University of Auckland Department of Accounting & Finance

FINANCE 788: Research Essay

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Abstract

Acknowledgements

Paul Geertsema

Declaration of Contribution

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Insert Literature Review - Very Brief, Only Double Spaced

2.1 History of Asset Pricing Theory

2.1.1 Optimisation Methodologies

Convexity is an important concept in optimisation

2.1.2 Machine Learning in Financial Contexts

A couple of recent publications highlight the increased application of machine learning algorithms in financial contexts. **corporate-culture** Gu et al (**eapvml**) explore the comparative use of machine learning in empirical asset pricing.

3 Research Intent

Insert Research Intent

4 Theory

4.1 Return predictability

Return predictability underlies asset pricing theory. Insert

4.2 Modelling, Loss, and Optimisation

We summarize the theory surrounding predictive modelling, loss functions, and optimisation algorithms. These functions train models by comparing predictions to realized observations using optimisation algorithms to minimize the loss function. We examine a linear model as our predictive model (??). Mean square error (??) and Gradient Descent (GD) are basic examples of a loss function and optimisation algorithm, respectively.

$$\hat{y} = mx_i + b \tag{1}$$

$$f(y, (mx_i + b)) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - (mx_i + b))^2$$
 (2)

Firstly, gradient descent takes the partial derivatives of the loss function, with the respect to the parameters in our predictive model. In our example, equations ?? and ?? are the partial derivatives for the mean square error loss function.

$$\frac{\partial f(y, (mx_i + b))}{\partial m} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} -2x_i (y_i - (mx_i + b))^2$$
(3)

$$\frac{\partial f(y, (mx_i + b))}{\partial b} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} -2(y_i - (mx_i + b))^2$$
(4)

Secondly, the algorithm explores epochs, using a learning rate to update parameters to move in the opposite directions of the partial derivatives until settling in a local minima. This extrema is the optimisation of the loss function, quantifying the accuracy of the predicative model. Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) regressions is an extension of the linear model prevalent in asset pricing.

4.3 Ordinary Least Squares (OLS)

The OLS regression is the most prominent statistical model in asset pricing theory. Rosenfeld (olsmf) summarises OLS. The composition of the true OLS (??) model includes four components. Firstly, \mathbf{X} , an n x k matrix of k independent variables for n observations. Secondly, \mathbf{y} , an n x 1 vector of observation

on the dependent variable. Thirdly, ϵ , an n x 1 vector of unexplained error. Lastly, θ , a k x 1 vector of parameters to be estimated.

$$y = X\theta + \epsilon \tag{5}$$

4.3.1 Estimation Criteria

The criteria to obtain the parameter estimate $(\hat{\theta})$ relies on the minimisation of the sum of squared residuals (??). We highlight the observed residuals (e) are distinct from unexplained disturbances (ϵ). Equation ?? derives residuals by taking the difference between observations based on parameter estimates.

$$\sum e_i^2 \tag{6}$$

$$e = y - X\hat{\theta} \tag{7}$$

Expanding the quadratic $e^T e$ after substituting in equation ?? leads to the alternative expression of the sum of squared residuals in equation ??. Minimizing the sum of square residuals requires taking the partial derivative of equation ?? with respect to the estimated parameters (equation) using matrix differentiation (??). It is imperative X has full rank where all vectors in the matrix are linearly independent, validating both the presence of a positive definite matrix and minimum.

$$e^T e = y^T y - 2\hat{\theta}^T X^T y + \hat{\theta}^T X^T \hat{\theta} X \tag{8}$$

$$\frac{\partial e^T e}{\partial \hat{\theta}} = -2X^T y + 2X^T X \hat{\theta} = 0 \tag{9}$$

We find the expression for the Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) estimator (??) after rearranging equation ?? to normal form, utilizing inverse matrices to form identity matrices, and simplifying.

$$2X^{T}X\hat{\theta} = 2X^{T}y$$

$$(X^{T}X)^{-1}(X^{T}X)\hat{\theta} = (X^{T}X)^{-1}X^{T}y$$

$$I\hat{\theta} = (X^{T}X)^{-1}X^{T}y$$

$$\hat{\theta} = (X^{T}X)^{-1}(X^{T}y)$$
(10)

Therefore, we can use the OLS estimator to make predictions with OLS (??).

$$\hat{y} = X^T \hat{\theta} \tag{11}$$

4.3.2 Properties of OLS Estimators

There are six key properties in addition to the satisfaction in minimizing the summation of squared residuals.

- 1. The residuals are uncorrelated with the observed values of X i.e., $X^T e = 0$.
- 2. The sum of the residuals is zero i.e., $\sum e_i = 0$.
- 3. The sample mean of the residuals is zero i.e., $\bar{e} = \frac{\sum e_i}{n} = 0$.
- 4. The regression hyperplane passes through the means of observed values i.e., $\frac{e}{\equiv} \frac{y X\theta}{n} = 0$. Since $\bar{e} = 0$ assumed, it is implied $\bar{y} = \bar{x}\bar{\theta}$.
- 5. The residuals are uncorrelated with the predicted y i.e., $\hat{y} = X\hat{\theta}, \hat{y}^T e = (X\hat{\beta})^T e = b^T X^T e = 0$
- 6. The mean of \hat{y} for the sample will equal the mean of the y.

4.3.3 The Gauss-Markov Theorem

However, OLS makes Gauss-Markov assumptions about the true model to make inferences regarding β from $\hat{\beta}$. The intention of the Gauss-Markov Theorem, conditional on the below assumptions, states the

OLS estimator is the best linear, unbiased, and efficient estimator:

$$y = x\beta + \epsilon$$

$$E[\epsilon|X] = 0$$

$$E(\epsilon \epsilon^T | X) = \Omega = \sigma^2 I$$

$$\epsilon | X N[0, \sigma^T I] \text{ (hypothesis testing)}$$
(13)

- X is an n x k matrix of full rank
- X must be generated randomly, or fixed, by a mechanism uncorrelated to disturbances.

Equation ?? implies $E(y) = X\beta$ as no observations of the independent variables convey any information about the expected values of the disturbances. Equation ?? captures homoskedasticity and no autocorrelation assumptions. Additionally, The theory underlying Ordinary Least Squares informs the common practice in minimising of the sum of least squares when evaluating prediction performance. The mathematical tractability, in accordance with the aforementioned assumption, frame our thinking surrounding the derivation of custom loss functions.

Research Intent 4.3.4

Minimisation of returns Include examples on the minimisation of sum of the square errors does not contribute to maximising returns

5 Data

Hou et al., (hou2020replicating) use an extensive data library to assess 452 anomalies across anomalies literature. Their analysis informs which abnormalities drive the cross section of expected returns. Most abnormalities fail under current standards of empirical finance when using a single hurdle test of absolute t-stat greater or equal to 1.96. Firstly, the paper finds economic fundamentals take precedence over trading frictions in explanatory power, statistical and economic significance. Secondly, micro-caps account for anomalies disproportionately, leading to NYSE breakpoints, value-weighted returns in both portfolio sorts and cross-sectional regressions with weighted least squares. Lastly, arguments in improving anomalies literature credibility follow a closer alignment to economic theory as the field persists to be statistical in nature. Overall, capital market efficiency is higher than expected. Jensen et al., jensen2021there use the above dataset to explore hierarchial bayesian models of alphas emphasising the joint behaviours of factors, and provide an alternative multiple testing adjustment, more powerful than common methods. Jensen et al., adapt the global dataset to focus only on one-month holding periods for all factors, only include most recent accounting data (quarterly or annually) and add 15 new factors. The exhaustive nature and accessibility of the global dataset makes it well-suited for exploring optimisation functions in neural-network construction.

- 5.1 Limitations
- 5.2 **Summary Statistics**
- 6 Methodology
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Loss Functions & Performance Metrics 6.5

Table ?? emphasises the separation between training and validation datasets.

Variable	Description	$MSE(y, \hat{y})$	$HP(y,\hat{y})$
θ	Estimation Training	$\hat{ heta}_{MSE}$	$\hat{ heta}_{HP}$
λ	Validation	$\hat{\lambda}_{MSE}$	$\hat{\lambda}_{HP}$

Table 1: Objective (MSE: Mean Square Error, HP: Hedge Portfolio)

Mean Square Error (MSE)

Section ?? outlines advantages to Ordinary Least Squares. Subsequently, MSE serves as a baseline for loss function and performance metric comparisons. The following function (??) and partial derivative (??) describe Tensorflows's Mean Square Error implementation, both from in-built and custom contexts. Python classes describe equation ?? to enable Tensorflow's automatic differentiation capabilities, approximating the partial derivatives of the loss function (??) with numerical methods. Please note the use of Hadamard exponentiation $(x^{\circ n})$ as an element-wise operation.

$$f(y, X^T \hat{\theta}) = \frac{\vec{1}}{\vec{1}^T \vec{1}} (y - X^T \hat{\theta})^{\circ 2}$$

$$\tag{14}$$

$$\frac{\partial f(y, X^T \hat{\theta})}{\partial \hat{\theta}} = \frac{\vec{1}}{\vec{1}^T \vec{1}} (-2(y - XT \hat{\theta})^{\circ 1}) \tag{15}$$

Hedge Portfolio

Hedge portfolios rely on monotonic ranking functions for optimisation as their monotonic nature preserves or reverses a given ordered set. The analysis cross-section of one-month lead portfolio excess returns using monotonic functions

$$R(y_{i,t}) \tag{16}$$

The ranking function $(R(y_{i,t}))$ and thresholds (u,v) form subsets of long and short portfolios. Long (L) or Short (S) sets include excess returns conditioned on the associated monotonic ranking given a threshold,

bound by the cardinality of the excess return vector (|y|). The subsequent truth sets mathematically express aforementioned time-series hedge portfolios.

$$\begin{split} L &= \{y_{i,t} | R(y_{i,t}) \leq u\} \\ S &= \{y_{i,t} | R(y_{i,t}) \geq v\} \\ 0 &< u \leq |y| \\ 0 &< v \leq |y| \\ u &< v \end{split}$$

Equation ?? describes hedge portfolio lead excess returns (H_t) at a given time (t).

$$H_t = \frac{1}{|L|} \sum_{i \in L} y_{i,t} - \frac{1}{|S|} \sum_{i \in S} y_{i,t}$$
 (17)

Figure ??) illustrates an approximate linear monotonic ranking function with a sample of 100 uniformly distributed excess returns between -10% and 10%. Boundary conditions u and v are set to 20 and 80, respectively. Subsequently, excess returns above (below) the green (blue) dotted line belong to the long (L) (short (S)) set.

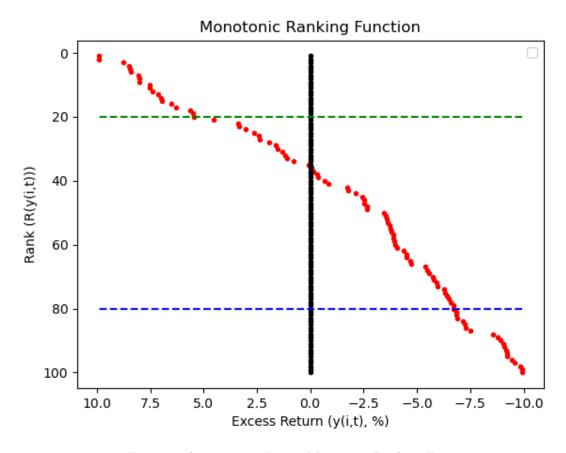


Figure 1: Approximate Linear Monotonic Ranking Function

The permutations in monotonic ranking functions, and subsequent hedge portfolios, are endless. This research essay develops a monotonic ranking function proportionally weighting one month lead excess

returns (??). Therefore, equation ?? defines the loss function.

$$R(\hat{y}) = W \tag{18}$$

$$W := \frac{\hat{y}}{\hat{\mathbf{I}}\hat{y}}$$

$$f_{\hat{\theta}}(X) = (\frac{X^T \hat{\theta}}{\vec{\mathbf{1}} X^T \hat{\theta}})^\top X^T \hat{\theta}$$
(19)

The above loss function is differentiable using symbolic mathematic as shown in equation ??.

$$\frac{\partial f_{\hat{\theta}}(X)}{\partial \hat{\theta}} = \frac{\partial ((\frac{X^{T}\hat{\theta}}{\vec{1}X^{T}\hat{\theta}})^{\top}X^{T}\hat{\theta})}{\partial \hat{\theta}}
\frac{\partial (f_{\hat{\theta}}(X))}{\partial \hat{\theta}} = \frac{1}{(\hat{\theta}^{\top}X\vec{1})}XX^{\top}\hat{\theta} + \frac{1}{\vec{1}X^{\top}\hat{\theta}}XX^{\top}\hat{\theta} - \frac{1}{(\hat{\theta}^{\top}X\vec{1})^{2}}\hat{\theta}^{\top}XX^{\top}\hat{\theta}X\vec{1}$$
(20)

Our research Subsection?? explains the theory supporting loss minimisation. Applying gradient descent methods to the product of the loss function and scaler of -1 transforms the minimisation to maximisation. This transformation leads to finding the argmax of maximisation function with respect to $\hat{\theta}$ (??). The aforementioned transformation is simply and suitable for exploration in the context of the research intent. More sophisticated methods exist for maximisation such as reinforcement learning (??).

$$\underset{\hat{\theta}}{\operatorname{argmax}} : (\frac{X^T \hat{\theta}}{\vec{\mathbf{1}} X^T \hat{\theta}})^\top X^T \hat{\theta}$$
 (21)

Conventional asset pricing methodologies persist in academic literature. The main contribution Hedge Portfolio Mean

The Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)

Fama-French Three Factor Model (FF3)

Fama-French Five Factor Model (FF5) continues to inform asset pricing E. Fama & K. French produce fama2004capital

- **Sharpe Ratio** 6.5.3
- 6.5.4**Information Ratio**
- 6.6 Reinforcement learning
- **Dynamic Programming** 6.6.1
- Bellman's Algorithm
- 6.6.3Q-Learning

- 7 Results
- 8 Discussion
- 9 Contributions
- 10 Conclusion

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11.1 Tables and Charts

9.343600e+04	5.766700e+04	1.200000e+01	3.0000000e+00	9.999000e+03	4.900000e+01	1.215000e+03	2.920640e+04	2.255969e+06	2.255969e+06	1.416000e+05	1.416000e+05	8.441730e+11	2.400000e+01	2.400000e+01	2.399690e+01	1.0000000e+00	1.988170e+01	9.950000e+01	9.950000e+01	9.950000e+01	9.950000e+01	9.950000e+01	9.950000e+01	1.0000000e+00	4.617600e + 02	4.175300e+02	6.485186e + 08	9.010000e-02	1.164000e-01	1.472000e-01	4.015000e-01
8.018600e+04	2.321000e+04	1.1000000e+01	3.0000000e+00	6.0360000e+03	4.300000e+01	2.0000000e+00	3.808200e+01	7.167608e+02	7.211363e+02	2.912500e+01	2.912500e+01	7.076108e+07	7.410000e-02	7.410000e-02	7.060000e-02	1.0000000e+00	6.710000e-02	8.0000000e+01	8.0000000e+01	8.0000000e+01	8.00000000+01	8.00000000+01	8.00000000+01	0.00000000+00	3.300000e+01	2.880000e+01	3.923700e + 06	0.00000000+00	6.700000e-03	1.360000e-02	2.780000e-02
5.715400e+04	1.640850e + 04	1.1000000e+01	3.0000000e+00	4.011000e+03	3.4000000e+01	1.0000000e+00	1.251900e+01	1.565628e + 02	1.574086e + 02	1.612500e+01	1.612500e+01	7.165154e+06	4.100000e-03	4.100000e-03	7.000000e-04	1.0000000e+00	-1.800000e-03	6.0000000e+01	5.9000000e+01	5.900000e+01	5.900000e+01	5.900000e+01	6.0000000e+01	0.00000000+00	1.850000e+01	1.6000000e+01	5.5100000e + 05	0.00000000+00	0.0000000e+00	0.00000000+00	3.800000e-03
2.651800e+04	7.702000e+03	1.1000000e+01	1.0000000e+00	3.271000e+03	1.800000e+01	1.0000000e+00	4.399000e+00	4.367020e+01	4.387450e+01	7.875000e+00	7.875000e+00	1.070786e + 06	-5.880000e-02	-5.880000e-02	-6.250000e-02	1.0000000e+00	-6.560000e-02	4.0000000e+01	3.8000000e+01	3.800000e+01	3.700000e+01	3.600000e+01	3.300000e+01	0.0000000e+00	9.250000e+00	7.640000e+00	9.875000e+04	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00
10000.0000	3.0000	10.0000	1.0000	100.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0830	1.1708	1.1708	0.0078	0.0078	0.0000	-1.0000	-1.0000	-1.0068	1.0000	-1.0113	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.1790	0.0818	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2.782267e+04	1.402881e+04	4.571000e-01	9.343000e-01	1.921398e+03	1.341740e + 01	1.267170e + 01	2.852566e + 02	1.473073e + 04	1.527340e + 04	6.488772e + 02	6.488772e + 02	2.520900e+09	1.672000e-01	1.672000e-01	1.673000e-01	0.00000000+00	1.559000e-01	2.380660e + 01	2.501660e + 01	2.593820e+01	2.635510e+01	2.717080e+01	2.878360e+01	3.351000e-01	2.608370e+01	2.325750e+01	2.941295e+07	3.700000e-03	6.0000000e-03	1.170000e-02	2.350000e-02
5.405281e+04	1.843974e+04	1.089520e+01	2.127400e+00	4.605936e+03	3.037380e+01	2.838700e+00	6.078630e+01	2.241254e+03	2.283180e+03	2.876220e+01	2.876220e+01	3.282292e+08	1.640000e-02	1.640000e-02	1.270000e-02	1.000000e+00	6.400000e-03	5.982920e+01	5.845440e+01	5.800700e+01	5.751850e+01	5.691950e + 01	5.581200e+01	1.289000e-01	2.540480e+01	2.211970e+01	8.316484e+06	1.300000e-03	4.000000e-03	8.100000e-03	1.670000e-02
2739928.0	2739928.0	2739928.0	2739928.0	2692217.0	2674304.0	2739928.0	2739928.0	2739928.0	2739928.0	2739928.0	2739928.0	2580622.0	2719460.0	2719460.0	2719460.0	2739928.0	2732542.0	2739928.0	2480615.0	2452453.0	2522907.0	2509790.0	2517298.0	2739928.0	2355383.0	2365005.0	2580622.0	2718102.0	2718121.0	2660395.0	2548844.0
permno	permco	crsp_shrcd	crsp_exchcd	sic	ff49	adjfct	shares	me	me_company	prc	prc_local	dolvol	ret	ret_local	ret_exc	ret_lag_dif	ret_exc_lead1m	$market_equity_rank_x$	enterprise_value_rank_x	book_equity_rank_x	$assets_rank_x$	sales_rank_x	net_income_rank_x	bidask_x	prc_high_x	prc_low_x	tvol_x	div1m_me_x	div3m_me_x	div6m_me_x	div12m_me_x

		count	mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max			
chcsho_1m_x	2720001.0	3.200000e-03	2.550000e-02	-0.1168	0.000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	1.096800e+00
chcsho_3m_x	2681179.0	1.240000e-02	6.180000e-02	-0.1424	0.00000000+000	0.0000000e+00	3.300000e-03	1.686700e+00
chcsho_6m_x	2624125.0	2.810000e-02	1.189000e-01	-0.1880	0.0000000e+00	9.000000e-04	1.070000e-02	3.832600e+00
chcsho_12m_x	2514147.0	6.190000e-02	2.297000e-01	-0.2696	0.0000000e+00	4.700000e-03	3.390000e-02	8.477000e+00
eqnpo_1m_x	2718435.0	-1.500000e-03	2.310000e-02	-0.6801	-0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.00000000+00	1.263000e-01
eqnpo_3m_x	2677912.0	-6.200000e-03	5.200000e-02	-0.9973	-1.800000e-03	0.0000000e+00	8.000000e-03	1.696000e-01
eqnpo_6m_x	2618619.0	-1.350000e-02	8.900000e-02	-1.5754	-7.400000e-03	0.0000000e+00	1.640000e-02	2.788000e-01
eqnpo_12m_x	2504936.0	-2.670000e-02	1.474000e-01	-2.2489	-2.450000e-02	0.0000000e+00	3.340000e-02	4.743000e-01
ret_1_0_x	2541516.0	1.490000e-02	1.481000e-01	-0.7242	-6.120000e-02	7.900000e-03	7.690000e-02	2.176500e+00
ret_2_0_x	2521767.0	2.960000e-02	2.125000e-01	-0.8327	-8.110000e-02	1.480000e-02	1.176000e-01	3.342500e+00
ret_3_0_x	2503682.0	4.400000e-02	2.649000e-01	-0.8864	-9.610000e-02	2.270000e-02	1.506000e-01	5.0000000e+00
ret_3_1_x	2502019.0	2.870000e-02	2.108000e-01	-0.8310	-8.140000e-02	1.440000e-02	1.167000e-01	3.342500e+00
ret_6_0_x	2447794.0	8.830000e-02	3.970000e-01	-0.9396	-1.267000e-01	4.500000e-02	2.336000e-01	8.555600e+00
ret_6_1_x	2446030.0	7.230000e-02	3.553000e-01	-0.9171	-1.184000e-01	3.700000e-02	2.059000e-01	8.411800e+00
ret_9_0_x	2393988.0	1.336000e-01	5.093000e-01	-0.9721	-1.466000e-01	6.750000e-02	3.069000e-01	9.857100e+00
ret_9_1_x	2392087.0	1.168000e-01	4.700000e-01	-0.9555	-1.414000e-01	5.930000e-02	2.812000e-01	9.273700e+00
ret_12_0_x	2341375.0	1.813000e-01	6.179000e-01	-0.9783	-1.593000e-01	9.080000e-02	3.773000e-01	1.301590e + 01
ret_12_1_x	2339380.0	1.635000e-01	5.789000e-01	-0.9728	-1.558000e-01	8.200000e-02	3.514000e-01	1.223080e + 01
ret_12_7_x	2337747.0	7.050000e-02	3.478000e-01	-0.9055	-1.163000e-01	3.610000e-02	2.015000e-01	8.509400e+00
ret_18_1_x	2239551.0	2.625000e-01	7.812000e-01	-0.9850	-1.710000e-01	1.321000e-01	4.926000e-01	2.048480e + 01
ret_24_1_x	2145964.0	3.596000e-01	9.260000e-01	-0.9890	-1.717000e-01	1.837000e-01	6.267000e-01	1.484620e + 01
ret_24_12_x	2142652.0	1.821000e-01	6.037000e-01	-0.9678	-1.493000e-01	9.260000e-02	3.714000e-01	1.345160e + 01
ret_36_1_x	1976435.0	5.673000e-01	1.234400e+00	-0.9935	-1.548000e-01	2.964000e-01	8.916000e-01	1.914000e+01
ret_36_12_x	1972590.0	3.838000e-01	9.482000e-01	-0.9864	-1.546000e-01	2.006000e-01	6.490000e-01	1.702520e+01
ret_48_12_x	1821582.0	5.938000e-01	1.256400e+00	-0.9918	-1.358000e-01	3.161000e-01	9.172000e-01	1.811810e+01
ret_48_1_x	1826053.0	7.976000e-01	1.577300e+00	-0.9965	-1.285000e-01	4.175000e-01	1.176300e+00	1.772000e+01
ret_60_1_x	1691563.0	1.064400e + 00	2.014800e+00	-0.9985	-9.170000e-02	5.486000e-01	1.492300e+00	2.754720e+01
ret_60_12_x	1686573.0	8.258000e-01	1.611700e+00	-0.9960	-1.096000e-01	4.364000e-01	1.200000e+00	2.063640e + 01
ret_60_36_x	1680619.0	3.857000e-01	9.340000e-01	-0.9860	-1.429000e-01	2.072000e-01	6.479000e-01	1.808570e + 01
seas_1_1an_x	2426517.0	1.420000e-02	1.421000e-01	-0.6705	-6.040000e-02	7.600000e-03	7.560000e-02	1.823500e+00
seas_1_1na_x	1870192.0	1.490000e-02	4.360000e-02	-0.2355	-7.800000e-03	1.280000e-02	3.460000e-02	3.871000e-01
seas_2_5an_x	1599992.0	1.520000e-02	6.790000e-02	-0.2970	-2.260000e-02	1.180000e-02	4.810000e-02	6.337000e-01
at_gr1_x	2426455.0	2.641000e-01	9.239000e-01	-0.7398	4.800000e-03	9.050000e-02	2.391000e-01	3.163840e+01
ca_gr1_x	2184566.0	3.206000e-01	1.336600e+00	-0.8313	-3.830000e-02	9.400000e-02	2.815000e-01	4.636900e+01
nca_gr1_x	2183067.0	3.950000e-01	1.682300e+00	-0.8737	-1.530000e-02	8.250000e-02	2.844000e-01	5.781320e+01
lt_gr1_x	2408077.0	3.042000e-01	9.791000e-01	-0.8021	-2.990000e-02	8.560000e-02	2.894000e-01	1.783760e+01

