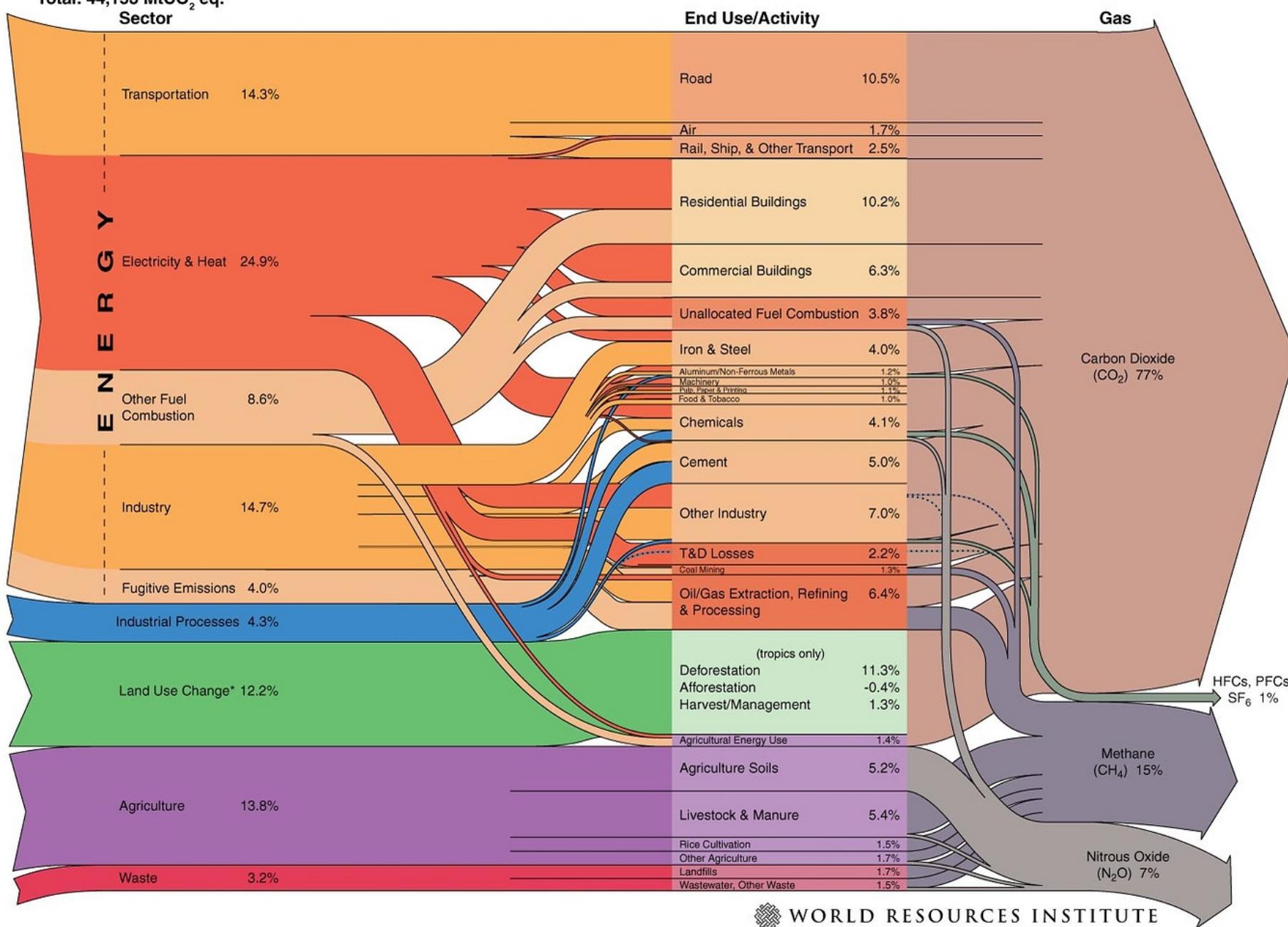
Climate change is not an on/off switch

Mitigation: Reducing greenhouse gas emissions

Adaptation: Resilience to consequences of climate change

World Greenhouse Gas Emissions in 2005

Total: 44,153 MtCO₂ eq.



WORLD RESOURCES INSTITUTE

Tackling Climate Change with Machine Learning

David Rolnick^{1*}, Priya L. Donti², Lynn H. Kaack³, Kelly Kochanski⁴, Alexandre Lacoste⁵, Kris Sankaran^{6,7}, Andrew Slavin Ross⁸, Nikola Milojevic-Dupont^{9,10}, Natasha Jaques¹¹, Anna Waldman-Brown¹¹, Alexandra Luccioni^{6,7}, Tegan Maharaj^{6,7}, Evan D. Sherwin², S. Karthik Mukkavilli^{6,7}, Konrad P. Kording¹, Carla Gomes¹², Andrew Y. Ng¹³, Demis Hassabis¹⁴, John C. Platt¹⁵, Felix Creutzig^{9,10}, Jennifer Chayes¹⁶, Yoshua Bengio^{6,7}

¹University of Pennsylvania, ²Carnegie Mellon University, ³ETH Zürich, ⁴University of Colorado Boulder,

⁵Element AI, ⁶Mila, ⁷Université de Montréal, ⁸Harvard University,

⁹Mercator Research Institute on Global Commons and Climate Change, ¹⁰Technische Universität Berlin,

¹¹Massachusetts Institute of Technology, ¹²Cornell University, ¹³Stanford University,

¹⁴DeepMind, ¹⁵Google AI, ¹⁶Microsoft Research

Many ways to have an impact

	Causal inference	Computer vision	Interpretable ML	NLP	RL & Control	Time-series analysis	Transfer learning	Uncertainty quantification	Unsupervised learning										
Mitigation																			
1 Electricity systems																			
Enabling low-carbon electricity	•	•		•	•			•	•										
Reducing current-system impacts	•				•		•	•	•										
Enabling global impact	•									•									
2 Transportation																			
Reducing transport activity	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•									
Improving vehicle efficiency	•	•	•		•	•													
Alternative fuels and electrification		•	•		•	•													
Shifting transportation modes	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•									
3 Buildings and cities																			
Optimizing buildings	•				•	•	•	•	•	•									
Urban planning		•				•	•	•	•	•									
The future of cities			•			•	•	•	•	•									
4 Industry																			
Supply chains		•			•														
Materials and construction	•				•			•											
Production and energy	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•									
5 Farms and forests																			
Remote sensing of emissions		•																	
Precision agriculture					•														
Protecting peatlands		•																	
Managing forests		•																	
6 Carbon dioxide removal								•	•	•									
Adaptation																			
7 Climate prediction																			
Uniting data, ML and climate science	•	•	•																
Forecasting extreme events		•	•																
8 Societal impacts																			
Ecology										•									
Infrastructure											•								
Social systems										•	•								
Crisis										•	•								
9 Solar geoengineering																			
Understanding and improving aerosols																•			
Control systems engineering															•	•			
Modeling impacts																			
Tools for Action																			
10 Tools for individuals																			
Personal and household impacts	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•									
Modeling consumer behavior																			
11 Tools for society																•	•	•	•
12 Education																•	•	•	•
13 Finance																•	•	•	•

ML is one piece of the puzzle

ML is a powerful tool, **not a silver bullet**

- Many problems don't need ML, or don't need fancy ML
- ML can be used in counterproductive ways too!

