Principles of Software Construction: Objects, Design, and Concurrency

Asycnhrony and Concurrency

Christian Kästner Vincent Hellendoorn



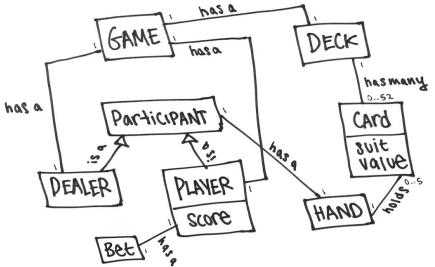
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Interaction with CLI

```
Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
scripts/kconfig/conf arch/x86/Kconfig
 Linux Kernel Configuration
 General setup
Prompt for developm
                  Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
Local version - app
Automatically appen
                  while (questions.hasNext()) {
O) [N/y/?] y
                      Question q = question.next();
Kernel compression
> 1. Gzip (KERNEL_C
                      System.out.println(q.toString());
 2. Bzip2 (KERNEL
 3. LZMA (KERNEL L
                      String answer = input.nextLine();
 4. LZO (KERNEL LZ
                      q.respond(answer);
choice[1-4?]: 3
Support for paging
System V IPC (SYSVI)
POSIX Message Queues (rosin_rigococ) [1/11/:]
BSD Process Accounting (BSD_PROCESS_ACCT) [Y/n/?] n
```

Export task/process statistics through netlink (EXPERIMENTAL) (TASKSTATS) [Y/n/?

A backend with no interaction



One Possible
Domain model

this is Not a reference solution, it's an example of what a domain model (oroks like

What have we not yet seen?



How do you wait?

```
Edit View
                         Run Debug
                                     Options
                                              Window
                  Search
                                                                     Help
                  [1] CLOCK.FRM
                                              T
                                                    ndex
                                                    Contents
 You have a royalty-free right to use, modify, repr
 and distribute the sample applications and toolkit
                                                    Keyboard
 Visual Basic for MS-DOS (and/or any modified versi
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 Microsoft has no warranty, obligations or liabilit
                                                   Using Telp
 any of the sample applications or toolkits.
                                                    Titorial
                                                  Ahout
 Include file containing declaration
                                    while (true) {
SINCLUDE: 'clock.bi'
                                           if (isKeyDown("Alt+Q")
CONST FALSE = 0
                                                 break:
CONST TRUE = NOT FALSE
CONST ALARMSOUND = "MBT255L1606C04GED
                                           if (isKeyDown("F1")
                                                 openHelp();
DIM SHARED AlarmTime AS STRING
DIM SHARED TimeFmt AS STRING
                                           if (isMouseDown(10 ...)
                                                 startMovingWindow();
         Display version number, cop
                                           . . .
```

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How do you multi-player?



Today

Beyond serial execution

- Event-based Programming
- Asynchrony & Concurrency
- I/O, GUIs
- Observer Pattern
- React preview

Event-based programming

 Style of programming where control-flow is driven by (usually external) events

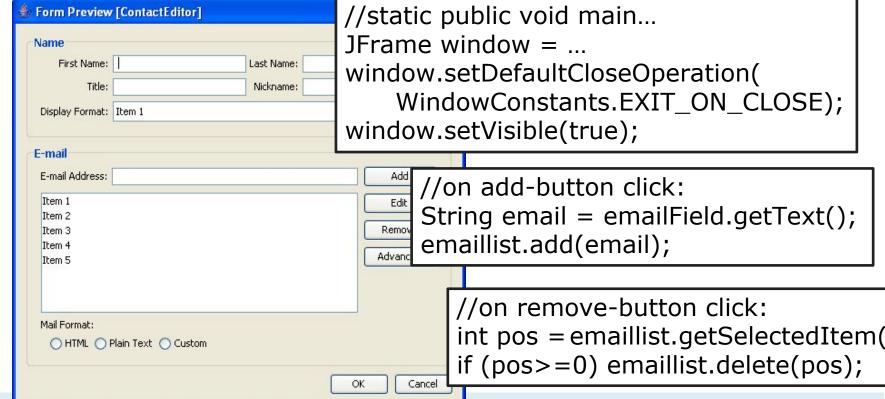
```
public void performAction(ActionEvent e) {
   List<String> lst = Arrays.asList(bar);
   foo.peek(42)
}

public void performAction(ActionEvent e) {
   bigBloatedPowerPointFunction(e);
   withANameSoLongIMadeItTwoMethods(e);
   yesIKnowJavaDoesntWorkLikeThat(e);
}

public void performAction(ActionEvent e) {
   List<String> lst = Arrays.asList(bar);
   foo.peek(40)
}
```

