

# Comparative Genomics Analysis of Escherichia coli

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2025-12-16

## 1. Introduction

This report presents a comparative genomics analysis based on complete bacterial genomes. The dataset was automatically retrieved from public databases and processed through a reproducible pipeline. The focus is on GC content, genome size, and exploratory clustering.

## 2. Data Loading

```
df <- read.csv("D:/Programation/phylo_E.Coli/genome_features.csv")

df$genus <- as.factor(df$genus)

str(df)

## 'data.frame':      50 obs. of  5 variables:
## $ genome_id       : chr  "AP025945.1" "AP045036.1" "AP045043.1" "AP045049.1" ...
## $ genus           : Factor w/ 1 level "Escherichia": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ genome_size_bp   : int  4857907 4873051 4772753 4924793 4889516 4979719 4941033 4866693 4762631 ...
## $ gc_content_percent: num  49.8 50.9 50.9 50.6 50.6 ...
## $ n_contigs        : int  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

summary(df)

##   genome_id             genus   genome_size_bp   gc_content_percent   n_contigs
##   Length:50            Escherichia:50   Min.   :4392175   Min.   :49.76    Min.   :1
##   Class  :character     1st Qu.:4777857   1st Qu.:50.55    1st Qu.:1
##   Mode   :character     Median :4869872   Median :50.59    Median :1
##   NA's   :0               Mean   :4860591   Mean   :50.57    Mean   :1
##                   3rd Qu.:4938234   3rd Qu.:50.77    3rd Qu.:1
##                   Max.   :5336054   Max.   :50.89    Max.   :1
```

## 3. Descriptive Statistics

```
desc_stats <- df %>%
  group_by(genus) %>%
  summarise(
    n_genomes = n(),
    mean_gc = mean(gc_content_percent),
    sd_gc = sd(gc_content_percent),
    mean_size_mb = mean(genome_size_bp) / 1e6
  )

desc_stats
```

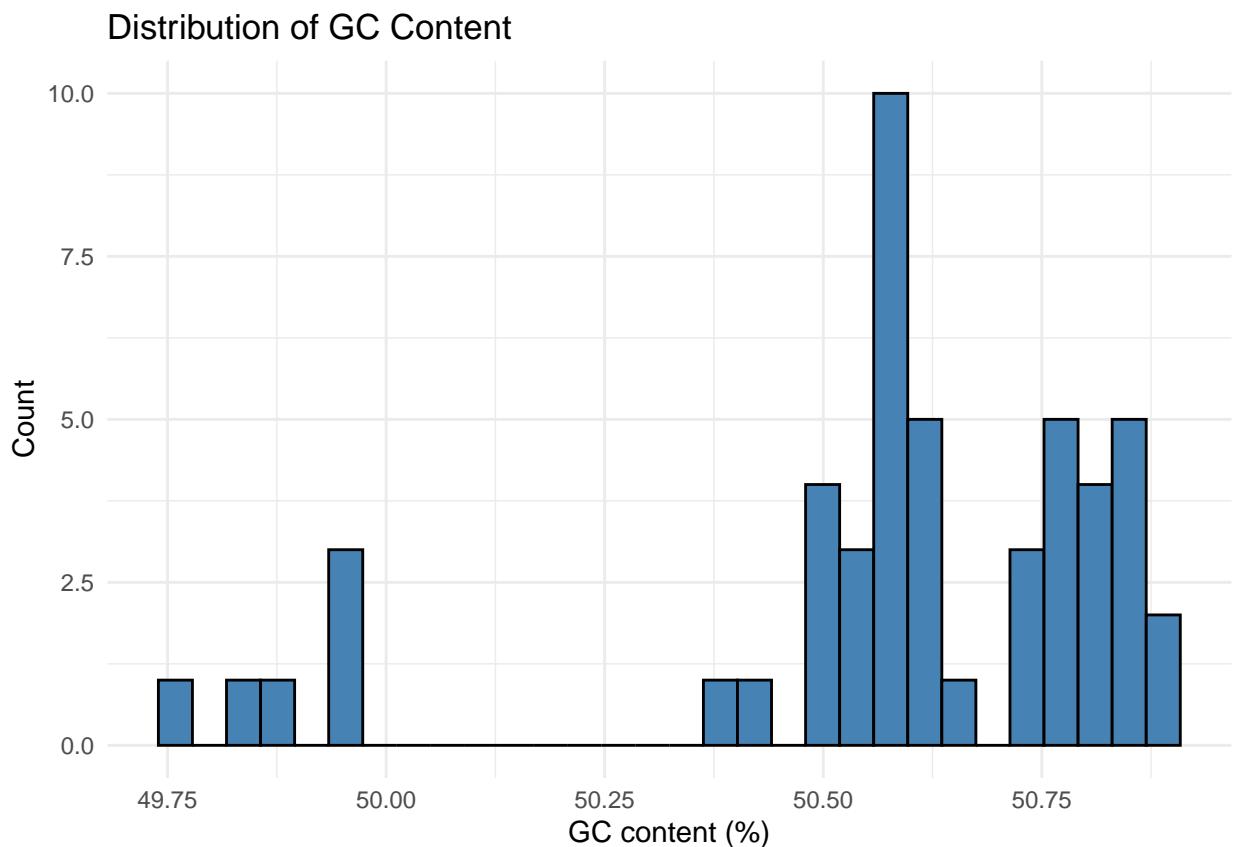
```

## # A tibble: 1 x 5
##   genus      n_genomes  mean_gc  sd_gc mean_size_mb
##   <fct>      <int>     <dbl>    <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1 Escherichia      50     50.6    0.289      4.86