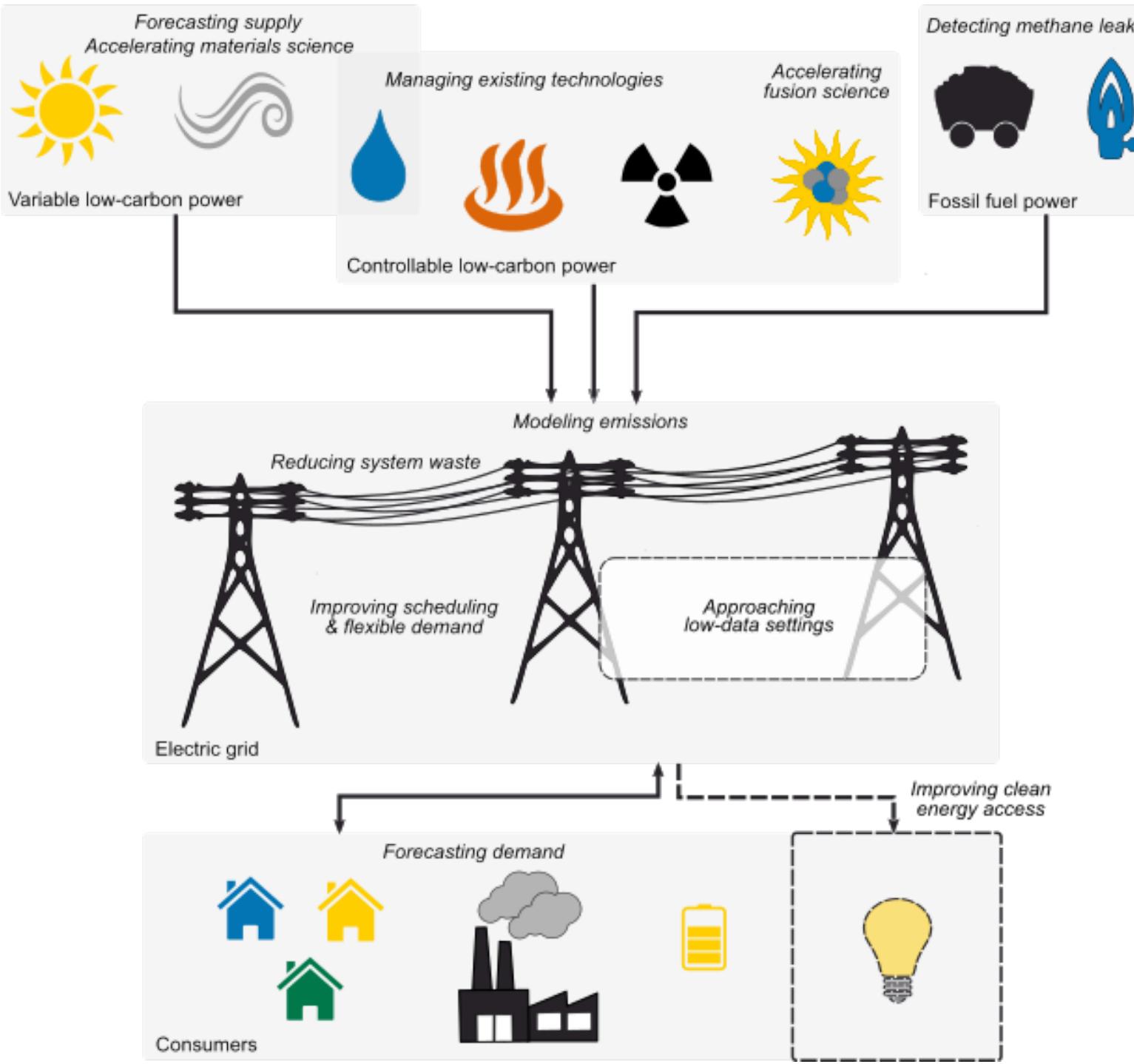
Assessing impact is hard

- Jevons paradox
- Long-term vs short-term effects

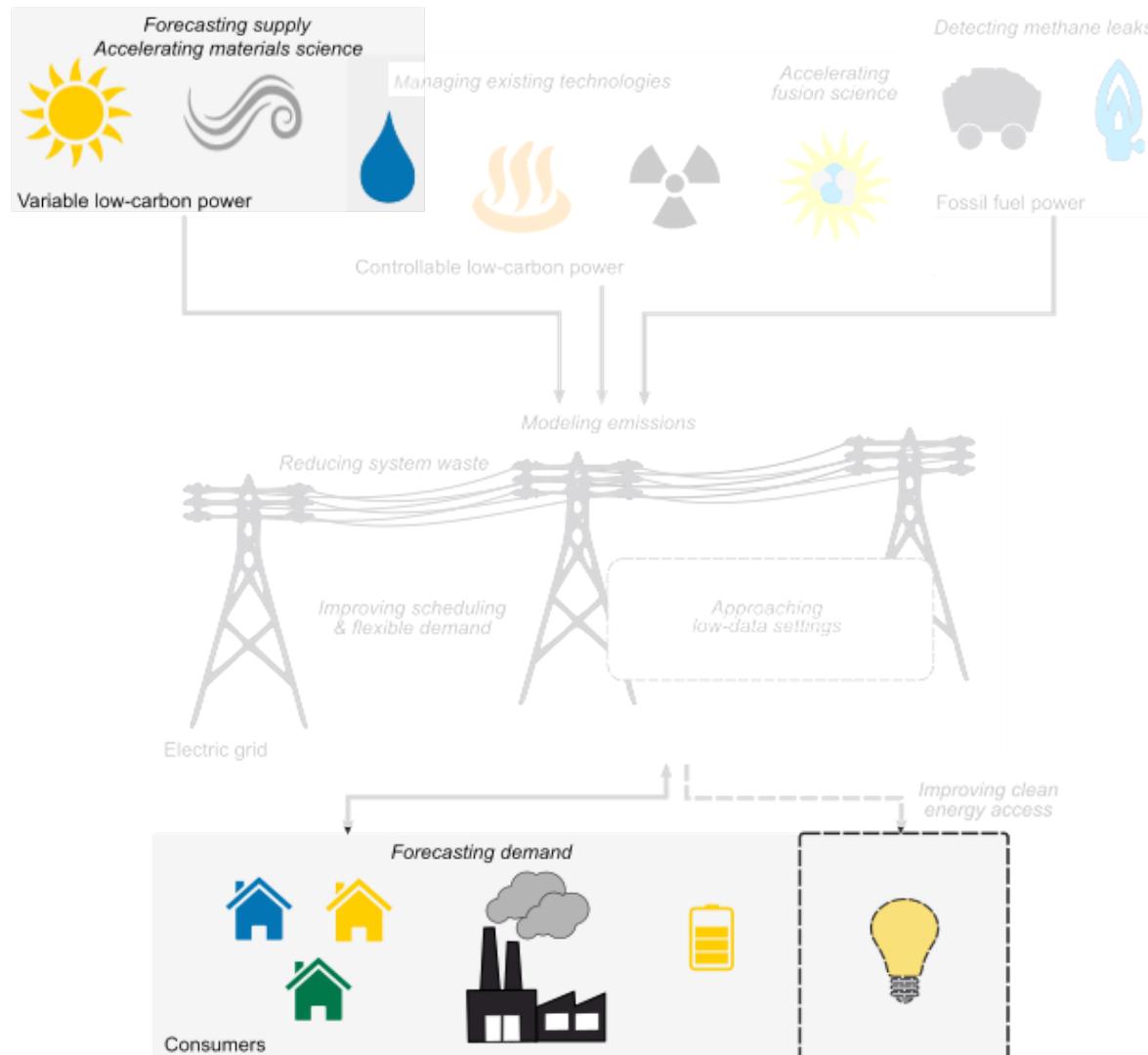
Takeaway: work with domain experts outside ML

Example opportunities

Electricity systems



Electricity Systems >> Forecasting supply & demand



Need: Scheduling and planning

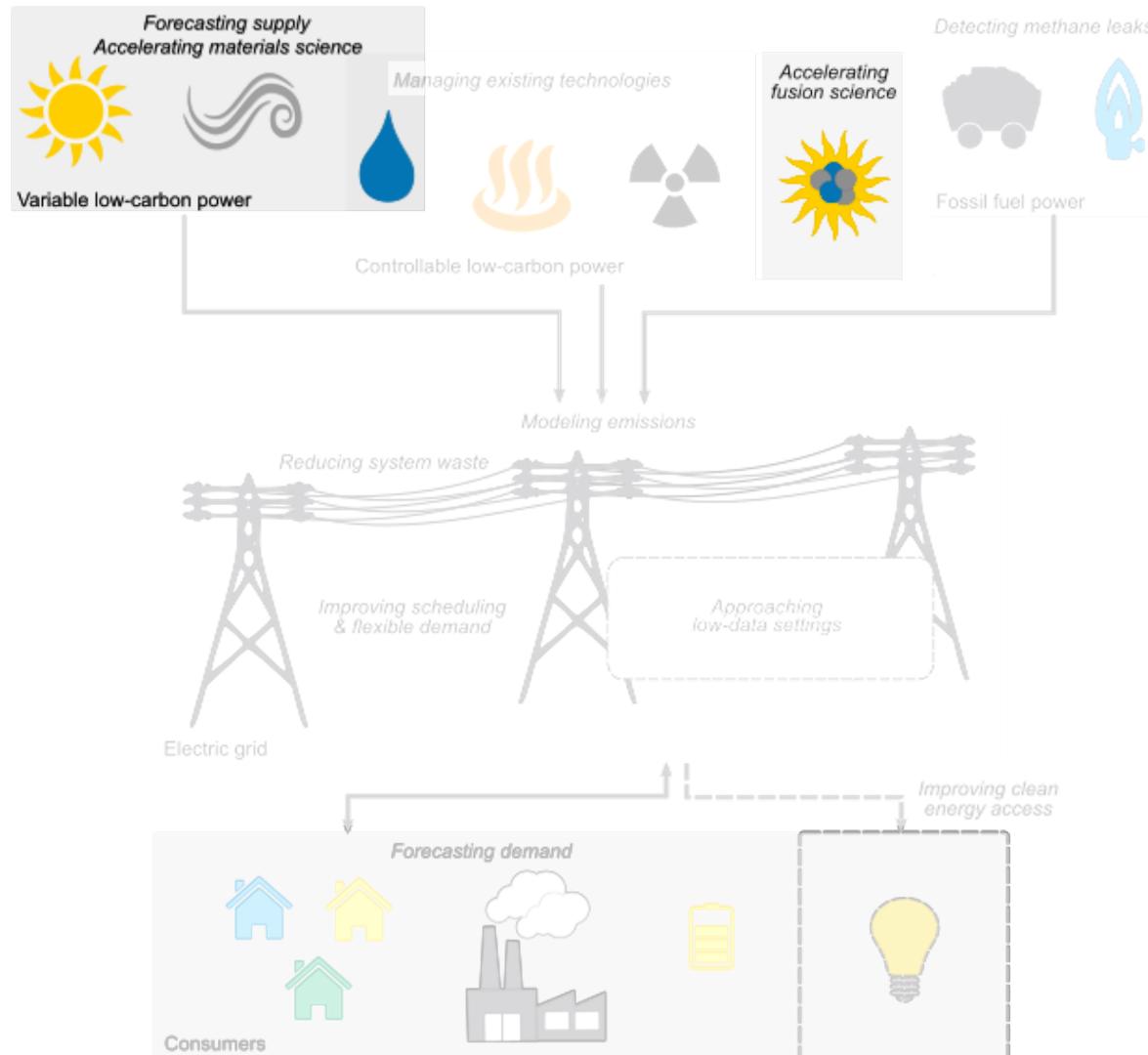
ML: Short- and long-term forecasts

- Historical data, physical model outputs, image/video data

Recommendations for ML:

- Incorporate system physics & goals
- Characterize uncertainty
- Interpretable forecasts