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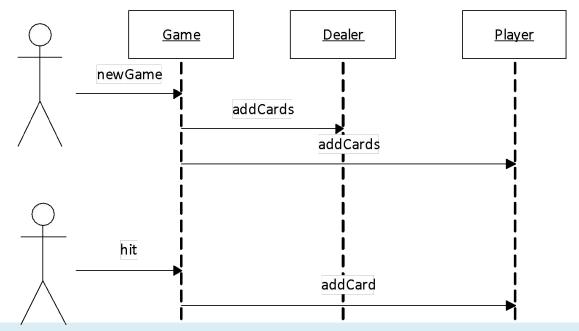
Event-based GUIs



(Blocking) Interactions with users <u>Game</u> Dealer <u>Player</u> newGame addCards blocking addCard execution etAction action [action==hit] addCard 17-214/514 10

Interactions with users through events

- Do not block waiting for user response
- Instead, react to user events



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Three Concepts of Importance

- Thread: instructions executed in sequence
 - Within a thread, everything happens in order.
 - A thread can start, sleep, and die.
 - You often work on the "main" thread.

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 - Not necessarily executing in parallel

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 - You often work on the "main" thread.
- Concurrency: multiple threads running at the same time
 - Not necessarily executing in parallel
- Asynchrony: computation happening outside the main flow

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Multi-Threading

The natural response to non-serial computation

- Multiple threads can exist concurrently
- Threads share memory space
- You are already using it
 - Garbage collection in the JVM

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Asynchrony

Where might this come from?



Asynchrony

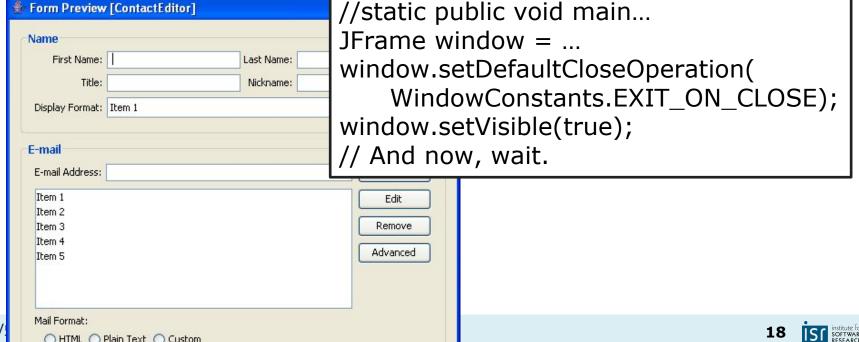
Usually, managing asynchronous events involves concurrency

- Do something while we wait
- Multiple events can overlap
- Even "waiting" is not really doing nothing
- We will focus on constructs for handling both

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Asynchrony

Asynchronous but not concurrent



Where do we want concurrency?

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Where do we want concurrency?

- User interfaces
 - Events can arrive any time
- File I/O
 - Offload work to disk/network/... handler

Where do we want concurrency?

