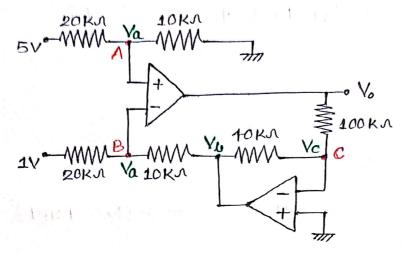
BE RUIZ-5 RUBRIC





Node A&B both will be on same potential (let Va) due to visitual short.

$$\therefore V_a = \left(\frac{10}{10+20}\right)5 \qquad (at Point/Node-A)$$

$$\therefore V_a = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right) \lor \qquad -(a) \qquad \rightarrow (1 \text{ Point})$$

KCL at node B-

$$\frac{\sqrt{a}-1}{20} + \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}}{10} = 0$$

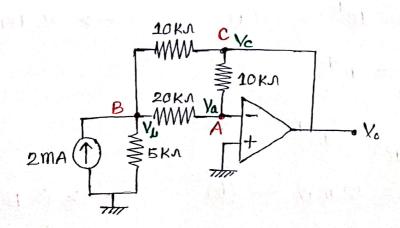
$$\therefore V_L = 2 \vee -(b) \rightarrow (2 \text{ Point})$$

KCL at node c -

$$\frac{0 - V_b}{40} + \frac{0 - V_o}{100} = 0$$

$$\therefore V_0 = (-5) \text{ Vold} - (c) \rightarrow (2 \text{ Point})$$

SOL(2):



At Point/Node-C,
$$V_c = V_c$$
 — (a)

At Node — A, $V_a = 0$ V (Visitual Short) — (b)

KCL at node A —

 $\frac{V_a - V_b}{20} + \frac{V_a - V_c}{10} = 0$
 $\frac{0 - V_b}{20} + \frac{0 - V_c}{10} = 0$
 $\therefore V_b = -2V_c$ — (c) \longrightarrow (2.5 Point)

KCL at node B—

 $\frac{V_b - V_a}{20} + \frac{V_b - V_c}{10} + \frac{V_b}{5} = 2$
 $\frac{-2V_c - 0}{20} + \frac{-2V_c - V_c}{10} + \frac{-2V_c}{5} = 2$
 $V_c = -\frac{40}{16}$
 $\therefore V_c = -2.5 \text{ Volt}$ — (d) \longrightarrow (2.5 Point)

SOL(3): Power gain = but put Power

 $A_P = \frac{P_c}{P_{in}}$
 $A_P = 40 \text{ dB}$ (Given)

 $10 \log(A_P) = 40$
 $10 \cdot A_P = 10^+$ — (a) \longrightarrow (2 Point)

 $\frac{P_c}{P_{in}} = 10^+$
 $\frac{P_c}{2 \times 10^-} = 10^+$

... $P_0 = 20 \, \text{mW} - (b)$

-> (3 Point)