RWorksheet_CAHUYA#7

CAHUYA, CARLO J'NAED LYTON BSIT-2A

2022-12-20

```
library(Hmisc)

## Warning: package 'Hmisc' was built under R version 4.2.2

## Loading required package: lattice

## Loading required package: survival

## Loading required package: Formula

## Loading required package: ggplot2

## ## Attaching package: 'Hmisc'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

## ## format.pval, units

library(pastecs)

## Warning: package 'pastecs' was built under R version 4.2.2
```

Basic StatisticS 1. Create a data frame for the table below.

```
scores <- data.frame(
   Student = seq(1:10),
   Pre_test = c(55, 54, 47, 57, 51, 61, 57, 54, 63, 58),
   post_test = c(61, 60, 56, 63, 56, 63, 59, 56, 62, 61)
)
scores</pre>
```

```
## 4
            4
                     57
                                 63
## 5
            5
                     51
                                 56
## 6
            6
                     61
                                 63
            7
## 7
                     57
                                59
## 8
            8
                     54
                                 56
## 9
            9
                     63
                                 62
## 10
            10
                     58
                                 61
```

```
colnames(scores) <- c("Student", "Pre-test", "Post-test")
scores</pre>
```

```
Student Pre-test Post-test
##
## 1
            1
                     55
                                61
## 2
            2
                     54
                                60
            3
## 3
                     47
                                56
## 4
            4
                     57
                                63
## 5
            5
                     51
                                56
                                63
## 6
            6
                     61
## 7
            7
                     57
                                59
## 8
            8
                                56
                     54
## 9
            9
                     63
                                62
## 10
           10
                     58
                                61
```

a. Compute the descriptive statistics using different packages (Hmisc and pastecs). Write the codes and its result. HMISC

```
dsHmisc <- describe(scores)
dsHmisc</pre>
```

```
## scores
##
##
  3 Variables
              10 Observations
## Student
       n missing distinct
##
                            Info
                                   Mean
                                           Gmd
                                                   .05
                                                          .10
                                    5.5
                                          3.667
                                                         1.90
##
       10
              0
                      10
                              1
                                                  1.45
##
      .25
              .50
                     .75
                            .90
                                    .95
##
     3.25
             5.50
                    7.75
                            9.10
                                   9.55
##
## lowest: 1 2 3 4 5, highest: 6 7 8 9 10
##
             1 2 3 4
                          5
                                7
                             6
## Frequency
            1 1 1 1 1
                            1
                               1
                                   1 1 1
## Pre-test
##
       n missing distinct
                            Info
                                   Mean
                                           Gmd
##
       10
          0
                           0.988
                                   55.7
                                          5.444
##
## lowest : 47 51 54 55 57, highest: 55 57 58 61 63
##
## Value
            47 51 54 55 57
                            58 61
## Frequency
                1
                   2
                      1
            1
```

```
## Proportion 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1
## Post-test
##
         n missing distinct
                                 Info
                                         Mean
                                                   Gmd
##
        10
                  0
                                0.964
                                         59.7
                                                 3.311
##
## lowest : 56 59 60 61 62, highest: 59 60 61 62 63
##
## Value
              56 59 60 61 62 63
## Frequency
               3 1 1 2
                               1
                                   2
## Proportion 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2
```

PASTECS

```
dsPastecs <- stat.desc(scores)
dsPastecs</pre>
```

```
##
                   Student
                               Pre-test
                                           Post-test
## nbr.val
                10.0000000
                            10.00000000
                                         10.00000000
## nbr.null
                 0.0000000
                             0.00000000
                                          0.00000000
## nbr.na
                 0.0000000
                             0.00000000
                                          0.00000000
## min
                 1.0000000
                            47.00000000
                                         56.00000000
## max
                10.0000000
                            63.00000000
                                         63.00000000
                            16.00000000
## range
                9.0000000
                                          7.00000000
## sum
                55.0000000 557.00000000 597.00000000
## median
                 5.5000000 56.00000000
                                         60.50000000
## mean
                 5.5000000 55.70000000
                                         59.70000000
## SE.mean
                 0.9574271
                             1.46855938
                                          0.89504811
## CI.mean.0.95 2.1658506
                             3.32211213
                                          2.02473948
## var
                 9.1666667 21.56666667
                                          8.01111111
## std.dev
                             4.64399254
                 3.0276504
                                          2.83039063
## coef.var
                 0.5504819
                             0.08337509
                                          0.04741023
```