		count	t mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max	1x		
cl_gr1_x	2190296.0	2.996000e-01	8.898000e-01	-0.8494	-6.490000e-02	1.114000e-01	3.701000e-01	1.634630e + 01
ncl_gr1_x	2075342.0	9.926000e-01	5.509500e+00	-1.0000	-1.023000e-01	3.970000e-02	3.376000e-01	1.990000e+02
be_gr1_x	2311345.0	3.178000e-01	1.301000e+00	-0.9166	5.900000e-03	9.6600000e-02	2.271000e-01	3.373330e+01
debt_gr1_x	2158693.0	7.838000e-01	4.707200e+00	-1.0000	-1.456000e-01	1.900000e-02	3.292000e-01	1.090000e + 02
sale_gr1_x	2362404.0	2.228000e-01	6.711000e-01	-0.9960	5.000000e-03	1.032000e-01	2.478000e-01	1.370570e + 01
cogs_gr1_x	2358805.0	2.142000e-01	6.122000e-01	-0.9619	-4.700000e-03	1.032000e-01	2.613000e-01	1.190030e + 01
sga_gr1_x	1997437.0	1.844000e-01	3.963000e-01	-1.0000	1.340000e-02	1.044000e-01	2.389000e-01	6.765800e+00
opex_gr1_x	2387208.0	1.949000e-01	4.470000e-01	-0.7668	7.900000e-03	1.058000e-01	2.505000e-01	7.187400e+00
capx_gr1_x	2147147.0	6.016000e-01	2.183000e+00	-1.3370	-2.236000e-01	1.144000e-01	6.251000e-01	3.425000e+01
inv_gr1_x	1910333.0	2.595000e-01	9.931000e-01	-1.0000	-6.850000e-02	8.260000e-02	2.909000e-01	1.698080e + 01
at_gr3_x	2114339.0	9.104000e-01	2.670800e+00	-0.8797	8.870000e-02	3.426000e-01	8.167000e-01	6.899070e + 01
ca_gr3_x	1898998.0	9.832000e-01	3.187300e+00	-0.9099	2.890000e-02	3.230000e-01	8.289000e-01	7.748590e + 01
nca_gr3_x	1897746.0	1.592100e+00	6.786800e+00	-0.9628	4.280000e-02	3.455000e-01	1.005000e+00	1.792615e + 02
$ ho_{ m L-gr3.x}$	2091277.0	1.135900e+00	3.376000e+00	-0.8936	3.580000e-02	3.474000e-01	9.457000e-01	5.633890e + 01
cl_gr3_x	1906078.0	9.845000e-01	2.656400e+00	-0.9194	9.000000e-03	3.652000e-01	9.754000e-01	4.535460e+01
ncl_gr3_x	1803330.0	4.168200e+00	2.242620e+01	-1.0000	-1.231000e-01	2.914000e-01	1.285200e+00	8.323333e+02
be_gr3_x	1998122.0	1.009400e+00	3.275200e+00	-0.9384	7.210000e-02	3.326000e-01	7.902000e-01	6.699660e + 01
debt_gr3_x	1882647.0	3.622500e+00	2.086590e+01	-1.0000	-2.165000e-01	2.251000e-01	1.145100e+00	4.310000e+02
sale_gr3_x	2063618.0	8.605000e-01	2.814400e+00	-1.0000	7.210000e-02	3.286000e-01	7.527000e-01	8.620390e + 01
cogs_gr3_x	2052669.0	7.935000e-01	2.179500e+00	-1.0000	4.870000e-02	3.267000e-01	7.894000e-01	4.537560e + 01
sga_gr3_x	1713690.0	6.540000e-01	1.324200e+00	-1.0000	9.470000e-02	3.366000e-01	7.294000e-01	2.400000e+01
opex_gr3_x	2073541.0	7.171000e-01	1.625000e+00	-0.8979	7.650000e-02	3.367000e-01	7.689000e-01	2.833740e + 01
capx_gr3_x	1846897.0	1.692700e+00	5.902400e+00	-1.2088	-2.368000e-01	3.214000e-01	1.355700e+00	1.128462e + 02
cash_gr1a_x	2396920.0	1.480000e-02	1.380000e-01	-1.1898	-1.600000e-02	2.800000e-03	3.520000e-02	8.303000e-01
inv_gr1a_x	2351255.0	1.250000e-02	5.090000e-02	-0.3723	-7.000000e-04	7.000000e-04	2.250000e-02	2.978000e-01
rec_gr1a_x	2363716.0	2.190000e-02	6.430000e-02	-0.4405	-2.700000e-03	1.190000e-02	4.270000e-02	3.340000e-01
ppeg_gr1a_x	2178200.0	5.240000e-02	1.039000e-01	-0.8431	8.900000e-03	3.670000e-02	8.330000e-02	5.756000e-01
lti_gr1a_x	2205853.0	5.400000e-03	4.060000e-02	-0.4964	0.00000000+000	0.00000000+000	1.100000e-03	3.478000e-01
intan_gr1a_x	2110874.0	1.080000e-02	6.690000e-02	-0.9608	-7.000000e-04	0.0000000e+00	1.700000e-03	5.336000e-01
debtst_gr1a_x	2395084.0	3.900000e-03	6.220000e-02	-0.5236	-5.000000e-03	0.0000000e+00	1.320000e-02	4.847000e-01
ap_gr1a_x	2267822.0	1.460000e-02	4.890000e-02	-0.2766	-3.900000e-03	6.100000e-03	2.540000e-02	2.945000e-01
txp_gr1a_x	2057276.0	9.000000e-04	1.130000e-02	-0.0902	-9.000000e-04	0.0000000e+00	2.200000e-03	9.250000e-02
debtlt_gr1a_x	2411829.0	1.770000e-02	9.970000e-02	-0.6085	-1.080000e-02	0.0000000e+00	3.540000e-02	5.760000e-01
txditc_gr1a_x	2135161.0	2.300000e-03	1.280000e-02	-0.1302	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	4.800000e-03	8.330000e-02
coa_gr1a_x	2167569.0		1.005000e-01	-0.7908	-4.200000e-03	2.200000e-02	7.140000e-02	4.923000e-01
$ $ col_gr1a_x	2191221.0	1.980000e-02	6.480000e-02	-0.4855	-5.500000e-03	1.350000e-02	4.240000e-02	3.834000e-01

		count	mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max	ıx		
cowc_gr1a_x	2146736.0	1.440000e-02	8.680000e-02	-0.6052	-1.810000e-02	9.000000e-03	4.750000e-02	4.185000e-01
ncoa_gr1a_x	2185140.0	4.890000e-02	1.438000e-01	-1.8841	-5.500000e-03	2.970000e-02	9.040000e-02	7.494000e-01
ncol_gr1a_x	2174709.0	6.300000e-03	3.310000e-02	-0.3605	-1.100000e-03	1.900000e-03	1.180000e-02	3.338000e-01
nncoa_gr1a_x	2147813.0	4.270000e-02	1.424000e-01	-1.8841	-9.700000e-03	2.500000e-02	8.290000e-02	7.692000e-01
oa_gr1a_x	2167557.0	8.310000e-02	2.025000e-01	-2.5884	-3.400000e-03	6.800000e-02	1.668000e-01	8.176000e-01
ol_gr1a_x	2174709.0	2.620000e-02	8.090000e-02	-0.6433	-4.900000e-03	2.070000e-02	5.460000e-02	5.422000e-01
fna_gr1a_x	2497393.0	5.700000e-03	6.030000e-02	-0.7055	0.00000000+000	0.0000000e+00	0.00000000+00	6.896000e-01
fnl_gr1a_x	2418391.0	2.150000e-02	1.353000e-01	-1.2296	-1.620000e-02	1.000000e-04	5.400000e-02	1.130300e+00
nfna_gr1a_x	2418391.0	-1.580000e-02	1.552000e-01	-1.1078	-5.900000e-02	-9.000000e-04	2.760000e-02	1.384100e+00
gp_gr1a_x	2387365.0	3.580000e-02	1.161000e-01	-0.8663	-2.200000e-03	2.080000e-02	7.290000e-02	1.372100e+00
ebitda_gr1a_x	2390711.0	9.700000e-03	9.740000e-02	-0.8685	-1.050000e-02	9.300000e-03	3.840000e-02	1.237100e+00
ebit_gr1a_x	2392217.0	5.200000e-03	9.760000e-02	-0.8536	-1.310000e-02	6.700000e-03	3.280000e-02	1.345400e+00
ope-gr1a_x	2056758.0	9.400000e-03	1.005000e-01	-0.9869	-1.390000e-02	1.090000e-02	3.950000e-02	1.233300e+00
ni_gr1a_x	2402691.0	8.000000e-04	1.303000e-01	-1.6889	-1.340000e-02	3.900000e-03	2.430000e-02	2.739400e+00
nix_gr1a_x	2402691.0	6.000000e-04	1.422000e-01	-1.8549	-1.540000e-02	3.8000000e-03	2.570000e-02	2.791300e+00
dp_gr1a_x	2309627.0	3.900000e-03	1.560000e-02	-0.3935	-0.0000000e+00	2.500000e-03	7.500000e-03	1.932000e-01
fincf_gr1a_x	2053075.0	1.220000e-02	2.465000e-01	-2.0255	-5.480000e-02	2.700000e-03	7.330000e-02	1.485100e+00
ocf_gr1a_x	2334713.0	1.000000e-04	1.397000e-01	-0.9941	-4.190000e-02	2.900000e-03	4.640000e-02	1.151200e+00
fcf_gr1a_x	2181931.0	-7.300000e-03	1.637000e-01	-1.1368	-6.050000e-02	-4.000000e-04	5.020000e-02	1.202900e+00
nwc_gr1a_x	2164316.0	2.640000e-02	1.763000e-01	-1.4272	-2.650000e-02	1.650000e-02	7.240000e-02	9.090000e-01
eqnetis_gr1a_x	2052797.0	1.170000e-02	2.127000e-01	-1.9975	-1.000000e-02	0.0000000e+00	1.380000e-02	1.207600e+00
dltnetis_gr1a_x	2373431.0	-3.100000e-03	1.313000e-01	-0.7874	-2.580000e-02	0.0000000e+00	2.250000e-02	7.003000e-01
dstnetis_gr1a_x	2290818.0	7.000000e-04	8.970000e-02	-0.8063	-1.090000e-02	0.0000000e+00	1.870000e-02	7.197000e-01
dbnetis_gr1a_x	2374474.0	-2.600000e-03	1.670000e-01	-1.0269	-4.130000e-02	0.0000000e+00	4.330000e-02	1.017900e+00
netis_gr1a_x	2052412.0	8.700000e-03	2.717000e-01	-2.0764	-6.040000e-02	1.700000e-03	7.550000e-02	1.539900e+00
eqnpo_gr1a_x	2047069.0	-1.040000e-02	2.148000e-01	-1.1821	-1.480000e-02	0.00000000e+00	1.310000e-02	1.940900e+00
tax_gr1a_x	2398103.0	3.100000e-03	2.840000e-02	-0.2157	-3.800000e-03	1.000000e-03	1.140000e-02	2.047000e-01
eqbb_gr1a_x	1893504.0	1.700000e-03	3.370000e-02	-0.3806	0.00000000+000	0.0000000e+00	3.000000e-04	2.809000e-01
eqis_gr1a_x	2000469.0	1.360000e-02	2.117000e-01	-2.0255	-2.500000e-03	0.0000000e+00	5.700000e-03	1.226200e+00
div-gr1a_x	2382722.0	1.100000e-03	1.270000e-02	-0.2183	0.00000000+000	0.0000000e+00	1.200000e-03	2.439000e-01
eqpo_gr1a_x	1891334.0	2.900000e-03	4.380000e-02	-0.4620	-1.000000e-04	0.00000000e+00	4.100000e-03	3.915000e-01
capx_gr1a_x	2184434.0	7.400000e-03	5.440000e-02	-0.4868	-7.300000e-03	2.300000e-03	1.940000e-02	4.471000e-01
be_gr1a_x	2311289.0	4.620000e-02	1.699000e-01	-2.0718	1.6000000e-03	3.510000e-02	8.970000e-02	8.561000e-01
cash_gr3a_x	2081646.0	2.960000e-02	1.755000e-01	-2.5781	-1.260000e-02	9.5000000e-03	6.320000e-02	9.052000e-01
inv-gr3a_x	2033267.0	2.900000e-02	8.700000e-02	-0.6971	0.0000000e+00	6.8000000e-03	5.550000e-02	4.115000e-01
rec_gr3a_x	2047864.0	4.970000e-02	1.082000e-01	-0.7795	1.400000e-03	3.280000e-02	8.960000e-02	4.887000e-01

		count	mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max	x1		
ppeg_gr3a_x	1890568.0	1.277000e-01	2.118000e-01	-2.1282	3.190000e-02	1.080000e-01	2.163000e-01	9.231000e-01
lti_gr3a_x	1864897.0	1.290000e-02	7.040000e-02	-0.6566	0.0000000e+00	0.00000000+00	8.800000e-03	4.683000e-01
intan_gr3a_x	1784074.0	2.520000e-02	1.171000e-01	-1.7938	-0.0000000e+00	0.00000000+00	2.360000e-02	6.632000e-01
debtst_gr3a_x	2078323.0	8.500000e-03	7.970000e-02	-0.8315	-6.500000e-03	3.000000e-04	2.440000e-02	5.514000e-01
ap_gr3a_x	1936459.0	3.440000e-02	8.510000e-02	-0.4973	-3.000000e-04	1.600000e-02	4.880000e-02	4.801000e-01
txp_gr3a_x	1751204.0	1.900000e-03	1.400000e-02	-0.0976	-1.200000e-03	0.00000000+00	4.400000e-03	1.079000e-01
debtlt_gr3a_x	2098723.0	4.090000e-02	1.579000e-01	-1.1700	-1.120000e-02	1.060000e-02	1.011000e-01	7.496000e-01
txditc_gr3a_x	1843283.0	6.200000e-03	2.480000e-02	-0.2172	0.00000000+000	0.00000000+00	1.330000e-02	1.273000e-01
coa_gr3a_x	1880953.0	7.660000e-02	1.701000e-01	-1.4412	6.100000e-03	6.190000e-02	1.549000e-01	6.791000e-01
col_gr3a_x	1907173.0	4.420000e-02	9.650000e-02	-0.9653	4.300000e-03	3.750000e-02	8.380000e-02	4.559000e-01
$ $ cowc_gr3a_x	1861920.0	3.210000e-02	1.338000e-01	-1.0405	-2.130000e-02	2.260000e-02	9.140000e-02	5.604000e-01
ncoa_gr3a_x	1899708.0	1.091000e-01	2.575000e-01	-4.5815	1.230000e-02	1.026000e-01	2.250000e-01	8.112000e-01
ncol_gr3a_x	1887939.0	1.640000e-02	5.970000e-02	-0.5782	-0.0000000e+00	9.0000000e-03	3.080000e-02	4.104000e-01
nncoa_gr3a_x	1861492.0	9.300000e-02	2.474000e-01	-3.9391	1.200000e-03	8.690000e-02	2.030000e-01	8.094000e-01
oa_gr3a_x	1880920.0	1.840000e-01	3.641000e-01	-5.1474	4.560000e-02	2.082000e-01	3.829000e-01	9.247000e-01
ol_gr3a_x	1887939.0	6.020000e-02	1.295000e-01	-1.1795	1.270000e-02	5.900000e-02	1.138000e-01	6.233000e-01
$ $ fna_gr3a_x	2302373.0	1.560000e-02	8.920000e-02	-1.1421	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	7.162000e-01
$ ext{fnl-gr3a}_{- ext{x}}$	2105333.0	4.560000e-02	2.040000e-01	-1.8999	-1.910000e-02	2.6000000e-02	1.304000e-01	8.753000e-01
nfna_gr3a_x	2105333.0	-3.150000e-02	2.282000e-01	-1.3255	-1.318000e-01	-2.310000e-02	4.440000e-02	2.048000e+00
gp_gr3a_x	2074121.0	7.850000e-02	1.870000e-01	-1.2858	4.200000e-03	5.550000e-02	1.554000e-01	1.274100e+00
ebitda_gr3a_x	2079592.0	2.410000e-02	1.330000e-01	-1.0362	-8.600000e-03	2.410000e-02	7.360000e-02	1.478800e+00
ebit_gr3a_x	2081034.0	1.490000e-02	1.346000e-01	-1.1637	-1.460000e-02	1.620000e-02	6.010000e-02	1.985300e+00
ope_gr3a_x	1772515.0	2.290000e-02	1.350000e-01	-1.1140	-1.410000e-02	2.540000e-02	7.260000e-02	1.382600e+00
ni_gr3a_x	2095331.0	5.500000e-03	1.607000e-01	-2.0040	-1.480000e-02	8.900000e-03	4.110000e-02	3.365400e+00
nix_gr3a_x	2095331.0	5.200000e-03	1.722000e-01	-2.2144	-1.670000e-02	8.8000000e-03	4.270000e-02	3.330500e+00
dp_gr3a_x	1998657.0	9.200000e-03	2.780000e-02	-0.6566	5.000000e-04	7.400000e-03	1.760000e-02	3.627000e-01
ocf_gr3a_x	2026157.0	1.030000e-02	1.536000e-01	-0.9623	-3.950000e-02	1.100000e-02	6.680000e-02	1.459300e+00
fcf_gr3a_x	1875380.0	-2.300000e-03	1.806000e-01	-0.9594	-6.520000e-02	3.5000000e-03	6.430000e-02	1.668700e+00
nwc_gr3a_x	1880705.0	5.470000e-02	2.333000e-01	-3.1433	-2.400000e-02	4.470000e-02	1.438000e-01	9.475000e-01
$ $ dltnetis_gr3a_x	2057295.0	-7.000000e-03	1.381000e-01	-0.9437	-3.150000e-02	0.0000000e+00	2.360000e-02	8.602000e-01
dstnetis_gr3a_x	1975805.0	-1.000000e-04	7.960000e-02	-0.7776	-1.420000e-02	0.0000000e+00	1.680000e-02	6.541000e-01
dbnetis_gr3a_x	2058325.0	-7.400000e-03	1.681000e-01	-1.2437	-4.610000e-02	0.0000000e+00	4.140000e-02	1.075700e+00
tax_gr3a_x	2090131.0	6.500000e-03	3.600000e-02	-0.2190	-4.800000e-03	2.700000e-03	1.970000e-02	2.106000e-01
div_gr3a_x	2069485.0	2.200000e-03	1.420000e-02	-0.2110	0.00000000+000	0.0000000e+00	4.200000e-03	2.609000e-01
capx_gr3a_x	1877910.0	1.340000e-02	6.720000e-02	-0.6838	-6.700000e-03	6.500000e-03	3.240000e-02	3.679000e-01
capx_at_x	2305667.0	6.630000e-02	7.300000e-02	-0.0305	1.920000e-02	4.470000e-02	8.570000e-02	6.092000e-01

		count	mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max			
spi_at_x	2376699.0	-1.010000e-02	4.960000e-02	-1.3123	-2.700000e-03	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	1.961000e-01
xido_at_x	2513016.0	-5.000000e-04	1.800000e-02	-0.4152	0.000000e+00	0.00000000+00	0.0000000e+00	1.762000e-01
nri_at_x	2375825.0	-1.080000e-02	6.070000e-02	-1.5759	-4.600000e-03	0.00000000+000	0.0000000e+00	2.675000e-01
gp_sale_x	2468341.0	8.440000e-02	3.062100e+00	-124.7476	2.080000e-01	3.345000e-01	5.045000e-01	9.763000e-01
ebitda_sale_x	2470375.0	-3.073000e-01	4.409900e+00	-171.6176	5.970000e-02	1.272000e-01	2.277000e-01	7.373000e-01
ebit_sale_x	2470818.0	-3.840000e-01	4.578500e+00	-185.0447	3.170000e-02	8.990000e-02	1.721000e-01	6.154000e-01
pi_sale_x	2473639.0	-4.469000e-01	4.876400e+00	-184.2990	1.190000e-02	7.260000e-02	1.445000e-01	7.101000e-01
ni_sale_x	2474362.0	-4.693000e-01	4.796100e+00	-184.2990	7.200000e-03	4.550000e-02	9.440000e-02	5.566000e-01
nix_sale_x	2472905.0	-4.745000e-01	4.848700e+00	-184.2990	6.200000e-03	4.620000e-02	9.640000e-02	6.508000e-01
ocf_sale_x	2414346.0	-3.439000e-01	3.755000e+00	-140.2577	-1.520000e-02	5.800000e-02	1.448000e-01	1.412300e+00
fcf_sale_x	2267091.0	-5.418000e-01	4.134400e+00	-125.9694	-1.053000e-01	-1.100000e-03	6.670000e-02	1.210500e+00
gp_at_x	2503159.0	3.011000e-01	2.895000e-01	-1.2660	1.023000e-01	2.659000e-01	4.563000e-01	1.412300e+00
ebitda_at_x	2505194.0	7.710000e-02	1.992000e-01	-2.1076	2.950000e-02	1.080000e-01	1.699000e-01	5.122000e-01
ebit_at_x	2506116.0	4.100000e-02	1.986000e-01	-2.1142	1.820000e-02	7.130000e-02	1.269000e-01	4.730000e-01
fi_at_x	2185678.0	1.660000e-02	2.114000e-01	-2.6041	2.010000e-02	6.410000e-02	9.800000e-02	3.716000e-01
cop_at_x	2259456.0	1.333000e-01	1.925000e-01	-1.1882	3.940000e-02	1.365000e-01	2.302000e-01	1.940400e+00
ni_at_x	2514966.0	-5.000000e-03	2.045000e-01	-2.8828	3.400000e-03	3.5100000e-02	7.410000e-02	3.332000e-01
ope-be-x	2108352.0	1.569000e-01	5.427000e-01	-8.8149	9.490000e-02	2.136000e-01	3.261000e-01	3.725100e+00
ni_be_x	2444347.0	-1.990000e-02	5.962000e-01	-10.7541	1.720000e-02	9.500000e-02	1.504000e-01	1.450500e+00
nix_be_x	2444347.0	-2.270000e-02	6.187000e-01	-11.9515	1.490000e-02	9.590000e-02	1.526000e-01	1.558300e+00
ocf_be_x	2375509.0	4.150000e-02	5.350000e-01	-7.2459	-3.990000e-02	1.089000e-01	2.199000e-01	4.068700e+00
fcf_be_x	2219533.0	-1.352000e-01	6.520000e-01	-9.8959	-2.117000e-01	-4.000000e-03	1.206000e-01	2.895100e+00
gp_bev_x	2404319.0	6.940000e-01	1.236500e+00	-11.0645	2.172000e-01	4.625000e-01	8.366000e-01	1.753110e+01
ebitda_bev_x	2406313.0	5.730000e-02	1.310800e+00	-38.6063	9.750000e-02	1.837000e-01	2.972000e-01	3.290900e+00
ebit_bev_x	2406990.0	-2.510000e-02	1.386000e+00	-41.0563	5.220000e-02	1.282000e-01	2.282000e-01	2.800000e+00
fi_bev_x	2116451.0	-8.600000e-02	1.345800e+00	-38.5103	4.190000e-02	9.910000e-02	1.608000e-01	2.274200e+00
cop_bev_x	2188818.0	3.139000e-01	8.344000e-01	-8.9448	8.920000e-02	2.259000e-01	4.111000e-01	1.607970e+01
gp-ppen_x	2466653.0	2.766900e+00	6.510900e+00	-130.5385	4.559000e-01	1.518900e+00	3.353000e+00	1.035052e+02
ebitda_ppen_x	2468488.0	-1.134000e-01	1.280070e + 01	-558.0000	1.689000e-01	4.726000e-01	1.116300e+00	3.389320e+01
fcf_ppen_x	2270795.0	-8.658000e-01	1.104610e + 01	-423.4211	-3.778000e-01	-1.180000e-02	3.338000e-01	3.272670e+01
fincf_at_x	2181057.0	6.050000e-02	2.270000e-01	-0.9085	-4.100000e-02	1.800000e-03	8.120000e-02	1.643700e+00
netis_at_x	2180970.0	2.900000e-02	2.576000e-01	-1.3681	-4.860000e-02	0.00000000+00	5.940000e-02	1.592800e+00
eqnetis_at_x	2181226.0	5.680000e-02	1.918000e-01	-0.3507	-8.000000e-04	6.000000e-04	1.520000e-02	1.488800e+00
eqis_at_x	2142004.0	7.050000e-02	1.912000e-01	-0.1034	0.00000000+00	3.200000e-03	2.280000e-02	1.535600e+00
dbnetis_at_x	2487875.0	-2.120000e-02	1.573000e-01	-1.3624	-3.980000e-02	-8.000000e-04	2.270000e-02	6.456000e-01
dltnetis_at_x	2487184.0	-2.430000e-02	1.364000e-01	-1.2268	-3.180000e-02	-2.200000e-03	1.200000e-03	5.184000e-01