Electricity Systems >> Accelerating experimentation



Need: New clean technologies

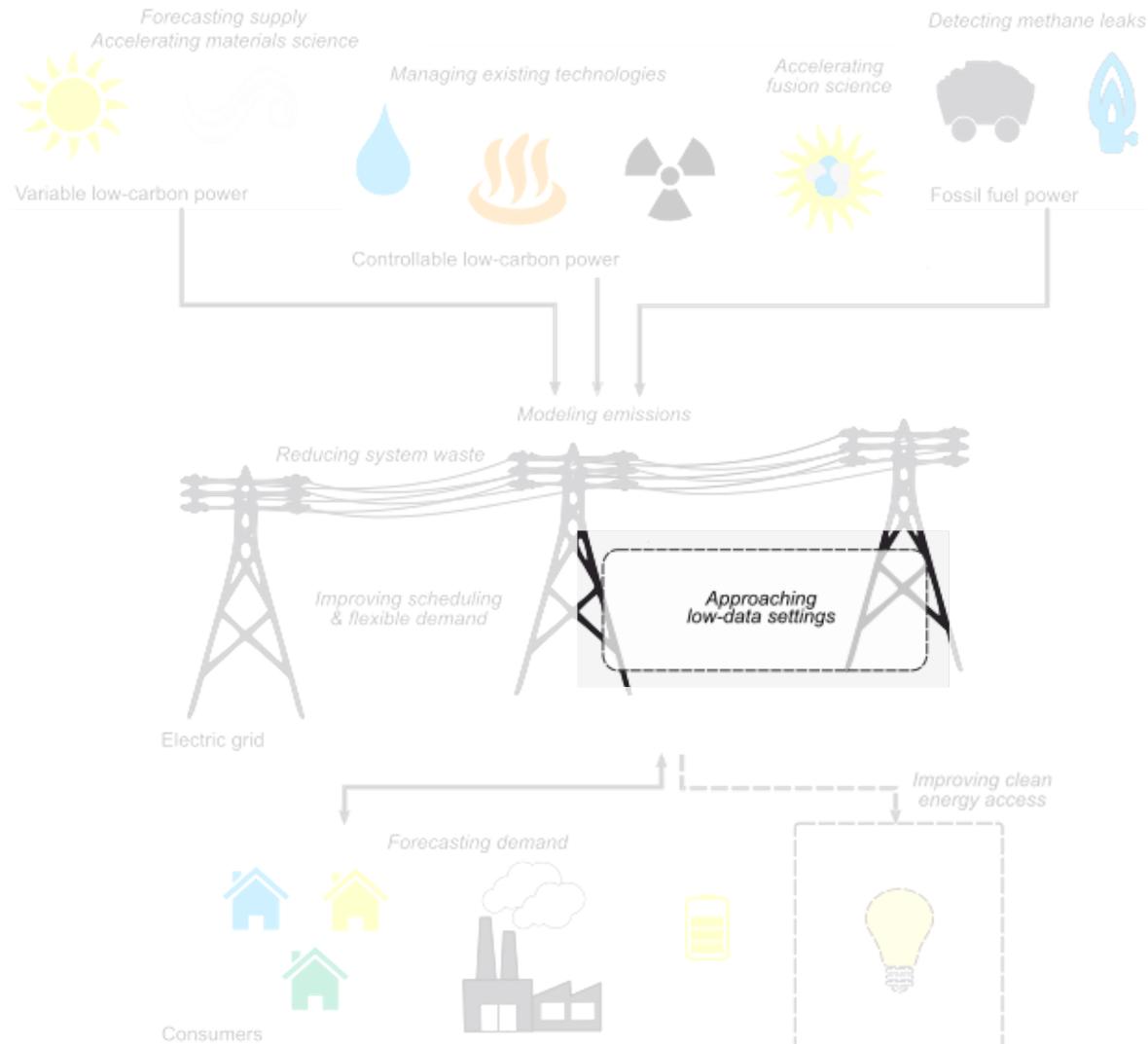
ML: Characterize proposed materials (solar fuels, batteries, etc.)

- Combine heuristics with data, physics, and reasoning

ML: Aid nuclear fusion development

- Parameter exploration
- Control and disruption detection

Electricity Systems >> Approaching low-data settings



Need: Global mitigation strategies

ML: Obtain insights from non-traditional data streams (satellite imagery, cellular networks)

Recommendations for ML:

- Transfer learning
- Data-efficient ML
(e.g. gray-box models)

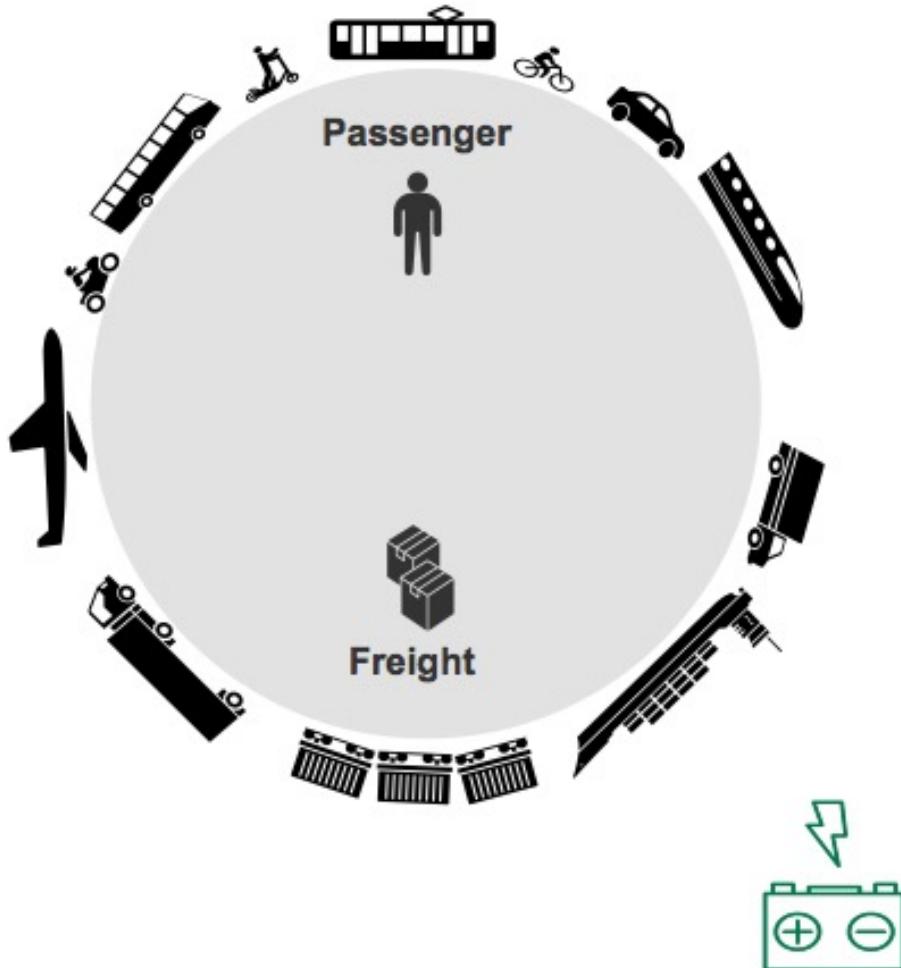
Transportation



ML and reducing transportation activity
Analysing transport data
Remote sensing transport data
Forecasting



ML and modal shift
Modeling consumer choices
Coordinating modes
Bike share rebalancing
Predictive maintenance
Enforcing regulation



ML and vehicle efficiency
Designing for efficiency (aerodynamics, engine, etc.)
Detecting loading inefficiency
3-D printing
Autonomous vehicle technologies

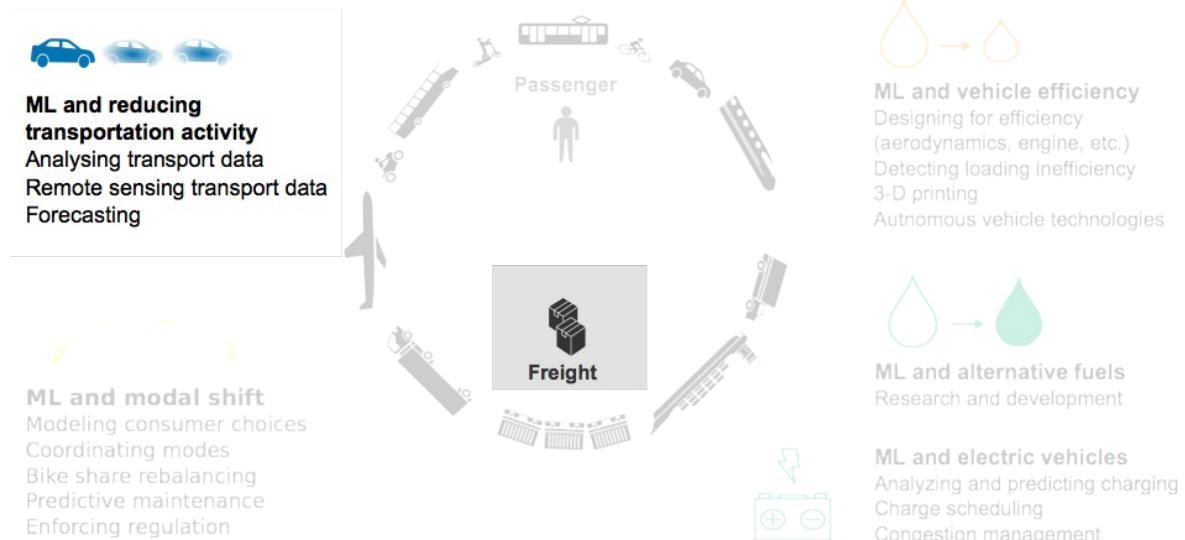


ML and alternative fuels
Research and development



ML and electric vehicles
Analyzing and predicting charging
Charge scheduling
Congestion management
Vehicle-to-grid algorithms
Battery energy management
Battery research and development