```

#### 4. Distribution of GC Content

```
ggplot(df, aes(gc_content_percent)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 30, fill = "steelblue", color = "black") +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(
    title = "Distribution of GC Content",
    x = "GC content (%)",
    y = "Count"
  )
```



## 5. Normality Assessment

```
normality <- df %>%  
  group_by(genus) %>%  
  shapiro_test(gc_content_percent)
```

normality

```

## # A tibble: 1 x 4
##   genus      variable        statistic       p
##   <fct>     <chr>           <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1 Escherichia gc_content_percent    0.799 0.000000848

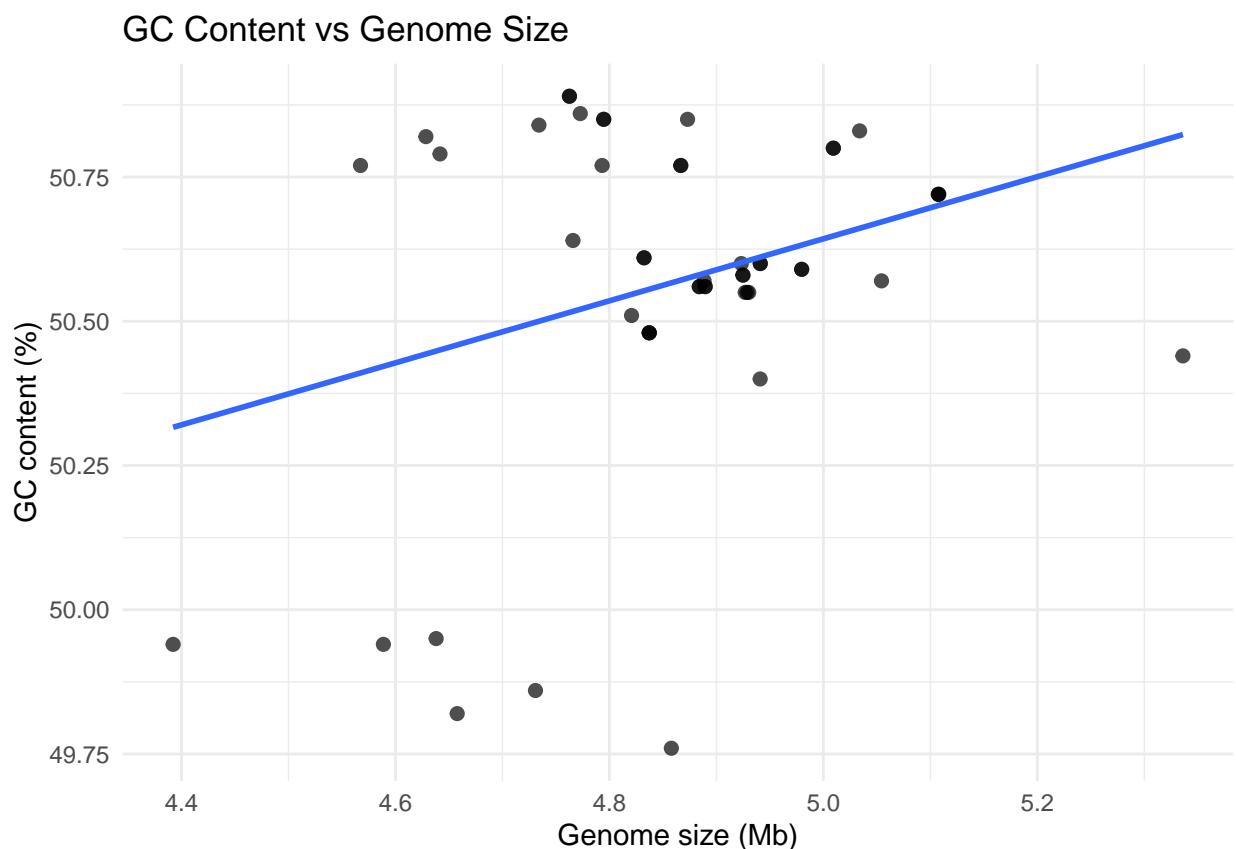
```