		count	mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max	x1		
dstnetis_at_x	2428021.0	3.500000e-03	6.050000e-02	-0.4789	-5.100000e-03	0.0000000+00	1.130000e-02	4.836000e-01
eqnpo_at_x	2177364.0	-4.470000e-02	1.949000e-01	-1.4673	-1.110000e-02	8.000000e-04	2.020000e-02	4.462000e-01
eqbb_at_x	2059717.0	1.250000e-02	3.500000e-02	-0.0026	0.0000000+00	0.00000000+00	5.300000e-03	4.018000e-01
div_at_x	2500964.0	1.160000e-02	2.170000e-02	0.0000	0.00000000+000	1.900000e-03	1.660000e-02	3.183000e-01
oaccruals_at_x	2261617.0	-1.580000e-02	1.522000e-01	-2.2637	-7.200000e-02	-1.830000e-02	4.760000e-02	6.719000e-01
oaccruals_ni_x	2260635.0	-5.853000e-01	6.180500e+00	-71.4418	-1.208700e+00	-2.712000e-01	6.967000e-01	8.515790e+01
taccruals_at_x	2240180.0	-3.100000e-02	2.045000e-01	-2.4802	-9.100000e-02	-1.180000e-02	4.930000e-02	1.294200e+00
taccruals_ni_x	2238904.0	-1.448100e+00	8.683400e+00	-131.5096	-1.516600e+00	-1.946000e-01	7.622000e-01	6.728570e+01
noa_at_x	2142866.0	6.816000e-01	4.649000e-01	-1.1515	4.896000e-01	6.884000e-01	8.418000e-01	1.038840e+01
be_bev_x	2368048.0	1.343100e+00	2.666700e+00	0.0326	5.543000e-01	8.086000e-01	1.190400e+00	6.053070e+01
debt_bev_x	2416506.0	4.732000e-01	6.162000e-01	0.0000	1.399000e-01	3.804000e-01	6.012000e-01	1.276120e+01
cash_bev_x	2397575.0	8.357000e-01	3.110100e+00	0.0000	3.800000e-02	1.245000e-01	4.276000e-01	8.007360e+01
pstk_bev_x	2418755.0	2.720000e-02	1.704000e-01	0.0000	0.0000000+00	0.00000000+00	0.00000000+00	7.089400e+00
debtlt_bev_x	2412477.0	3.446000e-01	4.482000e-01	0.0000	5.390000e-02	2.671000e-01	4.815000e-01	9.026500e+00
debtst_bev_x	2403343.0	1.233000e-01	2.903000e-01	0.0000	3.200000e-03	3.390000e-02	1.172000e-01	5.633000e+00
int_debt_x	1959042.0	1.258000e-01	3.153000e-01	0.0000	5.310000e-02	7.610000e-02	1.063000e-01	7.750000e+00
int_debtlt_x	1874541.0	3.393000e-01	1.552500e+00	0.0000	6.360000e-02	9.400000e-02	1.485000e-01	4.145000e+01
ebitda_debt_x	2242375.0	2.161600e+00	2.312980e+01	-362.2105	1.666000e-01	3.959000e-01	9.501000e-01	5.562212e+02
profit_cl_x	2270271.0	4.298000e-01	1.566600e+00	-11.9038	2.114000e-01	5.648000e-01	1.016300e+00	6.155300e+00
ocf_cl_x	2269486.0	5.390000e-02	1.456200e+00	-14.9568	-1.363000e-01	2.183000e-01	5.993000e-01	5.976400e+00
ocf_debt_x	2189764.0	1.253200e+00	1.968000e+01	-264.1167	-7.590000e-02	1.564000e-01	5.185000e-01	4.307215e+02
cash_lt_x	2487462.0	7.781000e-01	2.113200e+00	0.0000	4.150000e-02	1.312000e-01	5.084000e-01	2.990910e+01
inv_act_x	2124755.0	2.719000e-01	2.276000e-01	0.0000	4.860000e-02	2.538000e-01	4.448000e-01	9.113000e-01
rec_act_x	2130411.0	3.499000e-01	2.071000e-01	0.0000	1.990000e-01	3.479000e-01	4.754000e-01	9.455000e-01
debtst_debt_x	2235158.0	2.916000e-01	3.181000e-01	0.0000	3.900000e-02	1.578000e-01	4.582000e-01	1.000000e+00
cl_{tx}	2271050.0	5.408000e-01	2.822000e-01	0.0172	3.033000e-01	5.188000e-01	7.861000e-01	1.000000e+00
debtlt_debt_x	2251637.0	7.215000e-01	3.158000e-01	0.0000	5.637000e-01	8.571000e-01	9.724000e-01	1.000000e+00
lt_ppen_x	2467297.0	1.413180e+01	4.095230e+01	0.0809	1.032300e+00	2.019600e+00	5.768200e+00	7.630447e+02
debtlt_be_x	2439883.0	7.140000e-01	1.464700e+00	0.0000	3.360000e-02	3.025000e-01	7.618000e-01	2.225160e+01
opex_at_x	2503218.0	9.413000e-01	8.196000e-01	0.0029	3.295000e-01	7.872000e-01	1.304500e+00	7.158500e+00
nwc_at_x	2253296.0	2.724000e-01	2.457000e-01	-0.7924	8.520000e-02	2.536000e-01	4.349000e-01	9.547000e-01
debt_at_x	2514980.0	2.331000e-01	2.095000e-01	0.0000	5.090000e-02	1.957000e-01	3.591000e-01	1.428700e+00
debt_be_x	2444508.0	9.825000e-01	1.972300e+00	0.0000	9.520000e-02	4.426000e-01	1.023800e+00	3.440000e+01
ebit_int_x	2038745.0	1.266250e+01	1.784445e+02	-3702.0000	1.253300e+00	4.003000e+00	1.124330e + 01	3.302250e+03
inv_days_x	2394275.0	8.869850e+01	1.683021e+02	0.0000	9.009300e+00	5.392190e+01	1.091676e + 02	3.574195e+03
rec_days_x	2403668.0	$\mid 3.602296e{+02} \mid$	9.967740e+02	0.0000	3.863530e+01	5.827670e+01	8.822010e+01	7.354934e+03

		count	mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max			
ap-days-x	2314657.0	1.459695e+03	7.489965e+03	0.7812	2.587680e + 01	4.209780e+01	7.865320e + 01	1.412089e+05
cash_conversion_x	1836443.0	1.256743e + 02	2.122532e+02	0.0000	4.172550e+01	8.193360e+01	1.398610e + 02	3.521431e+03
cash_cl_x	2262167.0	1.419800e+00	3.231200e+00	0.0000	1.124000e-01	3.726000e-01	1.177400e+00	3.650000e+01
caliq_cl_x	2241081.0	2.487700e+00	3.827100e+00	0.0581	9.004000e-01	1.378900e+00	2.376600e+00	4.066670e+01
ca_cl_x	2252774.0	3.162200e+00	3.912700e+00	0.0824	1.372500e+00	2.102000e+00	3.307100e+00	4.119530e+01
inv_turnover_x	1990611.0	1.861590e + 01	4.951140e+01	0.0438	2.956600e+00	5.130900e+00	1.205000e+01	7.307939e+02
at_turnover_x	2482416.0	1.084900e+00	9.318000e-01	0.0000	3.768000e-01	9.269000e-01	1.525100e+00	9.298300e+00
rec_turnover_x	2400338.0	1.234110e+01	2.636800e + 01	0.0000	4.039600e+00	6.187900e+00	9.236800e+00	2.787135e+02
ap_turnover_x	2229997.0	1.163840e + 01	1.238900e+01	-0.1258	4.826800e+00	8.918500e+00	1.434510e + 01	1.336129e+02
sale_bev_x	2408388.0	2.269200e+00	2.923100e+00	0.0000	7.623000e-01	1.580300e+00	2.598800e+00	3.887110e+01
sale_be_x	2437063.0	2.732600e+00	3.718300e+00	0.0000	9.001000e-01	1.758000e+00	3.096000e+00	5.438940e+01
div_ni_x	1963756.0	3.126000e-01	5.775000e-01	0.0000	0.0000000+00	1.650000e-01	4.135000e-01	1.293670e+01
sale_nwc_x	2017664.0	9.746900e+00	2.267620e+01	0.0000	2.066900e+00	3.971600e+00	7.750900e+00	3.110241e+02
tax_pi_x	1999061.0	3.279000e-01	3.117000e-01	-7.2981	2.705000e-01	3.654000e-01	4.329000e-01	5.548900e+00
cash_at_x	2496082.0	1.581000e-01	2.035000e-01	0.0000	2.580000e-02	7.260000e-02	2.026000e-01	9.799000e-01
ni_emp_x	2332173.0	-1.044570e+01	1.898294e+02	-3810.3810	4.055000e-01	4.200600e+00	1.703640e+01	1.438498e+03
sale_emp_x	2328826.0	2.691786e + 02	5.003031e+02	0.0000	6.301400e+01	1.411000e+02	2.763478e+02	7.782523e+03
sale_emp_gr1_x	2120715.0	1.123000e-01	4.553000e-01	-0.9563	-3.330000e-02	5.300000e-02	1.513000e-01	7.027000e+00
emp_gr1_x	2048454.0	7.670000e-02	2.504000e-01	-1.3333	-3.060000e-02	4.520000e-02	1.538000e-01	1.483100e+00
ni_inc8q_x	1837805.0	3.116800e+00	3.262400e+00	0.0000	0.0000000e+000	2.000000e+00	7.000000e+00	8.000000e+00
noa_gr1a_x	2130139.0	1.277000e-01	4.002000e-01	-0.7366	-1.750000e-02	4.940000e-02	1.574000e-01	1.075230e+01
ppeinv_gr1a_x	2130674.0	1.104000e-01	2.282000e-01	-0.5663	9.400000e-03	5.870000e-02	1.436000e-01	3.078700e+00
lnoa_gr1a_x	2042945.0	3.180000e-02	9.170000e-02	-0.5778	-3.800000e-03	1.370000e-02	4.740000e-02	7.544000e-01
capx_gr2_x	1996106.0	1.219100e+00	4.305300e+00	-1.4277	-2.477000e-01	2.272000e-01	1.043000e+00	7.697220e+01
saleq_gr1_x	2256822.0	2.428000e-01	8.315000e-01	-1.0000	-1.270000e-02	9.890000e-02	2.606000e-01	1.574840e+01
niq_be_x	2153966.0	5.000000e-04	1.393000e-01	-2.0216	1.600000e-03	2.420000e-02	4.290000e-02	6.993000e-01
niq-at-x	2218680.0	-2.200000e-03	6.080000e-02	-0.6672	0.00000000+000	8.200000e-03	2.060000e-02	1.818000e-01
niq-be_chg1_x	1961181.0	-7.700000e-03	1.339000e-01	-2.0038	-1.650000e-02	-6.000000e-04	1.090000e-02	1.227600e+00
niq-at_chg1_x	2044996.0	3.000000e-04	5.400000e-02	-0.4547	-7.100000e-03	-0.000000e+00	5.600000e-03	8.413000e-01
dsale_dinv_x	1796036.0	-4.380000e-02	8.780000e-01	-19.4778	-1.460000e-01	2.150000e-02	1.949000e-01	5.598300e+00
dsale_drec_x	2136436.0	-3.080000e-02	6.202000e-01	-7.3996	-1.418000e-01	1.500000e-03	1.418000e-01	7.637700e+00
dgp_dsale_x	2120443.0	2.720000e-02	5.405000e-01	-5.9700	-7.530000e-02	2.300000e-03	8.380000e-02	1.201120e+01
dsale_dsga_x	1827645.0		3.643000e-01	-2.2251	-8.920000e-02	-1.000000e-04	9.360000e-02	6.963700e+00
saleq_su_x	1944544.0		1.699500e+00	-16.0960	-8.666000e-01	1.532000e-01	1.125000e+00	3.358810e+01
niq_su_x	1972831.0		1.940400e+00	-50.8463	-7.565000e-01	5.100000e-03	7.529000e-01	2.019490e+01
capex_abn_x	1806456.0	1.173000e-01	9.626000e-01	-1.1469	-3.685000e-01	-6.920000e-02	2.932000e-01	1.196350e+01

		count	t mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max	1.0		
op_atll_x	2415570.0	1.320000e-01	2.472000e-01	-6.9463	4.860000e-02	1.355000e-01	2.227000e-01	1.125400e+00
$gp-atl1_x$	2413733.0	3.639000e-01	3.763000e-01	-1.9036	1.162000e-01	3.032000e-01	5.356000e-01	2.788000e+00
ope_bell_x	2010286.0	2.202000e-01	6.575000e-01	-13.6285	1.063000e-01	2.425000e-01	3.880000e-01	4.617600e+00
cop_atll_x	2237311.0	1.409000e-01	2.863000e-01	-3.8344	4.500000e-02	1.505000e-01	2.563000e-01	1.923400e+00
pi_nix_x	1959639.0	1.615000e+00	6.861000e-01	0.1059	1.340700e+00	1.572900e+00	1.777900e+00	1.989360e + 01
ocf_at_x	2449158.0	1.150000e-02	1.872000e-01	-1.8184	-2.140000e-02	4.090000e-02	1.033000e-01	5.979000e-01
op-at_x	2505194.0	1.113000e-01	1.575000e-01	-1.2330	4.200000e-02	1.205000e-01	1.892000e-01	5.662000e-01
$ocf_at_chgl_x$	2333855.0	2.300000e-03	1.627000e-01	-1.0782	-4.770000e-02	-1.000000e-04	4.630000e-02	1.390100e+00
at_be_x	2452393.0	3.714900e+00	4.779700e+00	1.0000	1.469000e+00	2.029600e+00	3.240900e+00	5.963100e + 01
niq_saleq_std_x	1902197.0	1.360600e+00	1.149800e+01	0.0008	1.930000e-02	4.260000e-02	1.236000e-01	3.177766e + 02
roe_be_std_x	1799259.0	1.611000e-01	4.732000e-01	0.0021	2.230000e-02	4.760000e-02	1.133000e-01	9.225400e+00
tangibility_x	2201788.0	6.502000e-01	1.916000e-01	0.0025	5.540000e-01	6.638000e-01	7.614000e-01	1.684700e+00
earnings_variability_x	1752776.0	8.639000e-01	1.037400e+00	0.0243	2.577000e-01	5.765000e-01	1.052900e+00	1.145280e+01
aliq_at_x	2174808.0	8.263000e-01	8.005000e-01	0.1044	5.792000e-01	6.946000e-01	8.423000e-01	2.803980e+01
f_score_x	1978727.0	4.911500e+00	1.728500e+00	0.0000	4.000000e+00	5.0000000e+00	6.0000000e+00	9.0000000e+00
o_score_x	2127585.0	-1.902100e+00	3.035200e+00	-9.3872	-3.598500e+00	-2.309000e+00	-8.857000e-01	2.287030e+01
z_score_x	2126989.0	5.526800e+00	9.357000e+00	-37.3359	1.992200e+00	3.446700e+00	5.637300e+00	1.744239e+02
intrinsic_value_x	1899809.0	1.317903e+03	5.258077e+03	0.0982	3.489040e+01	1.295681e + 02	5.706605e + 02	1.130984e + 05
kz_index_x	2167838.0	-1.126290e+01	5.190800e+01	-1723.5716	-6.936600e+00	-1.467200e+00	5.962000e-01	8.903350e + 01
gpoa_ch5_x	1799428.0	-5.000000e-03	1.939000e-01	-1.1201	-7.080000e-02	-2.900000e-03	5.560000e-02	1.669700e+00
roe_ch5_x	1718355.0	-1.400000e-02	5.543000e-01	-7.5143	-7.570000e-02	-6.100000e-03	5.400000e-02	7.791500e+00
roa_ch5_x	1824336.0	4.900000e-03	1.917000e-01	-1.6595	-3.640000e-02	-1.800000e-03	2.650000e-02	3.283900e+00
$cfoa_ch5_x$	1759171.0	1.520000e-02	1.825000e-01	-0.9610	-5.570000e-02	2.500000e-03	7.100000e-02	2.175100e+00
gmar_ch5_x	1777826.0	4.200000e-02	9.593000e-01	-24.3597	-4.330000e-02	2.700000e-03	5.140000e-02	3.059480e + 01
ni_ar1_x	1798398.0	2.127000e-01	6.110000e-01	-3.9640	-1.463000e-01	1.674000e-01	5.078000e-01	9.144200e+00
ni_ivol_x	1798398.0	5.090000e-02	1.054000e-01	0.0003	7.900000e-03	1.910000e-02	4.640000e-02	1.756800e+00
at_me_x	2522907.0	2.710400e+00	4.953100e+00	0.0086	5.788000e-01	1.230200e+00	2.687400e+00	1.923122e + 02
be_me_x	2452453.0	7.411000e-01	7.141000e-01	0.0050	3.072000e-01	5.729000e-01	9.557000e-01	2.516310e + 01
debt_me_x	2515141.0	7.136000e-01	1.647800e+00	0.0000	3.6100000e-02	2.333000e-01	7.145000e-01	6.550580e + 01
netdebt_me_x	2515141.0	4.707000e-01	1.480500e+00	-3.4965	-6.240000e-02	1.146000e-01	5.472000e-01	5.866260e + 01
cash_me_x	2496218.0	2.459000e-01	5.843000e-01	0.0000	3.340000e-02	9.500000e-02	2.301000e-01	1.478940e+01
sale_me_x	2509790.0	1.848400e+00	3.088100e+00	0.0000	3.854000e-01	9.080000e-01	2.049100e+00	7.507530e+01
gp_me_x	2504145.0	4.729000e-01	6.845000e-01	-5.3506	1.503000e-01	2.955000e-01	5.587000e-01	1.896990e+01
ebitda_me_x	2506237.0	1.594000e-01	2.707000e-01	-5.8474	5.650000e-02	1.331000e-01	2.363000e-01	5.597900e+00
ebit_me_x	2507305.0	9.600000e-02	2.455000e-01	-7.4186	3.000000e-02	9.500000e-02	1.716000e-01	3.506600e+00
ope_me_x	2183835.0	1.085000e-01	2.516000e-01	-8.0248	3.920000e-02	1.084000e-01	1.911000e-01	3.793500e+00

			-	1020 mim	E007 7E07 2003			
		ninoa	mean sta	0/67 mm	2011 0/67 0/06	- X		
ni_me_x	2517298.0	1.200000e-03	3.459000e-01	-18.9294	5.500000e-03	4.900000e-02	8.530000e-02	9.917000e-01
nix_me_x	2517298.0	-1.200000e-03	3.693000e-01	-20.3694	4.100000e-03	4.920000e-02	8.650000e-02	1.036200e+00
cop_me_x	2259562.0	2.183000e-01	5.014000e-01	-3.5452	4.550000e-02	1.406000e-01	2.768000e-01	2.124680e+01
ocf_me_x	2450553.0	4.280000e-02	2.747000e-01	-5.6691	-1.830000e-02	5.360000e-02	1.205000e-01	5.711200e+00
fcf_me_x	2303306.0	-7.030000e-02	3.536000e-01	-8.5448	-1.065000e-01	-2.600000e-03	5.530000e-02	4.202300e+00
div_me_x	2501593.0	1.780000e-02	2.950000e-02	0.0000	0.00000000+000	3.900000e-03	2.660000e-02	1.049700e+00
eqbb_me_x	2059868.0	1.380000e-02	3.780000e-02	-0.0037	0.00000000+00	0.00000000000000000000000000000000000	7.800000e-03	8.704000e-01
eqis-me-x	2142182.0	4.550000e-02	1.388000e-01	-0.1339	1.000000e-04	3.500000e-03	1.830000e-02	5.839400e+00
eqpo-me_x	2058263.0	3.150000e-02	5.660000e-02	-0.0013	0.00000000+00	1.120000e-02	4.150000e-02	1.725500e+00
eqnpo_me_x	2177501.0	-1.430000e-02	1.450000e-01	-6.1142	-8.100000e-03	1.200000e-03	3.130000e-02	1.442900e+00
equetis_me_x	2181408.0	3.130000e-02	1.401000e-01	-0.6866	-1.400000e-03	7.000000e-04	1.260000e-02	5.679700e+00
at_mev_x	2480516.0	1.759600e+00	3.280300e+00	0.0085	5.638000e-01	1.008000e+00	1.587100e+00	6.916660e + 01
bev_mev_x	2404633.0	6.919000e-01	5.487000e-01	0.0009	3.194000e-01	6.308000e-01	9.482000e-01	1.692550e+01
ppen_mev_x	2459710.0	3.322000e-01	3.872000e-01	0.0000	5.950000e-02	1.893000e-01	4.753000e-01	6.654400e+00
be_mev_x	2410201.0	6.153000e-01	8.336000e-01	0.0050	2.513000e-01	4.357000e-01	7.057000e-01	2.914710e+01
cash_mev_x	2460357.0	2.333000e-01	6.611000e-01	0.0000	2.350000e-02	6.940000e-02	1.825000e-01	1.486960e+01
sale_mev_x	2472091.0	1.265200e+00	1.765600e+00	0.0000	3.146000e-01	7.343000e-01	1.550900e+00	3.775600e+01
gp_mev_x	2467238.0	3.453000e-01	4.647000e-01	-2.4081	1.209000e-01	2.305000e-01	4.284000e-01	1.314000e+01
ebitda_mev_x	2469299.0	1.012000e-01	2.101000e-01	-5.5869	5.090000e-02	1.060000e-01	1.669000e-01	2.711700e+00
ebit_mev_x	2470075.0	6.010000e-02	2.226000e-01	-6.8743	2.670000e-02	7.470000e-02	1.222000e-01	2.601300e+00
cop_mev_x	2243652.0	1.516000e-01	2.798000e-01	-2.3844	4.200000e-02	1.203000e-01	2.126000e-01	8.747500e+00
ocf_mev_x	2431339.0	3.150000e-02	1.968000e-01	-4.7377	-1.650000e-02	4.340000e-02	9.350000e-02	2.334400e+00
fcf_mev_x	2286863.0	-3.800000e-02	2.261000e-01	-6.0410	-8.630000e-02	-2.300000e-03	4.670000e-02	1.728000e+00
debt_mev_x	2480615.0	3.008000e-01	3.502000e-01	0.0000	4.020000e-02	2.106000e-01	4.607000e-01	7.224300e+00
pstk_mev_x	2479267.0	1.480000e-02	5.860000e-02	0.0000	0.0000000e+00	0.000000000+000	0.00000000+00	1.220500e+00
debtlt_mev_x	2476104.0	2.224000e-01	2.443000e-01	0.0000	1.400000e-02	1.446000e-01	3.542000e-01	2.411300e+00
debtst_mev_x	2461067.0	8.090000e-02	2.125000e-01	0.0000	9.000000e-04	1.690000e-02	7.010000e-02	5.292900e+00
dltnetis_mev_x	2453443.0	-3.150000e-02	1.853000e-01	-3.5613	-3.440000e-02	-1.900000e-03	1.200000e-03	6.324000e-01
dstnetis_mev_x	2393968.0	4.100000e-03	9.390000e-02	-1.0163	-4.800000e-03	0.00000000+000	1.110000e-02	1.122900e+00
dbnetis_mev_x	2454176.0	-2.880000e-02	2.223000e-01	-4.4848	-4.210000e-02	-6.000000e-04	2.280000e-02	1.188800e+00
netis_mev_x	2164671.0	-8.300000e-03	2.729000e-01	-4.6395	-5.040000e-02	0.000000000+000	5.030000e-02	5.358400e+00
fincf_mev_x	2164802.0	3.700000e-02	2.405000e-01	-2.3006	-4.040000e-02	1.300000e-03	7.090000e-02	6.822000e+00
aliq-mat_x	2036506.0	5.016000e-01	2.661000e-01	0.0270	3.052000e-01	4.793000e-01	6.504000e-01	3.973200e+00
eq_dur_x	2193667.0	1.598720e + 01	5.630900e+00	0.2861	1.413720e+01	1.612420e + 01	1.764670e + 01	3.430355e+02
beta_60m_x	2090801.0	1.153800e+00	6.856000e-01	-1.7467	6.897000e-01	1.081600e + 00	1.528500e+00	4.912400e+00
ivol_capm_60m_x	2090801.0	1.172000e-01	6.560000e-02	0.0288	7.050000e-02	1.002000e-01	1.454000e-01	5.392000e-01

