NAME

pyFAI-waxs - pyFAI-waxs

DESCRIPTION

usage: usage: pyFAI-waxs [options] -p ponifile file1.edf file2.edf ...

Azimuthal integration for powder diffraction.

positional arguments:

FILE Files to be processed

optional arguments:

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

-v, --version

-p PONIFILE

PyFAI parameter file (.poni)

-n NPT

Number of points in radial dimension

-w WAVELENGTH, --wavelength WAVELENGTH

wavelength of the X-Ray beam in Angstrom

-e ENERGY, --energy ENERGY

energy of the X-Ray beam in keV (hc=12.398419292keV.A)

-u DUMMY, --dummy DUMMY

dummy value for dead pixels

-U DELTA_DUMMY, --delta_dummy DELTA_DUMMY

delta dummy value

-m MASK, --mask MASK

name of the file containing the mask image

-d DARK, --dark DARK

name of the file containing the dark current

-f FLAT, --flat FLAT

name of the file containing the flat field

-P POLARIZATION_FACTOR, --polarization POLARIZATION_FACTOR

Polarization factor, from -1 (vertical) to +1 (horizontal), default is None for no correction, synchrotrons are around 0.95

--error-model ERROR_MODEL

Error model to use. Currently on 'poisson' is implemented

--unit UNIT

unit for the radial dimension: can be q_nm^-1, q_A^-1, 2th_deg, 2th_rad or r_mm

--ext EXT

extension of the regrouped filename (.xy)

--multi

Average out all frame in a file before integrating

--average AVERAGE

Method for averaging out: can be 'mean' (default), 'min', 'max' or 'median

--do-2D

Perform 2D integration in addition to 1D

pyFAI—waxs is the script of pyFAI that allows data reduction (azimuthal integration) for Wide Angle Scattering to produce X—Ray Powder Diffraction Pattern with output axis in 2—theta space.