

ECE 5725 Principles of Embedded Operating Systems Lecture 16

Prof. Joseph F. Skovira



Items

Lab 2 Report

Lab3 week 1

Homework 3 Part 1

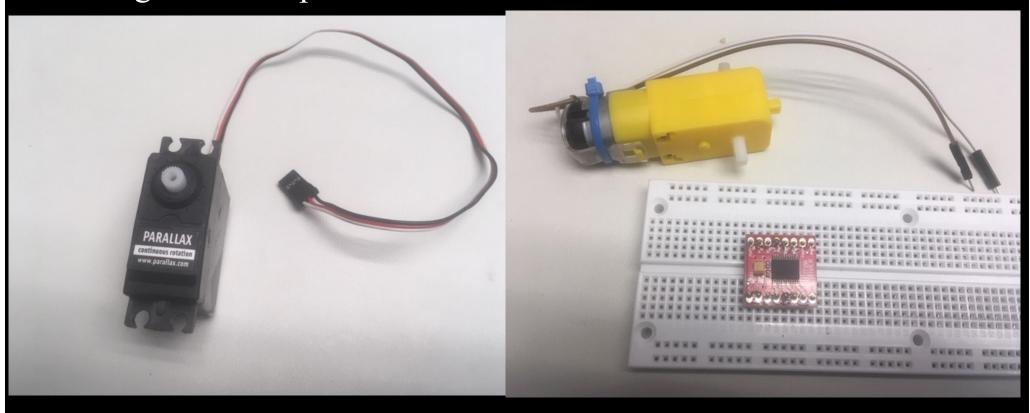
Canvas and Cornell Box

Lab 2 Items



Lab 3 items

Adding GPIO Outputs

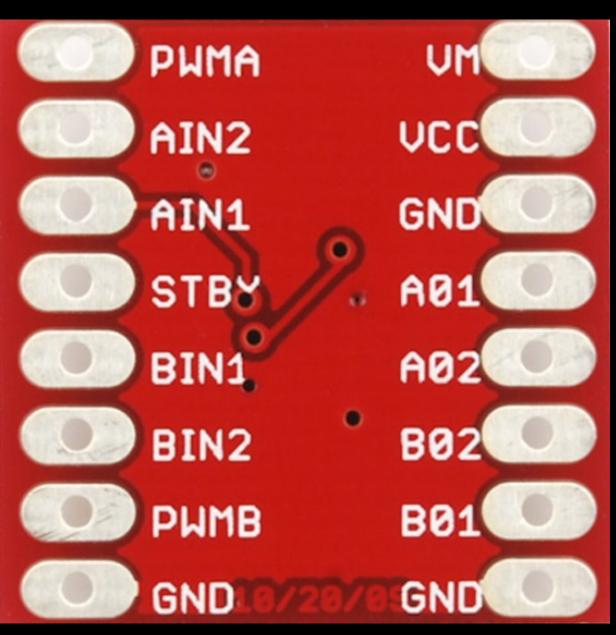


Connections

Input From Rpi: PWM A speed control

Input From Rpi:
Motor A
direction

Standby!



Input: Motor Power

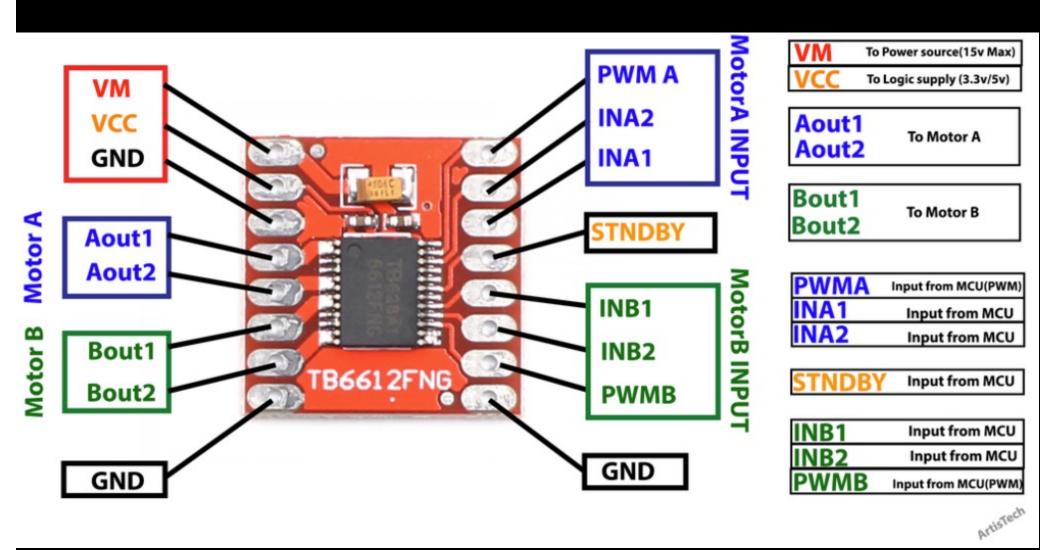
Input: Controller Power

Ground!

Output: To Motor A



Connections

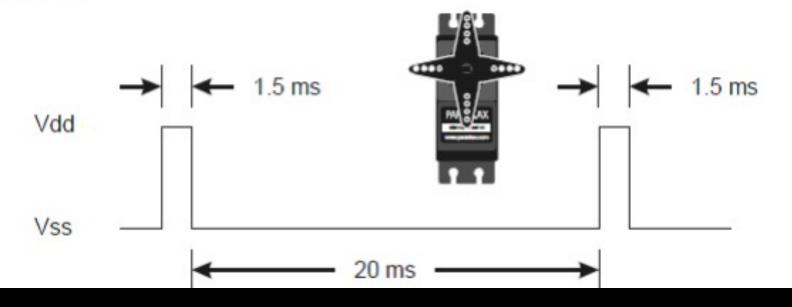




Lab 3 items - PWM

Communication Protocol

The Parallax Continuous Rotation Servo is controlled through pulse width modulation. Rotational speed and direction are determined by the duration of a high pulse, in the 1.3—-1.7 ms range. In order for smooth rotation, the servo needs a 20 ms pause between pulses. Below is a sample timing diagram for a centered servo:





Output: not PWM

```
# v1 - blink an LED
import time
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM) # Set for broadcom numbering not board numbers...
GPIO.setup(13, GPIO.OUT) # set GPIO 13 as output to blink LED
i = 0
while (i < 10):
  GPIO.output(13, GPIO.HIGH)
  time.sleep(0.5)
  GPIO.output(13, GPIO.LOW)
  time.sleep(0.5)
  i = i + 1
```

Output using PWM

To create a PWM instance:

p = GPIO.PWM(GPIO_pin, frequency)

To start PWM:

p.start(dc) # where dc is the duty cycle $(0.0 \le dc \le 100.0)$

To change the frequency:

p.ChangeFrequency(freq) # where freq is the new frequency in Hz

To change the duty cycle:

p.ChangeDutyCycle(dc) # where 0.0 <= dc <= 100.0

To stop PWM:

p.stop()

Note that PWM will also stop if the instance variable 'p' goes out of scope



Modular Code

blink.py

motor_control.py

two_wheel.py

rolling_control.py



Embedded systems

Real Time Systems