Transportation >> Freight routing and consolidation

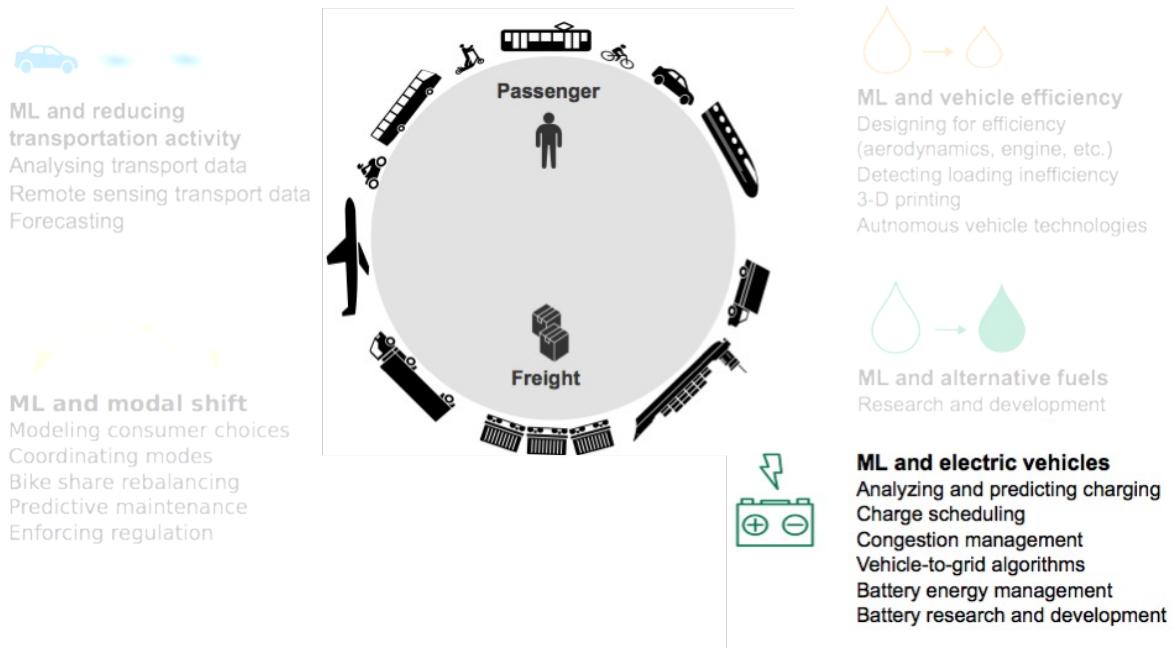


Need: Reduce freight emissions

ML: Bundle and optimize shipments

- Predict arrival times or disruptions
- Cluster suppliers
- Predict demand
- Improve routing and auctions

Transportation >> Electric vehicles



Need: Clean transport

ML: Improve EV technology

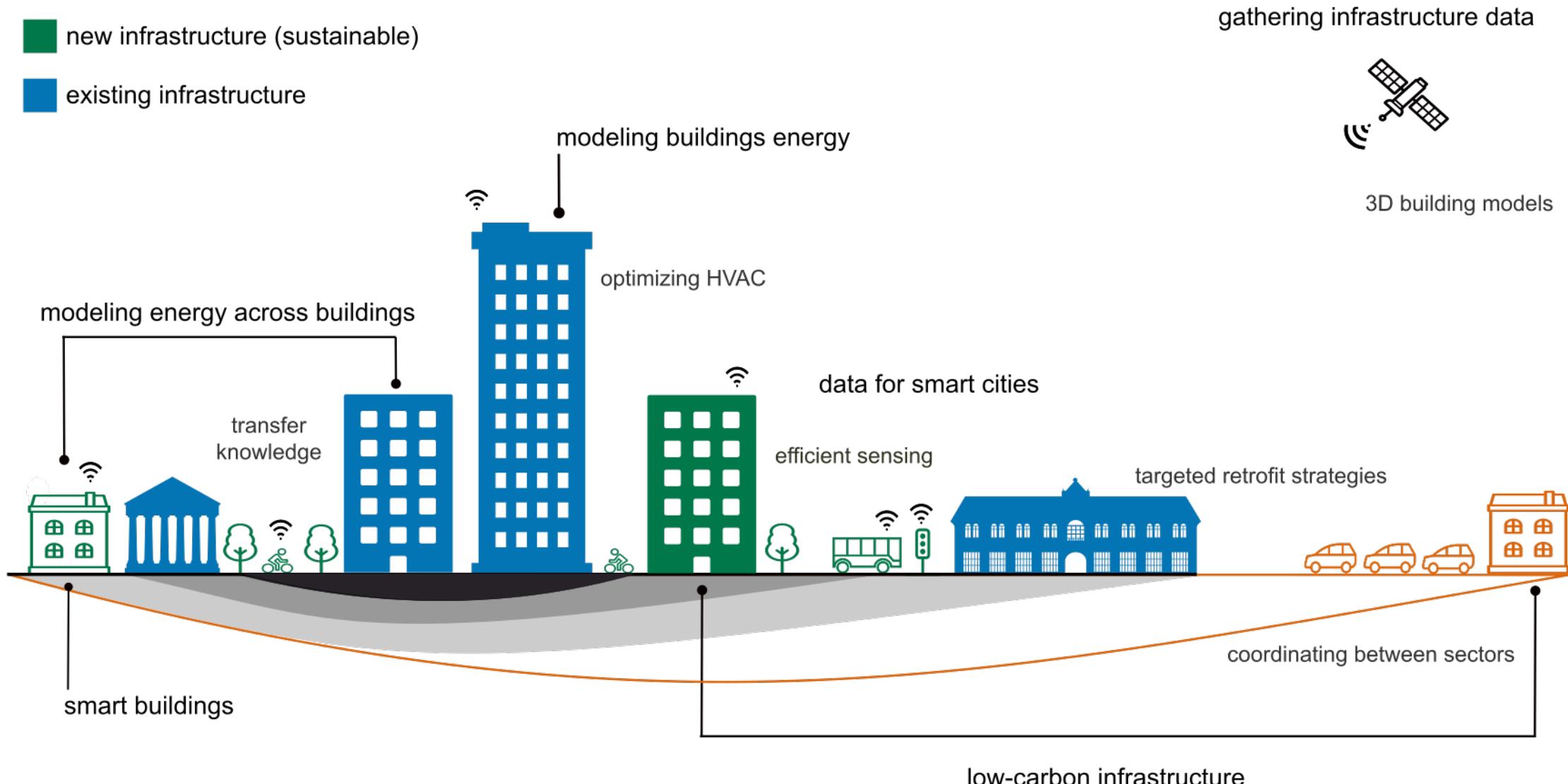
- Battery development
- Battery management

ML: Integrate EVs with electric grid

- Analyze charging behavior
- Vehicle-to-grid

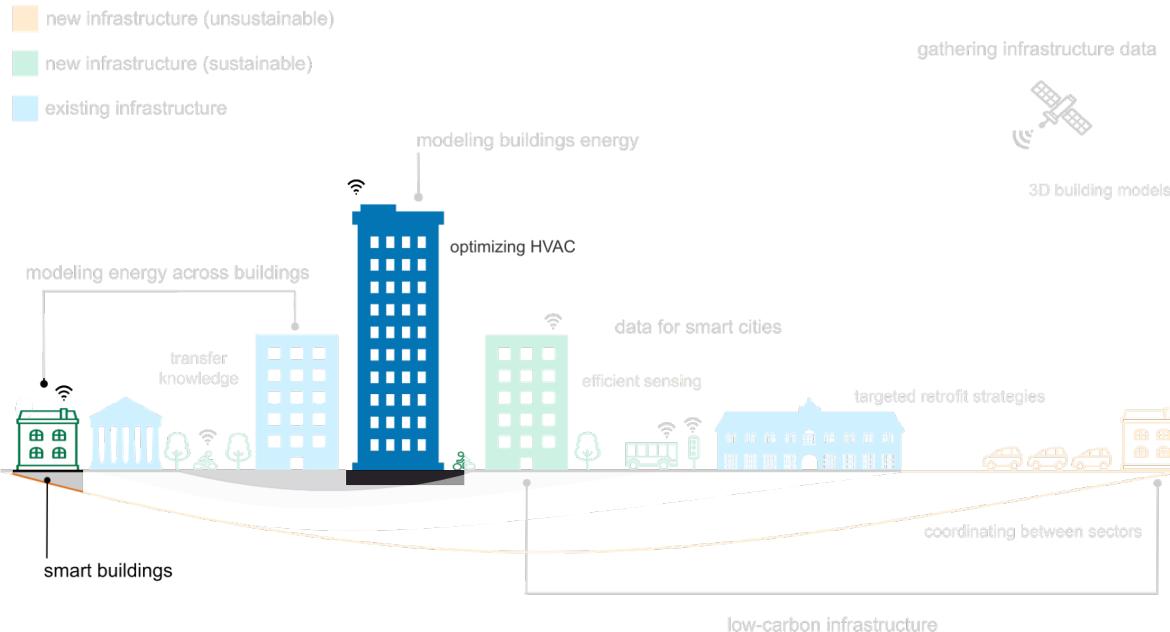
Buildings and cities

- new infrastructure (unsustainable)
- new infrastructure (sustainable)
- existing infrastructure