## 6. Relationship Between GC Content and Genome Size

```

ggplot(df, aes(genome_size_bp / 1e6, gc_content_percent)) +
  geom_point(size = 2, alpha = 0.7) +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(
    title = "GC Content vs Genome Size",
    x = "Genome size (Mb)",
    y = "GC content (%)"
  )

```



```

cor_test <- cor.test(
  df$genome_size_bp,
  df$gc_content_percent,
  method = "spearman"
)

cor_test

```

```

## Spearman's rank correlation rho
##
## data: df$genome_size_bp and df$gc_content_percent
## S = 21137, p-value = 0.9176
## alternative hypothesis: true rho is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
## rho
## -0.01500289

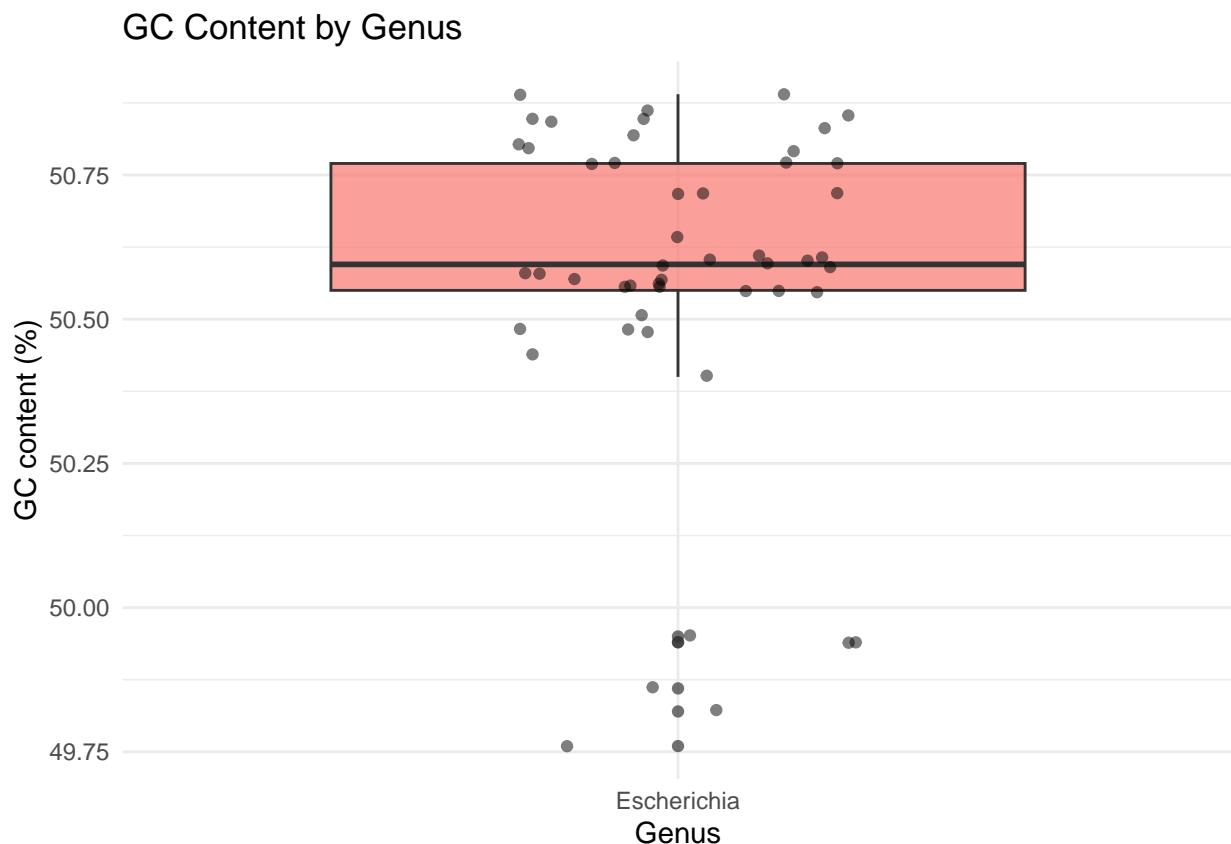
```

