# EC 421 Midterm Topics

Spring 2021

**Note:** In general, you do not need to memorize proofs. Just understand the steps and intuitively get a grasp on how they might be used to inform results. I might ask how you get from one step to the next, or at most 2 steps from where we begin. I won't ask you to write down a full proof that's not helpful for you or I.

#### Slides 1: Intro

- · The goal of econometrics
- · Regression notation
- Basic concept of causality

### Slides 2: Review I

- · Population vs. sample
  - Parameters vs. sample estimates
  - Estimators and uncertainty
- Uncertainty
  - Standard errors
  - Hypothesis testing
  - t tests
  - F tests
  - Forming hypotheses
  - critical value
  - p-value
  - Confidence intervals
- · Linear regression and OLS
  - "Best-fit" line
  - Residuals
  - SSF
  - Estimators: bias and variance
  - Statistical inference
  - Variance (and standard error) of the OLS estimator.
  - Regressions with R's lm function

## Slides 3: Review II

- · Simple and multiple linear regression
- Model fit
  - R squared
  - Overfitting/R squared mechanically increases
  - Adjusted R squared
- Omitted-variable hias
- · Interpreting coefficients
  - · Simple linear regression
  - Multiple linear regression (ceterus paribus)
  - Continuous explanatory variables
  - Categorical explanatory variables
  - Interactions
  - Specifications
  - Linear-linear
  - Log-linear
  - Log-log
- · Inference vs. prediction

## Slides 4: Heteroskedasticity

- The meaning of each of our assumptions/requirements
- Heteroskedasticity
  - What it is
  - What it looks like
  - Consequences for OLS
- · Tests for heteroskedasticity
  - Goldfeld-Quandt test
  - Breusch-Pagan test
  - White test
  - Chi-squared distribution
  - Null and alternative hypotheses of each test
  - Interpretations/conclusions for each
  - · Strengths and weaknesses of each test

# **Slides 5: Living with Heteroskedasticity**

- Misspecification
- · Weighted least squares and FGLS
- · Heteroskedasticity-robust standard errors

# **Slides 6: Asymptotics and Consistency**

- Asymptotics
  - Compared to 'finite-sample' attributes (probability limits vs. expected values)
  - Probability limits
- · Consistency (vs. Bias)
- Signing the direction of inconsistency from omitted variables.
- · Measurement error and attenuation bias: What are they?
- · Examples of measurement error

## Slides 7: Time Series

- Basics of time-series data: How do they differ from cross-sectional data?
- · Static models vs. dynamic models
- · How do we specify time series models?
- How do we estimate 'persistence' effects using time series tools?