Buildings and cities >> Smart buildings

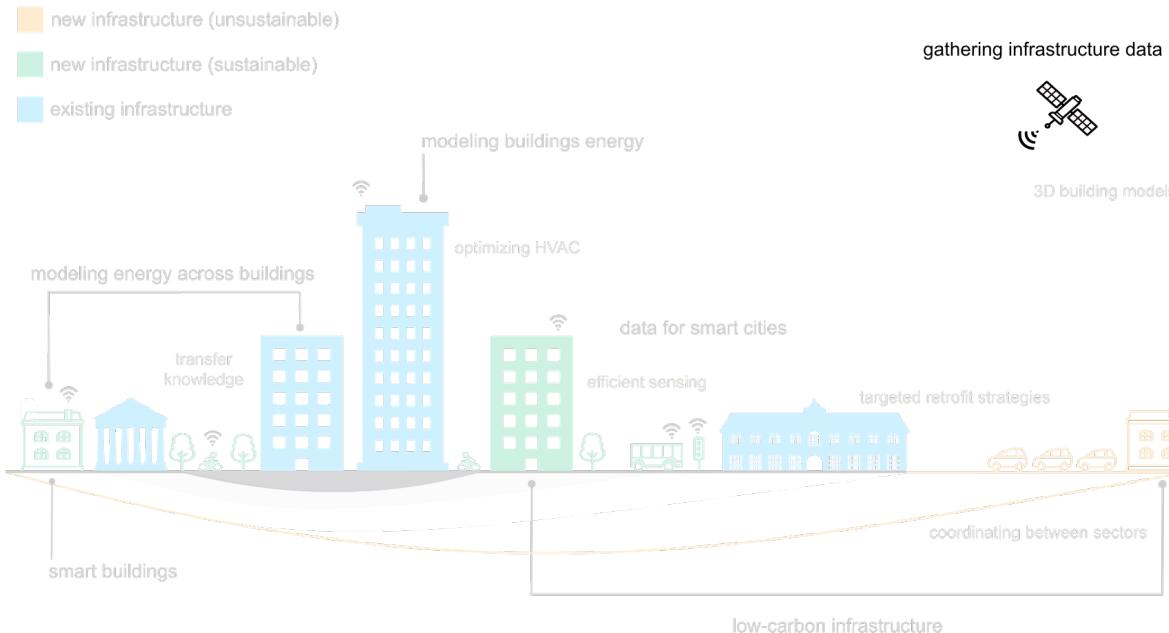
Need: Reduce and shift building energy consumption*



ML: Smart control of appliances

- HVAC: forecasting, control, fault detection
- Adjusting to occupancy patterns
- Demand response