		count	t mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max	<u> </u>		
resff3_12_1_x	2274040.0	-2.210000e-02	2.736000e-01	-1.1550	-1.908000e-01	-8.900000e-03	1.610000e-01	7.899000e-01
resff3_6_1_x	2273172.0	-5.420000e-02	5.396000e-01	-2.9537	-3.435000e-01	-2.040000e-02	2.734000e-01	1.925800e+00
mispricing_mgmt_x	2414716.0	4.896000e-01	1.856000e-01	0.0147	3.610000e-01	5.047000e-01	6.284000e-01	9.427000e-01
mispricing_perf_x	2649116.0	5.208000e-01	2.065000e-01	0.0099	3.773000e-01	5.270000e-01	6.749000e-01	9.881000e-01
zero_trades_21d_x	2568596.0	9.102000e-01	2.670500e+00	0.0000	1.800000e-03	3.700000e-03	7.200000e-03	2.100980e + 01
dolvol_126d_x	2527407.0	1.272436e + 07	5.041472e+07	36.1000	6.023594e + 04	3.756701e+05	3.493927e+06	1.038495e + 09
dolvol_var_126d_x	2527340.0	1.275800e+00	7.751000e-01	0.2622	7.587000e-01	1.088500e+00	1.545100e+00	8.289100e+00
turnover_126d_x	2527415.0	4.300000e-03	6.800000e-03	0.0000	9.000000e-04	2.200000e-03	5.300000e-03	2.857000e-01
turnover_var_126d_x	2527348.0	1.251900e+00	7.609000e-01	0.2796	7.459000e-01	1.058700e+00	1.509700e+00	7.678300e+00
zero_trades_126d_x	2527415.0	9.170000e-01	2.511100e+00	0.0000	1.900000e-03	4.000000e-03	1.771000e-01	1.949730e+01
zero_trades_252d_x	2472485.0	9.236000e-01	2.470600e+00	0.0001	2.000000e-03	4.300000e-03	2.625000e-01	1.910030e+01
bidaskhl 21d_x	2474735.0	1.470000e-02	1.810000e-02	0.0011	5.600000e-03	9.400000e-03	1.710000e-02	5.318000e-01
rvolhl_21d_x	2474735.0	2.130000e-02	1.570000e-02	0.0000	1.100000e-02	1.720000e-02	2.680000e-02	1.854000e-01
beta_21d_x	2469080.0	8.736000e-01	1.205700e+00	-11.1429	2.238000e-01	8.042000e-01	1.458000e+00	1.276490e+01
ivol_capm_21d_x	2469080.0	2.710000e-02	1.960000e-02	0.0018	1.400000e-02	2.160000e-02	3.380000e-02	2.415000e-01
iskew_capm_21d_x	2469046.0	2.407000e-01	8.745000e-01	-3.5665	-2.542000e-01	2.053000e-01	7.097000e-01	3.715300e+00
coskew_21d_x	2469074.0	-1.530000e-02	3.111000e-01	-1.4678	-2.232000e-01	-2.070000e-02	1.886000e-01	1.347500e+00
beta_dimson_21d_x	2469080.0	9.503000e-01	1.950600e+00	-19.3713	4.290000e-02	8.515000e-01	1.798400e+00	2.341690e+01
ivol_ff3_21d_x	2469080.0	2.640000e-02	1.930000e-02	0.0018	1.360000e-02	2.100000e-02	3.300000e-02	2.340000e-01
iskew_ff3_21d_x	2469068.0	1.990000e-01	7.943000e-01	-3.1203	-2.632000e-01	1.696000e-01	6.344000e-01	3.455800e+00
ivol_hxz4_21d_x	2332649.0	2.680000e-02	1.960000e-02	0.0018	1.370000e-02	2.130000e-02	3.350000e-02	2.397000e-01
iskew_hxz4_21d_x	2332643.0	1.777000e-01	7.585000e-01	-3.0805	-2.681000e-01	1.513000e-01	6.005000e-01	3.275600e+00
rmax5_21d_x	2469033.0	3.860000e-02	2.910000e-02	0.0022	1.960000e-02	3.050000e-02	4.810000e-02	3.544000e-01
rmax1_21d_x	2469033.0	6.730000e-02	5.830000e-02	0.0035	3.110000e-02	5.000000e-02	8.280000e-02	8.996000e-01
rvol_21d_x	2469080.0	2.970000e-02	2.060000e-02	0.0018	1.590000e-02	2.400000e-02	3.690000e-02	2.515000e-01
rskew_21d_x	2469038.0	2.439000e-01	8.740000e-01	-3.5810	-2.529000e-01	2.077000e-01	7.136000e-01	3.808400e+00
ami_126d_x	2427976.0	2.294900e+00	1.277990e+01	0.0000	6.300000e-03	8.310000e-02	7.621000e-01	7.242321e+02
$ ule{beta_252d_x}$	2434576.0	8.972000e-01	6.011000e-01	-1.8325	4.682000e-01	8.481000e-01	1.259200e+00	4.013900e+00
$ ivol_capm_252d_x $	2434576.0	2.910000e-02	1.710000e-02	0.0050	1.700000e-02	2.480000e-02	3.650000e-02	1.684000e-01
betadown_252d_x	2406390.0	1.001300e+00	7.817000e-01	-3.9821	5.127000e-01	9.352000e-01	1.414000e+00	5.699200e+00
$ m prc_highprc_252d_x$	2434268.0	7.724000e-01	1.997000e-01	0.0167	6.610000e-01	8.272000e-01	9.318000e-01	1.0000000e+00
$ \text{rvol}_252d_x $	2434576.0	3.110000e-02	1.740000e-02	0.0052	1.870000e-02	2.680000e-02	3.870000e-02	1.690000e-01
$ $ corr_1260d_x	1904407.0	3.603000e-01	1.650000e-01	-0.0374	2.362000e-01	3.573000e-01	4.786000e-01	8.219000e-01
betabab_1260d_x	1893789.0	1.075600e+00	5.871000e-01	-0.3259	6.475000e-01	1.000500e+00	1.410600e+00	4.274900e+00
rmax5_rvol_21d_x	2343331.0	1.232900e+00	5.049000e-01	0.1125	8.720000e-01	1.159900e+00	1.512600e+00	4.328700e+00
age_x	2739928.0	2.184690e+02	1.888040e+02	1.0000	7.900000e+01	1.590000e+02	3.0000000e+02	1.115000e+03

0	_	count		min 25%	50% 75% max	[[`		
_	8.990000e-02		9.763000e-01	-1.7027	-7.318000e-01	1.204000e-01	9.350000e-01	1.701100e+00
2502382.0 9.110000e-02 1825622.0 3.610000e-02	9.110000e-02 3.610000e-02		9.846000e-01 9.739000e-01	-1.7036	-7.339000e-01 -7.911000e-01	1.300000e-01 // 900000e-02	9.456000e-01 8 716000e-01	1.698800e+00 1.709100e+00
8.730000e-02			9.713000e-01	-1.7012	-7.189000e-01	1.215000e-01	9.239000e-01	1.708800e+00
6.400000e-03			1.555000e-01	-1.0113	-6.530000e-02	-1.400000e-03	6.680000e-02	1.988170e+01
1.770830e+01		9	6.890425e + 02	-0.2196	6.348000e-01	1.290100e+00	3.413100e+00	1.527087e+05
-3.000000e-04			1.452874e+03	-11994.7451	-6.730875e + 02	-6.488730e+01	5.622922e+02	1.975796e + 05
_	-4.000000e-04		1.453405e+03	-12093.2324	-6.719280e + 02	-6.400750e+01	5.623110e + 02	1.340182e + 05
			1.452500e+05	-12181.3809	-0.104144e+02 6 701777e 09	-0.279780e+01 6 987600e+01	$5.020841e \pm 0.2$	1.023239 ± 03
1.000000e-04			1.471883e±03	-12192.0312	-6.696848e+02	$-6.289280e \pm 01$	$5.614439e \pm 02$	$1.25912e \pm 0.5$ $1.259212e \pm 0.5$
3.000000e-04			1.479795e + 03	-12242.7471	-6.699737e + 02	-6.314070e+01	5.606614e + 02	1.259316e + 05
		$\overline{}$	1.481432e+03	-12249.9131	-6.683008e + 02	-6.239580e+01	5.602472e + 02	1.895877e+05
		$\overline{}$	1.494461e+03	-12270.5273	-6.684138e + 02	-6.289780e+01	5.595248e+02	1.975297e + 05
			1.497932e+03	-12302.8760	-6.676816e + 02	-6.255130e+01	5.583124e+02	1.975135e + 05
_	0.0000000e+00 1	П	.505680e+03	-12306.7148	-6.674777e+02	-6.308580e+01	5.573524e+02	1.975094e + 05
_	0.0000000e+00 1	\vdash	.511348e + 03	-12250.5898	-6.675006e + 02	-6.366780e + 01	5.557687e + 02	1.975246e + 05
-4.000000e-04 1	\vdash	-	.506349e + 03	-12207.8350	-6.657420e+02	-6.324470e+01	5.550534e+02	1.975047e + 05
-1.000000e-04 1		\vdash	.515108e + 03	-12176.1465	-6.655490e+02	-6.377990e+01	5.530358e + 02	1.974958e + 05
2.000000e-04 1		_; ,	510473e+03	-11440.9531	-6.651825e + 02	-6.383700e+01	5.523057e+02	1.974974e+05
-i -	-i -	-i -	512811e+03 515049e+03	-11449.6279	-6.642017e+02 -6.646672e+02	-6.469670e+01 -6.581010e+01	5.507740e + 02 5.496704e + 02	1.974900e+05
	-1.000000e-04 1		518632e+03	-11473.9346	-6.650385e+02	-6.704440e+01	5.478585e+02	1.974688e+05
$2336696.0 \mid 1.000000e-04 \mid 1$	1.000000e-04 1	\vdash	.522247e+03	-11924.3223	-6.646155e + 02	-6.711870e+01	5.465416e + 02	1.974814e + 05
2315092.0 1.000000e-04 1	1.000000e-04 1	\vdash	.522928e + 03	-11477.0908	-6.638971e + 02	-6.765280e+01	5.454422e+02	1.974768e + 05
	-1.000000e-04 1	Η	.526165e + 03	-11837.1934	-6.631345e + 02	-6.773940e+01	5.443864e + 02	1.974707e+05
-0.000000e+00 1	$\overline{}$, i	.525184e + 03	-11830.5957	-6.630684e+02	-6.768750e+01	5.435944e+02	1.974645e + 05
_	1.000000e-04 1	$\overline{}$.521066e + 03	-11822.4795	-6.620583e+02	-6.732170e+01	5.424589e+02	1.974786e + 05
_	-0.0000000e+00 1	$\overline{}$	521688e+03	-11815.7969	-6.616403e+02	-6.751140e+01	5.414223e+02	1.974742e+05
-0.000000e+00 1		⊢i	.520726e+03	-11948.9941	-6.596912e + 02	-6.725050e+01	5.403683e+02	1.974745e + 05
1.000000e-04 1		ä	.521428e + 03	-11828.5732	-6.593975e + 02	-6.767100e+01	5.392651e+02	1.974657e + 05
_	_	\vdash	.522714e + 03	-11837.6758	-6.583010e + 02	-6.773110e+01	5.379360e+02	1.974702e+05
2147901.0 $1.000000e-04$ 1	$1.000000e-04 \mid 1$	\vdash	.511179e + 03	-11839.1934	-6.568350e + 02	-6.728920e+01	5.372294e+02	1.895889e + 05
	1.000000e-04		1.507530e + 03	-11834.7500	-6.557527e+02	-6.652340e+01	5.364533e+02	1.895897e + 05
1.000000e-04		$\overline{}$	502109e + 03	-11846.0547	-6.544728e+02	-6.637620e+01	5.357737e+02	1.896120e + 05
2087915.0 -1.000000e-04 1		\vdash	1.498496e+03	-11853.5107	-6.531980e + 02	-6.626840e+01	5.346227e+02	1.896178e + 05

	1.596513e + 05	1.596468e + 05	1.596441e+05	1.339924e+05	1.339871e+05	1.339843e+05	1.105830e + 05	1.105891e + 05	1.105892e + 05	1.105945e + 05	1.105990e + 05	1.105945e + 05	1.105988e + 05	1.105983e + 05	1.105999e + 05	1.105960e + 05	1.105929e + 05	1.105901e+05	1.105818e + 05	1.105831e+05	1.105796e + 05	1.105797e+05	1.105815e + 05	1.105856e + 05	1.105916e + 05	1.105924e + 05	1.105943e + 05	1.105877e + 05	1.105811e+05	1.105770e+05	1.105791e+05	1.105750e + 05	1.105775e + 05	1.105721e+05	1.105906e + 05	1.105791e+05
	5.336425e+02	5.334434e+02	5.329744e+02	5.321952e+02	5.308284e+02	5.307343e+02	5.303346e+02	5.294399e+02	5.287186e+02	5.281598e+02	5.274347e+02	5.271555e+02	5.264048e+02	5.260392e+02	5.255322e+02	5.250655e + 02	5.242169e+02	5.234120e+02	5.229612e+02	5.226442e+02	5.219601e+02	5.216530e+02	5.207815e+02	5.200620e+02	5.197030e+02	5.195420e+02	5.184686e + 02	5.178313e+02	5.172325e+02	5.171097e+02	5.169286e+02	5.167087e+02	5.159457e+02	5.155374e+02	5.149099e+02	5.136979e + 02
	-6.630400e+01	-6.576680e+01	-6.590900e+01	-6.600180e+01	-6.637680e+01	-6.560970e+01	-6.532040e+01	-6.499620e+01	-6.549740e+01	-6.542780e+01	-6.541130e+01	-6.453170e+01	-6.478650e+01	-6.464430e+01	-6.447610e+01	-6.455670e+01	-6.554230e+01	-6.477180e+01	-6.515990e+01	-6.496860e+01	-6.464440e+01	-6.441250e+01	-6.461350e+01	-6.448220e+01	-6.362880e+01	-6.335630e+01	-6.346460e+01	-6.371530e+01	-6.328710e+01	-6.214360e+01	-6.188950e+01	-6.163530e+01	-6.118430e+01	-6.092020e+01	-6.009660e + 01	-6.041790e+01
50% 75% max	-6.525869e+02	-6.517037e+02	-6.510807e+02	-6.505530e + 02	-6.497461e+02	-6.487253e + 02	-6.477959e + 02	-6.465491e+02	-6.456418e + 02	-6.446006e + 02	-6.434552e+02	-6.426281e+02	-6.419841e + 02	-6.405219e + 02	-6.401905e+02	-6.403130e + 02	-6.401207e+02	-6.391160e + 02	-6.382848e+02	-6.375092e+02	-6.363624e+02	-6.354518e + 02	-6.352231e+02	-6.343800e+02	-6.328156e + 02	-6.322285e+02	-6.320952e+02	-6.313463e + 02	-6.294853e + 02	-6.281742e+02	-6.275454e + 02	-6.266454e + 02	-6.257752e+02	-6.246249e + 02	-6.226816e + 02	-6.217508e+02
min 25%	-11866.2324	-11872.9951	-11889.0117	-11889.4648	-11888.5801	-11901.7588	-11808.9707	-11795.4795	-11661.7285	-11641.5117	-11620.1201	-11649.9248	-11647.5039	-11657.0537	-11657.0459	-11652.4551	-11658.8438	-11682.4463	-11670.7920	-11632.7188	-11632.8320	-11634.2344	-11599.9922	-11610.1670	-11593.4238	-11559.6719	-11520.1182	-11498.3047	-11524.8418	-11522.6631	-11512.3076	-11506.7881	-11490.2002	-11447.7783	-11448.2666	-11429.1436
t mean std	1.492586e + 03	1.489238e+03	1.488224e+03	1.484454e+03	1.481871e+03	1.480547e+03	1.474733e+03	1.470288e+03	1.466709e + 03	1.464523e+03	1.461618e + 03	1.461010e + 03	1.458799e+03	1.456109e + 03	1.455769e+03	1.457390e+03	1.460243e+03	1.455848e+03	1.455978e + 03	1.454388e+03	1.452841e+03	1.447684e + 03	1.446640e + 03	1.447881e+03	1.441350e+03	1.439244e+03	1.437575e+03	1.432364e+03	1.432379e+03	1.425208e+03	1.423086e + 03	1.421962e+03	1.421226e+03	1.420464e + 03	1.414488e+03	1.409900e+03
count	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	1.000000e-04	1.000000e-04	0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	1.000000e-04	0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	1.000000e-04	0.0000000e+00	1.000000e-04	-0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	-1.000000e-04	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	-0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	0.00000000+000
	2068400.0	2049032.0	2029771.0	2010873.0	1991985.0	1973277.0	1954719.0	1936335.0	1918045.0	1900119.0	1882204.0	1864406.0	1846808.0	1829434.0	1812186.0	1795157.0	1778282.0	1761604.0	1745155.0	1728738.0	1712469.0	1696257.0	1680291.0	1664527.0	1648942.0	1633612.0	1618435.0	1603369.0	1588459.0	1573646.0	1558831.0	1544091.0	1529580.0	1515298.0	1501145.0	1487126.0
	n	n	a	a	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	a	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	a	n	n	n	n	ū	n	n	n	a	a	n	n	ū	a
	$\mid r_{-}f031m$	$ $ r_f032m	$\mid r_f033m \mid$	$\mid r_f034m \mid$	$ $ r_f035m	$ $ r_f036m	$ $ r_f037m	$ $ r_f038m	r_f039m	$ $ r_f040m	$ r_{-f041m}$	$ $ r_f042m	$ $ r_f043m	$ $ r_f044m	$ $ r_f045m	r_f046m	r_f047m	r_f048m	r_f049m	r_f050m	$ $ r_f051m	r_f052m	r_f053m	r_f054m	r_f055m	r_f056m	$\mid r_{-}f057m \mid$	r_f058m	r_f059m	r_f060m	r_f061m	r_f062m	$ $ r_f063m	r_f064m	r_f065m	$\mid r_{-}f066m \mid$

	count	nt mean std	min 25%	50% 75% max	X1		
1473347.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.410359e + 03	-11395.8105	-6.213913e + 02	-5.986390e+01	5.135056e+02	1.105783e+05
1446378.0	-0.000000e+00	1.407508e+03	-11403.6064	-6.206971e+02	-6.046170e+01	5.122022e+02	1.105804e+05
1433053.0	-0.000000e+00	1.407457e+03	-11369.1240	-6.195969e+02	-6.033520e+01	5.112055e + 02	1.105780e + 05
1419806.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.405462e+03	-11368.4258	-6.189065e + 02	-6.046740e+01	5.107696e + 02	1.105753e + 05
1406604.0	-0.00000000+00	1.400772e + 03	-11371.8594	-6.173835e+02	-5.969520e+01	5.105945e + 02	1.105796e + 05
1393602.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.400693e + 03	-11396.2529	-6.175958e + 02	-6.0001000e+01	5.098098e + 02	1.105802e+05
1380833.0	0.0000000e+00	1.402398e+03	-11372.6416	-6.169977e + 02	-6.035980e+01	5.092791e+02	1.105740e+05
1368264.0	0.00000000+00	1.403089e+03	-11405.9805	-6.166624e + 02	-6.033900e+01	5.087950e + 02	1.105671e+05
1355788.0	0.00000000+00	1.397425e+03	-11382.0527	-6.149069e + 02	-5.957630e+01	5.083461e+02	1.105749e + 05
1343377.0	0.0000000e+00	1.395999e+03	-11382.4336	-6.135413e+02	-5.895680e+01	5.081946e + 02	1.105644e + 05
1331081.0	0.0000000e+00	1.391616e + 03	-11378.7529	-6.125250e+02	-5.866520e+01	5.075152e + 02	1.105711e + 05
1318964.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.388824e+03	-11362.2051	-6.116483e+02	-5.816850e + 01	5.073903e+02	1.105640e + 05
1307052.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.386874e+03	-11357.9014	-6.107534e + 02	-5.763730e+01	5.068637e + 02	1.105745e + 05
1295317.0	0.00000000+00	1.381056e + 03	-11383.5312	-6.103754e + 02	-5.766870e+01	5.064513e + 02	1.105647e + 05
1283667.0	0.00000000+00	1.383347e+03	-11365.5000	-6.103617e+02	-5.777960e+01	5.060737e + 02	1.105658e + 05
1272047.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.374520e+03	-11384.9004	-6.086416e + 02	-5.797640e+01	5.042909e + 02	1.105673e + 05
1260498.0	0.00000000+00	1.373337e+03	-11363.2959	-6.076294e+02	-5.762950e+01	5.040967e + 02	1.105768e + 05
1249073.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.374082e+03	-11402.5264	-6.065834e+02	-5.695480e+01	5.032051e+02	1.105750e + 05
1237781.0	0.00000000+00	1.370850e + 03	-11400.8906	-6.059218e + 02	-5.657530e+01	5.023136e + 02	1.105727e+05
226562.0	-1.000000e-04	1.370446e+03	-11414.5410	-6.048359e + 02	-5.619380e+01	5.021124e + 02	1.105748e+05
1215483.0	0.00000000+00	1.369352e + 03	-11404.8936	-6.043073e+02	-5.630440e+01	5.014727e + 02	1.105904e + 05
204483.0	0.00000000+00	1.370709e + 03	-11400.6182	-6.037288e+02	-5.706160e+01	5.004432e+02	1.105700e + 05
1193700.0	0.00000000+00	1.367878e + 03	-11385.3594	-6.028849e+02	-5.712190e+01	4.993200e+02	1.105744e + 05
1183030.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.363581e + 03	-11358.1553	-6.016176e+02	-5.622980e+01	4.984420e+02	1.105727e+05
1172486.0	0.00000000+00	1.360579e + 03	-11309.1123	-6.002883e + 02	-5.573990e+01	4.975717e+02	1.105593e + 05
1162055.0	0.00000000+00	1.358095e+03	-11357.9609	-5.987974e+02	-5.531470e+01	4.968514e + 02	1.105644e + 05
1151736.0	0.0000000e+00	1.352453e + 03	-11317.3789	-5.971700e+02	-5.476540e+01	4.963483e+02	1.105683e + 05
1141522.0	0.00000000+00	1.348188e + 03	-11309.7559	-5.962652e+02	-5.471390e+01	4.951203e+02	1.105691e + 05
1131442.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.342258e+03	-11309.1016	-5.944086e + 02	-5.403380e+01	4.948370e + 02	1.105662e+05
1121493.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.338318e+03	-11247.9277	-5.932616e+02	-5.396110e+01	4.937179e + 02	1.105643e + 05
1111606.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.338118e + 03	-11261.6719	-5.919281e+02	-5.361060e+01	4.932585e+02	1.105735e + 05
1101788.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.334361e+03	-11223.1240	-5.905834e + 02	-5.352240e+01	4.921118e + 02	1.105733e + 05
1092121.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.331728e + 03	-11206.9795	-5.900486e + 02	-5.297250e+01	4.916311e+02	1.105714e + 05
1082539.0	0.0000000e+00	1.332157e+03	-11283.8125	-5.892725e+02	-5.268540e+01	4.909461e+02	1.105668e + 05
1072947.0	-0.000000e+00	1.332334e+03	-11282.4170	-5.881101e+02	-5.258020e+01	4.907911e+02	1.105829e + 05

		l coun	count $ $ mean $ $ std $ $ min $ $ 25%	min 25%	50% 75% max			
r_f103m	1063428.0	0.0000000e+00	1.329495e+03	-11285.6172	-5.869788e+02	-5.248610e+01	4.906705e + 02	1.105661e+05
$ $ r_f104m	1053983.0	0.0000000e+00	1.325444e+03	-11298.3848	-5.862903e+02	-5.239650e+01	4.899225e+02	1.105618e + 05
$ $ r_f105m	1044601.0	0.0000000e+00	1.323975e + 03	-11301.4951	-5.851770e+02	-5.231380e+01	4.887940e+02	1.105658e + 05
r_f106m	1035321.0	0.0000000e+00	1.318717e+03	-11297.5840	-5.832391e+02	-5.184850e+01	4.882903e+02	1.105617e+05
$ $ r_f107m	1026131.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.311274e+03	-11285.4033	-5.818715e+02	-5.133990e+01	4.878159e + 02	1.105708e+05
r_f108m	1017036.0	0.0000000e+00	1.305877e + 03	-11274.5352	-5.799500e+02	-5.048810e+01	4.874828e + 02	1.105686e + 05
r_f109m	1007990.0	1.000000e-04	1.294919e + 03	-11275.3604	-5.771514e+02	-4.921990e+01	4.869372e+02	1.105662e+05
r_f110m	999001.0	-0.000000e+00	1.289170e + 03	-11268.4707	-5.755809e+02	-4.920890e+01	4.857903e+02	1.105673e+05
r_f111m	990052.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.290836e + 03	-11281.2275	-5.746790e+02	-4.955900e+01	4.840651e + 02	1.105661e+05
r_f112m	981156.0	0.0000000e+00	1.287458e + 03	-11282.5312	-5.735778e+02	-4.994070e+01	4.832928e+02	1.105664e + 05
r_f113m	972370.0	-1.000000e-04	1.284069e + 03	-11264.9014	-5.725287e+02	-4.965830e+01	4.823773e + 02	1.105705e+05
r_f114m	963718.0	0.0000000e+00	1.278476e + 03	-11253.8916	-5.716486e+02	-4.986240e+01	4.817620e + 02	1.105646e + 05
r_f115m	955145.0	0.0000000e+00	1.275283e+03	-11264.3701	-5.702315e+02	-4.919280e+01	4.812133e+02	1.105725e+05
r_f116m	946626.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.272883e+03	-11263.4824	-5.686965e+02	-4.945870e+01	4.802682e+02	1.105707e+05
$ $ r_f117m	938160.0	0.0000000e+00	1.274644e+03	-11257.9434	-5.681894e+02	-5.015010e+01	4.790787e+02	1.105761e+05
r_f118m	929764.0	0.0000000e+00	1.270645e + 03	-11259.9062	-5.671390e + 02	-5.087480e+01	4.773846e + 02	1.105775e+05
r_f119m	921481.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.270319e + 03	-11240.6992	-5.655049e+02	-5.112130e+01	4.756199e + 02	1.105739e+05
$ $ r_f120m	913287.0	-0.0000000e+00	1.257670e + 03	-11251.2500	-5.629036e + 02	-4.977740e+01	4.754564e + 02	1.105857e+05
train	2739928.0	3.998000e-01	4.994000e-01	0.0000	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	1.000000e+00	1.000000e+00
test	2739928.0	6.002000e-01	4.994000e-01	0.0000	0.0000000e+00	1.000000e+00	1.000000e+00	1.000000e+00
dev	2739928.0	3.998000e-01	4.994000e-01	0.0000	0.0000000e+00	0.0000000e+00	1.000000e+00	1.000000e+00

Table 2: Summary Statistics

11.2 **Technical Details**

11.2.1Organisation

This research essay uses data science best practise (J:10). Data and results saved regularly and reproducible. Data retention in all forms receives high levels of attention. Project files synchonises continuously to Google Drive (Google Drive). Git (Git) manages version control protocols for source code, data, documents, and results. Git stores a complete history of versions using Git hashes. These hashes are strings unique to each state of the publicly available finance-honours repository. Git hashes enable discretisation of finance-honours development, enabling the accessibility and recollection of all previous states given a unique git hash. This functionality enables reproducibility, error correction, and the ability to revert to previous models.

