SQUAMATA — **SNAKES**

AGKISTRODON BILINEATUS (Cantil). MÉXICO: JALISCO: MUNICIPALITY OF TEUCHITLÁN: Valle de La Estanzuela (20.64679°N, 103.83234°W; WGS 84), 1266 m elev. 1 July 2020. María Celina Díaz-Padilla. Verified by Petr Myska. Colección Nacional de Anfibios y Reptiles (CNAR) Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México (IBH-RF 647; photo voucher). A young adult Cantil (760 mm total length) was found DOR in a patch of vegetation composed of grassland-mesquite and corn and sugarcane surrounded by native tropical deciduous forest. First municipality record, with the closest known record located ca. 54.55 km to the northwest in the Municipality of Zapopan, 22 km north northwest of Guadalajara, Jalisco (Arenas-Monroy and Ahumada-Carrillo 2015. Mesoamer. Herpetol. 2:371–374). Thanks to Adriana González for cataloging the voucher photograph.

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BUNGARUS NIGER (Greater Black Krait). INDIA: MANI-PUR: Churachandpur District: Moulbem Village (24.18430°N 93.43405°E; WGS 84), 818 m elev. 5 August 2021. Ronald Rohluosang Sinate. Verified by Jayaditya Purkayastha. Departmental Museum of Zoology, Mizoram University (MZMU 2546). Male (1060 mm SVL, 190 mm tail length, 228 ventrals, 53 subcaudals) collected at 1920 h. First record from Manipur. Species known from northern and eastern India (Uttarkhand, Assam, Sikkim, and Arunachal Pradesh), Nepal, Bangladesh, and Bhutan (Das 2018. In Sivaperuman and Venkataraman [eds.], Indian Hotspot, pp. 23–35. Springer Nature Singapore Pvt. Ltd., Singapore; Das 2018. A Naturalist's Guide to the Snakes of Southeast Asia. Second edition. John Beaufov Publishing Ltd, Oxford. 176 pp.). Fieldwork conducted with permission (#3/22/2018–WL [Vol–II]) by the Chief Wildlife Warden, Department of Forest Head Office, Government of Manipur, India.

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BUNGARUS SLOWINSKII (Red River Krait). LAOS PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC: XEKONG PROVINCE: DAKCHEUNG DISTRICT: Laeng Nam Xekong-Xekaman Protection Forest (15.55566°N, 107.35826°E; WGS 84), 1080 m elev. 14 July 2021. P. Phiapalath. Verified by Alexandre Teynié. Herpetological Collection, Duy Tan University (DTU 576; photo voucher). Individual found DOR at 0915 h; surrounding habitat was secondary forest. Second records for Laos PDR as well as first time for Xekong Province. Species also occurs in Vietnam, Laos, and Thailand (Smith and Hauser 2019. Trop. Nat. Hist. 19:43–50). Locality is ca. 50 airline km southwest from nearest known population in B. Ha Lee Commune, Tay Giang District, Quang Nam Province, Vietnam (Kharin et al. 2011. Russian J. Herpetol. 18:284–294).

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CARPHOPHIS AMOENUS AMOENUS (Eastern Wormsnake). USA: PENNSYLVANIA: PIKE Co.: specific locality withheld as condition of the permitting agency. 248 m elev. 12 August 2015. Jonathan M. Adamski. Verified by Dr. Thomas C. LaDuke. East Stroudsburg University of Pennsylvania Collection (ESUP R00240; photo voucher). Adult (27 cm total length, 21 cm SVL) observed under rock along escarpment. New county record (Hulse et al. 2001. Amphibians and Reptiles of Pennsylvania and the Northeast. Cornell University Press, Ithaca, New York. 432 pp.). Geographic context withheld due to permitting agency requirements. Work conducted under DEWA-2015-SCI0021, Scientific Research and Collecting Permit, United States Department of the Interior and National Park Service.

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CROTALUS HORRIDUS (Timber Rattlesnake). USA: TENNES-SEE: Lewis Co.: Grinders Creek, 15 m N of where it flows into the Buffalo River (35.46365°N, 87.53540° W; WGS 84). 28 October 2020. Connor Hughes. Verified by J. T. Grady. David H. Snyder Museum of Zoology, Austin Peay State University (APSU 20017). Specimen was found with its head submerged in Grinders Creek, dead but otherwise fully intact. New county record filling a gap in the known range of Crotalus horridus in the state with previous records from adjacent Hickman, Maury, Lawrence, Wayne, and Perry counties (Scott and Redmond 2008. Atlas of Reptiles in Tennessee. www.apsubiology.org/tnreptileatlas/; 10 September 2021). This locality is 26.09 km from closest record (APSU 03210) in Hickman County. Specimen collected under a Scientific Research and Collection Permit from the Tennessee Department of Environmental Conservation (TDEC # 1509) issued to CMG.

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CROTALUS INTERMEDIUS (Mexican Small-headed Rattlesnake). MÉXICO: GUERRERO: MUNICIPALITY OF MALINALTEPEC: between Tres Marías and road junction to Iliatenco (17.11298°N, 98.69984°W; WGS 84), 2615 m elev. 27 July 2016. Jose L. Gálvez-Ochoa. Verified by Rufino Santos-Bibiano. Amphibian and Reptile Diversity Research Center, The University of Texas at Arlington (UTADC 9709; photo voucher). First municipality record, extending the known distribution 30.5 airline km southeast from the nearest known record at Camino Tlatlauquitepec-Malinaltepec, at km 38.4 (UTA-R 51457; Campbell and Lamar 2004. The Venomous Reptiles of the Western Hemisphere. Vol. II. Cornell University Press, Ithaca, New York. Pp. 477–870). According to the molecular phylogeny presented by Bryson et al. (2011. J. Biogeogr. 38:2299-2310) the sample from Tlatlauquitepec is part of the clade assigned to C. i. omiltemanus, so it is possible that in the future, the specimen reported herein could be assigned to a different species. We thank Gregory Pandelis for making available catalog numbers at the UTA Digital Col-

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