## 7. GC Content by Genus

```

ggplot(df, aes(genus, gc_content_percent, fill = genus)) +
  geom_boxplot(alpha = 0.7) +
  geom_jitter(width = 0.2, alpha = 0.5) +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(
    title = "GC Content by Genus",
    x = "Genus",
    y = "GC content (%)"
  ) +
  theme(legend.position = "none")

```



## 8. Hierarchical Clustering (Exploratory Phylogeny) 8.1 Feature Scaling and Distance Matrix

```
row.names(df) <- df$genome_id

features <- df %>%
  select(gc_content_percent, genome_size_bp, n_contigs) %>%
  scale()

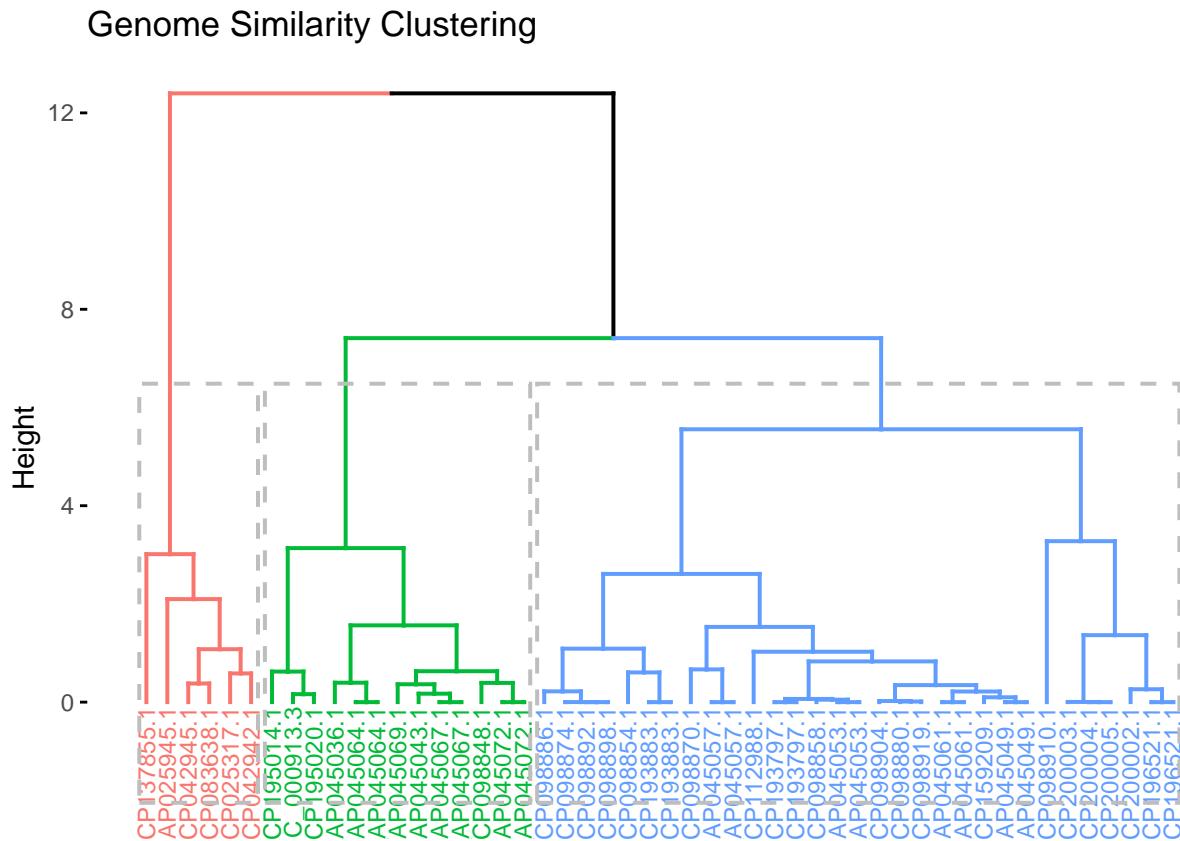
dist_matrix <- dist(features, method = "euclidean")
```