11.2.2 Version Control

Git, hosted by GitHub, provides a comprehensive set of version control technologies and range of benefits. Firstly, Git enables collaborative functionalities. The master version of a project is accessible for all who have access to the repository. Each contributor can create custom copies of branches through pull requests on the master branch. Contributors can commit changes to custom branches and push these changes to the master branch through push requests. Product managers can review push requests, approving valid requests for integrating changes to the master branch. Collaborative efforts are possible with commit messages describing contributions from each contributor. This research essay has only one contributor, rendering collaborative functionalities redundant in this instance. Git ensures the storage of code, work, and author histories. The descriptive nature of commit logs ensures journal accuracy.

11.2.3 Directories

This research essay follows directory structure recommendations from Wilson et al (J:10). Organisation is crucial as the modelling of artificial neural networks involves integrating a range of optimisation models, data files and documents. Directory management is most efficient and comprehensive. finance-honours is the root directory containing the following sub directories: bin, data, doc, src, and results. The bin sub directory contains external scripts and compiled programmes. The data sub directory contains all raw data associated with the project. The doc sub directory stores user guides, academic resources, research reports and project deliverables. The **results** sub directory contains the outputs from project analysis. The **src** sub directory stores the source code for preparing datasets, partitioning sets of geographies with varying granularities. All files were continuously backed up using Google Drive and Git.

11.2.4 Python

Python 3.9.7 is the primary programming language for this research essay. The language is omnipresent, widespread in software development. Python's language design makes the language highly productive and simple to use. Python can hand off computationally straining tasks to C/C++ using supporting firstclass integration capabilities. The language also has a very active and supportive community. Python is the most popular coding language on the planet defined by the PYPL PopularitY of Programming Language Index. As at December 2021, Python has 30.21% of all language tutorial search instances on Google (**PYPL'Pop**). Python's dynamic, low cost, and open source nature makes programming quick.

11.2.5Package Management

The Anaconda package management platform for Python (Anaconda) is the chosen coding environment. Anaconda is a well defined, free platform, with known versions of python packages such as matplotlib, numpy, and pip. The use of this environment ensures reproducibility and consistency across infrastructure. Pip is the default package manager for Python, included in the Anaconda package. Pip manages package installation and updates.

¹https://github.com/CMCD1996/finance-honours

11.2.6 Code Style

The PEP8 style for Python Code is formatting style for development code **PEP8**. Yapf, a formatter maintained by Google, manages formatting. Standardised formatting is important as makes supports readability, optimisation, and consistency. Docstrings and rigourous commenting are important in documentation. A docstring is a Python inline comment describing function use, inputs, and outputs. An unique docstring belongs to each Python class and function. The Google style docstring is most appropriate because of it's readability, writing ease, and consistency with Google's Style Guide. The parsing of yapf docstrings enables automated documentation generators to create docstring documents describing functions and classes.

11.2.7 Infrastructure

This research essay deploys variations in artificial neural networks of changing size and complexity. Analysis either took place locally, or remotely, depending on the computational requirements for the particular analysis. An Apple MacBook Pro 13 Inch 2019 with 8 GB 2133 MHz LPDDR3 memory and 1.4 GHz Quad-Core Intel Core i5 processor handles simple tasks locally. A Virtual Machine Instance on the Google Cloud Platform Insert specification before submission handles complex tasks remotely.

11.2.8 Documentation

The research essay documentation keeps an accurate record of key design decisions. Commit histories (??) is the most important form of documentation. Application of auxiliary documentation methods are supplementary.

