

Q.1. (a) Domain:  $x^2 + y^2 < 16$  for all  $(x, y)$  (0.5)  
 Range: suppose  $z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{16 - x^2 - y^2}}$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \because \text{At } (0,0), z = \frac{1}{4} \\ \& \text{ for } (x,y) > (0,0) \\ z > \frac{1}{4} \end{array} \right]$  (0.5)

$\therefore$  Range of  $f \Rightarrow z \geq \frac{1}{4}$  (0.5)

So, Range of  $f = [\frac{1}{4}, \infty)$

(b) Level curves:

$$x^2 + y^2 < 4^2$$

$\therefore$  Circles centered at origin  $(0,0)$  with radius  $< 4$ . (1)

(c) Boundary is the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 = 16. \quad (1)$$

(d)  $x^2 + y^2 < 16$  (1)

Hence the domain is open

and bounded.

Q.2. Let,  $z = 16 - (x^2 + y^2)$

At  $(2\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$ :  $z = 16 - ((2\sqrt{2})^2 + (\sqrt{2})^2) = 6$  (2)

Hence the equation for the level



curve is :

$$f(x, y) = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow 16 - (x^2 + y^2) = 6$$

$$\therefore \boxed{x^2 + y^2 = 10} \quad (6)$$

Q.3. Here  $f(x, y, z) = \ln(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$

Let,  $w = \ln(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$

So, at  $(-1, 2, 1) \Rightarrow w = \ln((-1)^2 + (2)^2 + (1)^2)$

$$\therefore w = \ln 6 \quad \rightarrow (2)$$

Hence the level surface is :

$$f(x, y, z) = \ln 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \ln(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) = \ln 6$$

$$\therefore \boxed{x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 6} \quad \rightarrow (2)$$

Q.4. (a) open set in  $\mathbb{R}^2$

(\*) For 4a, 4b, 4c other possible (correct) answers can be considered

$$\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : (x-1)^2 + (y-2)^2 < 5\} \quad (1)$$

(b) ~~set~~ closed set in  $\mathbb{R}^2$

$$\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x^2 + y^2 \leq 4\} \rightarrow (1)$$

(c) Neither open nor closed :

(2)  $\begin{cases} \text{(i) set of all rational numbers in } \mathbb{R} \\ \text{(ii) set of all irrational numbers in } \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$



Q.5. (a)  $w = \sqrt{x^2 - y}$

Domain =  $\{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \text{~~xy} \geq 0 \text{ and } x^2 \geq y \}~~$  (0.5)

Range =  $\{ w \in \mathbb{R} : w \geq 0 \}$  or  $w \in [0, \infty)$ . (0.5)

↓  
[set of all non-negative reals.]

Q.5. (b)  $w = \frac{1}{\sqrt{xy} - 1}$

Domain =  $\{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : xy \geq 0 \text{ and } \sqrt{xy} \neq 1 \}$ . (0.5)

Range =  $\{ w \in \mathbb{R} : w \leq -1 \text{ or } w > 0 \}$ . (0.5)

Hint:  $w = \frac{1}{\sqrt{xy} - 1} \Rightarrow \sqrt{xy} = \frac{1}{w} + 1$   
 Now  $\sqrt{xy} \neq 1$  and  $xy \geq 0$   
 $\Rightarrow \text{~~or~~ } w \leq -1 \text{ and } w > 0$

Q.5. (c) Domain =  $\{ (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : (x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 + (z-1)^2 \neq 0 \}$   
 OR  
 $\{ (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : (x, y, z) \neq (1, 1, 1) \}$ . (0.5)

Range =  $\{ w \in \mathbb{R} : w > 0 \}$  OR  $w \in (0, \infty)$   
 (0.5) ↓  
[all +ve real nos.]

Q.5. (d) Domain =  $\{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x \neq 0 \}$  (0.5)

Range =  $\{ w \in \mathbb{R} : -\pi/2 < w < \pi/2 \}$ . (0.5)

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