2. The Department of Agriculture was studying the effects of several levels of a fertilizer on the growth of a plant. For some analyses, it might be useful to convert the fertilizer levels to an ordered factor. The data were 10,10,10,20,20,50,10,20,10,50,20,50,20,10.

```
data <- c(10,10,10, 20,20,50,10,20,10,50,20,50,20,10)
```

a. Write the codes and describe the result

```
factor(data)

## [1] 10 10 10 20 20 50 10 20 10 50 20 50 20 10

## Levels: 10 20 50

sort(data, decreasing = FALSE)
```

[1] 10 10 10 10 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 50 50 50

#The result displays the differerent levels of fertilizer in an ordered or increasing manner.

3. Abdul Hassan, president of Floor Coverings Unlimited, has asked you to study the exercise levels undertaken by 10 subjects were "l", "n", "i", "i", "l", "n", "n", "i", "l"; n=none, l=light, i=intense

```
exer_levels <- c("l", "n", "n", "i", "l", "l", "n", "n", "i", "l")
```

a. What is the best way to represent this in R?

Data.frame is the best way to represent them.

origin is specified by a character vector of state mnemonics as:

```
exer_levels

## [1] "l" "n" "n" "i" "l" "l" "n" "n" "i" "l"

factor(exer_levels)

## [1] l n n i l l n n i l
## Levels: i l n
```

4. Sample of 30 tax accountants from all the states and territories of Australia and their individual state of

```
## [1] "tas" "sa" "qld" "nsw" "nsw" "nt" "wa" "wa" "qld" "vic" "nsw" "vic" ## [13] "qld" "qld" "sa" "tas" "sa" "nt" "wa" "vic" "qld" "nsw" "nsw" "wa" ## [25] "sa" "act" "nsw" "vic" "vic" "act"
```

a. Apply the factor function and factor level. Describe the results.

```
factorState <- factor(state)
factorState

## [1] tas sa qld nsw nsw nt wa wa qld vic nsw vic qld qld sa tas sa nt wa
## [20] vic qld nsw nsw wa sa act nsw vic vic act
## Levels: act nsw nt qld sa tas vic wa

factorLevel <- levels(factorState)
factorLevel</pre>
```

```
## [1] "act" "nsw" "nt" "qld" "sa" "tas" "vic" "wa"
```

```
#The vector and its levels are shown using the factor() function.
#The levels() function simply displays the different levels or characters that have been utilized.
```

5. From #4 - continuation: Suppose we have the incomes of the same tax accountants in another vector (in suitably large units of money)

```
incomes <- c(60, 49, 40, 61, 64, 60, 59, 54, 62, 69, 70, 42, 56, 61, 61, 61, 58,51, 48, 65, 49, 49, 41, 48, 52, 46, 59, 46, 58, 43) incomes
```

[1] 60 49 40 61 64 60 59 54 62 69 70 42 56 61 61 61 58 51 48 65 49 49 41 48 52 ## [26] 46 59 46 58 43

```
##
      state incomes
## 1
         tas
                   60
## 2
                   49
          sa
## 3
        qld
                   40
## 4
                   61
        nsw
## 5
                   64
        nsw
## 6
         nt
                   60
## 7
                   59
          wa
## 8
                   54
          wa
## 9
         qld
                   62
## 10
                   69
        vic
## 11
                   70
        nsw
## 12
                   42
        vic
## 13
        qld
                   56
## 14
         qld
                   61
## 15
          sa
                   61
## 16
                   61
         tas
## 17
                   58
          sa
## 18
         nt
                   51
## 19
                   48
          wa
## 20
                   65
         vic
## 21
                   49
        qld
## 22
                   49
        nsw
## 23
                   41
        nsw
## 24
                   48
          wa
## 25
                   52
          sa
## 26
                   46
        act
## 27
                   59
        nsw
```

```
## 28 vic 46
## 29 vic 58
## 30 act 43
```