11.3 Code

All files, resources, and code is available for download from Github. The document listing function and class docstring is available for download here. Furthermore, the coding listings for this research essay follow.

```
2 # Module Imports
5 import psutil as ps # Monitor CPU usage
6 import nvidia_smi # Monitor GPU usage
 import os # Change/manipulate operating systems
8 import datetime as dt # Manipulate datetime values
9 import random as rd # Random functionality
10 import csv as csv # Read and write csvs
11 import itertools as it # Create iterators for efficient looping
12 # Analytical
13 from pandas.core.base import NoNewAttributesMixin
14 import sympy as sym # Symbolic package for calculus
# Machine Learning/AI/Statistics
16 import numpy as np
17 from numpy.core.fromnumeric import transpose
                                           # Arithmetic operations
import pandas as pd # Data analysis package
import dask as ds # Data importing for very large software packages.
20 import seaborn as sb # Imports seaborn library for use
import sklearn as skl # Simple statistical models
22 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
23 import tensorflow as tf # Tensorflow (https://www.tensorflow.org/)
24 from tensorflow.keras import layers
25 from tensorflow.python.ops.gen_array_ops import split # Find combinations of lists
26 # Keras backend functions to design custom metrics
27 import tensorflow.keras.backend as K
28 import linearmodels as lp # Ability to use PooledOLS
29 from statsmodels.regression.rolling import RollingOLS # Use factor loadings
from keras.callbacks import Callback # Logging training performance
31 import neptune.new as neptune
32 from neptunecontrib.monitoring.keras import NeptuneMonitor
33 # APIs
34 import wrds as wrds # Wharton Research Data Services API
35 import pydatastream as pds # Thomas Reuters Datastream API
```

```
36 import yfinance as yf # Yahoo Finance API
37 import finance_byu as fin # Python Package for Fama-MacBeth Regressions
38 import saspy as sas # Use saspy functionality in python
39 import statsmodels.api as sm # Create Stats functionalities
40 # Formatting/Graphing
41 import tabulate as tb # Create tables in python
42 import pydot as pyd # Dynamically generate graphs
43 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # Simple plotting
44 import scipy as sc # Scipy packages
45 # Stargazor package to lm latex tables
46 from stargazer.stargazer import Stargazer
48 # Function Calls
50 # System Functions
52
def monitor_memory_usage(units, cpu=False, gpu=False):
      """ Function to monitor both CPU & GPU memory consumption
55
56
57
      Args:
         units (int): Memory units (0 = Bytes, 1 = KB, 2 = MB, 3 = GB, 4 = TB, 5 = PB)
58
          cpu (bool, optional): CPU Information. Defaults to False.
59
         gpu (bool, optional): GPU Information. Defaults to False.
60
61
      # Set unit conversion for readability
62
      convertor = (1024**units)
63
64
      # Shows CPU information using psutil
      if cpu:
65
          cpu_f = (ps.virtual_memory().available)/convertor
66
          cpu_t = (ps.virtual_memory().total)/convertor
67
          cpu_u = (ps.virtual_memory().used)/convertor
68
          cpu_fp = (ps.virtual_memory().available *
69
                   100 / ps.virtual_memory().total)
70
          print("CPU - Memory : ({:.2f}\% free): {}(total), {} (free), {} (used)".format(
71
             cpu_fp, cpu_t, cpu_f, cpu_u))
72
          # Shows GPU information using nvidia-ml-py3
73
74
      if gpu:
75
         print("GPU Memory Summary")
          nvidia_smi.nvmlInit()
76
77
          deviceCount = nvidia_smi.nvmlDeviceGetCount()
         for i in range(deviceCount):
78
             # Gets device handle
79
             handle = nvidia_smi.nvmlDeviceGetHandleByIndex(i)
80
             # Uses handle to get GPU device info
81
             info = nvidia_smi.nvmlDeviceGetMemoryInfo(handle)
82
83
             # Prints GPU information
             print("GPU - Device {}: {}, Memory : ({:.2f}% free): {}(total), {} (free),
84
      85
      convertor, info.used/convertor))
         nvidia_smi.nvmlShutdown()
      return
87
88
89
90 def reconfigure_gpu(restrict_tf, growth_memory):
      # Check the number of GPUs avaiable to Tensorflow and in use
91
      print("Num GPUs Available: ", len(tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')))
92
      \# Limit tf to a specfic set of GO devices
93
      gpus = tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')
94
      # Restrict TensorFlow to only use the first GPU
95
      if gpus and restrict_tf:
96
97
          try:
             tf.config.set_visible_devices(gpus[0], 'GPU')
98
             logical_gpus = tf.config.list_logical_devices('GPU')
99
             print(len(gpus), "Physical GPUs,",
100
                   len(logical_gpus), "Logical GPU")
101
102
          except RuntimeError as e:
             # Visible devices must be set before GPUs have been initialized
103
             print(e)
104
      # Limit GPU Memory Growth
105
if gpus and growth_memory:
```

```
107
               # Currently, memory growth needs to be the same across GPUs
108
              for gpu in gpus:
                   tf.config.experimental.set_memory_growth(gpu, True)
               logical_gpus = tf.config.list_logical_devices('GPU')
              print(len(gpus), "Physical GPUs,", len(
    logical_gpus), "Logical GPUs")
112
113
           except RuntimeError as e:
114
              # Memory growth must be set before GPUs have been initialized
115
116
               print(e)
      return
117
118
119
def configure_training_ui(project, api_token):
       # Monitor Keras loss using callback
121
       # https://app.neptune.ai/common/tf-keras-integration/e/TFK-35541/dashboard/metrics-
       b11ccc73-9ac7-4126-be1a-cf9a3a4f9b74
123
       # Initialise neptune with credientials
       run = neptune.init(project=project, api_token=api_token)
124
       # project - 'connormcdowall/finance-honours')
       # api_token = '
126
       eyJhcGlfYWRkcmVzcyI6ImhOdHBzOi8vYXBwLm5lcHR1bmUuYWkiLCJhcGlfdXJsIjoiaHROcHM6Ly9hcHAubmVwdHVuZS5haSI
       \mbox{\tt\#} Define the custom class for the function
127
128
       class NeptuneCallback(Callback):
129
          def on_batch_end(self, batch, logs=None):
130
131
               for metric_name, metric_value in logs.items():
                  run[f"{metric_name}"].log(metric_value)
133
           def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None):
134
               for metric_name, metric_value in logs.items():
135
                  run[f"{metric_name}"].log(metric_value)
136
      # Find the call back
137
      neptune_cbk = NeptuneCallback(run=run, base_namespace='metrics')
138
       # Example to set paramters
139
       # run["JIRA"] = "NPT-952"
140
      # run["parameters"] = {"learning_rate": 0.001,
141
                            "optimizer": "Adam"}
142
      # run["f1_score"] = 0.66
143
      # Example in using in model callback
144
145
      # model.fit(x_train, y_train,
               validation_split=0.2,
146
                epochs=10,
147
      #
                callbacks=[neptune_cbk])
148
      #
      # Returns Callback APIs
149
      return neptune_cbk
150
152 # Data Processing
def partition_data(data_location, data_destination):
       """ Converts dta format to a series of 100k line csvs
157
158
       Args:
          data_location (str): directory of dta file
160
          data_destination (str):
161
162
163
       # Converts dta file to chunks
164
       dflocation = data_destination
165
166
       data = pd.read_stata(data_location, chunksize=100000)
       num = 1
167
       for chunk in data:
168
          # Saves chunck to seperate csvs given dataset size
169
170
          df = pd.DataFrame()
          df = df.append(chunk)
171
172
          df.to_csv(dflocation + str(num) + '.csv')
          num_convert = num*100000
173
           print('Number of rows converted: ', num_convert)
174
175
          num = num + 1
176 return
```

```
177
178
def create_dataframes(csv_location, multi_csv):
              """ Function to create
180
181
             # Creates list of dataframes
182
             num_csvs = list(range(1, 29, 1))
183
             if multi_csv == False:
184
                    df = pd.read_csv(csv_location + "1.csv")
185
                     # Show frame information
                    show_info = False
187
                    if show_info == True:
188
                            # Prints df head, info, columns
189
                            print('information on Dataframe')
190
                           print(df.info())
191
                           print('Dataframe Head')
192
                            print(df.head())
193
194
                            print('Dataframe Columns')
                            print(df.columns)
195
                            # Saves columns as list in txt file
196
                            np.savetxt(r'/Users/connor/Google Drive/Documents/University/Courses
197
             /2020-21/Finance~788/finance-honours/data/dataframe-columns.txt',~df.columns,~fmt='\% in the columns in the co
             s')
                     # Save summary statistics to dataframe
198
199
                     data_stats = df.describe().round(4)
                     data_stats.T.to_latex('results/tables/subset-summary-statistics.txt')
200
                     return df
201
                    # Pre-process dataframe for suitability (Remove empty rows, columns etc.)
202
203
             else:
                    df_list = []
204
205
                    for num in num_csvs:
206
                             df = pd.read_csv(csv_location + str(num) + ".csv")
                             # Append all the dataframes after reading the csv
207
                             df_list.append(df)
208
                             # Concantenate into one dataframe
209
                            df = pd.concat(df_list)
210
                    # Save summary statistics to dataframe
211
                    data_stats = df.describe().round(4)
212
213
                    data_stats.T.to_latex('results/tables/subset-summary-statistics.txt')
214
                    return df
215
216
217 def sass_access(dataframe):
218
            # Two files are accessed once for reference
             # sascfg_personal is a configuration file for accessing SAS Ondemand Academic
             Packages
             '/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/saspy'
220
             # SAS User credientials for granting access
221
             '/Users/connor/.authinfo'
222
            # Enable SAS Connection
223
             session = sas.SASsession()
224
            # Create sass data
225
            data = session.dataframe2sasdata(dataframe)
             # Display summary statistics for the data
227
228
             data.means()
229
             return
230
231
232 def replace_nan(df, replacement_method):
              """ Replace/Remove nan files in a dataframe
233
234
             Args:
235
236
                     df (dataframe): Pandas Dataframe
                     replacement_method (int): Specify replacement methods
237
                                                                  : 0 - remove rows with nan values
238
                                                                   : 1 - remove columns with nan values
239
                                                                   : 2 - fill nan with column mean
240
                                                                   : 3 - fill nan with column median
241
242
             Returns:
                    dataframe: Updated pandas dataframe
243
244
             nan_total = df.isnull().sum().sum()
245
print('Number of nan values before processing: ', nan_total)
```

```
if nan_total > 0:
247
           # Replace dataframe level nan (rows or columns)
           # Replacement methods (0: remove rows with nan values, medium, remove, none)
249
           if replacement_method == 0:
                df.dropna(axis=0, how='any', inplace=True)
251
           # Caution: Change to dataframe-columns.txt and features list required (Do not
252
       use)
253
           if replacement_method == 1:
                df.dropna(axis=1, how='any', inplace=True)
254
255
           # Replace column level nan
           for column in df.columns:
256
257
               if df[column].isnull().sum() > 0:
258
                    if replacement_method == 2:
                        df[column].fillna(df[column].mean(), inplace=True)
                    elif replacement_method == 3:
260
                        df[column].fillna(df[column].median(), inplace=True)
261
       nan_total = df.isnull().sum().sum()
262
263
       print('Number of nan values after processing: ', nan_total)
264
       return df
265
266
267 def reduce_mem_usage(props):
       """ Function reducing the memory size of a dataframe from Kaggle
268
           https://www.kaggle.com/arjanso/reducing-dataframe-memory-size-by-65
269
270
271
       Args:
           props (dataframe): Pandas Dataframe
272
274
       Returns:
       props (dataframe): Resized Pandas Dataframe
275
276
277
       # Begin the resizing function
       start_mem_usg = props.memory_usage().sum() / 1024**2
278
       print("Memory usage of properties dataframe is :", start_mem_usg, " MB")
279
       NAlist = [] # Keeps track of columns that have missing values filled in.
280
       for col in props.columns:
281
           if props[col].dtype != object: # Exclude strings
282
283
284
                # Print current column type
                print("*************
285
               print("Column: ", col)
286
287
                print("dtype before: ", props[col].dtype)
288
289
                # make variables for Int, max and min
               IsInt = False
               mx = props[col].max()
291
               mn = props[col].min()
292
293
               \# Integer does not support NA, therefore, NA needs to be filled
294
                if not np.isfinite(props[col]).all():
295
                    NAlist.append(col)
296
                    props[col].fillna(mn-1, inplace=True)
297
298
                # test if column can be converted to an integer
299
300
                asint = props[col].fillna(0).astype(np.int64)
               result = (props[col] - asint)
301
               result = result.sum()
302
                if result > -0.01 and result < 0.01:
303
                    IsInt = True
304
305
                # Make Integer/unsigned Integer datatypes
                if IsInt:
307
                    if mn >= 0:
308
                        if mx < 255:
309
                            props[col] = props[col].astype(np.uint8)
310
                        elif mx < 65535:</pre>
311
                            props[col] = props[col].astype(np.uint16)
312
                        elif mx < 4294967295:
313
314
                            props[col] = props[col].astype(np.uint32)
                        else:
315
                            props[col] = props[col].astype(np.uint64)
316
317
                       if mn > np.iinfo(np.int8).min and mx < np.iinfo(np.int8).max:</pre>
318
```

```
props[col] = props[col].astype(np.int8)
319
                        elif mn > np.iinfo(np.int16).min and mx < np.iinfo(np.int16).max:</pre>
                            props[col] = props[col].astype(np.int16)
321
322
                         elif mn > np.iinfo(np.int32).min and mx < np.iinfo(np.int32).max:</pre>
                            props[col] = props[col].astype(np.int32)
323
                         elif mn > np.iinfo(np.int64).min and mx < np.iinfo(np.int64).max:</pre>
324
                             props[col] = props[col].astype(np.int64)
325
326
                # Make float datatypes 32 bit
327
                    props[col] = props[col].astype(np.float32)
329
330
                # Print new column type
331
                332
333
334
       # Print final result
335
336
       print("___MEMORY USAGE AFTER COMPLETION:__
       mem_usg = props.memory_usage().sum() / 1024**2
print("Memory usage is: ", mem_usg, " MB")
337
338
       print("This is ", 100*mem_usg/start_mem_usg, "% of the initial size")
339
       return props, NAlist
340
341
342
343 def resizing_dataframe(dataframe, resizing_options):
        print(dataframe.head())
344
        # Remove both micro
345
       if resizing_options[0]:
346
347
           print('Reducing number of size_grp entries')
            indexNames = dataframe[(dataframe['size_grp'] == 'micro') | (
348
                dataframe['size_grp'] == 'nano')].index
349
            dataframe.drop(indexNames, inplace=True)
350
            print(dataframe.info())
351
           monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)
352
       # Reduce the number of factors to the original ~178 from JKP
353
354
       if resizing_options[1]:
           print('Reducing number of factors to original ~178 from JKP')
355
           # Extract new columns to the dataframe
356
           new_columns = []
357
358
           list_of_columns = '/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/data/178-factors.txt'
           file = open(list_of_columns, 'r')
359
           lines = file.readlines()
360
           for line in lines:
361
                line = line.rstrip('\n')
362
                new_columns.append(line)
363
           # Only collect column in both lists
364
365
           cols = dataframe.columns
366
            extract_columns = []
           for column in new_columns:
367
                if column in cols:
368
                    extract_columns.append(column)
369
           # Extract the old columns
370
           dataframe = dataframe[extract_columns]
371
           # Rewrite new working file for numerical encoding
372
373
           file = open(
                "/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/data/working-columns.txt", "r+")
374
375
           file.truncate(0)
            file.close()
376
           textfile = open(
377
                "/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/data/working-columns.txt", "w")
378
            for element in extract_columns:
379
                textfile.write(element + "\n")
380
381
           textfile.close()
           monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)
382
       # Optimises Variable Type
383
       if resizing_options[2]:
384
385
           print('Optimise variable type configuration')
            dataframe, NAlist = reduce_mem_usage(dataframe)
386
387
           monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)
       return dataframe
388
389
```

```
def split_vm_dataset(data_vm_directory, create_statistics, split_new_data,
       create_validation_set):
       """ Creates summmary statistics from unprocessed dataset
392
393
394
       Args:
           data_vm_directory (str): Directory location of data stored on the VM instance.
395
396
397
       # Create Dataframe from the entire dataset
       # total_df = pd.read_stata(data_vm_directory + 'combined_predictors_filtered_us.dta
398
       # Create summary statisitics for the entire dataset
399
400
       if create_statistics == True:
           # Read data into one dataframe on python
401
           total_df = pd.read_stata(
402
               data_vm_directory + 'combined_predictors_filtered_us.dta')
403
           data_stats = total_df.describe().round(4)
404
           data_stats.T.to_latex('results/tables/summary-statistics.txt')
405
406
       # Create training and testing dataframes for Tensorflow
       if split_new_data == True:
407
           train_df = pd.DataFrame()
408
           test_df = pd.DataFrame()
409
           total_df = pd.read_stata(
410
               data_vm_directory + 'combined_predictors_filtered_us.dta', chunksize=100000)
411
           for chunk in total_df:
412
413
               test_df = test_df.append(chunk[chunk["test"] == 1])
           # Split training set into training and validation
414
           if create_validation_set == True:
415
               train_new_df , val_df = train_test_split(train_df , test_size=0.2)
416
417
               print(train_df.info())
               print(val_df.info())
418
419
               train_new_df.to_stata(data_vm_directory + 'train.dta')
               val_df.to_stata(data_vm_directory + 'val.dta')
420
421
               train_df.to_stata(data_vm_directory + 'train.dta')
422
           test_df.to_stata(data_vm_directory + 'test.dta')
423
424
       return
425
426
427 def process_vm_dataset(data_vm_dta, size_of_chunks, resizing_options, save_statistics=
       False, sample=False):
       """ This script processes the training and testing datasets for Tensorflow
428
429
       following the classify structured data with feature columns tutorial
430
431
       # Load the test and train datasets into dataframes in chunks
       #df = pd.read_stata(data_vm_dta)
       subset = pd.read_stata(data_vm_dta, chunksize=size_of_chunks)
433
       df_full = pd.DataFrame()
434
435
       for df in subset:
           print('Number of instances: ', len(df))
436
           print('Excess Return')
437
           print(df['ret_exc'])
438
           # Find the dtypes of the dataframe and save them to a data column
439
           if save_statistics:
               # Saves dtypes for column dataframe
441
               np.savetxt(
442
                   r'/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/results/statistics/factor-types.
443
       txt', df.dtypes, fmt='%s')
               # Saves information on missing values in the dataframe
444
               np.savetxt(
445
                   r'/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/results/statistics/missing-values
446
       .txt', df.isna().sum(), fmt='%s')
           # Gets list of dataframe column values
447
448
           column_list = list(df.columns.values)
           # Gets list of unique dataframe dtype
449
           data_type_list = list(df.dtypes.unique())
450
           # Gets unique list of size_grp
451
452
           size_grp_list = list(df['size_grp'].unique())
           # Removes the mth column/factor from the dataframe given datatime format
453
           df['mth'] = pd.to_numeric(df['mth'], downcast='float')
           df_full = df_full.append(df)
455
           # Prints memory usage after the process
456
           monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)
457
458
          if sample:
```

```
# Process nan options in the dataframe
459
               df_full = replace_nan(df_full, replacement_method=3)
               # Resizes the dataframe base on memory options
461
               df_full = resizing_dataframe(
462
                  dataframe=df_full, resizing_options=resizing_options)
463
               # Print size and shape of dataframe
464
               print('The dataframe has {} entries with {} rows and {} columns.'.format(
465
466
                  df_full.size, df_full.shape[0], df_full.shape[1]))
              return df_full
467
       # Prints size categories in dataframe
       size_grp_list = list(df['size_grp'].unique())
469
       print('List of size_grp variables')
470
471
       print(size_grp_list)
       # Checks Nan in dataframe
472
473
       df_full = replace_nan(df_full, replacement_method=3)
474
       # Memory resizing to prevent excessive memory consumption
       df_full = resizing_dataframe(
475
476
           dataframe=df_full, resizing_options=resizing_options)
       # Print size and shape of dataframe
477
       print('The dataframe has {} entries with {} rows and {} columns.'.format(
478
          df_full.size, df_full.shape[0], df_full.shape[1]))
479
       # Prints memory usage after the process
480
481
       monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)
       return df_full
482
483
485 # Machine Learning
487 # Utility method to use pandas dataframe to create a tf.data dataset
488 # Adapted from https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/structured_data/feature_columns#
       use_pandas_to_create_a_dataframe
489 # Adapted from https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/structured_data/preprocessing_layers
490
491
492 def download_test_data():
       dataset_url = 'http://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/data/petfinder-
493
       csv_file = 'datasets/petfinder-mini/petfinder-mini.csv'
494
495
       tf.keras.utils.get_file('petfinder_mini.zip', dataset_url,
                              extract=True, cache_dir='.')
496
       dataframe = pd.read_csv(csv_file)
497
498
       # Creates the target variable for the assignment
499
       dataframe['target'] = np.where(dataframe['AdoptionSpeed'] == 4, 0, 1)
500
       # Drop unused features.
501
       dataframe = dataframe.drop(columns=['AdoptionSpeed', 'Description'])
502
503
       # Split the dataset into training, validation and testing sets
504
       train, val, test = np.split(dataframe.sample(
          frac=1), [int(0.8*len(dataframe)), int(0.9*len(dataframe))])
505
       \mbox{\tt\#} Returns the dataframe and the three subsets
506
       return dataframe, train, val, test
507
508
509
def create_feature_lists(list_of_columns, categorical_assignment):
511
       # Assignn variables
512
       categorical_features = []
       numerical_features = []
513
       file = open(list_of_columns, 'r')
514
       lines = file.readlines()
515
      for line in lines:
516
           line = line.rstrip('\n')
517
          if line in categorical_assignment:
518
519
               categorical_features.append(line)
520
              numerical_features.append(line)
       # Returns numerical and categorical features
522
       return numerical_features, categorical_features
524
525
526 def create_tf_dataset(dataframe, target_column, shuffle=True, batch_size=32):
527
       """Set target variable and converts dataframe to tensorflow dataset
528
529
      Args:
```

```
df (dataframe): dataframe
530
           target_column (str): Column used to predict for labels
531
           shuffle (bool, optional): [description]. Defaults to True.
532
533
           batch_size (int, optional): Sets batch size. Defaults to 32.
534
       Returns:
535
       [type]: [description]
536
537
       df = dataframe.copy()
538
539
       print(df[target_column].head())
       labels = df.pop(target_column)
540
       df = {key: value[:, tf.newaxis] for key, value in dataframe.items()}
541
       ds = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((dict(df), labels))
542
       if shuffle:
543
544
           ds = ds.shuffle(buffer_size=len(dataframe))
545
       ds = ds.batch(batch_size)
       ds = ds.prefetch(batch_size)
546
547
       print('Create Dataset: Successful')
       return ds
548
549
550
def get_normalization_layer(name, dataset):
552
       # Create a Normalization layer for the feature.
       # Layer Normalization normalizes each feature of the activations
553
554
       # to zero mean and unit variance.
       normalizer = layers.Normalization(axis=None)
555
       # Prepare a Dataset that only yields the feature.
556
       feature_ds = dataset.map(lambda x, y: x[name])
557
558
       # Learn the statistics of the data.
       normalizer.adapt(feature_ds)
559
560
       return normalizer
561
562
def get_category_encoding_layer(name, dataset, dtype, max_tokens=None):
       # Create a layer that turns strings into integer indices.
564
       if dtype == 'string':
565
           index = layers.StringLookup(max_tokens=max_tokens)
566
       # Otherwise, create a layer that turns integer values into integer indices.
567
568
569
           index = layers.IntegerLookup(max_tokens=max_tokens)
       # Prepare a 'tf.data.Dataset' that only yields the feature.
570
       feature_ds = dataset.map(lambda x, y: x[name])
571
       # Learn the set of possible values and assign them a fixed integer index.
572
573
       index.adapt(feature_ds)
       # Encode the integer indices.
574
       encoder = layers.CategoryEncoding(num_tokens=index.vocabulary_size())
575
576
       # Apply multi-hot encoding to the indices. The lambda function captures the
577
       # layer, so you can use them, or include them in the Keras Functional model later.
       return lambda feature: encoder(index(feature))
578
579
580
def encode_tensor_flow_features(train_df, val_df, test_df, target_column,
       numerical_features, categorical_features, categorical_dictionary, size_of_batch=256)
       """ size of batch may vary, defaults to 256
582
583
       # Creates the dataset
584
       train_dataset = create_tf_dataset(
585
           train_df, target_column, shuffle=True, batch_size=size_of_batch)
586
       val_dataset = create_tf_dataset(
587
           val_df, target_column, shuffle=False, batch_size=size_of_batch)
       test_dataset = create_tf_dataset(
589
590
           test_df, target_column, shuffle=False, batch_size=size_of_batch)
591
       # Display a set of batches
592
       [(train_features, label_batch)] = train_dataset.take(1)
593
594
       print('Every feature:', list(train_features.keys()))
       print('A batch of size groups:', train_features['size_grp'])
595
596
       print('A batch of targets:', label_batch)
597
       # Initilise input and encoded feature arrays
598
       all_inputs = []
599
    encoded_features = []
600
```

```
numerical_count = 0
601
        categorical_count = 0
602
603
604
       # Encode the remaicategorical features
       for header in categorical_features:
605
606
                print('Start: ', header)
607
                categorical_col = tf.keras.Input(
608
                    shape=(1,), name=header, dtype=categorical_dictionary[header])
609
                print('Processing: Input Categorical Column')
                encoding_layer = get_category_encoding_layer(name=header,
611
                                                                dataset=train_dataset,
612
                                                                dtype=categorical_dictionary[
613
       headerl.
614
                                                                max_tokens=5)
                print('Processing: Sourced Encoding Layer')
615
                encoded_categorical_col = encoding_layer(categorical_col)
616
617
                print('Processing: Encoded Categorical Column')
                all_inputs.append(categorical_col)
618
619
                encoded_features.append(encoded_categorical_col)
                print('Passed: ', header)
620
                categorical_count = categorical_count + 1
621
                print('Number of Categorical Features Encoded: ', categorical_count)
622
            except RuntimeError as e:
623
624
                print(e)
            # Monitor memory usage
625
           monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)
626
       # Normalise the numerical features
627
628
       for header in numerical_features:
629
                print('Start: ', header)
630
                numeric_col = tf.keras.Input(shape=(1,), name=header)
631
                print('Processing: Input Numeric Column')
632
                normalization_layer = get_normalization_layer(
633
                   header, train_dataset)
634
                print('Processing: Sourced Normalization Layer')
635
                encoded_numeric_col = normalization_layer(numeric_col)
636
                print('Processing: Encoded Numerical Column')
637
638
                all_inputs.append(numeric_col)
                encoded_features.append(encoded_numeric_col)
639
                print('Passed: ', header)
640
                numerical_count = numerical_count + 1
641
                print('Number of Numerical Features Encoded: ', numerical_count)
642
            except RuntimeError as e:
643
                print(e)
            # Monitor memory usage
645
            monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)
646
647
       # Concatenate all encoded layers
       all_features = tf.keras.layers.concatenate(encoded_features)
648
       print('All Features')
649
       print(all_features)
650
       print('Encoding: Successful')
651
       # Monitor memory usage
652
       monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)
653
654
       return all_features, all_inputs, train_dataset, val_dataset, test_dataset
655
656
657 def build_tensor_flow_model(train_dataset, val_dataset, test_dataset, model_name,
       all_features, all_inputs, selected_optimizer, selected_loss, selected_metrics,
       finance_configuration=True):
        # Information pertaining to the tf.keras.layers.dense function
       if finance_configuration:
659
660
           \# Note: The combination of optimizer. loss function and metric must be
       compatible
           # https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/layers/Dense
661
            # Generalised Artificial Neural Network
662
663
            # Input features (One per feature)
           # Hidden Layers (1-5)
664
665
           # Neurons per input layer (10-100)
           # Output neurons (1 per prediction dimension)
# Hidden activations (Relum Tanh, Sigmoid)
666
667
            # Output layer (sigmoid)
668
669
```

```
# List of activation functions:
            # 'relu' = Rectified linear unit activation
671
            # 'sigmoid' = Sigmoid activation function, sigmoid(x) = 1 / (1 + \exp(-x)). # 'softmax' = Softmax converts a vector of values to a probability distribution
672
673
            \# 'softplus' = Softplus activation function, softplus(x) = log(exp(x) + 1)
674
            \# 'softsign' = Softsign activation function, softsign(x) = x / (abs(x) + 1).
675
            # 'tanh' = Hyperbolic tangent activation function.
676
            # 'selu' = Scaled Exponential Linear Unit (SELU) activation function is defined
677
       as:
                if x > 0: return scale * x
               if x < 0: return scale * alpha * (exp(x) - 1)
679
            \# 'elu' = The exponential linear unit (ELU) with alpha > 0 is:
680
            # x if x > 0 and alpha * (exp(x) - 1) if x < 0
681
            # Note: The ELU hyperparameter alpha controls the value to which an ELU
682
       saturates
            # for negative net inputs. ELUs diminish the vanishing gradient effect.
683
            # https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/layers/Dropout
684
            # Dropout layer to randomly set input units to zero with a deterministic rate
            # during each step of training to help prevent overfitting. Note:
# inputs not set to zero are scaled by 1/(1-rate) so the sum of all inputs is
686
687
       unchanged.
688
689
            # Configure the neural network layers
            print('Start: Configuration of Deep Network Layers')
690
            # Binary variables to control network construction
691
            complex_model = True
            # Simple configuration, only a handful of layers
693
            if complex_model:
694
695
                 # Initial Layer
                layer_1 = tf.keras.layers.Dense(
696
                     32, activation="relu")(all_features)
697
                 # Dropout layer