Buildings and cities >> Gathering infrastructure data

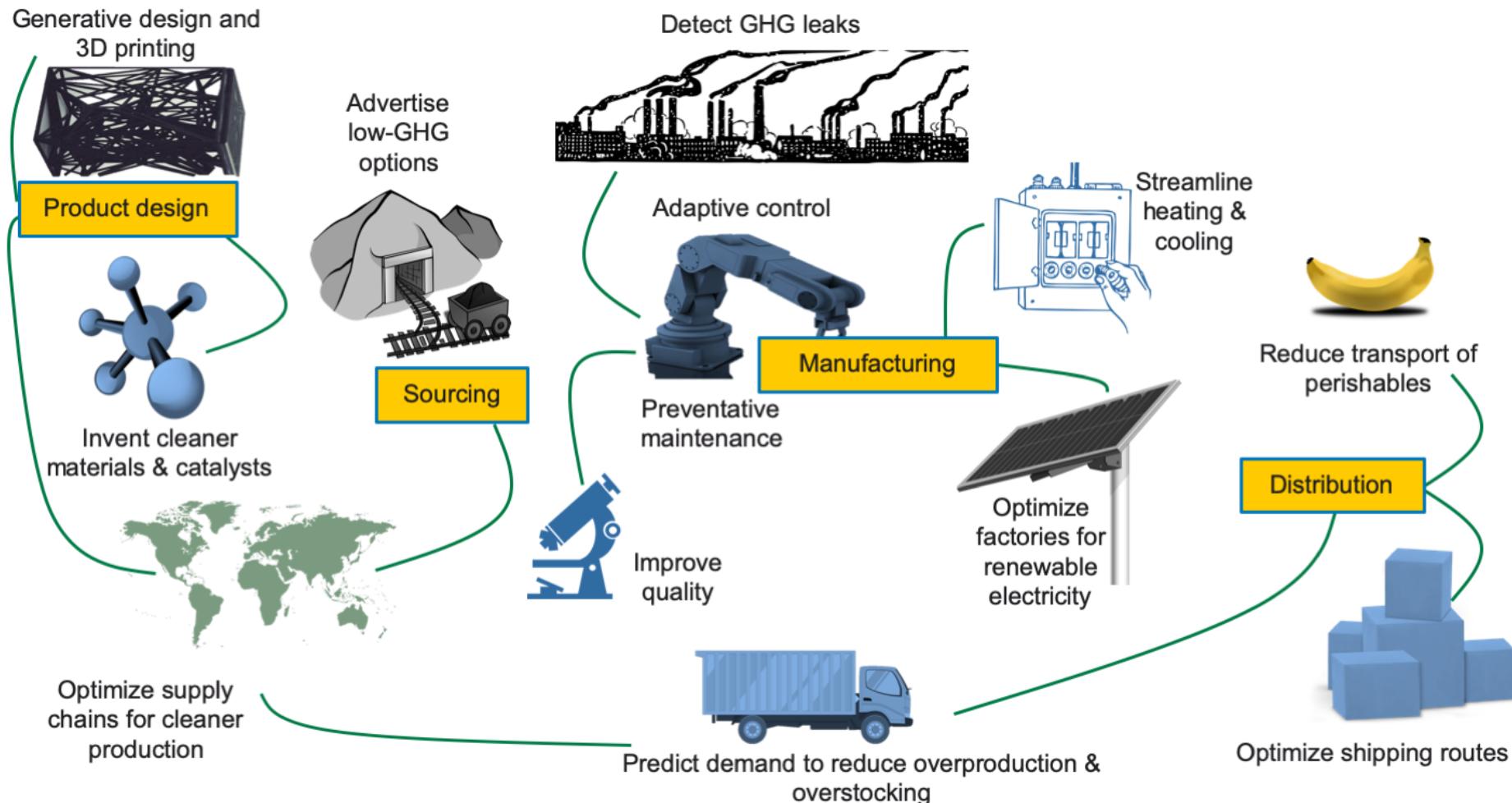


Need: Understand building attributes for simulations and policy

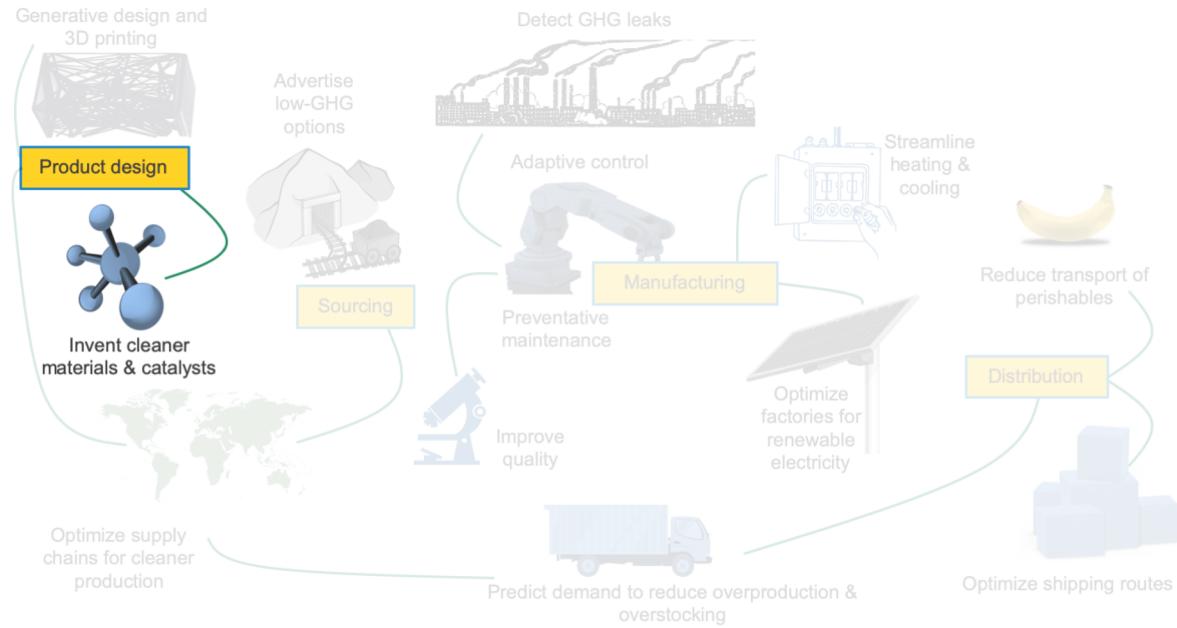
ML: Remote sensing

- Coarse localization (global)
- Precise neighborhood models

Industry



Industry >> Improving materials

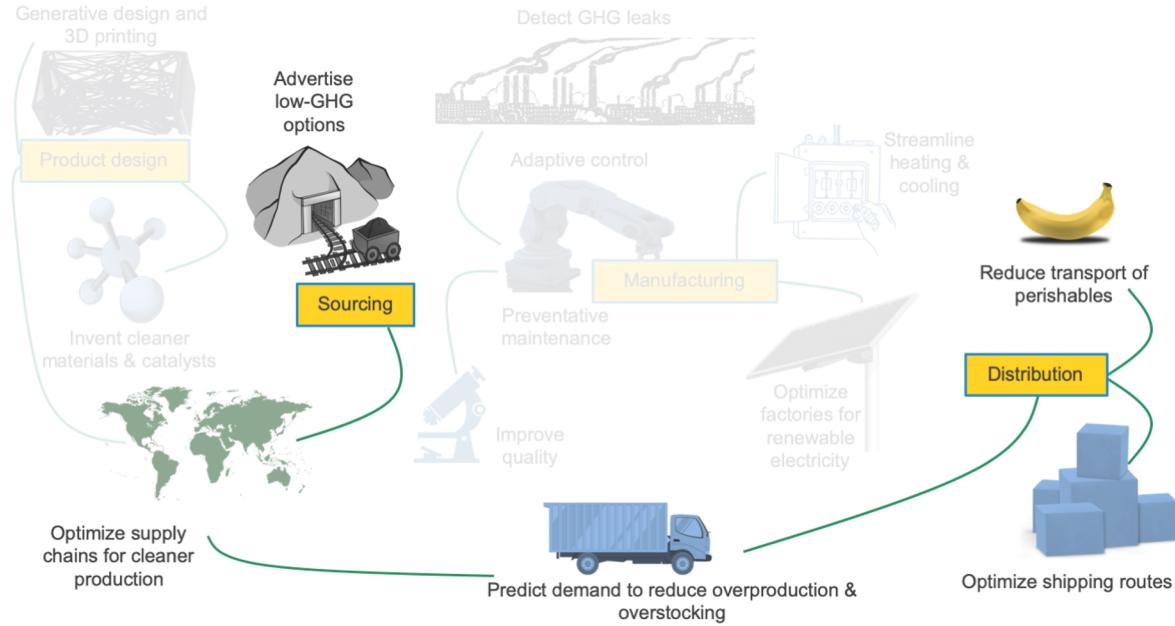


Need: Efficient production / use of materials

ML: Optimize construction materials, e.g. cement & steel

ML: Optimize synthesis methods, e.g. catalysts for ammonia

Industry >> Supply chains

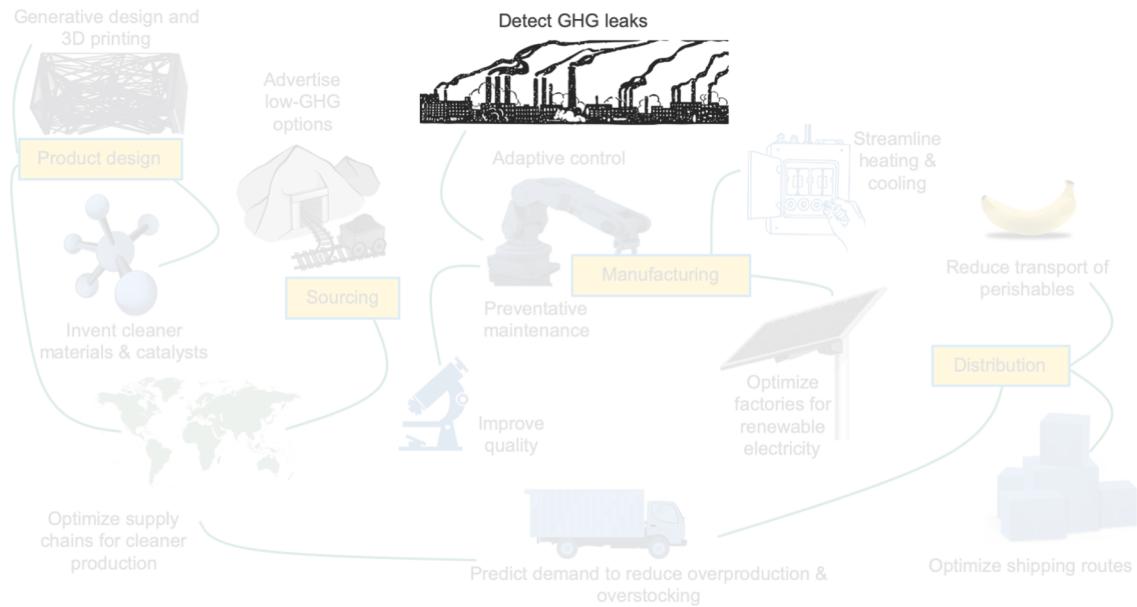


Need: Lower GHG emissions from transport and waste

ML: Reducing overproduction / overstock

ML: Recommender systems for low-emissions choices

Industry >> Detecting methane leaks



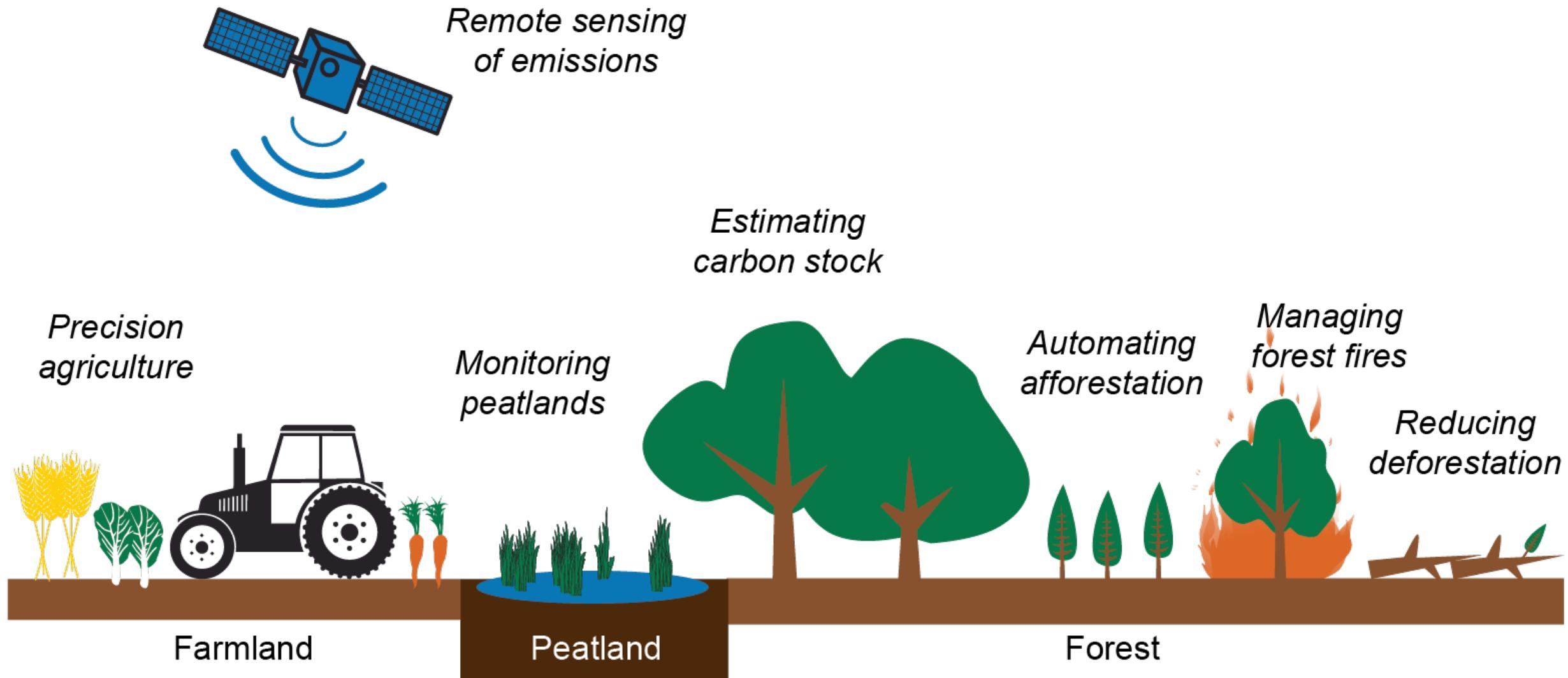
Need: Understand and reduce methane emissions

ML: Detect size and location of leaks

- Sensors, visual/hyperspectral satellite imagery

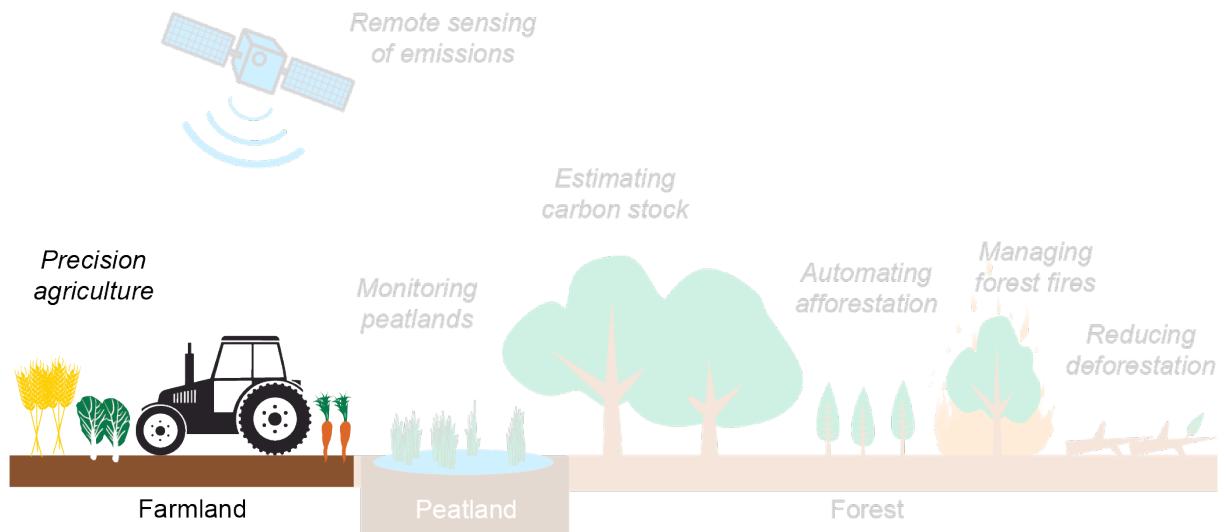
ML: Predictive maintenance, e.g. pipelines and compressor stations

