Drive for better vision



WiseEye 2

Himax Ultra Low Power Endpoint Al Processor

Himax Technologies, Inc. 奇景光電股份有限公司

Always-on Smart Sensing will be Everywhere





Notebook



Smart City



Consumer Appliances











Always-On Sensing Product Roadmap

MP/ES Developing Planning

* Planned projects are subject to change without notice

Always-on Sensing

ASIC

(DL)

- Object detection
- · Anomaly detection
- Keyword detection
- Sensor fusion
- · Vibration detection



- High FPS tracking & counting
- Object recognition
- Speech recognition
- Biometric awareness
- High FPS Gesture control
- Object detection
- Anomaly detection
- Keyword detection
- Sensor fusion
- · Vibration detection



Artificial
Intelligence (AI)

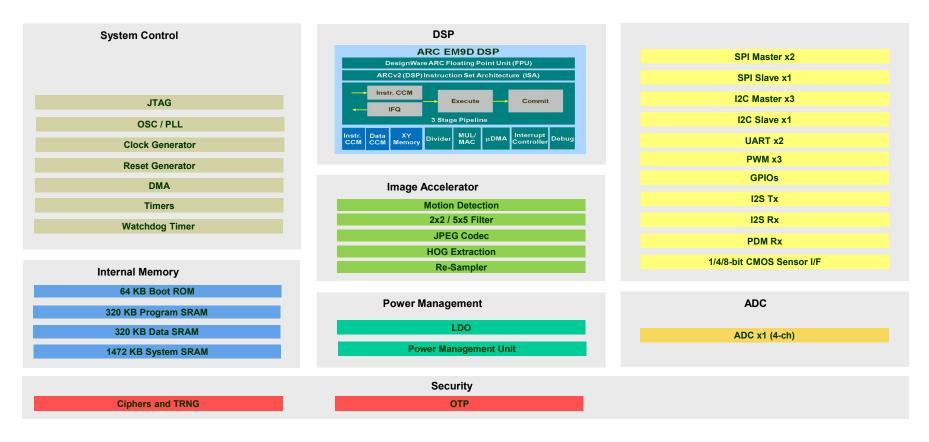
Machine
Learning (ML)

Deep
Learning (DL)

Algorithm:
CNNs,
RNNs, etc.

Al 2020 2021 2022

WE1 AI Processor Overview





WE2 AI Processor Overview

Maximum ML computing (50 GOPS)

- Cortex-M55 (Big), up to 400MHz
- Cortex-M55 (Little), up to 100MHz
- Ethos-U55, 64MACs, up to 400MHz
- ❖ 2MB SRAM, 512KB TCM
- External Flash, up to 32MB

Optimum energy efficiency

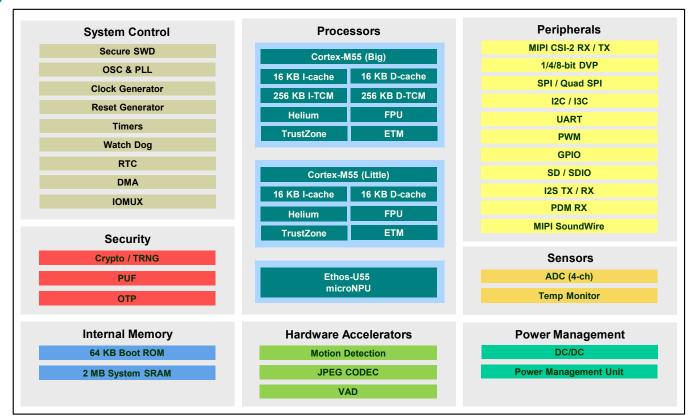
- ❖ DC/DC
- DVFS power management
- Internal power islands

Rich peripherals

- ♦ MIPI CSI-2 RX/TX
- 1/4/8-bit DVP
- ❖ SPI/I2C/I3C/UART/GPIO

Security

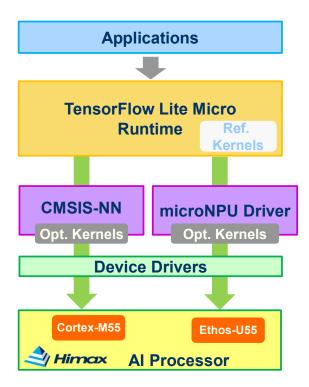
- PUF/TRNG
- Cryptography
- ❖ TrustZone





Open-Source Software Development Platform

- Embedded ML computing engine in Al processor
 - Arm Cortex-M55 MCU with ML acceleration
 - Arm Ethos-U55 microNPU
- Optimized software development flow for Embedded & ML
 - TensorFlow Lite for Microcontrollers
 - Open-source Vela NN optimizer tool for Ethos-U55 microNPU
 - Open-source CMSIS-NN libraries for Cortex-M55 MCU
 - Unified software development flow for MCU and microNPU integration
- Unified flow to accelerate ML performance
 - NN operators are accelerated by microNPU driver by default
 - Fallback to CMSIS-NN, then reference kernels





