NAME

pyFAI-calib - pyFAI-calib

DESCRIPTION

usage: pyFAI-calib [options] -w 1 -D detector -c calibrant.D imagefile.edf

Calibrate the diffraction setup geometry based on Debye–Sherrer rings images without a priori knowledge of your setup. Most standard calibrants are directly installed together with pyFAI. If you prefer using your own, you can provide a "d-spacing" file containing the spacing of Miller plans in Angstrom (in decreasing order). Most crystal powders used for calibration are available in the American Mineralogist database: http://rruff.geo.arizona.edu/AMS/amcsd.php

positional arguments:

FILE List of files to calibrate

optional arguments:

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

-V, --version

-o FILE, --out FILE

Filename where processed image is saved

-v, --verbose

switch to debug/verbose mode

-c FILE, --calibrant FILE

Calibrant name or file containing d-spacing of the reference sample (MANDATORY)

-w WAVELENGTH, --wavelength WAVELENGTH

wavelength of the X-Ray beam in Angstrom

-e ENERGY, --energy ENERGY

energy of the X-Ray beam in keV (hc=12.398419292keV.A)

-P POLARIZATION_FACTOR, --polarization POLARIZATION_FACTOR

polarization factor, from -1 (vertical) to +1 (horizontal), default is None (no correction), synchrotrons are around 0.95

-b BACKGROUND, --background BACKGROUND

Automatic background subtraction if no value are provided

-d DARK, --dark DARK

list of dark images to average and subtract

-**f** FLAT, --**flat** FLAT

list of flat images to average and divide

-s SPLINE, --spline SPLINE

spline file describing the detector distortion

-D DETECTOR_NAME, --detector DETECTOR_NAME

Detector name (instead of pixel size+spline)

-m MASK, --mask MASK

file containing the mask (for image reconstruction)

-n NPT, --pt NPT

file with datapoints saved. Default: basename.npt

--filter FILTER

select the filter, either mean(default), max or median

-l DISTANCE, --distance DISTANCE

sample-detector distance in millimeter

--poni1 PONI1

poni1 coordinate in meter

--poni2 PONI2

poni2 coordinate in meter

--rot1 ROT1

rot1 in radians

--rot2 ROT2

rot2 in radians

--rot3 ROT3

rot3 in radians

--fix-dist

fix the distance parameter

--free-dist

free the distance parameter

--fix-poni1

fix the poni1 parameter

--free-poni1

free the poni1 parameter

--fix-poni2

fix the poni2 parameter

--free-poni2

free the poni2 parameter

--fix-rot1

fix the rot1 parameter

--free-rot1

free the rot1 parameter

--fix-rot2

fix the rot2 parameter

--free-rot2

free the rot2 parameter

--fix-rot3

fix the rot3 parameter

--free-rot3

free the rot3 parameter

--fix-wavelength

fix the wavelength parameter

--free-wavelength

free the wavelength parameter

--saturation SATURATION

consider all pixel>max*(1-saturation) as saturated and reconstruct them

--weighted

weight fit by intensity, by default not.

--npt NPT_1D

Number of point in 1D integrated pattern, Default: 1024

--npt-azim NPT_2D_AZIM

Number of azimuthal sectors in 2D integrated images. Default: 360

--npt-rad NPT_2D_RAD

Number of radial bins in 2D integrated images. Default: 400

--unit UNIT

Valid units for radial range: 2th_deg, 2th_rad, q_nm^-1, q_A^-1, r_mm. Default: 2th_deg

--no-gui

force the program to run without a Graphical interface

--no-interactive

force the program to run and exit without prompting for refinements

-r, --reconstruct

Reconstruct image where data are masked or <0 (for Pilatus detectors or detectors with modules)

-g GAUSSIAN, --gaussian GAUSSIAN

Size of the gaussian kernel. Size of the gap (in pixels) between two consecutive rings, by default 100 Increase the value if the arc is not complete; decrease the value if arcs are mixed together.

--square

Use square kernel shape for neighbor search instead of diamond shape

-p PIXEL, --pixel PIXEL

size of the pixel in micron

The output of this program is a "PONI" file containing the detector description and the 6 refined parameters (distance, center, rotation) and wavelength. An 1D and 2D diffraction patterns are also produced. (.dat and .azim files)