698
699
                 layer_2 = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(
                     rate=0.5, noise_shape=None, seed=None)(layer_1)
700
                 layer_3 = tf.keras.layers.Dense(64, activation='relu')(layer_2)
layer_4 = tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='sigmoid')(layer_3)
701
702
                 # Creates the output layer
703
                 output = tf.keras.layers.Dense(1)(layer_4)
704
                 print('End: Configuration of Deep Network Layers')
705
                 # Configure the model (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/
706
       Model)
                 model = tf.keras.Model(all_inputs, output)
                 print('Model Summary')
708
709
                 print(model.summary)
            # Deploy a sequential model
            else:
711
                # Initial Layer
712
713
                x = tf.keras.layers.Dense(
                     units=32, activation="relu", use_bias=True,
714
                     kernel_initializer='glorot_uniform',
715
                     bias_initializer='zeros', kernel_regularizer=None,
716
                     bias_regularizer=None, activity_regularizer=None, kernel_constraint=None
717
                     bias_constraint=None)(all_features)
718
                # Dropout layer
719
                 x = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(
720
                     rate=0.5, noise_shape=None, seed=None)(x)
721
                 # Creates the output layer
722
                 output = tf.keras.layers.Dense(1)(x)
723
                 print('End: Configuration of Deep Network Layers')
724
                 # Configure the model (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/
725
       Model)
726
                 model = tf.keras.Model(all_inputs, output)
            # Initilises optimizer variables
727
            1r = 0.001
728
            eps = 1e-07
729
            rh = 0.95
730
            mom = 0.0
731
            b0 = 0.0
732
            b1 = 0.9
733
            b2 = 0.999
734
            iav = 0.1
735
           lrp = -0.5
736
```

```
11rs = 0.0
737
          12rs = 0.0
738
          12srs = 0.0
739
          ams = False
740
          cen = False
741
          nes = False
742
          #
743
      # Optimizer (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/optimizers)
744
          #
      if selected_optimizer == 'Adagrad':
746
747
              opt = tf.keras.optimizers.Adagrad(
                  learning_rate=lr, initial_accumulator_value=iav, epsilon=eps, name='
748
      Adagrad')
          if selected_optimizer == 'Adadelta':
749
750
              opt = tf.keras.optimizers.Adadelta(
751
                  learning_rate=lr, rho=rh, epsilon=eps, name='Adadelta')
          if selected_optimizer == 'Adam':
752
753
              opt = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(
                  learning_rate=lr, beta_1=b1, beta_2=b2, epsilon=eps, amsgrad=ams, name='
754
      Adam')
          if selected_optimizer == 'Adamax':
755
              opt = tf.keras.optimizers.Adamax(
756
          learning_rate=lr, beta_1=b1, beta_2=b2, epsilon=eps, name='Adamax')
if selected_optimizer == 'Ftrl':
757
758
              opt = tf.keras.optimizers.Ftrl(
759
                  learning_rate=lr, learning_rate_power=lrp, initial_accumulator_value=iav
760
                  11_regularization_strength=11rs, 12_regularization_strength=12rs,
761
                  name='Ftrl', 12_shrinkage_regularization_strength=12srs, beta=b0)
762
          if selected_optimizer == 'Nadam':
763
              opt = tf.keras.optimizers.Nadam(
764
                  learning_rate=lr, beta_1=b1, beta_2=b2, epsilon=eps, name='Nadam')
765
          if selected_optimizer == 'RMSprop':
766
              opt = tf.keras.optimizers.RMSprop(
767
                  learning_rate=lr, rho=rh, momentum=mom, epsilon=eps, centered=cen, name=
768
       'RMSprop')
          if selected_optimizer == 'SGD':
769
770
              opt = tf.keras.optimizers.SGD(
                  learning_rate=lr, momentum=mom, nesterov=nes, name='SGD')
771
772
          #
      773
          # Losses
          #
774
      775
          # Loss variables
          red = 'auto'
776
          flt = True
777
          ls = 0.0
778
          ax = -1
779
          dta = 1.0
780
          # Loss classes
781
          if selected_loss == 'binary_crossentropy':
782
783
              lf = tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(
                  from_logits=flt, label_smoothing=ls, axis=ax, reduction=red, name='
784
      binary_crossentropy')
          if selected_loss == 'categorical_crossentropy':
785
              lf = tf.keras.losses.CategoricalCrossentropy(
786
                  from_logits=flt, label_smoothing=ls, axis=ax, reduction=red, name='
787
      categorical_crossentropy')
          if selected_loss == 'cosine_similarity':
788
789
              lf = tf.keras.losses.CosineSimilarity(
                  axis=-1, reduction=red, name='cosine_similarity')
790
          if selected_loss == 'hinge':
791
              lf = tf.keras.losses.Hinge(reduction=red, name='hinge')
792
793
          if selected_loss == 'huber_loss':
              lf = tf.keras.losses.Huber(
794
795
                  delta=dta, reduction=red, name='huber_loss')
          # loss = y_true * log(y_true / y_pred)
if selected_loss == 'kl_divergence':
796
797
              lf = tf.keras.losses.KLDivergence(
798
                reduction=red, name='kl_divergence')
799
```

```
# logcosh = log((exp(x) + exp(-x))/2), where x is the error y_pred - y_true.
800
           if selected_loss == 'log_cosh':
801
              lf = tf.keras.losses.LogCosh(reduction=red, name='log_cosh')
802
           if selected_loss == 'loss':
803
              lf = tf.keras.losses.Loss(reduction=red, name=None)
804
           # loss = abs(y_true - y_pred)
805
           if selected_loss == 'mean_absolute_error':
806
807
              lf = tf.keras.losses.MeanAbsoluteError(
                  reduction=red, name='mean_absolute_error')
808
           \# loss = 100 * abs(y_true - y_pred) / y_true
           if selected_loss == 'mean_absolute_percentage_error':
810
811
               lf = tf.keras.losses.MeanAbsolutePercentageError(
812
                  reduction=red, name='mean_absolute_percentage_error')
           # loss = square(y_true - y_pred)
813
           if selected_loss == 'mean_squared_error':
814
              lf = tf.keras.losses.MeanSquaredError(
815
                  reduction=red, name='mean_squared_error')
816
           # loss = square(log(y_true + 1.) - log(y_pred + 1.))
817
           if selected_loss == 'mean_squared_logarithmic_error':
818
819
              lf = tf.keras.losses.MeanSquaredLogarithmicError(
                  reduction=red, name='mean_squared_logarithmic_error')
820
           if selected_loss == 'poisson': # loss = y_pred - y_true * log(y_pred)
821
822
               lf = tf.keras.losses.Poisson(reduction=red, name='poisson')
           if selected_loss == 'sparse_categorical_crossentropy':
823
824
              lf = tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(
                   from_logits=flt, reduction=red, name='sparse_categorical_crossentropy')
825
           # loss = square(maximum(1 - y_true * y_pred, 0))
826
           if selected_loss == 'squared_hinge':
827
              lf = tf.keras.losses.SquaredHinge(
828
                  reduction=red, name='squared_hinge')
829
          # Custom loss classes
830
           # loss = square(maximum(1 - y_true * y_pred, 0))
831
          if selected_loss == 'custom_12_mse':
832
              lf = custom_12_mse
833
           # loss = square(maximum(1 - y_true * y_pred, 0))
834
          if selected_loss == 'custom_hedge_portfolio_returns':
835
               lf = custom_hedge_portfolio_returns
836
           # loss = square(maximum(1 - y_true * y_pred, 0))
837
          if selected_loss == 'custom_sharpe_ratio':
838
              lf = custom_sharpe_ratio
839
           # loss = square(maximum(1 - y_true * y_pred, 0))
840
841
           if selected_loss == 'custom_information_ratio':
              lf = custom_information_ratio
842
           # if selected_loss == 'multi_layer_loss':
843
               lf = multi_layer_loss
           #
           if selected_loss == 'custom_loss':
845
              lf = custom_loss(layer=layer_3, reduction=red, name='custom_loss')
846
          #
847
       # Metrics
848
849
       # Metric variables
          metrics_list = []
851
852
           meaniou_num_classes = 2
853
           def mean_metric_wrapper_function(y_true, y_pred):
854
               return tf.cast(tf.math.equal(y_true, y_pred), tf.float32)
855
           # Must be the same size as predictions
856
           mean\_relative\_error\_normalizer = [1, 2, 3, 4]
857
           recall = 0.5 # A scalar value in range [0,
           precision = 0.5 # A scalar value in range [0, 1]
859
860
           specificity = 0.5 # A scalar value in range [0, 1]
861
           sensitivity = 0.5 # A scalar value in range [0, 1]
           # Metric Classes
862
           if 'Auc' in selected_metrics:
863
               metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.AUC(
864
                  num_thresholds=200, curve='ROC',
865
866
                   summation_method='interpolation', name=None, dtype=None,
                   thresholds=None, multi_label=False, num_labels=None, label_weights=None,
867
                  from_logits=False))
868
           if 'accuracy' in selected_metrics:
869
              met = metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.Accuracy(
870
```

```
name='accuracy', dtype=None))
871
            if 'binary_accuracy' in selected_metrics:
               metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.BinaryAccuracy(
873
874
                    name='binary_accuracy', dtype=None, threshold=0.5))
            if 'binary_crossentropy' in selected_metrics:
875
                {\tt metrics\_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.BinaryCrossentropy(}
876
                    name='binary_crossentropy', dtype=None, from_logits=False,
877
878
                    label_smoothing=0))
            if 'categorical_accuracy' in selected_metrics:
879
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.CategoricalAccuracy(
                    name='categorical_accuracy', dtype=None))
881
            if 'categorical_crossentropy' in selected_metrics:
882
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.CategoricalCrossentropy(
883
                    {\tt name='categorical\_crossentropy', \ dtype=None, \ from\_logits=False,}
884
                    label_smoothing=0))
885
            if 'categorical_hinge' in selected_metrics:
886
887
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.CategoricalHinge(
                    name='categorical_hinge', dtype=None))
            if 'cosine_similarity' in selected_metrics:
889
                {\tt metrics\_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.CosineSimilarity())}
890
                   name='cosine_similarity', dtype=None, axis=-1))
891
            if 'Fn' in selected_metrics:
892
893
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.FalseNegatives(
                    thresholds=None, name=None, dtype=None))
894
            if 'Fp' in selected_metrics:
895
                \verb|metrics_list.append| (\verb|tf.keras.metrics.FalsePositives|) \\
                    thresholds=None, name=None, dtype=None))
897
            if 'hinge' in selected_metrics:
898
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.Hinge(
899
                    name='hinge', dtype=None))
900
            if 'kullback_leibler_divergence' in selected_metrics:
901
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.KLDivergence(
902
                   name='kullback_leibler_divergence', dtype=None))
903
            if 'logcosh' in selected_metrics:
904
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.LogCoshError(
905
                   name='logcosh', dtype=None))
906
            if 'mean' in selected_metrics:
907
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.Mean(
908
                    name='mean', dtype=None))
909
            if 'mean_absolute_error' in selected_metrics:
910
                {\tt metrics\_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.MeanAbsoluteError(}
911
            name='mean_absolute_error', dtype=None))
if 'mean_absolute_percentage_error' in selected_metrics:
912
913
                \verb|metrics_list.append| (\verb|tf.keras.metrics.MeanAbsolutePercentageError|) \\
914
                    name='mean_absolute_percentage_error', dtype=None))
            if 'meaniou' in selected_metrics:
916
917
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.MeanIoU(
                    num_classes=meaniou_num_classes, name=None, dtype=None))
918
            if 'mean_metric_wrapper' in selected_metrics:
919
                \verb|metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.MeanMetricWrapper(
920
                    fn=mean_metric_wrapper_function, name=None, dtype=None))
921
            if 'mean_relative_error' in selected_metrics:
922
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.MeanRelativeError(
923
                    normalizer=mean_relative_error_normalizer, name=None, dtype=None))
924
            if 'mean_squared_error' in selected_metrics:
925
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.MeanSquaredError(
926
            name='mean_squared_error', dtype=None))
if 'mean_squared_logarithmic_error' in selected_metrics:
927
928
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.MeanSquaredLogarithmicError(
929
                    name='mean_squared_logarithmic_error', dtype=None))
930
            if 'mean_tensor' in selected_metrics:
931
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.MeanTensor(
932
933
                    name='mean_tensor', dtype=None, shape=None))
934
            if 'metric' in selected_metrics:
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.Metric(
935
                    name=None, dtype=None))
936
            if 'poisson' in selected_metrics:
937
                {\tt metrics\_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.Poisson(}
938
939
                   name='poisson', dtype=None))
            if 'precision' in selected_metrics:
940
941
                metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.Precision(
                    thresholds=None, top_k=None, class_id=None, name=None, dtype=None))
942
            if 'precision_at_recall' in selected_metrics:
943
```

```
metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.PrecisionAtRecall(
944
                  recall, num_thresholds=200, class_id=None, name=None, dtype=None))
           if 'recall' in selected_metrics:
946
947
               metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.Recall(
           thresholds=None, top_k=None, class_id=None, name=None, dtype=None))
if 'recall_at_precision' in selected_metrics:
948
949
               metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.RecallAtPrecision(
950
951
                  precision, num_thresholds=200, class_id=None, name=None, dtype=None))
           if 'root_mean_squared_error' in selected_metrics:
952
953
              \verb|metrics_list.append| (\verb|tf.keras.metrics.RootMeanSquaredError|) \\
                  name='root_mean_squared_error', dtype=None))
954
           if 'sensitivity_at_specificity' in selected_metrics:
955
956
               metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.SensitivityAtSpecificity(
                  specificity, num_thresholds=200, class_id=None, name=None, dtype=None))
957
           if 'sparse_categorical_accuracy' in selected_metrics:
958
              metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.SparseCategoricalAccuracy(
959
                  name='sparse_categorical_accuracy', dtype=None))
960
961
           if 'sparse_top_k_categorical_accuracy' in selected_metrics:
               metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.SparseTopKCategoricalAccuracy(
962
963
                  k=5, name='sparse_top_k_categorical_accuracy', dtype=None))
           if 'specificty_at_sensitivity' in selected_metrics:
964
              \verb|metrics_list.append| (\verb|tf.keras.metrics.SpecificityAtSensitivity|)|
965
966
                  sensitivity, num_thresholds=200, class_id=None, name=None, dtype=None))
           if 'squared_hinge' in selected_metrics:
967
968
              {\tt metrics\_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.SquaredHinge(}
                  name='squared_hinge', dtype=None))
           if 'sum' in selected_metrics:
970
              metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.Sum(
971
972
                  name='sum', dtype=None))
           if 'top_k_categorical_accuracy' in selected_metrics:
973
974
              metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.TopKCategoricalAccuracy(
975
                  k=5, name='top_k_categorical_accuracy', dtype=None))
           if 'Tn' in selected_metrics:
976
              metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.TrueNegatives(
977
                  thresholds=None, name=None, dtype=None))
978
           if 'Tp' in selected_metrics:
979
              metrics_list.append(tf.keras.metrics.TruePositives(
980
                  thresholds=None, name=None, dtype=None))
981
982
           # Custom Metrics
           if 'hedge_portfolio_mean' in selected_metrics:
983
              \verb|metrics_list.append| (\verb|tf.keras.metrics.CustomHedgePortolfioMean|) |
984
                  num_classes=None, batch_size=None,
                  name='hedge_portfolio_mean'))
986
           if 'hedge_portfolio_alphas' in selected_metrics:
987
               \verb|metrics_list.append| (\verb|tf.keras.metrics.CustomHedgePortolfioAlphas|) |
                  num_classes=None, batch_size=None,
989
                  name='hedge_portfolio_alphas'))
990
           if 'sharpe_ratio' in selected_metrics:
991
               992
                  num_classes=None, batch_size=None,
993
                  name='sharpe_ratio'))
994
           if 'information_ratio' in selected_metrics:
995
              \verb|metrics_list.append| (\verb|tf.keras.metrics.CustomInformationRatio|)|
996
                  num_classes=None, batch_size=None,
997
                  name='information_ratio'))
998
           #
999
       # Loss weights
       # Optional list or dictionary specifying scalar coefficients (Python floats) to
           # weight the loss contributions of different model outputs. The loss value that
1004
           # will be minimized by the model will then be the weighted sum of all individual
           # losses, weighted by the loss_weights coefficients. If a list, it is expected
           \# to have a 1:1 mapping to the model's outputs. If a dict, it is expected to map
1006
           # output names (strings) to scalar coefficients.
           lw = None
1008
       # Weighted Metrics
          #
       # List of metrics to be evaluated and weighted by sample_weight or class_weight
1012
```

```
# during training and testing.
        wm = None
1014
        #
     # Run eagerly
1016
        #
     # Bool. Defaults to False. If True, this Model's logic will not be wrapped in a
1018
        # tf.function. Recommended to leave this as None unless your Model cannot be run
1019
1020
        # inside a tf.function. run_eagerly=True is not supported when using
        # tf.distribute.experimental.ParameterServerStrategy.
        regly = None
     # Steps_per_execution
1024
     # Int. Defaults to 1. The number of batches to run during each tf.function call.
        # Running multiple batches inside a single tf.function call can greatly improve
        # performance on TPUs or small models with a large Python overhead. At most,
1028
        # one full epoch will be run each execution. If a number larger than the size
        # of the epoch is passed, the execution will be truncated to the size of the
1030
        # epoch. Note that if steps_per_execution is set to N, Callback.on_batch_begin
1031
        \# and Callback.on_batch_end methods will only be called every N batches
        # (i.e. before/after each tf.function execution).
        spe = None
     # Compiler
1036
     1038
        # Compiler variables
        # Establishes the compiler
        print('Start: Model Compilation')
1040
        model.compile(
1041
           optimizer=opt, loss=lf, metrics=metrics_list, loss_weights=lw,
1042
            weighted_metrics=wm, run_eagerly=regly, steps_per_execution=spe)
1043
        print('End: Model Compilation')
1044
1045
     # Visualise model (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/utils/
1046
     plot_model)
     # Visualisation variables
        to_file = '/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/results/plots/tensorflow-
     visualisations/' + \
           model_name + '.png'
        show_shapes = True
        show_dtype = False
1052
        show_layer_names = True
        rankdir = 'TB' # TB (Top Bottom), LR (Left Right)
1054
        expand_nested = False
        dpi = 96
1056
        layer_range = None
1058
        show_layer_activations = False
        # Creates a plot of the model
        tf.keras.utils.plot_model(model, to_file, show_shapes, show_dtype,
1060
                            show_layer_names, rankdir, expand_nested, dpi,
1061
     layer_range, show_layer_activations)
        # Prints a summary of the model
        print('Model Summary')
1063
        print(model.summary())
1064
1065
     # Model.fit (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/Model#fit)
1066
1067
     # Fit variables
        x_train = train_dataset
1069
        y = None # If x is a dataset, generator, or keras.utils.Sequence instance, y
     should
        # not be specified (since targets will be obtained from x).
```

```
batch_size = None # Defaults to 32
           eps = 10 # Integer. Number of epochs to train the model. An epoch is an
1073
       iteration over
1074
          # the entire x and y data provided (unless the steps_per_epoch flag is set to
       something other than None).
           verbose = 'auto'
           callbacks = None
1076
           validation_split = 0.0 # Not support when x is a dataset
1077
           validation_data = val_dataset
1078
           # Ignored when x is a generator or an object of tf.data.Dataset (This case)
           shuffle = True
1080
           # Optional dictionary mapping class indices (integers) to a
1081
           class_weight = None
1082
           # continued: weight (float) value, used for weighting the loss function (during
1083
       training only)
           sample_weight = None # This argument is not supported when x is a dataset
1084
           # Integer. Epoch at which to start training (useful for resuming a previous
1085
       training run).
           initial_epoch = 0
1086
           \# If x is a tf.data dataset, and 'steps_per_epoch' is None, the epoch will run
1087
       until the input dataset is exhausted.
           steps_per_epoch = None
1088
           # Only relevant if validation_data is provided and is a tf.data dataset.
1089
           validation_steps = None
1090
           # Continued: If 'validation_steps' is None, validation will run until the
1091
       validation_data dataset is exhausted.
          # Do not specify the validation_batch_size if your data is in the form of
       datasets
           validation_batch_size = None
1093
           validation_freq = 1
1094
           # Integer. Used for generator or keras.utils.Sequence input only.
1095
           max_queue_size = 10
1096
           # Continued: Maximum size for the generator queue. If unspecified,
1097
       max_queue_size will default to 10.
           # Integer. Used for generator or keras.utils.Sequence input only (Not this case)
1098
           workers = 1
1099
           # Boolean. Used for generator or keras.utils.Sequence input only.
1100
           use_multiprocessing = False
1102
           # Fit the model
1103
           print('Start: Model Fitting')
           model.fit(x=x_train, batch_size=32, epochs=eps,
1104
                     verbose='auto', validation_data=val_dataset)
           # model.fit(x=x_train, batch_size=32, epochs=eps, verbose='auto',
1106
                 callbacks=None, validation_data=val_dataset, shuffle=True,
           #
           #
                 class_weight=None, sample_weight=None, initial_epoch=0, steps_per_epoch=
1108
       None,
          #
                 validation_steps=None, max_queue_size=10, workers=1, use_multiprocessing=
1109
       False)
          print('End: Model Fitting')
           # model.fit(x, batch_size, epochs=eps, verbose='auto',
           # callbacks, validation_data, shuffle,
1112
           # class_weight, sample_weight, initial_epoch, steps_per_epoch,
1113
           # validation_steps, validation_batch_size, validation_freq,
1114
           # max_queue_size, workers, use_multiprocessing)
1116
       # Model.evaluate (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/Model#
1117
       evaluate)
          #
1118
       # Evaluation variables
1119
           x_test = test_dataset
1120
           \# Only use if target variables not specified in dataset, must align with x.
1121
1122
           v = None
           batch_size = None # Defaults to 32
           verb = 1 # 0 or 1. Verbosity mode. 0 = silent, 1 = progress bar.
1124
1125
           sample_weight = None # Optional, This argument is not supported when x is a
       dataset
           steps = None # If x is a tf.data dataset and steps is None, 'evaluate' will run
1126
        until the dataset is exhausted
           callbacks = None
1127
           mqs = 10  # Max queue size. If unspecified, max_queue_size will default to 10
1128
          workers = 1 # Integer. Used for generator or keras.utils.Sequence
1129
```

```
# use_multiprocessing, boolean. Used for generator or keras.utils.Sequence input
1130
        only.
           ump = False
            # Continued: If True, use process-based threading. If unspecified,
        use_multiprocessing will default to False.
           rd = False # If True, loss and metric results are returned as a dict,
1133
            # with each key being the name of the metric. If False, they are returned as a
1134
        list.
           # Model evaluation
1135
1136
            print('Start: Model Evaluation')
            loss, metrics = model.evaluate(x_test, batch_size=None, verbose=verb, steps=None
1137
        , callbacks=None,
                                            max_queue_size=mqs, workers=1,
1138
       use_multiprocessing=ump, return_dict=rd)
1139
        print('End: Model Evaluation')
1140
1141
            print("Loss: ", loss)
            print("Metric Descriptions: ", model.metrics_names)
1142
            print("Metric Values: ", metrics)
1143
            # Save the model
1144
            model.save(
1145
                '/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/results/model/tensorflow-models/'+
1146
       model_name+'.pb')
1147
           # Monitor memory usage
            \verb|monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)|
1148
            \mbox{\tt\#} Return the model, loss and accuracy
1149
           return model, loss, metrics
1150
1151
        else:
           # Exemplar implementation prior to finance adaptation
1152
1153
           # Set up neural net layers
           x = tf.keras.layers.Dense(32, activation="relu")(all_features)
1154
           x = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.5, noise_shape=None, seed=None)(x)
            output = tf.keras.layers.Dense(1)(x)
1156
            # Configure the model
           model = tf.keras.Model(all_inputs, output)
1158
            model.compile(optimizer='adam',
1159
                          loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(
1160
1161
                              from_logits=True),
                          metrics=["accuracy"])
1162
           # Visualise the model via a connectivity graph
1163
1164
            tf.keras.utils.plot_model(model, show_shapes=True, rankdir="LR")
            # Train the model
1165
           model.fit(train_dataset, epochs=10, validation_data=val_dataset)
1166
            # Test the model
1167
           loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(test_dataset)
print("Loss: ", loss)
1168
1169
1170
           print("Accuracy: ", accuracy)
            # Save the model
1171
           model.save('results/plots/tensorflow-models/'+model_name+'.pb')
1172
           # Return the model, loss and accuracy
return model, loss, accuracy
1173
1174
1175
1176
def perform_tensorflow_model_inference(model_name, sample):
        """ Perform evaluations from model (must be configured)
1178
1179
1180
           model_name ([type]): [description]
1181
            sample ([type]): [description]
1182
1183
       Returns:
1184
1185
           [type]: [description]
1186
        reloaded_model = tf.keras.models.load_model(model_name)
1187
        input_dict = {name: tf.convert_to_tensor(
1188
            [value]) for name, value in sample.items()}
1189
        predictions = reloaded_model.predict(input_dict)
1190
1191
       prob = tf.nn.sigmoid(predictions[0])
        return prob
1192
1193
1194
1195 def implement_test_data(dataframe, train, val, test, full_implementation=False):
```

```
# Sets the batch size
1196
        target_column = 'target'
1197
        batch_size = 5
1198
        train_ds = create_tf_dataset(
1199
           train, target_column, shuffle=True, batch_size=batch_size)
1200
        # See arrangement of the data
1201
        [(train_features, label_batch)] = train_ds.take(1)
1202
       print('Every feature:', list(train_features.keys()))
        print('A batch of ages:', train_features['Age'])
1204
1205
        print('A batch of targets:', label_batch)
        # Test the get_normalisation function
1206
        photo_count_col = train_features['PhotoAmt']
1207
        layer = get_normalization_layer('PhotoAmt', train_ds)
1208
       layer(photo_count_col)
1209
        # Test the get category encoding layer function
        test_type_col = train_features['Type']
        test_type_layer = get_category_encoding_layer(name='Type',
1213
                                                         dataset=train_ds,
                                                         dtype='string')
1214
       test_type_layer(test_type_col)
       test_age_col = train_features['Age']
1216
       test_age_layer = get_category_encoding_layer(name='Age',
1217
1218
                                                       dataset=train_ds,
                                                       dtype='int64',
1219
1220
                                                       max_tokens=5)
       test_age_layer(test_age_col)
1221
        # Continues with a full implementation if necessary
       if full_implementation:
1224
            print("Continues with full implementation")
            numerical_features = ['PhotoAmt', 'Fee']
            categorical_features = ['Age', 'Type', 'Color1', 'Color2', 'Gender', '
        MaturitySize',
                                     'FurLength', 'Vaccinated', 'Sterilized', 'Health', '
        Breed1'1
            # Create categorical type dictionary
1228
            categorical_dictionary = dict.fromkeys(categorical_features, 'string')
            categorical_dictionary["Age"] = 'int64'
1230
            model_name = 'pets_test'
            selected_optimizer = 'adam'
1232
            selected_loss = 'binary_crossentropy'
            selected_metrics = ['accuracy']
1234
            all_features, all_inputs, train_dataset, val_dataset, test_dataset =
        encode_tensor_flow_features(
1236
                train, val, test, target_column, numerical_features, categorical_features,
        categorical_dictionary, size_of_batch=256)
            model, loss, metrics = build_tensor_flow_model(train_dataset, val_dataset,
        test_dataset, model_name,
                                                              all_features, all_inputs,
1238
        selected_optimizer, selected_loss, selected_metrics, finance_configuration=False)
            # Test model inference
1239
            sample = {
1240
                'Type': 'Cat',
1241
                         'Age': 3,
                         'Breed1': 'Tabby',
'Gender': 'Male',
1243
                         'Color1': 'Black',
1245
                         'Color2': 'White',
1246
                         'MaturitySize': 'Small',
1247
                         'FurLength': 'Short',
1248
                         'Vaccinated': 'No',
1249
                         'Sterilized': 'No',
                         'Health': 'Healthy',
1252
                         'Fee': 100.
                         'PhotoAmt': 2,
1254
            prob = perform_tensorflow_model_inference(
1256
                'results/plots/tensorflow-models/'+model_name+'.pb', sample)
1257
        else:
1258
           print('Test functions complete')
1259
        return
1260
1261
```

```
1262 def project_analysis(data_vm_directory, list_of_columns, categorical_assignment,
       target_column, chunk_size, resizing_options, batch_size, model_name,
       selected_optimizer, selected_loss, selected_metrics, split_data=False, trial=False,
       sample=False):
       # Prints memory usage before analysis
1263
       monitor_memory_usage(units=3, cpu=True, gpu=True)
1264
1265
       # Reset working textfile if resizing used for numerical encoding
       # Clear the working file
1266
       file = open(
1267
1268
           "/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/data/working-columns.txt", "r+")
       file.truncate(0)
1269
       file.close()
       # Tranfer file lines
1271
       with open ("/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/data/dataframe-columns.txt", "r") as
          with open("/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/data/working-columns.txt", "w")
1273
       as f2:
1274
               for line in f1:
                  f2.write(line)
       # Split the initial vm dataset
1276
1277
       if split data:
           split_vm_dataset(data_vm_directory, create_statistics=False,
1278
1279
                           split_new_data=True, create_validation_set=True)
       # Creates the training, validation and testing dataframes
1280
       test_df = process_vm_dataset(data_vm_directory + 'test.dta', chunk_size,
1281
                                   resizing_options, save_statistics=False, sample=sample)
1282
       train_df = process_vm_dataset(data_vm_directory + 'train.dta',
1283
                                    chunk_size, resizing_options, save_statistics=False,
1284
       sample=sample)
       val_df = process_vm_dataset(data_vm_directory + 'val.dta', chunk_size,
1285
                                  resizing_options, save_statistics=False, sample=sample)