a. Calculate the sample mean income for each state we can now use the special function tapply():

```
tapply(incomes, state, mean)
```

```
## act nsw nt qld sa tas vic wa
## 44.50000 57.33333 55.50000 53.60000 55.00000 60.50000 56.00000 52.25000
```

b. Copy the results and interpret.

```
tapply(incomes, state, mean)
```

```
## act nsw nt qld sa tas vic wa
## 44.50000 57.33333 55.50000 53.60000 55.00000 60.50000 56.00000 52.25000
```

```
# It displays the levels of the vector and their corresponding mean.
```

6. Calculate the standard errors of the state income means (refer again to number 3) a. What is the standard error? Write the codes.

```
stdError <- function(x) sqrt(var(x)/length(x))
incster <- tapply(incomes, state, stdError)
incster</pre>
```

```
## act nsw nt qld sa tas vic wa
## 1.500000 4.310195 4.500000 4.106093 2.738613 0.500000 5.244044 2.657536
```

b. Interpret the result.

```
# The output shows the standard deviation of the sample distribution or an estimate of the SE. # It shows the levels as well as the related SD.
```

7. Use the titanic dataset.

```
data("Titanic")
titanic_DF <- as.data.frame(Titanic)
titanic_DF</pre>
```

```
##
      Class
                     Age Survived Freq
               Sex
## 1
        1st
              Male Child
                                No
## 2
        2nd
              Male Child
                                No
                                      0
## 3
        3rd
              Male Child
                                No
                                     35
## 4
       Crew
              Male Child
                                No
                                      0
## 5
       1st Female Child
                                No
                                      0
        2nd Female Child
## 6
                                No
                                      0
```

```
## 7
        3rd Female Child
                                  No
                                       17
## 8
       Crew Female Child
                                        0
                                  No
## 9
        1st
               Male Adult
                                  No
                                      118
## 10
        2nd
               Male Adult
                                      154
                                  No
## 11
        3rd
               Male Adult
                                  No
                                      387
## 12
               Male Adult
       Crew
                                  No
                                      670
## 13
        1st Female Adult
                                  No
                                        4
        2nd Female Adult
## 14
                                  No
                                       13
## 15
        3rd Female Adult
                                  No
                                       89
                                        3
## 16
       Crew Female Adult
                                  No
## 17
        1st
               Male Child
                                 Yes
                                        5
## 18
        2nd
               Male Child
                                 Yes
                                       11
##
   19
        3rd
               Male Child
                                 Yes
                                       13
## 20
       Crew
               Male Child
                                 Yes
                                        0
## 21
        1st Female Child
                                        1
                                 Yes
## 22
        2nd Female Child
                                 Yes
                                       13
## 23
        3rd Female Child
                                       14
                                 Yes
##
  24
       Crew Female Child
                                 Yes
                                        0
## 25
               Male Adult
        1st
                                 Yes
                                       57
## 26
        2nd
               Male Adult
                                 Yes
                                       14
## 27
        3rd
               Male Adult
                                 Yes
                                       75
## 28
       Crew
               Male Adult
                                 Yes
                                      192
## 29
        1st Female Adult
                                 Yes
                                      140
## 30
        2nd Female Adult
                                       80
                                 Yes
## 31
        3rd Female Adult
                                 Yes
                                       76
## 32
       Crew Female Adult
                                 Yes
                                       20
```