Farms and forests



Farms and forests >> Precision agriculture

Need: Reduce emissions from soil displacement and fertilizer use

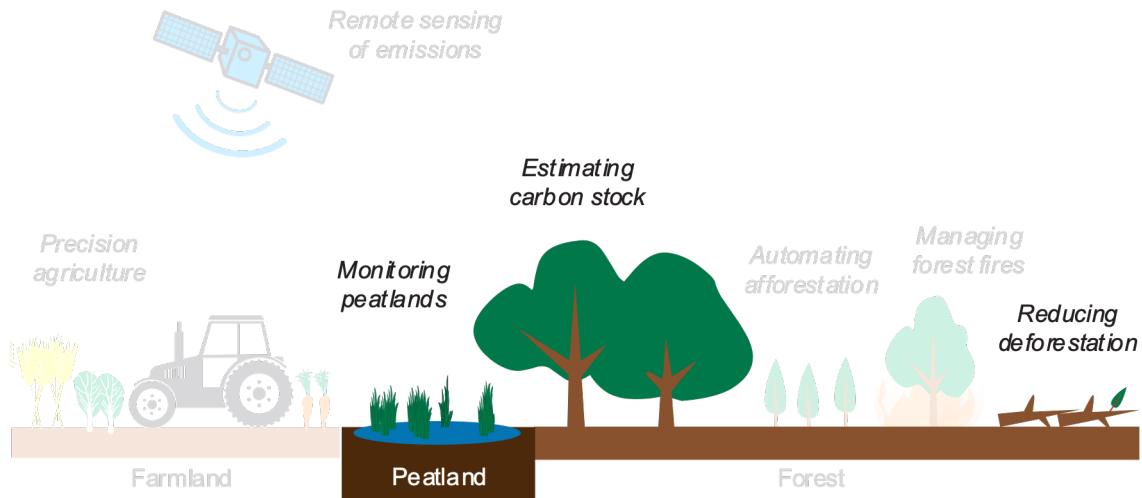


ML: Enable scalable farming of heterogeneous crops

- Robotic farming
- Intelligent irrigation

Farms and forests >> Monitoring land use

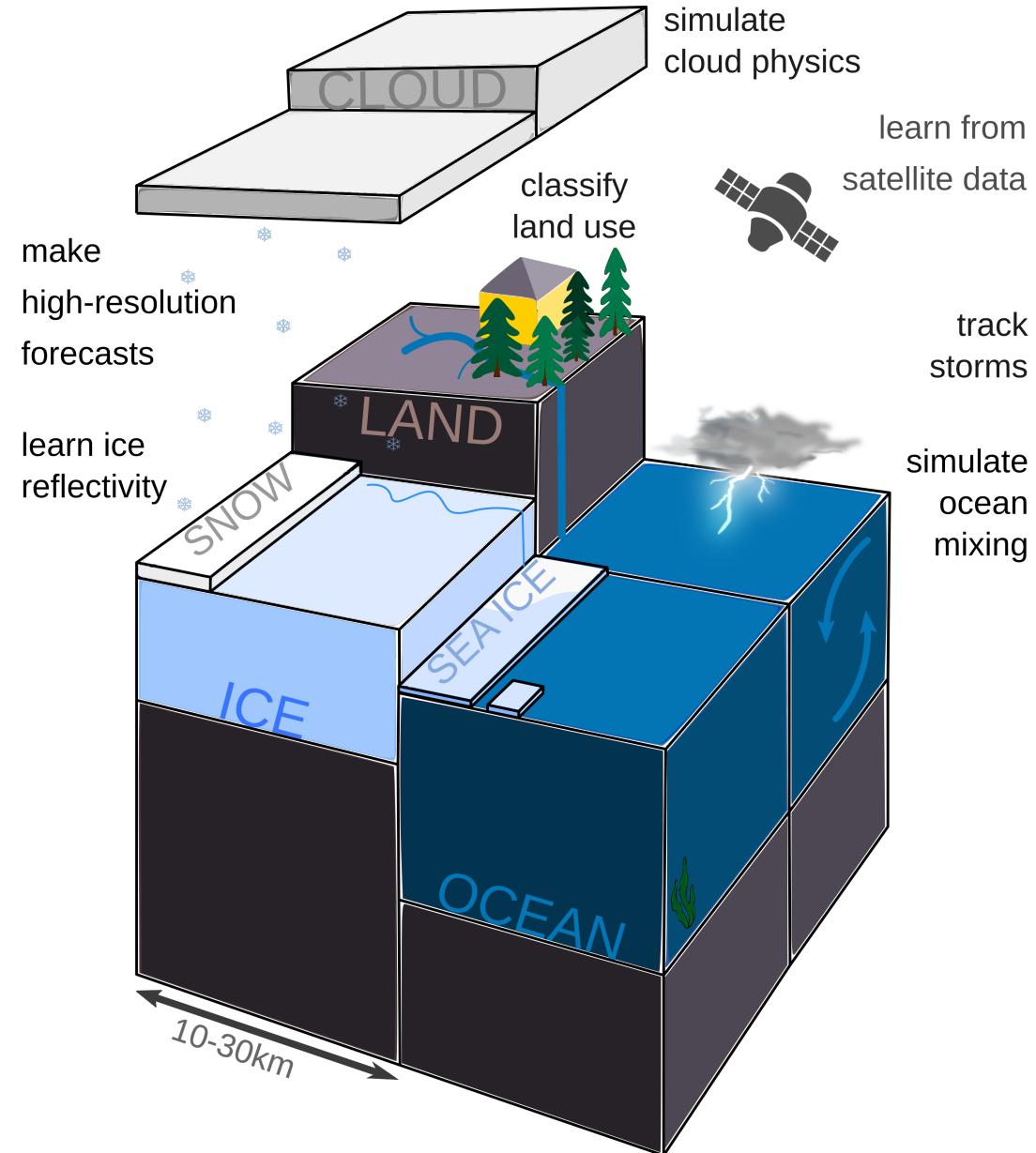
Need: Understand how land is naturally sequestering carbon



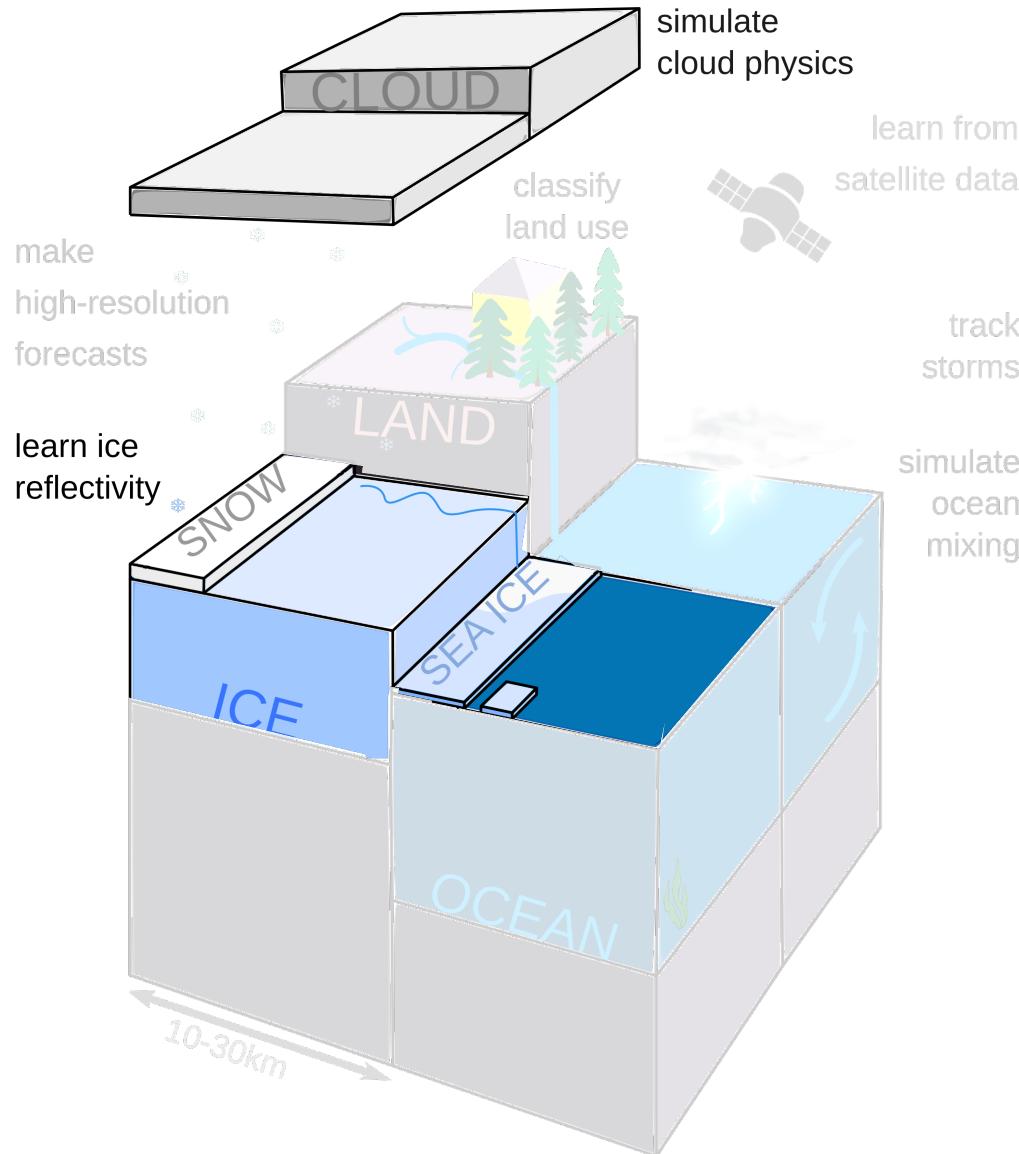
ML: Remote sensing of land use

- Estimating carbon stock in forests
- Tracking deforestation in real time
- Monitoring health of peatlands

