- Basic Add Codecd cit360projectGit add <filename>
- Git commit -m "message"
- Git push

Git add <filename>  Git commit -m "Message"  Git add '*.txt'</filename>	gets the current status of the repositoryTells git to track the changes to <b><filename></filename></b> get commit stores the changes. The -m "message" allows us to put in a message that tells us about the filegit add, adds the files to our repository the *.txt will add all files because of the * wildcardshows everything that has been commited so
<del>-</del>	farthis allows us to push our local GitHub to a remote repository. <name> is the name of the remote repository and <location> is the</location></name>
Git pushGit push -u <name> master</name>	URL of the repositorythis will push a repositorythis uses the basic git push, the -u tells Git to remember the parameters so the next time you run git push it knows what to do. <name> is the name of the remote repository</name>
Git pull <name> master</name>	repositorythis pulls any changes from the remote repository into your master repository
Git diff <command/>	repository into your master repositorythis will show the differences between any file; using <b><command/></b> HEAD allows us to compare to only the most recent commit while -staged allows you to see the staged changes
Git reset <location>Git checkout <target></target></location>	
_	of the <b><target></target></b> filecreates a new branch, which allows you to do separate commits; these can then be merged
Git branchGit checkout Git rm `*.txt'	allows you to change <b><branch>es</branch></b> will remove the actual files from the disk and stage their removal; '*.txt' will remove all .txt
Git merge <location></location>	filesthis will merge the called <b><location></location></b> with our current location
Git branch -d <name></name>	