a. subset the titanic dataset of those who survived and not survived. Show the codes and its result. SURVIVED

```
survived_sub <- subset(titanic_DF , Survived == 'Yes')
survived_sub</pre>
```

```
##
      Class
                Sex
                      Age Survived Freq
## 17
        1st
               Male Child
                                Yes
## 18
        2nd
               Male Child
                                Yes
                                       11
## 19
        3rd
               Male Child
                                Yes
                                       13
## 20
                                        0
       Crew
               Male Child
                                Yes
##
  21
        1st Female Child
                                Yes
                                        1
## 22
        2nd Female Child
                                Yes
                                       13
## 23
        3rd Female Child
                                Yes
                                       14
## 24
       Crew Female Child
                                Yes
                                        0
## 25
        1st
               Male Adult
                                       57
                                Yes
## 26
        2nd
               Male Adult
                                Yes
                                       14
## 27
        3rd
               Male Adult
                                Yes
                                       75
## 28
       Crew
               Male Adult
                                Yes
                                      192
  29
        1st Female Adult
                                Yes
                                      140
##
  30
        2nd Female Adult
                                Yes
                                       80
        3rd Female Adult
                                       76
## 31
                                Yes
## 32
       Crew Female Adult
                                Yes
                                       20
```

NOT SURVIVED

#

```
not_survived_sub <- subset(titanic_DF , Survived == 'No')
not_survived_sub</pre>
```

```
##
      Class
               Sex
                      Age Survived Freq
## 1
        1st
              Male Child
                                No
## 2
        2nd
              Male Child
                                No
                                       0
## 3
        3rd
              Male Child
                                No
                                      35
              Male Child
## 4
       Crew
                                No
                                       0
## 5
        1st Female Child
                                No
## 6
        2nd Female Child
                                No
                                       0
## 7
        3rd Female Child
                                      17
                                No
       Crew Female Child
## 8
                                      0
                                No
              Male Adult
## 9
        1st
                                No
                                    118
## 10
              Male Adult
        2nd
                                No
                                    154
## 11
        3rd
              Male Adult
                                    387
                                No
## 12
       Crew
              Male Adult
                                No
                                    670
## 13
        1st Female Adult
                                No
## 14
        2nd Female Adult
                                No
                                      13
## 15
        3rd Female Adult
                                No
                                      89
## 16 Crew Female Adult
                                No
                                       3
```

8. The data sets are about the breast cancer Wisconsin. The samples arrive periodically as Dr. Wolberg reports his clinical cases. The database therefore reflects this chronological grouping of the data. You can create this dataset in Microsoft Excel.

```
library("readxl")
```

Warning: package 'readxl' was built under R version 4.2.2

```
Breast_Cancer <- read_excel("C:/Data_Science/Worksheet7/Breast_Cancer.xlsx")
Breast_Cancer</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 49 x 11
##
           Id CL. thickne~1 Cell ~2 Cell ~3 Marg.~4 Epith~5 Bare.~6 Bl. C~7 Norma~8
##
        <dbl>
                       <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
                                                          <dbl> <chr>
                                                                           <dbl>
                                                                                    <dbl>
##
   1 1000025
                           5
                                    1
                                             1
                                                     1
                                                              2 1
                                                                               3
                                                                                        1
##
    2 1002945
                            5
                                    4
                                             4
                                                     5
                                                              7 10
                                                                               3
                                                                                        2
                                                              2 2
    3 1015425
                            3
##
                                    1
                                             1
                                                      1
                                                                               3
                                                                                        1
##
    4 1016277
                            6
                                    8
                                             8
                                                     1
                                                              3 4
                                                                               3
                                                                                        7
##
   5 1017023
                            4
                                    1
                                             1
                                                     3
                                                              2 1
                                                                               3
                                                                                        1
   6 1017122
                            8
                                   10
                                            10
                                                     8
                                                              7 10
                                                                               9
                                                                                        7
##
##
    7 1018099
                            1
                                    1
                                             1
                                                     1
                                                              2 10
                                                                               3
                                                                                        1
                            2
                                             2
                                                              2 1
                                                                               3
##
   8 1018561
                                    1
                                                     1
                                                                                        1
                            2
##
   9 1033078
                                    1
                                                     1
                                                              2 1
                                                                               1
                                                                                        1
                                             1
## 10 1033078
                            4
                                    2
                                                     1
                                                              2 1
                                             1
                                                                                        1
## # ... with 39 more rows, 2 more variables: Mitoses <dbl>, Class <chr>, and
       abbreviated variable names 1: 'CL. thickness', 2: 'Cell size',
```

3: 'Cell Shape', 4: 'Marg. Adhesion', 5: 'Epith. C.size', 6: 'Bare. Nuclei', 7: 'Bl. Cromatin', 8: 'Normal nucleoli'

a. describe what is the dataset all about.

