I.T 1 An Example of Encapsulation (function from a Class)

```
package com.codeclan.solitare;

import ...

public class GameLogic {
    private ArrayList<ArrayList<Card>> aceStacks;
    private ArrayList<ArrayList<Card>> gameStacks;
    private Deck deck;
    private ArrayList<Card> pile;

public GameLogic(){...}

public GameLogic(){...}

public Card getPileCard(){
    if(getPile().size() >= 1) {
        Card card = this.pile.get(pile.size() - 1);
        return card;
    }

return null;
```

I.T Screenshots for use of Inheritance

i. A Super Class

```
package music_management;
    import behaviours.*;
4 ▼ public abstract class Instrument implements Playable, Sellable{
 5
6
      private InstrumentColour colour;
      private InstrumentType type;
      private int wholesalePrice;
8
      private int retailPrice;
10
11 ▼
      public Instrument(InstrumentColour colour, InstrumentType type,
12
      int wholesalePrice, int retailPrice){
13
14
        this.colour = colour;
15
        this.type = type;
16
        this.wholesalePrice = wholesalePrice;
17
        this.retailPrice = retailPrice;
      }
18
19
20
      public int calculateMarkUp(){
21
        return this.retailPrice - this.wholesalePrice;
      7
22
23
24
25
   }
```

ii. Child class (inherits from Instrument)

```
package music_management;
 2
    public class FrenchHorn extends Instrument{
 4
      public FrenchHorn(InstrumentType type,
 5
        InstrumentColour colour, int wholesalePrice,
 6
        int retailPrice ){
        super(colour, type, wholesalePrice, retailPrice);
 8
 9
      }
10
      public String play(){
11
12
        return "Broot";
13
14
```

iii.An object of the child class

```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
 2 import org.junit.*;
 3 import behaviours.*;
4 import music_management.*;
  public class FrenchHornTest{
    FrenchHorn horn;
10
    @Before
     public void before(){
       horn = new FrenchHorn(InstrumentType.WIND, InstrumentColour.GOLD, 300, 500);
12
13
     @Test
      public void canGetMarkUp(){
17
       assertEquals(200, horn.calculateMarkUp());
19 }
```

iv. A method that uses the information from the inherited class (ArrayList contains Instruments of Sellable types)

```
package music_management;
    import java.util.*;
    import behaviours.*;
 3
 4
 5
    public class Shop{
 6
      private ArrayList<Sellable> stock;
 7
      public Shop(){
 8
        this.stock = new ArrayList<Sellable>();
 9
10
11
12
      public int totalPotentialProfit(){
13
        int potentialProfit = 0;
        for(Sellable item: this.stock){
14
          potentialProfit += item.calculateMarkUp();
15
16
        return potentialProfit;
17
18
```

I.T 3 Search function

```
binary_search_ruby.rb ×
 1 ▼ class BinarySearch
      attr_reader :array
      def initialize()
        @array = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']
 6
      def binary_search(item_to_find)
8▼
        high = (@array.size) - 1
10
        low = 0
11
12▼
        while (low <= high)</pre>
13
          mid = (high + low) / 2
14
          if @array[mid] == item_to_find
15
16
            return array[mid]
17
          elsif @array[mid] < item_to_find</pre>
18
            low = mid + 1
19
           high = mid - 1
20
21
22
        return nil
23
24
25
26
27
28
    search = BinarySearch.new
29
    p search.binary_search('b')
```

I.T 4 Sort Function

```
own_sort.rb
        require('pry')
class OwnSearch
ıby * 4
          def self.sorting(array)
           return array.first if array.size ← 1
           sorted_arr = Array.new()
           while array.size > 0
              count = 0
  ±10
             smallest = array[0]
              smallest_index = 0
  *11
              array.each do | item|
  *12
              smallest_index = count if item < smallest</pre>
               smallest = item if item < smallest</pre>
  ±15
               count += 1
  *16
  ±17
              sorted_arr.push(array[smallest_index])
              array.delete_at(smallest_index)
            return sorted_arr
  ± 23
  *24 p OwnSearch.sorting(['q','c','z','b', 's', 'd'])
  *25 p OwnSearch.sorting([9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1])
```

I.T 5 Use of an array in a program

```
my_array.rb  

my_array.rb  

def count_the_kittens(array_of_cats)

return array_of_cats.select{| feline| feline if feline = "kitten"}.count

end

p | count_the_kittens(["cat","cat", "kitten", "kitten","cat", "cat", "kitten"])
```

```
example_code — user@CODECLAN059 — ../example_code — -zsh — 80×24

example_code ruby my_array.rb

example_code
```

I.T 6 Use of a hash in a program

```
def people()
 2
      hash_of_people = {
        "Chris" => "rubberduck@yahoo.com",
        "John" => "programs@gmail.com",
 5
        "Stephen" => "rubberduck@hotmail.com",
6
 7
    end
 8
    def get_email(name)
 9
      return people()[name]
10
    end
11
12
    puts get_email("Chris")
13
```

```
week_2 ruby my_hash.rb
rubberduck@yahoo.com

week_2 | week_2 | week_2 | week_2 |

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week
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I.T 7 Use of Polymorphism

```
Sellable.java

package behaviours;

public interface Sellable{
   int calculateMarkUp();
}
```

An Item is an Item or can be a Sellable.

```
package music_management;
import behaviours.*;

public class Item implements Sellable{

   String item;
   int wholesalePrice;
   int retailPrice;

public Item(String item, int wholesalePrice, int retailPrice){
    this.item = item;
    this.wholesalePrice = wholesalePrice;
    this.retailPrice = retailPrice;
   }

public int calculateMarkUp(){
   return this.retailPrice - this.wholesalePrice;
}
```

<u>Instrument super class which implements Sellable.</u>

```
package music_management;
import behaviours.*;

public abstract class Instrument implements Playable, Sellable{
    private InstrumentColour colour;
    private InstrumentType type;
    private int wholesalePrice;
    public Instrument(InstrumentColour colour, InstrumentType type, int wholesalePrice, int retailPrice){
        this.colour = colour;
        this.type = type;
        this.wholesalePrice = wholesalePrice;
        this.retailPrice = retailPrice;
    }
    public int calculateMarkUp(){
        return this.retailPrice - this.wholesalePrice;
    }
}
```

A FrenchHorn is an Instrument but can be a Sellable.

Shop class which uses an ArrayList of Sellable types.

```
Shop.java
     package music_management;
     import java.util.*;
import behaviours.*;
    public class Shop{
       private ArrayList<Sellable> stock;
       public Shop(){
          this.stock = new ArrayList<Sellable>();
       public int totalPotentialProfit(){
          int potentialProfit = 0;
          for(Sellable item: this.stock){
  potentialProfit += item.calculateMarkUp();
          return potentialProfit;
+19
        public int countStock(){
          return stock.size();
        public void addStock(Sellable item){
          stock.add(item);
```

FrenchHorn and Item objects can be added to shop object stock as Sellable. Then test that totalPotentialProfit() adds all calculateMarkUp() functions for each Sellable in the ArrayList.

```
### Second Contents of Content
```

Tests run as expected.

```
music_shop_homework — user@CODECLAN059 — -zsh — 87×25
               ..shop_homework
                                                             ..3/composition
OK (1 test)
Running GuitarTest
JUnit version 4.12
Time: 0.006
OK (2 tests)
Running ItemTest
JUnit version 4.12
Time: 0.004
OK (1 test)
Running ShopTest
JUnit version 4.12
Time: 0.009
OK (6 tests)
→ music_shop_homework git:(master) ×
```