

Introduction

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Introduction

What is Connect IoT

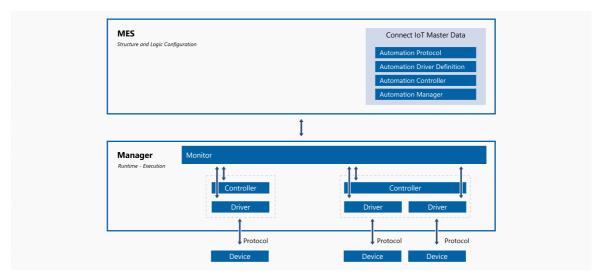
Connect IoT is the Critical Manufacturing MES approach to Equipment Integration. It provides a simplified process of abstraction of different shop floor equipments and enabling a low-code solution to connect to them to the MES.

Connect IoT Main drivers

This solution was built to:

- Reduce the time and effort of Equipment Integration implementation and maintenance.
- Allow versionable integrations, ensuring that both system tests and validated developments are not changed.
- Have a lighter solution in regards to computational resources and allow compatibility with different operational systems and processors.
- Allow IoT devices to be connected to a secure platform.
- A centralized definition of integration in the MES platform.

Connect IoT Simplified Architecture



Automation Protocol

To perform an equipment integration, you need to know which protocol the equipment uses to communicate. A protocol represents a communication convention that controls and allows communication and data transfer between two connected systems.

The Connect IoT solution supports a set of popular communication protocols used in multiple areas in the manufacturing industry, as well as being extensible to provide support to new existing or custom protocols.

The entity **Automation Protocol** in the CMF MES represents the protocol concept.



Automation Driver Definition

A protocol has a set of defining principles that are intrinsic to the protocol itself. A driver definition is the mapping of that protocol to the specific use case of a machine. A machine may use TCP-IP as its transport layer protocol, but that is insufficient to know that a machine sends a particular stream when it starts, for example.

The **Automation Driver Definition** exists to provide that mapping, splitting machine communication into events and commands. The Automation Driver Definition inherits the protocol definitions specified in the Automation Protocol, and adds on it the mapping to a particular instance of that protocol implementation.

This entity will inform the driver running process on how to connect to the machine, what to expect and what to forward to the controller process as relevant occurrences.

Automation Controller

The controller is where all business logic is located - event notification, data transformation, commands, etc. - based on the information sent from or to one or more drivers. The actions that result from the business logic may involve interactions with other systems, controllers and/or drivers. This concept is mapped from the MES to the Connect IoT through the **Automation Controller** entity. Along with the entity, a low code tool is provided to enable workflow support for the the development of the required business logic.

When it is associated with an $\underline{\text{MES}}$ entity, it is responsible to communicate with the $\underline{\text{MES}}$ and to establish the workflow logic, managing the interactions with the equipment, data transformation (which may include communicating between drivers, other controllers or systems) and data retrieval and storage. These workflows are designed through the use of tasks, elementary operational logic gates that abstract business logic with a plethora of different options and procedures available that provide vast extensibility to the solution.

As it can be seen, there is a clear separation of concerns. The driver definition is concerned with interfacing and the controller is concerned with what to do with the machine information.

Automation Manager

The **Automation Manager** is the process orchestrator of your implementation. It is a structure that contains the drivers and controllers. As the parent process it is responsible for starting all other processes and ensuring that they are running or stopped when needed. The Manager is responsible for the process life cycle and it is represented by the **Automation Manager** in the CMF MES.

To be able to start and stop the processes, the manager needs to know the location of where it can download its dependencies. In the MES, this is known as the package repository location, this location is where all the possible dependencies of the manager process will reside. A dependency will be for example, the required source code for a particular driver. This prevents having to ship all possible dependencies with the manager. The manager when starting to run will download what is relevant for a particular implementation and will only use that.

Automation Monitor

There is an additional technical component that functions as an interface between the Automation Manager and the MES system. This component is responsible for accessing the MES and retrieving all the configurations for that particular Manager. This component does not require a matching entity in the MES.

The Automation Monitor is the interface between a system (MES) and the manager to which the monitor is tightly coupled. It knows the Automation Controllers that the manager contains, the Automation Driver Definitions and Automation Protocols for each one, as well as the workflows that are set to be executed.



It informs the manager on which driver version is used by the controller workflows and therefore needs to be started, as well as the location of the files that support the driver. It is also responsible to verify the current state of the processes (if they are up or down or in some other state).

It needs to know:

- The repository type and location
- Which driver and controller needs to be started
- The address of the MES for interaction between the Manager and the system



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