The dataset contains information on breast cancer clinical cases such as CL thickness, Cell size, Cel

b. Import the data from MS Excel. Copy the codes.

```
Breast_Cancer <- read_excel("C:/Data_Science/Worksheet7/Breast_Cancer.xlsx")</pre>
Breast_Cancer
## # A tibble: 49 x 11
##
           Id CL. thickne~1 Cell ~2 Cell ~3 Marg.~4 Epith~5 Bare.~6 Bl. C~7 Norma~8
##
                       <dbl>
                               <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
                                                         <dbl> <chr>
##
    1 1000025
                           5
                                    1
                                            1
                                                     1
                                                             2 1
                                                                              3
                                                                                       1
                                                             7 10
                                                                                       2
##
    2 1002945
                           5
                                    4
                                            4
                                                     5
                                                                              3
## 3 1015425
                           3
                                    1
                                            1
                                                     1
                                                             2 2
                                                                              3
                                                                                       1
                           6
                                                                              3
                                                                                       7
## 4 1016277
                                    8
                                            8
                                                     1
                                                             3 4
## 5 1017023
                           4
                                            1
                                                     3
                                                             2 1
                                                                              3
                                                                                       1
                                    1
## 6 1017122
                           8
                                   10
                                           10
                                                     8
                                                             7 10
                                                                              9
                                                                                       7
## 7 1018099
                           1
                                    1
                                            1
                                                     1
                                                             2 10
                                                                              3
                                                                                       1
## 8 1018561
                           2
                                            2
                                                                               3
                                                                                       1
                           2
## 9 1033078
                                                             2 1
                                    1
                                            1
                                                     1
                                                                              1
                                                                                       1
## 10 1033078
                                                     1
## # ... with 39 more rows, 2 more variables: Mitoses <dbl>, Class <chr>, and
       abbreviated variable names 1: 'CL. thickness', 2: 'Cell size',
       3: 'Cell Shape', 4: 'Marg. Adhesion', 5: 'Epith. C.size',
## #
       6: 'Bare. Nuclei', 7: 'Bl. Cromatin', 8: 'Normal nucleoli'
```

c. Compute the descriptive statistics using different packages. Find the values of: c.1 Standard error of the mean for clump thickness.

```
standard_clump <- sd(Breast_Cancer$`CL. thickness`/sqrt(length((Breast_Cancer$`CL. thickness`))))
standard_clump</pre>
```

[1] 0.4092884

c.2 Coefficient of variability for Marginal Adhesion.

```
cv_marg_adhesion <- sd(Breast_Cancer$`Marg. Adhesion`) / mean(Breast_Cancer$`Marg. Adhesion`) * 100
cv_marg_adhesion</pre>
```

[1] 97.67235

c.3 Number of null values of Bare Nuclei.

```
num_bare_nuclei <- sum(is.na(Breast_Cancer$`Bare. Nuclei`))
num_bare_nuclei</pre>
```

[1] 0

c.4 Mean and standard deviation for Bland Chromatin

```
mean_B_chromatin <- mean(Breast_Cancer$`Bl. Cromatin`)</pre>
mean_B_chromatin
## [1] 3.836735
standard_dev_B_chromatin <- sd(Breast_Cancer$`Bl. Cromatin`)</pre>
standard dev B chromatin
## [1] 2.085135
c.5 Confidence interval of the mean for Uniformity of Cell Shape
mean_cell <- mean(Breast_Cancer$`Cell Shape`)</pre>
standard_cell <- sd(Breast_Cancer$`Cell Shape`)/sqrt(length(Breast_Cancer$`Cell Shape`))
alpha <- 0.05
dg <- length(Breast_Cancer$`Cell Shape`) - 1</pre>
t.score \leftarrow qt(p = alpha/2 , df = dg, lower.tail = F)
margin.error <- t.score * standard_cell</pre>
lower.bound <- mean_cell - margin.error</pre>
upper.bound <- mean_cell + margin.error</pre>
CFinterval <- c(lower.bound, upper.bound)</pre>
CFinterval
## [1] 2.327184 3.999346
  d. How many attributes?
# Null
  e. Find the percentage of respondents who are malignant. Interpret the results.
library(dplyr )
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:pastecs':
##
       first, last
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:Hmisc':
##
##
       src, summarize
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
```