1286
       # Use trial to test the dataframe when functions not as large
1287
       if trial:
1288
           \# Trial run takes 5% of dataframe produced from processed vm datasets
1289
           test_df , test_discard_df = train_test_split(test_df , test_size=0.95)
1290
           train_df, train_discard_df = train_test_split(train_df, test_size=0.95)
1291
           val_df , val_discard_df = train_test_split(val_df , test_size=0.95)
1292
       # Create feature lists for deep learning
1293
       numerical_features, categorical_features = create_feature_lists(
1294
1295
          list_of_columns, categorical_assignment)
       # Creates the categorical dictonary (must specify the variables types of each)
1296
1297
       categorical_dictionary = dict.fromkeys(categorical_features, 'string')
       category_dtypes = {'size_grp': 'string', 'permno': 'int32', 'permco': 'int32', '
1298
       crsp_shrcd': 'int8',
                          'crsp_exchcd': 'int8', 'adjfct': 'float64', 'sic': 'float64', '
       ff49': 'float64'}
1300
       for key in category_dtypes:
1301
           categorical_dictionary[key] = category_dtypes[key]
       # Encodes the tensorflow matrix
1302
       all_features, all_inputs, train_dataset, val_dataset, test_dataset =
       encode_tensor_flow_features(
           train_df, val_df, test_df, target_column, numerical_features,
1304
       categorical_features, categorical_dictionary, size_of_batch=batch_size)
       # Note: Keep Stochastic Gradient Descent as Optimizer for completeness
1306
       # Buids tensorflow model
       model, loss, metrics = build_tensor_flow_model(train_dataset, val_dataset,
1307
       test_dataset, model_name,
                                                    all_features, all_inputs,
       selected_optimizer, selected_loss, selected_metrics, finance_configuration=True)
1309
       return
# Custom Loss Functions, Metrics and Autodiff Testing
1313 # Loss Functions
1315 # Key:
1316 # 0 = Matrix of Parameters (Theta)
1317 # X = Feature Matrix
1318 # f_(0)(X) = Target (e.g., Excess Returns)
1319 # V = All-Ones=Vector
1320
1321 # Use Tensorlow backend functions
```

```
# 0: Custom Example for reference
# Loss Function (Class Example, not as efficient)
1326
1327 class CustomLossFunctionExample(tf.keras.losses.Loss):
        # Example from Youtube (https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gcwRjM1nZ4o)
1328
        def __init__(self):
1329
            # Initialise the function
1330
            super().__init__()
1331
       def call(self, y_true, y_pred):
1333
1334
           mse = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(y_true, y_pred))
            rmse = tf.math.sqrt(mse)
            return rmse / tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(y_true)) - 1
1336
1337
1338 # 1: In-Built MSE Loss Function / Metric
# Call MSE Loss Function/Metric with SGD in build_tensorflow_model()
# 2: Custom L2 (Mean Square Error Function)
1342
1343
1344 Otf.function # Decorate the function
1345 def custom_12_mse(y_true, y_pred):
      mse = K.mean(K.square(y_true - y_pred))
1346
1347
       return mse
1349 # 3: Custom Hedge Portfolio Returns
1352 Otf.function
def custom_hedge_portfolio_returns(y_true, y_pred):
        # Analytical Derivation
1354
       f_{0}(0)(X) = ((X^{T}(0)/V(X^{T}))^{T})X^{T}(0)
1355
       # Derivitive of Function
        \# df_{(0)}(X)/d(0) = (1/((0^T)X1)(X)(X^T)(0)
                          + (1/((VX^T)(0))(X)(X^T)(0)
1358
                          - (1/((0^T)(X)(V))**2)(0^T)(X)(X^T)(0)(X)(V)
1360
       # Empirical Derivation(s)
1361
        # Sets boolean to select weighting scheme
1362
        equally_weighted = False
1363
1364
        # Sets up predicted value
        # Get the shape of a tensor
1365
       print('y_pred is of shape: ', y_true.shape)
1366
        print('y_true is of type: ', type(y_true))
1367
        sp_pred = y_true.shape[0]
1368
1369
        print(sp_pred)
        # Implments Equally Weighted Monotonic Weighting Function
        if equally_weighted:
1371
            # Initialise equally-weighted array
1372
            weights = np.linspace(1, -1, sp_pred)
1373
            # Alternative method of calculating weights
1374
            # weights = np.empty([sp_pred,1])
1375
            # weights[0] = 1
# weights[1] = -1
1376
1377
            # # Sets remaining weights via a loop
1378
            # for i in range(len(weights)):
1379
            #
                  if i > 0:
1380
                       weights[i] = weights[i-1] - 2/(len(weights)-1)
1381
1382
            # Sorts the returns to descending_order
            y_pred_sorted = tf.sort(y_pred, axis=-1, direction='DESCENDING')
1384
            y_true_sorted = tf.sort(y_true, axis=-1, direction='DESCENDING')
1385
            # Calculates weighted Tensors
1386
            weighted_returns_pred = tf.math.multiply(weights, y_pred_sorted)
1387
            weighted_returns_true = tf.math.multiply(weights, y_true_sorted)
1388
1389
            # Calculates MSE equivalent between the hedge portfolios
            loss = K.mean(K.square(weighted_returns_true - weighted_returns_pred))
1390
1391
            \mbox{\tt\#} Gets the mean of the top 10% of predicted returns
1392
            print('sp_pred is ', type(sp_pred))
print('y_pred is ', type(y_pred))
1393
1394
1395
```

```
long_mean_pred = K.mean(tf.math.top_k(y_pred, k=0.1*sp_pred))
1396
            # Creates a negative
            neg_y_pred = tf.math.scalar_mul(-1, y_pred)
1398
            \mbox{\tt\#} Gets the mean of the top 10% of predicted returns
            short_mean_pred = -1*K.mean(tf.math.top_k(neg_y_pred, k=0.1*sp_pred))
1400
            \mbox{\tt\#} Gets the value of the hedge portfolio
1401
            hedge_pred = long_mean_pred - short_mean_pred
1402
1403
            # Sets up true value
            # Get the shape of a tensor
1404
1405
            sp_true = y_true.shape[0]
            # Gets the mean of the top 10% of predicted returns
1406
            long_mean_true = K.mean(tf.math.top_k(y_true, k=0.1*sp_true))
1407
1408
            # Creates a negative
            neg_y_true = tf.math.scalar_mul(-1, y_true)
1409
            # Gets the mean of the top 10% of predicted returns
1410
1411
            short_mean_true = -1*K.mean(tf.math.top_k(neg_y_true, k=0.1*sp_true))
            # Gets the value of the hedge portfolio
1412
            hedge_true = long_mean_true - short_mean_true
            # Calculate a MSE based on a hedge portfolio opposed to predicted returns
loss = K.mean(K.square(hedge_true - hedge_pred))
1414
1415
1416
        return loss
1417
# 4: Custom Sharpe Ratio (# Negative to maximise)
1419
1420
1421 Otf.function
1422 def custom_sharpe_ratio(y_true, y_pred):
       # Finds Sharpe ratios of both true and predicted returns
1423
        sr_pred = -1*(K.mean(y_pred)/K.std(y_pred))
        sr_true = -1*(K.mean(y_true)/K.std(y_true))
1425
        \mbox{\#} Finds MSE between predited and true MSE
1426
1427
        loss = K.mean(K.square(sr_true - sr_pred))
1428
        return loss
# 5: Custom Information Ratio (E(R) - E(BM))/SD(R-BM))
^{1431} # Note: This instance uses the true results as the benchmanr
1432
1433
1434 @tf.function
1435 def custom_information_ratio(y_true, y_pred):
       loss = -1*((K.mean(y_pred) - K.mean(y_true))/K.std(y_pred - y_true))
1436
1437
        return loss
1438
1439 # @tf.function
# def multi_layer_loss(self):
              """ Wrapper function which calculates auxiliary values for the complete loss
1441 #
        function.
1442 #
               Returns a *function* which calculates the complete loss given only the input
        and target output """
1443 #
             # KL loss
1444 #
              kl_loss = self.calculate_kl_loss
1445 #
              # Reconstruction loss
1446 #
              md_loss_func = self.calculate_md_loss
1447 #
              # KL weight (to be used by total loss and by annealing scheduler)
              self.kl_weight = K.variable(self.hps['kl_weight_start'], name='kl_weight')
1448 #
1449 #
             kl_weight = self.kl_weight
1450 #
              def seq2seq_loss(y_true, y_pred):
1451 #
                   """ Final loss calculation function to be passed to optimizer"""
                   # Reconstruction loss
1452 #
1453 #
                  md_loss = md_loss_func(y_true, y_pred)
1454 #
                   # Full loss
1455 #
                  model_loss = kl_weight*kl_loss() + md_loss
1456 #
                  return model_loss
              return seq2seq_loss
1457 #
1458
1459 # Note: Symbolic Tensors do not work in function calls as require eager tensors.
1460 # Subsequently, must create custom class with call function
1461 #
^{1462} # Utilisation of function closure to pass multiple inputs into the function.
1463
1464
1465 class custom_loss(tf.keras.losses.Loss):
```

```
def __init__(self, layer=None, reduction=tf.keras.losses.Reduction.AUTO, name='
1466
       custom_loss'):
           super().__init__(reduction=reduction, name=name)
1467
1468
           self.layer = layer
           # self.layer = layer
1469
1470
       def call(self, y_true, y_pred):
1471
1472
           layer = self.layer
           mse = K.mean(K.square(y_true - y_pred))
1473
1474
           rmse = K.sqrt(mse)
           # return (rmse / K.mean(K.square(y_true)) - 1)
1475
1476
           return K.mean(K.square(y_pred - y_true) + K.square(layer), axis=-1)
1477
       # def custom loss(laver):
1478
            # Create a loss function that adds the MSE loss to the mean of all squared
1479
       activations of a specific layer
            def loss(y_true,y_pred):
1480
       #
       #
                 return K.mean(K.square(y_pred - y_true) + K.square(layer), axis=-1)
       #
            # Return a function
1482
            return loss
1483
       #
1486 # Metrics
1488 # 1: HP Mean
1489
1490
1491 class CustomHedgePortolfioMean(tf.keras.metrics.Metric):
1492
       # Initialisation
       def __init__(self, num_classes=None, batch_size=None,
1493
1494
                    name='hedge_portfolio_mean', **kwargs):
1495
           super(CustomHedgePortolfioMean, self).__init__(name=name, **kwargs)
           self.batch_size = batch_size
1496
           self.num_classes = num_classes
1497
           self.hedge_portflio_mean = self.add_weight(
1498
              name='hedge_portfolio_mean', initializer="zeros")
1499
           # Core componnent of the update state
       # Update State
       def update_state(self, y_true, y_pred, sample_weight=None):
           \# Returns the index of the maximum values along the last axis in y_true (Last
1504
       layer)
           y_true = K.argmax(y_true, axis=-1)
           # Returns the index of the maximum values along the last axis in y_{t} (Last
1506
           y_pred = K.argmax(y_pred, axis=-1)
1508
           # Flattens a tensor to reshape to a shape equal to the number of elements
       {\tt contained}
           # Removes all dimensions except for one.
1509
           y_true = K.flatten(y_true)
           # Defines the metric for assignment
           true_poss = K.sum(K.cast((K.equal(y_true, y_pred)), dtype=tf.float32))
1512
           self.hedge_portflio_mean.assign_add(true_poss)
1513
       # Metric
1514
1515
1516
       def result(self):
           return self.hedge_portflio_mean
1517
1518
1519 # 2: HP Alphas in CAPM, FF3, FF5 ()
1520
1522 class CustomHedgePortolfioAlphas(tf.keras.metrics.Metric):
       # Initialisation
       def __init__(self, num_classes=None, batch_size=None,
                    name='hedge_portfolio_alphas', **kwargs):
           super(CustomHedgePortolfioAlphas, self).__init__(name=name, **kwargs)
1526
1527
           self.batch_size = batch_size
           self.num_classes = num_classes
1528
           self.custom_hedge_portfolio_alphas = self.add_weight(
              name='hedge_portfolio_alphas', initializer="zeros")
1530
       # Update State
1531
def update_state(self, y_true, y_pred, sample_weight=None):
```

```
# Returns the index of the maximum values along the last axis in y_true (Last
1534
       layer)
           y_true = K.argmax(y_true, axis=-1)
            # Returns the index of the maximum values along the last axis in y_true (Last
1536
       laver)
           y_pred = K.argmax(y_pred, axis=-1)
            # Flattens a tensor to reshape to a shape equal to the number of elements
1538
       contained
           # Removes all dimensions except for one.
1539
            y_true = K.flatten(y_true)
            # Defines the metric for assignment
1541
           true_poss = K.sum(K.cast((K.equal(y_true, y_pred)), dtype=tf.float32))
1542
            self.custom_hedge_portfolio_alphas.assign_add(true_poss)
1543
       # Metric
1544
1545
       def result(self):
1546
            return self.custom_hedge_portfolio_alphas
1547
1549 # 3: Sharpe Ratio (SR = E[R - Rf]/SD Excess Return)
1552 class CustomSharpeRatio(tf.keras.metrics.Metric):
        # Initialisation
1554
       def __init__(self, num_classes=None, batch_size=None,
                     name='sharpe_ratio', **kwargs):
            super(CustomSharpeRatio, self).__init__(name=name, **kwargs)
           self.batch_size = batch_size
            self.num_classes = num_classes
1558
1559
            self.custom_sharpe_ratio = self.add_weight(
               name="csr", initializer="zeros")
1560
1561
       # Update State
       def update_state(self, y_true, y_pred, sample_weight=None):
1563
            # Returns the index of the maximum values along the last axis in y_true (Last
       layer)
            y_true = K.argmax(y_true, axis=-1)
1565
            # Returns the index of the maximum values along the last axis in y_true (Last
       laver)
            y_pred = K.argmax(y_pred, axis=-1)
1567
            # Flattens a tensor to reshape to a shape equal to the number of elements
       contained
            # Removes all dimensions except for one.
           y_true = K.flatten(y_true)
1571
            # Defines the metric for assignment
            true_poss = K.sum(K.cast((K.equal(y_true, y_pred)), dtype=tf.float32))
           self.custom_sharpe_ratio.assign_add(true_poss)
1573
       # Metric
1574
       def result(self):
1576
           return self.custom_sharpe_ratio
1577
1578
# 4: Information Ratio (IR = [R - Rf]/SD[R-Rf])
1581
1582 class CustomInformationRatio(tf.keras.metrics.Metric):
1583
        # Initialisation
1584
       def __init__(self, num_classes=None, batch_size=None,
                     name='information_ratio', **kwargs):
1585
            super(CustomHedgePortolfioAlphas, self).__init__(name=name, **kwargs)
1586
            self.batch_size = batch_size
1587
            self.num_classes = num_classes
            self.custom_information_ratio = self.add_weight(
1589
1590
               name="cir", initializer="zeros")
        # Update State
1591
1592
       def update_state(self, y_true, y_pred, sample_weight=None):
1594
            # Returns the index of the maximum values along the last axis in y_true (Last
       laver)
            y_true = K.argmax(y_true, axis=-1)
            # Returns the index of the maximum values along the last axis in y_true (Last
1596
       layer)
     y_pred = K.argmax(y_pred, axis=-1)
```

```
# Flattens a tensor to reshape to a shape equal to the number of elements
1598
       contained
         # Removes all dimensions except for one.
1599
1600
           y_true = K.flatten(y_true)
           # Defines the metric for assignment
1601
           true_poss = K.sum(K.cast((K.equal(y_true, y_pred)), dtype=tf.float32))
1602
          self.custom_information_ratio.assign_add(true_poss)
1603
       # Metric
1604
1605
       def result(self):
           return self.custom_information_ratio
1607
1609 # Autodiff Testing
1611 # Information:
1612 # TensorFlow provides the tf.GradientTape API for automatic differentiation;
^{1613} # that is, computing the gradient of a computation with respect to some inputs,
1614 # usually tf.Variables. TensorFlow "records" relevant operations executed inside
1615 # the context of a tf.GradientTape onto a "tape". TensorFlow then uses that tape
# to compute the gradients of a "recorded" computation using reverse mode
       differentiation.
# (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Automatic_differentiation)
1618
1619 # Function to test loss functions and metrics using autodiff
1620
1622 def loss_function_testing(custom_loss_function):
        """ Uses tensorflow autodifferientiation functionality
1623
1624
           to confirm differientable nature and feasibility
           of custom loss functions.
           Note: code verbatim from tensorflow guide.
1626
           Merely for illustration purposes
1628
       layer = tf.keras.layers.Dense(32, activation='relu')
1629
       x = tf.constant([[1., 2., 3.]])
1630
       # Sets loss functions
1631
1632
       # Set Metrics
1633
       with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
1634
          # Forward pass
1635
           y = layer(x)
1636
1637
           loss = tf.reduce_mean(y**2)
1638
       # Calculate gradients with respect to every trainable variable
1639
          grad = tape.gradient(loss, layer.trainable_variables)
1641
1642
       except:
1643
           print('Gradient Function Failed')
       # Print the outcomes of the simple model analysis
1644
       for var, g in zip(layer.trainable_variables, grad):
1645
           print(f'{var.name}, shape: {g.shape}')
1646
1647
       return
# Function for implementing autodiff
1650
def autodiff_guide(example):
       """ Execute autodiff examples from Tensorflow resources.
           Used to help gain an understanding of different
1654
           functionalities (Demonstration Purposes Only)
1656
1657
       Args:
           example (int): Example to implement
1658
                        : 1 - 'simple'
                        : 2 - 'simple_tensor'
1660
                        : 3 - 'simple_model'
1661
                        : 4 - 'control_tape'
                        : 5 - 'control_tensor_tape'
1663
1664
                        : 6 - 'stop_recording'
                        : 7 - 'watch_multiple_variables'
1665
                        : 8 - 'higher_order_derivatives'
1666
                        : 9 - 'jacobian'
1667
                       : 10- 'hessian_newton'
1668
```

```
1669
        # Uses the autodiff functionality to test custom gradients with gradient tape
1671
1672
        # Extracted from
        if example == 1:
1673
            # Simple example
1674
1675
            print('Starting Simple Example')
            x = tf.Variable(3.0)
1676
            with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
1677
1678
                y = x**2
            # dy = 2x * dx
1679
            dy_dx = tape.gradient(y, x)
1680
            print(dy_dx.numpy())
1681
        if example == 2:
1682
            w = tf.Variable(tf.random.normal((3, 2)), name='w')
1683
            b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros(2, dtype=tf.float32), name='b')
1684
            x = [[1., 2., 3.]]
1685
            with tf.GradientTape(persistent=True) as tape:
            y = x @ w + b
loss = tf.reduce_mean(y**2)
1687
1688
            [dl_dw, dl_db] = tape.gradient(loss, [w, b])
1689
            print(w.shape)
1690
1691
            print(dl_dw.shape)
        if example == 3:
1692
            layer = tf.keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='relu')
1693
            x = tf.constant([[1., 2., 3.]])
1694
            with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
1695
                # Forward pass
1696
1697
                y = layer(x)
                loss = tf.reduce_mean(y**2)
1698
1699
            # Calculate gradients with respect to every trainable variable
1700
            grad = tape.gradient(loss, layer.trainable_variables)
            # Print the outcomes of the simple model analysis
            for var, g in zip(layer.trainable_variables, grad):
                print(f'{var.name}, shape: {g.shape}')
1703
        if example == 4:
1704
           # A trainable variable
            x0 = tf.Variable(3.0, name='x0')
1706
            # Not trainable
            x1 = tf.Variable(3.0, name='x1', trainable=False)
1708
            # Not a Variable: A variable + tensor returns a tensor.
1709
            x2 = tf.Variable(2.0, name='x2') + 1.0
            # Not a variable
            x3 = tf.constant(3.0, name='x3')
1712
            with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
               y = (x0**2) + (x1**2) + (x2**2)
1714
            grad = tape.gradient(y, [x0, x1, x2, x3])
1715
1716
            for g in grad:
                print(g)
1717
            [var.name for var in tape.watched_variables()]
1718
        if example == 5:
1719
            x = tf.constant(3.0)
1720
            with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
               tape.watch(x)
1722
                y = x**2
1723
            # dy = 2x * dx
1724
            dy_dx = tape.gradient(y, x)
1725
            print(dy_dx.numpy())
1726
        if example == 6:
1727
            # Sets the variables
1728
            x = tf.Variable(2.0)
            y = tf.Variable(3.0)
1730
            # Starts the graident tape
1731
            with tf.GradientTape() as t:
1732
                x_sq = x * x
1733
                 with t.stop_recording():
1734
                y_sq = y * y
z = x_sq + y_sq
1735
1736
1737
            # Compute the gradient
            grad = t.gradient(z, {'x': x, 'y': y})
1738
            # Shows tape starting and stopping with the reporting
1739
            print('dz/dx:', grad['x']) # 2*x => 4
1740
           print('dz/dy:', grad['y'])
1741
```

```
if example == 7:
1742
            # Set the variables
1743
            x0 = tf.constant(0.0)
1744
            x1 = tf.constant(0.0)
1745
1746
            # Establish gradient tape
            with tf.GradientTape() as tape0, tf.GradientTape() as tape1:
1747
1748
                tape0.watch(x0)
1749
                tape1.watch(x1)
                # Establish sin & sigmoid functions
1750
                y0 = tf.math.sin(x0)
                y1 = tf.nn.sigmoid(x1)
1752
                 # Create combined function, tracking multiple components
1754
                y = y0 + y1
                ys = tf.reduce_sum(y)
        if example == 8:
1756
            # Higher order derivatives
            x = tf.Variable(1.0) # Create a Tensorflow variable initialized to 1.0
1758
1759
            with tf.GradientTape() as t2:
                with tf.GradientTape() as t1:
1760
                    y = x * x * x
1761
            # Compute the gradient inside the outer 't2' context manager
1762
            # which means the gradient computation is differentiable as well.
1763
1764
                dy_dx = t1.gradient(y, x)
            d2y_dx2 = t2.gradient(dy_dx, x)
1765
            \mbox{\tt\#} Prints the result from the gradient outputs
1766
            print('dy_dx:', dy_dx.numpy()) # 3 * x**2 => 3.0
1767
            print('d2y_dx2:', d2y_dx2.numpy()) # 6 * x => 6.0
1768
        if example == 9:
1769
1770
            # Jacobian Matrices
            x = tf.random.normal([7, 5])
            layer = tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation=tf.nn.relu)
1772
            # Shape of the gradient tape
1773
            with {\tt tf.GradientTape(persistent=True)} as tape:
1774
                y = layer(x)
            # Output Layer Shape
1776
            y.shape
            # Shape of the kernal
1778
            layer.kernel.shape
1779
            # The shape of the Jacobian of the output with respect to the kernel
1780
1781
            # is the combination of the two shapes
            j = tape.jacobian(y, layer.kernel)
1782
1783
            j.shape
            # Summing over the targtes dimensions gives you the amount calculated
1784
1785
            # a scaler gradient
            g = tape.gradient(y, layer.kernel)
            print('g.shape:', g.shape)
1787
            j_sum = tf.reduce_sum(j, axis=[0, 1])
1788
1789
            delta = tf.reduce_max(abs(g - j_sum)).numpy()
            assert delta < 1e-3
1790
            print('delta:', delta)
1791
1792
        if example == 10:
            # Construction of Simple Hessian Matrix
1793
            # A Hessian Matrix is a square matrix of 2nd order PDEs of a scaler
1794
            # valued function, or scaler field, describing the local curvature of
1795
1796
            # a multivariate function
            x = tf.random.normal([7, 5])
1797
            layer1 = tf.keras.layers.Dense(8, activation=tf.nn.relu)
1798
            layer2 = tf.keras.layers.Dense(6, activation=tf.nn.relu)
1799
            with tf.GradientTape() as t2:
1800
                with tf.GradientTape() as t1:
1801
                     x = layer1(x)
1802
                     x = layer2(x)
1803
1804
                     loss = tf.reduce_mean(x**2)
                 g = t1.gradient(loss, layer1.kernel)
1805
            h = t2.jacobian(g, layer1.kernel)
1806
            print(f'layer.kernel.shape: {layer1.kernel.shape}')
1807
            print(f'h.shape: {h.shape}')
1808
            # Flatten axes into matrix and flatten to gradient vector
1809
1810
            n_params = tf.reduce_prod(layer1.kernel.shape)
            g_vec = tf.reshape(g, [n_params, 1])
h_mat = tf.reshape(h, [n_params, n_params])
1811
1812
            # Define function to display hessian matrix
1813
1814
```

```
def imshow_zero_center(image, **kwargs):
1815
               lim = tf.reduce_max(abs(image))
1816
               plt.imshow(image, vmin=-lim, vmax=lim, cmap='seismic', **kwargs)
1817
1818
               plt.colorbar()
           # Shows the hessian matrix
1819
           imshow_zero_center(h_mat)
1820
           # Newton's Method Update Step
1821
           eps = 1e-3
1822
           eye_eps = tf.eye(h_mat.shape[0])*eps
1823
           \# X(k+1) = X(k) - (f(X(k)))^{-1} @ f(X(k))
           # h_mat = f (X(k))
# g_vec = f (X(k))
1825
1826
           update = tf.linalg.solve(h_mat + eye_eps, g_vec)
1827
           # Reshape the update and apply it to the variable.
1828
            _ = layer1.kernel.assign_sub(tf.reshape(update, layer1.kernel.shape))
1829
       return
1830
1832 # Analytical/Calculus
1834 # Writes functions
1835
1836
1837 def analytical_analysis():
      # Test simple functionality
1838
1839
       print(sym.sqrt(8))
       theta, x = sym.symbols('0 X')
       return
1841
1842
1844 def ranking_function():
1845
       """ Ranking function to produce charts for demonstration purposes
1846
1847
       Args:
       type ([type]): String for desired ranking functions
1849
       # Creates an ordered, random array of proxy returns (%)
1850
       num = 100
1851
       returns_uniform = np.sort(np.arange(-10, 10, -0.2))
1852
       print('returns', returns_uniform)
1853
1854
       print('returns size', np.size(returns_uniform))
       returns = np.sort(np.random.uniform(low=-10.0, high=10.0, size=(num,)))
1855
1856
       # returns = returns[::-1].sort
       base = np.zeros(num)
1857
       ones = np.ones(num)
1858
       # Creates rank array
       rank = np.linspace(num, 1, num)
1860
1861
       # Sets thresholds
1862
       u = np.zeros((rank.shape))
       u[:] = 20
1863
       v = np.zeros((rank.shape))
1864
       v[:] = 80
1865
       # rank = np.array(list(range(1,len(returns)+ 1)))
1866
       # Create weights
       weights = returns/transpose(ones)
1868
       print('weights', weights)
1869
       print('Sum of weights', np.sum(weights))
1870
       weights = weights*returns
1871
       print('weights', weights)
1872
       print('Sum of weights', np.sum(weights))
1873
       # Plots the functions
1874
       plt.plot(returns, rank, 'r.', base, rank, 'k.',
1875
               returns, u, 'g--', returns, v, 'b--')
1876
1877
       # Invert the y-axis
       plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
1878
       plt.gca().invert_xaxis()
1879
       plt.legend('Returns', 'Baseline')
1880
1881
       plt.xlabel('Excess Return (y(i,t), %)')
       plt.ylabel('Rank (R(y(i,t)))')
1882
1883
       plt.title('Monotonic Ranking Function')
       plt.savefig(
1884
           '/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/results/plots/monotonic-ranking.png')
1885
1886
1887
```

```
1890 # Variables
1892 # Integers
batch_size = 256 # Batch size for creating tf dataset
1894 chunk_size = 100000 # chunk size for reading stata files
1895 # Targets
targets_dictionary = {1: 'ret_exc', 2: 'ret_exc_lead1m'}
1897 # Sets the intended target column (test multiple configurations)
1898 target_column = targets_dictionary[2]
1899 # Lists and arrays
1900 # 1: , 2: , 3:
1901 resizing_options = [True, True, True]
1902 categorical_assignment = ['size_grp', 'permno', 'permco',
1903
                            'crsp_shrcd', 'crsp_exchcd', 'adjfct', 'sic', 'ff49']
1904 # Tensorflow configurations (listed for completeness/reference)
1905 # Optimizers
optimizers = ['Adagrad', 'Adadelta', 'Adam',
'Adamax', 'Ftrl', 'Nadam', 'RMSprop', 'SGD']
1908 # Losses
binary_classification_losses = ['binary_crossentropy']
multiclass_classfication_losses = ['categorical_crossentropy',
                                     'sparse_categorical_crossentropy', 'poisson', '
1911
       kl_divergence']
1912 regression_losses = ['cosine_similarity', 'mean_absolute_error', '
      mean_absolute_percentage_error';
                       'mean_squared_logarithmic_error', 'mean_squared_error', 'huber_loss
1913
1914 extra_losses = ['hinge', 'log_cosh', 'loss', 'squared_hinge']
1915 custom_losses = ['custom_l2_mse', 'custom_hedge_portfolio_returns', 'custom_sharpe_ratio
                   'custom_information_ratio', 'custom_loss']  # List names here when
1916
       created
1917 losses = binary_classification_losses + multiclass_classfication_losses + \
      regression_losses + extra_losses + custom_losses
1919 # Metrics (Functions used to judge model performance, similar to a loss function but
results are not used when training a model)

1920 accuracy_metrics = ['accuracy', 'binary_accuracy', 'categorical_accuracy',
                       'top_k_categorical_accuracy', 'sparse_top_k_categorical_accuracy', '
1921
       sparse_categorical_accuracy']
1922 probabilistic_metrics = ['binary_crossentropy',
                           'categorical_crossentropy', 'kullback_leibler_divergence']
1923
regression_metrics = ['root_mean_squared_error', 'mean_absolute_percentage_error', '
       mean_metric_wrapper', 'sum',
                         'mean_relative_error', 'mean_squared_error', '
       mean_squared_logarithmic_error', 'cosine_similarity', 'logcosh', 'mean', '
       mean_absolute_error', 'mean_tensor', 'metric']
classification_tf_pn = ['Auc', 'Fn', 'Fp', 'poisson', 'precision', 'precision_at_recall'
                          'recall', 'recall_at_precision', 'sensitivity_at_specificity', '
1927
       Tn', 'Tp']
images_segementation_metrics = ['meaniou']
hinge_metrics = ['categorical_hinge', 'squared_hinge', 'hinge']
custom_metrics = ['hedge_portfolio_mean', 'hedge_portfolio_alphas',
                     'sharpe_ratio', 'information_ratio'] # Add when create the metrics
1932 metrics = accuracy_metrics + probabilistic_metrics + regression_metrics + \
       classification_tf_pn + images_segementation_metrics + hinge_metrics + custom_metrics
1934 # Tensorflow congifuration
optimisation_dictionary = {1: 'SGD', 2: 'SGD',
1936 3: 'SGD', 4: 'SGD', 5: 'SGD', 6: 'SGD'}
1937 loss_function_dictionary = {1: 'mean_squared_error', 2: 'custom_l2_mse', 3: '
       custom_hedge_portfolio_returns',
                              4: 'custom_sharpe_ratio', 5: 'custom_information_ratio', 6:
       'custom_loss'}
1939 metrics_dictionary = {1: ['mean_squared_error'], 2: ['mean_squared_error'], 3: [
       'mean_squared_error'], 4: ['mean_squared_error'], 5: ['mean_squared_error'], 6: ['
       mean_squared_error',]}
# Selected Tensorflow Configuration
tf_option = 6 # Change to 1,2,3,4,5 for configuration
1944 selected_optimizer = optimisation_dictionary[tf_option]
1945 selected_loss = loss_function_dictionary[tf_option]
```

```
1946 selected_metrics = metrics_dictionary[tf_option]
1948 # Strings
1949 model_name = 'finance-honours-test'
data_source = 'data/combined_predictors_filtered_us.dta'
1951 csv_location = '/Volumes/Seagate/dataframes/
data_vm_directory = '/home/connormcdowall/local-data/'
data_vm_dta = '/home/connormcdowall/local-data/combined_predictors_filtered_us.dta'
1954 results_tables = '/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/results/tables'
1955 list_of_columns = '/home/connormcdowall/finance-honours/data/working-columns.txt'
1956 # Binary (Set to True or False depending on the functions to run)
1957 # System Checks
1958 sys_check = False
1959 # Data processing
1960 source_data = False
1961 split_vm_data = False
1962 process_vm_data = False
1963 use_sass = False
1964 need_dataframe = False
1965 # Tensorflow
1966 assign_features = False
1967 extract_test_data = False
1968 test_implementation = False
1969 example_autodiff = True
1970 test_loss_function = False
1971 # Analytical
1972 analytical = False
1973 rank_functions = False
1974 # Research Proposal Analysis
1975 begin_analysis = True
1977 # Function Calls - Testing
1979 # System Checks
1981 if sys_check:
     reconfigure_gpu(restrict_tf=False, growth_memory=True)
1984 # Data processing
1986 # Source data from local drive
1987 if source_data:
     partition_data(data_source, csv_location)
1988
1989 # Source data from VM Instance
1990 if split_vm_data:
     split_vm_dataset(data_vm_directory, create_statistics=False,
1991
                   split_new_data=False, create_validation_set=False)
1992
1993 # Process vm data for Tensorflow
1994 if process_vm_data:
     process_vm_dataset(data_vm_dta, save_statistics=False, sample=False)
1995
1996 if need_dataframe:
     data = create_dataframes(csv_location, False)
1997
     print(data.info())
     print(data.head())
1999
2000 if use_sass:
     sass_access(data)
2001
2003 # Tensorflow
2005 if assign_features:
     numerical_features, categorical_features = create_feature_lists(
       list_of_columns, categorical_assignment)
2007
2008 if extract_test_data:
2009
     df, train_data, val_data, test_data = download_test_data()
     if test_implementation:
2010
        implement_test_data(df, train_data, val_data,
2011
2012
                        test_data, full_implementation=True)
2013 if example_autodiff:
     autodiff_guide(example=5)
2015 if test_loss_function:
print('Add Function Here')
2018 # Analytical
```

```
2020 # Analytical function
2021 # Do analytical function
2022 if analytical:
    analytical_analysis()
2023
_{\rm 2024} # Creates monotonic ranking function plots
2025 if rank_functions:
    ranking_function()
2026
2028 # Function Call - Analysis
2030 if begin_analysis:
    project_analysis(data_vm_directory, list_of_columns, categorical_assignment,
2031
     target_column, chunk_size, resizing_options,
                batch_size, model_name, selected_optimizer, selected_loss,
2032
  selected_metrics, split_data=False, trial=True, sample=True)
```