## 8.2 Hierarchical Clustering

```
hc <- hclust(dist_matrix, method = "ward.D2")
```

### 8.3 Dendrogram Visualization

```
fviz_dend(  
hc,  
k = 3,  
rect = TRUE,  
cex = 0.6,  
main = "Genome Similarity Clustering"  
)
```



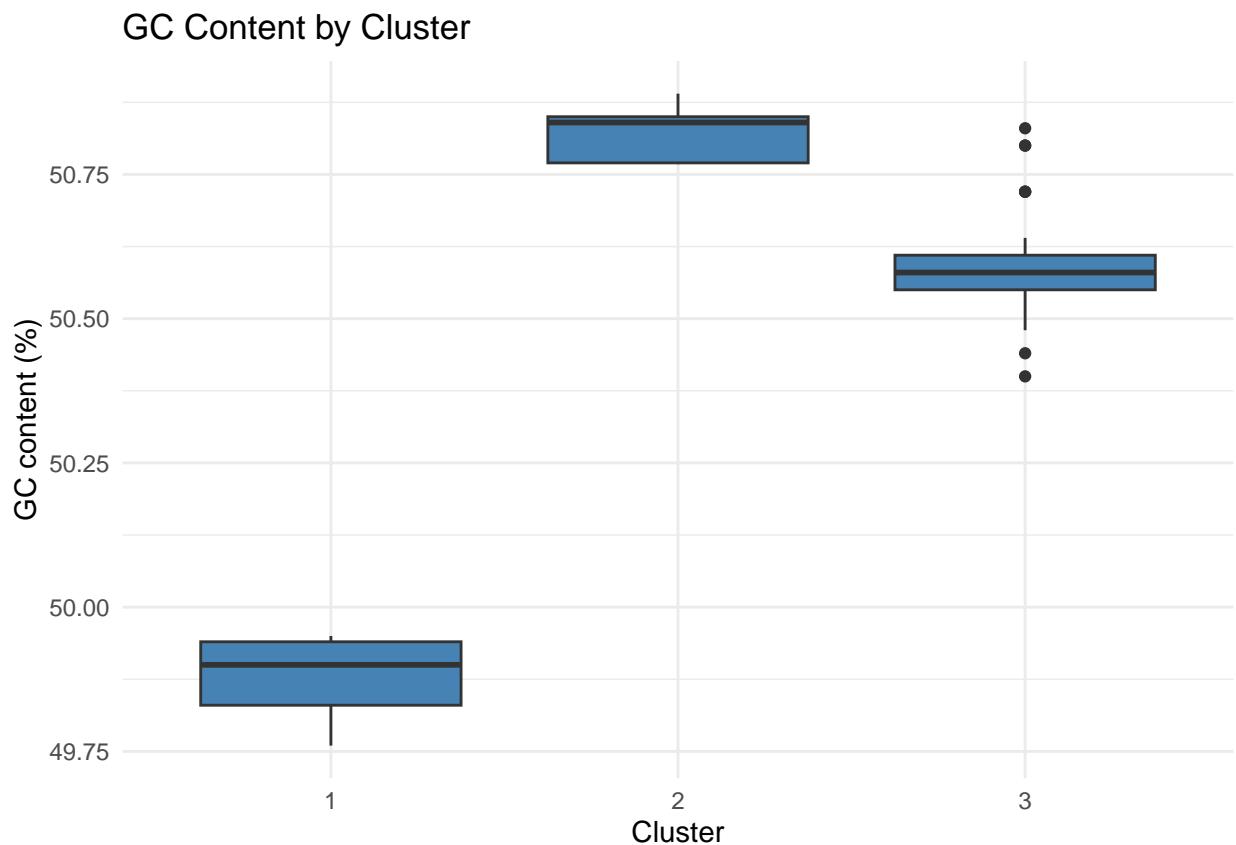
#### 8.4 Cluster Interpretation

```

df$cluster <- factor(cutree(hc, k = 3)) # <- important : factor

ggplot(df, aes(x = cluster, y = gc_content_percent)) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "steelblue") +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(
    title = "GC Content by Cluster",
    x = "Cluster",
    y = "GC content (%)"
  )

```



## 9. Conclusion

This exploratory comparative genomics analysis highlights variability in GC content and genome size within the dataset. Hierarchical clustering reveals genome groups based on global genomic features. Such approaches provide a fast and informative way to explore genomic similarity without requiring heavy phylogenetic pipelines.