Climate prediction



Farms and forests >> Accelerating climate simulations

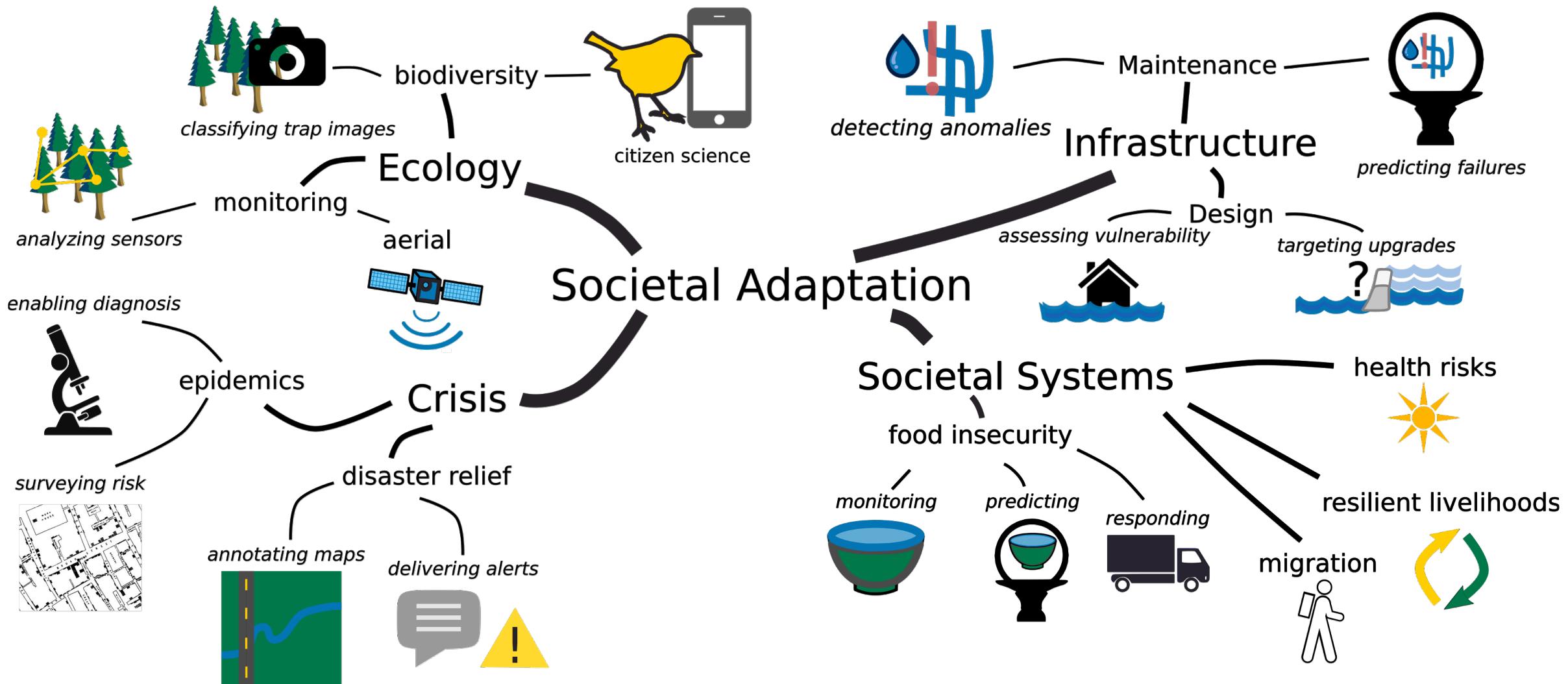


Need: Efficient, accurate climate simulations

ML: Improve portions of simulations

- Approximate cloud physics through reduced-form models
- Gather satellite data about ice sheets and sea level rise

Societal impacts



Carbon capture and solar geoengineering

Example opportunities:

- Discovering CO₂ sorbents
- Sequestering CO₂
- Geoengineering control
- Modeling geoengineering impacts

Tools for action

Example opportunities:

- Understanding and reducing personal impacts
- Informing behavior change
- Informing policy and designing markets
- Education
- Climate investment and analytics

Recurring themes

Accelerated experimentation (batteries, nuclear fusion, new materials)

Remote sensing (emissions, infrastructure data, deforestation)

Improving efficiency (freight consolidation, food waste)

Approximating time-intensive simulations (climate, energy, policy)

Need for **interpretable, causal, and gray-box models**
(solar forecasting, disaster planning, informing policy-makers)

How to get involved

Opportunities for action

Research and engineering

- Conceptual innovation, new ML and new applications of ML

Entrepreneurship and investment

- Startups & nonprofits deploying that innovation

Traditional industry

- Cost savings & lower climate impact

Local and national government

- Efficient, robust systems and informed decision-making

Roadmap for action

Learn: Identify how your skills may be useful.

Collaborate: Find collaborators (e.g. researchers, entrepreneurs, established companies, NGOs, or policy-makers).

Listen: Listen to what your collaborators say is needed.

Deploy: Ensure a path to impactful deployment.

Challenges

Finding collaborators

- Targeting impactful problems
- Identifying risks
- Guiding deployment

Finding data

- Can be confidential, disorganized, heterogeneous, or skewed

Resources at www.climatechange.ai

Climate Change AI

- Non-profit initiative, volunteers from academia/industry
- Workshops and events
- Datasets / advice on what to work on
- Tools for team-building
- Upcoming grant program

Upcoming 5-day workshop at ICLR 2020

- “Tackling Climate Change with Machine Learning”
- Talks, panels, discussion streamed online
- Next week! April 26-30
- Part of the International Conference on Learning Representations (ICLR)
 - One of the leading deep learning conferences
- Can register for the whole conference at iclr.cc (50 dollars for students)
- Or watch for free at the workshop website
www.climatechange.ai/ICLR2020_workshop.html

Steering Committee



David Rolnick
University of
Pennsylvania
Chair



Priya L. Donti
Carnegie Mellon
Co-Chair



Lynn H. Kaack
ETH Zürich
Co-Chair



Kris Sankaran
Mila, U. de Montréal
Partnerships

Advisors



Yoshua Bengio
Mila, U. de Montréal



Jennifer Chayes
Microsoft Research



Felix Creutzig
MCC Berlin, TU Berlin



John C. Platt
Google AI



Sasha Lucioni
Mila, U. de Montréal
Partnerships



Andrew Slavin Ross
Harvard University
Website



Kelly Kochanski
CU Boulder



Alexandre Lacoste
Element AI



Demis Hassabis
DeepMind



Andrew Y. Ng
Stanford University



Carla Gomes
Cornell University



Konrad P. Körding
University of
Pennsylvania



Nikola Milojevic-
Dupont
MCC Berlin, TU Berlin



Natasha Jaques
MIT



Tegan Maharaj
Mila, Polytechnique
Montréal



Evan D. Sherwin
Stanford University



Zico Kolter
Carnegie Mellon



Inês Azevedo
Stanford University



Tobias Schmidt
ETH Zürich



Craig Smith
Eye on AI



Discussion

Many ways to have an impact

	Causal inference	Computer vision	Interpretable ML	NLP	RL & Control	Time-series analysis	Transfer learning	Uncertainty quantification	Unsupervised learning		Causal inference	Computer vision	Interpretable ML	NLP	RL & Control	Time-series analysis	Transfer learning	Uncertainty quantification	Unsupervised learning	
Mitigation																				
1 Electricity systems																				
Enabling low-carbon electricity	•	•		•	•			•	•											
Reducing current-system impacts	•				•	•	•	•	•											
Enabling global impact	•									•										
2 Transportation																				
Reducing transport activity	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•										
Improving vehicle efficiency	•	•	•		•	•				•										
Alternative fuels and electrification		•	•		•	•				•										
Shifting transportation modes	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•										
3 Buildings and cities																				
Optimizing buildings	•				•	•	•	•	•	•										
Urban planning		•				•	•	•	•	•										
The future of cities			•			•	•	•	•	•										
4 Industry																				
Supply chains		•			•															
Materials and construction	•				•				•											
Production and energy	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•										
5 Farms and forests																				
Remote sensing of emissions		•																		
Precision agriculture				•																
Protecting peatlands		•																		
Managing forests		•																		
6 Carbon dioxide removal								•	•	•										
Adaptation																				
7 Climate prediction																				
Uniting data, ML and climate science	•	•	•																	
Forecasting extreme events		•	•																	
8 Societal impacts																				
Ecology											•									
Infrastructure												•								
Social systems											•	•								
Crisis											•	•	•							
9 Solar geoengineering																				
Understanding and improving aerosols																•				
Control systems engineering													•	•						
Modeling impacts																				
Tools for Action																				
10 Tools for individuals																				
Personal and household impacts	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•										
Modeling consumer behavior																				
11 Tools for society												•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
12 Education												•	•	•						
13 Finance												•	•	•						

Example opportunities

- Nowcasting solar + wind power
- Forecasting power demand
- Designing better materials
- Optimizing public transportation and infrastructure
- Consolidating freight shipments
- Reducing energy use in “smart buildings”
- Optimizing supply chains
- Making industrial processes (e.g. cement, steel, ammonia) more energy efficient
- Enabling precision agriculture (both software and hardware)
- Remote sensing of solar panels, wind turbines, deforestation, forest composition, methane, buildings, etc.
- Approximating physical models fast
- Inferring ecosystem health
- Improving disaster response
- Helping people understand and reduce their personal impact
- Predicting financial impacts of climate change
-