Usecase: TFLu Person Detection – Inference Speed & Energy Efficiency

- Inference time & FPS
 - Cortex-M55 (CPU)
 - Ethos-U55 (NPU)
 - Weights in internal SRAM
 - Weights in external Flash

Processor	Inference (cycles)	Inference (fps)	Ratio
WE-I	14,000,000	29	1.0x
WE-II: Cortex-M55	8,418,498	48	1.7x
WE-II: Ethos-U55 (SRAM)	441,446	906	31.7x
WE-II: Ethos-U55 (Flash)	3,072,112	130	4.6x

Cortex-M CPU

Central Control

Mac Engine

System Flash SRAM

(QSPI Flash)

Ethos-U55

Weight decoder

Shared Buffer

DMA

Elementwise engine



^{*}Model: TFLu MobileNet V1 250KB INT8 Person Detection

WE2 reference model

Object Detection

Models: <u>EfficientNet-lite0</u> and <u>Yolo-Fastest-1.1-xl</u>

Platform: TFLM and Vela optimizer

ML inference: Ethos-U55 NPU only

All operators are supported by TFLM and Ethos-U55



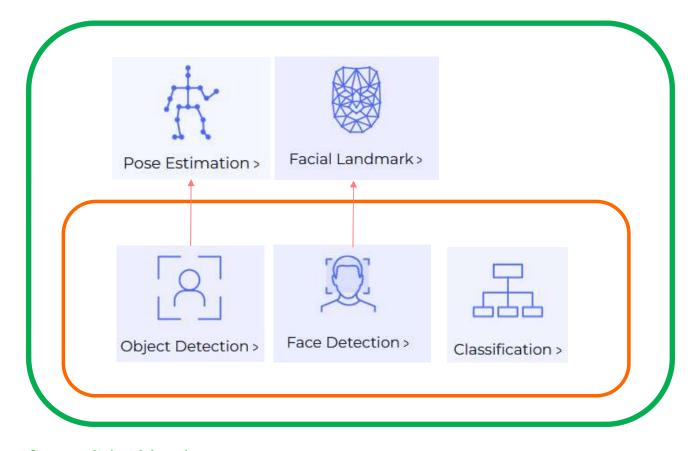


Neural Network	Data Type	Weight Size	Image Resolution	Inference Cycle Count (Weight in SRAM)	Inference Cycle Count (Weight in Flash)
EfficientNet-lite0	INT8	4.7 MB	224x224 (RGB)	N/A	61,147,848 (6.5 FPS*)
Yolo-Fastest-1.1-xl	INT8	0.925 MB	256x256 (RGB)	13,082,766 (30.5 FPS*)	25,919,207 (15.5 FPS*)

^{*}Ethos-U55@400MHz



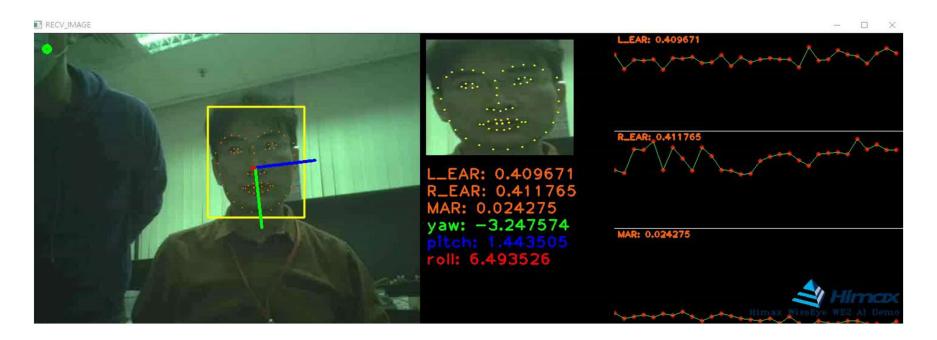
DL Model Apps: Beyond "Bounding Box" -> "2D Key Points" Detection





Key Point Detection in WE2

68 points face landmark detection Run 4 models for each frame VGA@12FPS





Key Point Detection in WE2

17 key points of human pose qVGA@6fps



https://blog.tensorflow.org/2021/05/next-generation-pose-detection-with-movenet-and-tensorflowjs.html



WE2 vs. WE1

32x increase machine learning computing

50x increase energy efficiency

∞ Endpoint Al Imagination





Drive for better vision

