## Worksheet 8 Solutions

Q1. (a) The undamped motions of a mass on an spring is given by my'' + ky = 0

where y = y(t) is the displacement of the mass. Hence, we obtain,

$$m_{1}y_{1}^{11} = -K_{1}y_{1} + K_{2}(y_{2}-y_{1})$$

$$m_{2}y_{2}^{11} = -K_{2}(y_{2}-y_{1})$$

for the unknown displacements  $y_1 = y_1(t)$  of the first mass  $m_1$  and  $y_2 = y_2(t)$  of the second mass  $m_2$ .

Now, 
$$m_1 = m_2 = 1$$
;  $K_1 = 3$ ,  $K_2 = 2$ , So  $y_1'' = -3y_1 + 2(y_2 - y_1) = -5y_1 + 2y_2$   
 $y_2'' = -2y_2 + 2y_1$   
 $y_1'' = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 2 \\ +2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} y$ 

(b) As for a single equation, we try exponential function of t,  $y = xe^{\omega t}$   $= Axe^{\omega t}$  [Since y'' = Ay]

Let 
$$\omega^2 = \lambda$$
  
=)  $Ax = \lambda X$ 

For eigen values: |A-AI| = 0  $\Rightarrow |-5-A| = 0$ |2 -2-A| = 0

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^{2} + 7\lambda + 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = -1 + -6$$

Eigen vectors: For 
$$\lambda = -1$$

$$Ax = -x \Rightarrow -5x_1 + 2x_2 = -x_1 \Rightarrow 2x_1 = x_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 0_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

For 
$$\lambda = -6$$
  
 $A\chi = -6 \Rightarrow -5\chi_1 + 2\chi_2 = -6\chi_1 \Rightarrow \chi_1 = -2\chi_2$   
 $\Rightarrow V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Since, W = JJ, so  $J = \pm i$  &  $J = 6 = \pm iJ6$ We obtain,

$$y(t) = v_1(c_1(\omega t + c_2(\sin t)) + v_2(c_3(\omega t) + c_4(\sin t) + v_2(c_3(\omega t) + c_4(\sin t)) + v_2(c_3(\omega t) + c_4(\sin t$$

$$y_1 = c_1 \text{ (set } + c_2 \text{ sint } + 2c_3 \text{ (set } - c_4 \text{ sint } t$$

$$y_2 = 2c_1 \text{ (set } + 2c_2 \text{ sint } - c_3 \text{ (set } - c_4 \text{ sint } t$$

Let  $y_1(t)$  and  $y_2(t)$  be amount of festilizes in tank  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  respectively at time t.  $y_1(0) = 400 \text{ lb}$  &  $y_2(0) = 200 \text{ lb}$ 

We can model the system with the following diff.

$$y_1' = \frac{4}{200}y_2 - \frac{16}{200}y_1 = -0.08y_1 + 0.02y_2$$

$$y_2' = \frac{16}{200}y_1 - \frac{16}{200}y_2 = 0.08y_1 - 0.08y_2$$

$$y' = \begin{bmatrix} -0.08 & 0.02 \\ 0.08 & -0.02 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Eight values = 
$$\begin{vmatrix} -0.08 - \lambda & 0.02 \\ 0.08 & -0.08 + \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
  
=  $\lambda^2 + 0.16\lambda + 0.0048 = 0$   
=  $\lambda = -0.12 + 0.004$   
For  $\lambda = -0.012$  , where  $\lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 0.08 & 0.02 \\ 0.08 & -0.08 \end{bmatrix}$   
=  $\lambda = -0.08 \times_1 + 0.02 \times_2 = -0.02 \times_1$   
=  $\lambda = -0.04 \times_1 = 0.02 \times_2 = \lambda_2 = -2 \times_1$   
 $\lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$   
For  $\lambda = -0.04 \times_1 = 0.02 \times_2 = -0.04 \times_1$   
=  $\lambda = -0.04 \times_1 = 0.02 \times_2 = \lambda_2 = 2 \times_1$   
 $\lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$   
Central Sull -  $\lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$   
Converse  $\lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$   
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 $\lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Eigen values -

03.

Model for current I,(t):

Voltage drop across the circuit = 0

Voltage drop across C + Voltage drop across R = 0

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + RI_1 - RI_2 = 0 \qquad ; \qquad \frac{\partial \partial}{\partial t} = I_1 \\ = \partial = \int I_1 dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{C} \int I_1 dt + R(I_1 - I_2) = 0 - 0$$

Model for current I2(t):

Voltage drop across the circuit = 0

Voltage drop across L + Voltage drop across <math>R = 0

$$LI_{2}^{1} + k(I_{2} - I_{1}) = 0$$
 - 2

By O, we have

$$\frac{1}{C}I_1 + R(I_1' - I_2') = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow I_1' - I_2' + \frac{1}{RC}I_1 = 0$$

$$=) I_1' + R(I_2 - I_1) + \frac{1}{RC}I_1 = 0$$

Now, R = 5, L = 5 4  $C = \frac{1}{25}$ 

$$I_1' + \beta I_2 - I_1 + \frac{25}{5} I_1 = 0$$

$$\underline{I}_2^1 = \underline{I}_1 - \underline{I}_2$$

$$I'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} I(t)$$

Eigen values: 
$$|-4-1| = 0$$

$$= 3 + 51 + 5 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = -1.384 - 3.62$$

Eigen vectors - 
$$Ax = -1.38x$$
, where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

$$-4x_1 - x_2 = -1.38x_1$$

$$=) -2.62 \chi_1 = \chi_2$$

$$=) -2.62 \chi_1 = \chi_2$$
  $=) V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2.62 \end{bmatrix}$ 

$$=$$
)  $-4x_1-x_2=-3.62x_1$ 

$$=$$
 -0.38 $\chi_1 = \chi_2$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $-0.38 \times 1 = \times 2 \Rightarrow V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -0.38 \end{bmatrix}$ 

General solution -

$$I(t) = c_1 v_1 e^{-1.38t} + c_2 v_2 e^{-3.62t}$$

$$= c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2.62 \end{bmatrix} e^{-1.38t} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.38 \end{bmatrix} e^{-3.62t}$$