CMPS 2200 Recitation 02

Enter your answer in answers.md

	e (Team Member 1):e e (Team Member 2):
In thi	s recitation, we will investigate recurrences.
Some	of your answers will go in answers.md. Other prompts will require you to edit main.py.
	back to the README.md for instruction on git, how to test your code, and how to submit properly to l the points you've earned.
Reci	urrences
as a for certain the re	ss, we've started looking at recurrences and how to we can establish asymptotic bounds on their values unction of n . In this lab, we'll write some code to generate recursion trees (via a recursive function) for n kinds of recurrences. By summing up nodes in the recurrence tree (that represent contributions to currence) we can compare their total cost against the corresponding asymptotic bounds. We'll focus on rences of the form:
	W(n) = aW(n/b) + f(n)
where	W(1)=1.
	1. In main.py, you have stub code which includes a function simple_work_calc. Implement this function to return the value of $W(n)$ for arbitrary values of a and b with $f(n) = n$.
	2. (1 points) Test that your function is correct by calling from the command-line pytestmain.py::test_simple_work by completing the test cases and adding 3 additional ones.
	3. (2 points) Now implement work_calc, which generalizes the above so that we can now input a , b and a function $f(n)$ as arguments. Test this code by completing the test cases in test_work and adding 3 more cases.
	4. (3 points) Now, derive the asymptotic behavior of $W(n)$ using $f(n) = 1$, $f(n) = n$, and $f(n) = n^2$ with $a = 2$ and $b = 2$. Then, generate actual values for $W(n)$ for your code and confirm that the trends match your derivations.
	Enter your answer in answers.md
	5. (4 points) Now that you have a nice way to empirically generate values of $W(n)$, we can look at the relationship between a , b , and $f(n)$. Suppose that $f(n) = n^c$. What is the asymptotic behavior of $W(n)$ if $c < \log_b a$? What about $c > \log_b a$? And if they are equal? Modify test_compare_work to compare empirical values for different work functions (at several different values of n) to justify your answer.
	Enter your answer in answers.md
	6. (2 points) $W(n)$ is meant to represent the running time of some recursive algorithm. Assume that we always have enough processors for every generated subproblem. Implement the function $span_calc$ to compute the empirical span, where the work of the algorithm is given by $W(n)$ and the span of the combine step is equal to the work of the combine step. Implement $test_compare_span$ to create a new comparison function for comparing span functions.
	7. (3 points) Derive the asymptotic expressions for the span of the recurrences you used in problem 4 above. Confirm that everything matches up as it should.