##

filter, lag

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
Breast Cancer %>%
  group by(Class) %>%
  summarise( Percent = 100 * n() / nrow(Breast_Cancer))
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##
     Class
                Percent
##
     <chr>
                  <dbl>
                   63.3
## 1 benign
## 2 malignant
                   36.7
9. Export the data abalone to the Microsoft excel file. Copy the codes. install.packages ("Applied Predictive Modeling")
library("AppliedPredictiveModeling") view(abalone) head(abalone) summary(abalone)
library("AppliedPredictiveModeling")
## Warning: package 'AppliedPredictiveModeling' was built under R version 4.2.2
data(abalone)
head(abalone)
##
     Type LongestShell Diameter Height WholeWeight ShuckedWeight VisceraWeight
## 1
                            0.365 0.095
                                               0.5140
        М
                  0.455
                                                              0.2245
                                                                             0.1010
## 2
        М
                  0.350
                            0.265
                                   0.090
                                               0.2255
                                                              0.0995
                                                                             0.0485
## 3
        F
                  0.530
                            0.420
                                   0.135
                                               0.6770
                                                              0.2565
                                                                             0.1415
## 4
        М
                  0.440
                            0.365
                                   0.125
                                                              0.2155
                                                                             0.1140
                                               0.5160
## 5
                  0.330
                            0.255
        Ι
                                   0.080
                                               0.2050
                                                              0.0895
                                                                             0.0395
## 6
        Ι
                  0.425
                            0.300 0.095
                                               0.3515
                                                              0.1410
                                                                             0.0775
##
     ShellWeight Rings
## 1
           0.150
                     15
## 2
           0.070
                      7
## 3
           0.210
                      9
## 4
           0.155
                     10
## 5
           0.055
                      7
## 6
           0.120
                      8
summary(abalone)
##
    Туре
              LongestShell
                                  Diameter
                                                     Height
                                                                    WholeWeight
##
    F:1307
                     :0.075
                                      :0.0550
                                                         :0.0000
                                                                           :0.0020
             Min.
                               Min.
                                                 Min.
                                                                   Min.
##
    I:1342
             1st Qu.:0.450
                               1st Qu.:0.3500
                                                 1st Qu.:0.1150
                                                                   1st Qu.:0.4415
   M:1528
             Median : 0.545
                               Median : 0.4250
                                                 Median :0.1400
                                                                   Median : 0.7995
##
##
             Mean
                     :0.524
                               Mean
                                      :0.4079
                                                 Mean
                                                         :0.1395
                                                                   Mean
                                                                           :0.8287
##
             3rd Qu.:0.615
                               3rd Qu.:0.4800
                                                 3rd Qu.:0.1650
                                                                   3rd Qu.:1.1530
##
             Max.
                     :0.815
                               Max.
                                      :0.6500
                                                 Max.
                                                         :1.1300
                                                                   Max.
                                                                           :2.8255
##
    ShuckedWeight
                      VisceraWeight
                                         ShellWeight
                                                               Rings
```

Min.

##

Min.

:0.0010

Min.

:0.0005

:0.0015

Min.

: 1.000

```
## 1st Qu.:0.1860
                  1st Qu.:0.0935 1st Qu.:0.1300
                                                 1st Qu.: 8.000
## Median :0.3360
                  Median :0.1710 Median :0.2340
                                                 Median : 9.000
## Mean :0.3594
                                                 Mean : 9.934
                  Mean :0.1806
                                  Mean :0.2388
## 3rd Qu.:0.5020
                  3rd Qu.:0.2530
                                  3rd Qu.:0.3290
                                                 3rd Qu.:11.000
## Max. :1.4880
                  Max. :0.7600
                                  Max. :1.0050
                                                 Max. :29.000
```