

1. Components = modular pieces in one app; services = modular pieces as separate networked programs. A component-based system is built from loosely coupled components inside the same application/process. A service-oriented system is built from services that run as separate programs (often separate machines/containers).
2. Most appropriate: Monolithic + Event-driven UI. No external DB, no multi-client data sharing, and no reason to introduce network layers. Phone UI is naturally event-driven. A single executable is simplest and lowest risk: monolithic fits.
3. Monolithic + event-driven UI. Still no need for servers/services if everything is local. Chess logic is more complex than tic-tac-toe, so componentizing internally is useful: UI component, Game engine rules component (legal moves, check/checkmate), Optional AI component, and Optional storage (local PGN files, settings)
4. Client/Server. Client(s): player UI + local input/board rendering. Server: authoritative game state, matchmaking/lobby, turn validation, anti-cheat checks, persistence if needed
5. Use a file-based format (e.g., custom JSON/XML/binary) representing: Canvas metadata (size, background, version) and a list of drawable objects (type + properties). And to maintain, use Mainly file management, not DB tuning. If you did store in a DB (team/collab version), then you'd talk about tables + indexing + audits. But for the base app: files + versioning + safe writes.
- 6.



7.

a. Properties all share

- Position (or anchor point/origin)
- StrokeColor
- StrokeWidth
- IsSelected (editor state)
- ZOrder or Layer (draw order)
- Transform-ish data: Rotation (maybe), Scale (maybe)
- BoundingBox (either stored or computed)
- Methods: Draw(), Move(dx,dy), HitTest(point), GetBounds()

b. Properties they do NOT all share

- Line: StartPoint, EndPoint (and maybe no fill)
- Rectangle/Ellipse/Star: FillColor, FillStyle, maybe IsFilled
- Star: NumPoints, InnerRadiusRatio
- Text: String, FontName, FontSize, Bold/Italic, alignment

c. Properties shared by some but not others

- FillColor/FillStyle: shared by Rectangle, Ellipse, Star (but not Line; Text is special—text “fill” is basically its font color)
- Width/Height: shared by Rectangle and Ellipse (Star might use a bounding box too, but its “meaningful” params differ)
- CornerRadius: only Rectangle (if rounded rectangles exist)
- Rotation: might apply to Rectangle/Ellipse/Star/Text, but many simple editors allow rotation for all shapes; Line can also be “rotated” by changing endpoints, so rotation as a property is optional.

d. Where to implement shared/nonshared properties

- Drawable (base class): properties common to all objects + shared methods (Draw interface, Move, HitTest interface, selection state, stroke, z-order, etc.)
- Shape (optional intermediate): for geometric shapes that have outlines/fills
 - Line might be excluded or included depending on whether you define “fill” separately.
- FilledShape (optional intermediate): for Rectangle/Ellipse/Star that share fill properties
- Text: either inherits directly from Drawable (common) but has its own text/font properties.

