### I.T 3 Search function

```
binary_search_ruby.rb ×
1 v class BinarySearch
      attr_reader :array
      def initialize()
        @array = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']
      def binary_search(item_to_find)
8▼
        high = (@array.size) - 1
        low = 0
10
11
12▼
        while (low <= high)</pre>
          mid = (high + low) / 2
13
14
15
          if @array[mid] == item_to_find
            return array[mid]
17
          elsif @array[mid] < item_to_find</pre>
            low = mid + 1
18
19
            high = mid - 1
20
21
22
        return nil
23
24
25
26
27
28
    search = BinarySearch.new
29
    p search.binary_search('b')
```

#### I.T 4 Sort Function

```
own_sort.rb
        require('pry')
class OwnSearch
ıby * 4
          def self.sorting(array)
           return array.first if array.size ← 1
           sorted_arr = Array.new()
           while array.size > 0
              count = 0
  ±10
             smallest = array[0]
              smallest_index = 0
  *11
              array.each do | item|
  *12
              smallest_index = count if item < smallest</pre>
               smallest = item if item < smallest</pre>
  ±15
               count += 1
  *16
  ±17
              sorted_arr.push(array[smallest_index])
              array.delete_at(smallest_index)
            return sorted_arr
  ± 23
  *24 p OwnSearch.sorting(['q','c','z','b', 's', 'd'])
  *25 p OwnSearch.sorting([9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1])
```

## I.T 5 Use of an array in a program

### I.T 6 Use of a hash in a program

```
ance
                                                                  UNF
       runner.rb
     require_relative('person.rb')
    require_relative('medic.rb')
     require_relative('agent.rb')
     person = Person.new("Chris", "Hunter")
 7 medic = Medic.new("Steph", "Beattie")
8 agent = Agent.new("James", "Blonde")
    hash_of_people = {
10
        person1: person,
        person2: medic,
11
12
        person3: agent
13
14
16
     hash_of_people.each{| num, person | p person.talk}
```

```
own_inheritance — user@CODECLAN059 — ..n_inheritance — -zsh — 80×24

→ own_inheritance ruby runner.rb

"Hi, I'm Chris Hunter"

"Hi, I'm Steph Beattie"

"The names Blonde, James Blonde"

→ own_inheritance
```

# I.T 7 Use of Polymorphism

An Item can is an Item or can be a Sellable.

```
package music_management;
import behaviours.*;

public class Item implements Sellable{
    String item;
    int wholesalePrice;
    int retailPrice;

public Item(String item, int wholesalePrice, int retailPrice){
    this.item = item;
    this.wholesalePrice = wholesalePrice;
    this.retailPrice = retailPrice;
    }

public int calculateMarkUp(){
    return this.retailPrice - this.wholesalePrice;
}
```

Instrument super class which implements Sellable.

```
package music_management;
import behaviours.*;

public abstract class Instrument implements Playable, Sellable{
    private InstrumentColour colour;
    private InstrumentType type;
    private int wholesalePrice;
    private int retailPrice;

public Instrument(InstrumentColour colour, InstrumentType type, int wholesalePrice, int retailPrice){
    this.colour = colour;
    this.type = type;
    this.wholesalePrice = wholesalePrice;
    this.retailPrice = retailPrice;
}

public int calculateMarkUp(){
    return this.retailPrice - this.wholesalePrice;
}
```

A FrenchHorn is an Instrument but can be a Sellable.

Shop class which uses an ArrayList of Sellable types.

```
Shop.java
     package music_management;
     import java.util.*;
import behaviours.*;
     public class Shop{
       private ArrayList<Sellable> stock;
       public Shop(){
          this.stock = new ArrayList<Sellable>();
       public int totalPotentialProfit(){
          int potentialProfit = 0;
          for(Sellable item: this.stock){
  potentialProfit += item.calculateMarkUp();
          return potentialProfit;
+19
        public int countStock(){
          return stock.size();
        public void addStock(Sellable item){
          stock.add(item);
```

FrenchHorn and Item objects can be added to shop object stock as Sellable. Then test that totalPotentialProfit() adds all calculateMarkUp() functions for each Sellable in the ArrayList.

```
### Page 12  ### Page 12  ### Page 12  ### Page 13  ### Page 14  ### Page 15  ### Page 16  ### P
```

Tests run as expected.

```
music_shop_homework — user@CODECLAN059 — -zsh — 87×25
               ..shop_homework
                                                             ..3/composition
OK (1 test)
Running GuitarTest
JUnit version 4.12
Time: 0.006
OK (2 tests)
Running ItemTest
JUnit version 4.12
Time: 0.004
OK (1 test)
Running ShopTest
JUnit version 4.12
Time: 0.009
OK (6 tests)
→ music_shop_homework git:(master) ×
```