- Background work
 - Periodically run garbage collection, check health of service
- High-performance computing
 - Facilitate parallelism and distributed computing

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User Interfaces

What happens here:

```
document.addEventListener('click', () => console.log('Clicked!')
```

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User Interfaces

Callback functions

- Perhaps the building blocks of the internet's UI.
- Work that should be done once something happens
 - Called asynchronously from the literal flow of the code
 - Not concurrent: JS is single-threaded

```
document.addEventListener('click', () => {
  console.log('Clicked!'); console.log('Clicked again!'); })
```

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Key chart:

| Computer Action | Avg Latency | Normalized Human Time |
|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 3GhzCPU Clock cycle 3Ghz | 0.3 ns | 1 s |
| Level 1 cache access | 0.9 ns | 3 s |
| Level 2 cache access | 2.8 ns | 9 s |
| Level 3 cache access | 12.9 ns | 43 s |
| RAM access | 70 - 100ns | 3.5 to 5.5 min |
| NVMe SSD I/O | 7-150 μs | 2 hrs to 2 days |
| Rotational disk I/O | 1-10 <u>ms</u> | 11 days to 4 mos |
| Internet: SF to NYC | 40 <u>ms</u> | 1.2 years |
| Internet: SF to Australia | 183 <u>ms</u> | 6 years |
| OS virtualization reboot | 4 s | 127 years |
| Virtualization reboot | 40 s | 1200 years |
| Physical system reboot | 90 s | 3 Millenia |

Table 1: Computer Time in Human Terms i

Mostly used synchronous IO so far

```
/**
 * in the top-level directory only look for subdirectories and metadata files
 */
processProject (builder: ProjectBuilder, dir: string): void {
   const files = fs.readdirSvnc(dir)
   for (const filename of files) {
     const file = path.join(dir, filename)
     const fileStats = fs.statSync(file)
     const extension = path.extname(file)
     if (fileStats.isDirectory()) { this.#processDirectory(builder, file) }
     else if (extension === '.yml') { this.#loadMetadataFile(builder, file) }
```

Mostly used synchronous IO so far

- Works fine if 'fetch' is synchronous
 - But if other work is waiting...

```
let image: Image = fetch('myImage.png');
display(image);
```

Mostly used synchronous IO so far

- Works fine if 'fetch' is synchronous
 - But if other work is waiting...

```
let image: Image = fetch('myImage.png');
display(image);
```

- It'd be nice if we could continue other work
 - How to make it work if 'fetch' is asynchronous?

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Asynchronous code requires Promises

- Captures an intermediate state
 - Neither fetched, nor failed; we'll find out eventually

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Asynchronous code requires Promises

- Captures an intermediate state
 - Neither fetched, nor failed; we'll find out eventually

- A bit like a callback
 - But <u>better designed</u>
 - Also related to <u>async/await</u>
 - Future in Java

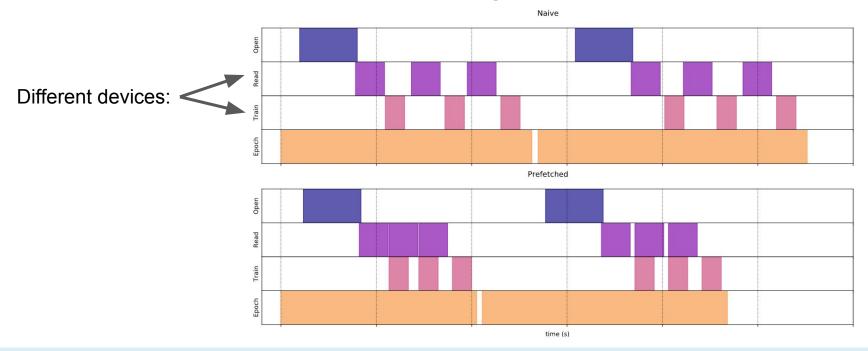
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Can save you a lot of time

- An example from Machine Learning
- The usual process:
 - Read data from a filesystem or network
 - Batch samples, send to GPU/TPU/XPU memory
 - Train on-device



An example from Machine Learning



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Aside: Concurrency vs. parallelism

Concurrency without parallelism:



Concurrency with parallelism:



Aside: Threads vs. Processes

- Threads are lightweight; processes heavyweight
- Threads share address space; processes have own
- Threads require synchronization; processes don't
 - Threads hold locks while mutating objects
- It's unsafe to kill threads; safe to kill processes

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Concurrency

Quite a few advanced topics

- Synchronization
- Immutability
- Parallelism
- More later in the course
 - Except for parallelism; largely out of scope

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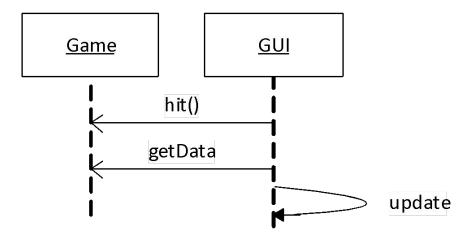
Designing for Asynchrony & Concurrency

- We are in a new paradigm now
 - We need standardized ways to handle asynchronous and/or concurrent interactions
 - This is how design patterns are born
- A lot of powerful syntax for managing concurrency
 - To be discussed in future classes

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A GUI design challenge

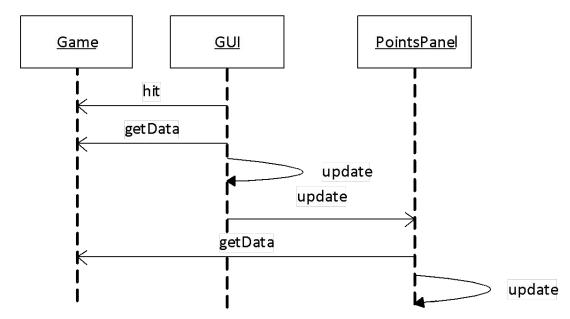
- Consider a blackjack game, implemented by a Game class:
 - Player clicks "hit" and expects a new card
 - When should the GUI update the screen?



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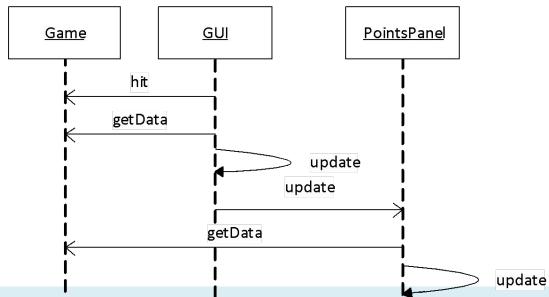
A GUI design challenge, extended

• What if we want to show the points won?



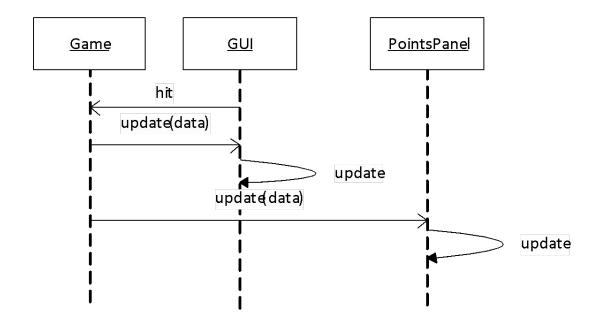
Game updates GUI?

What if points change for reasons not started by the GUI?
 (or computations take a long time and should not block)



Game updates GUI?

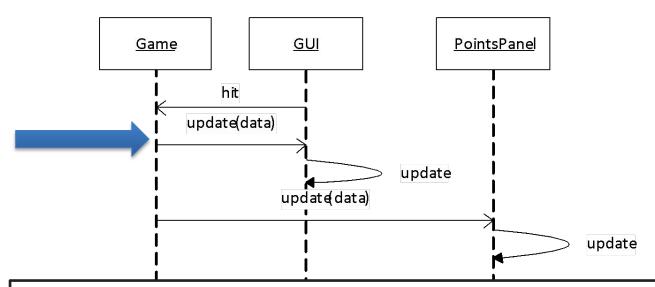
Let the Game tell the GUI that something happened



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Game updates GUI?

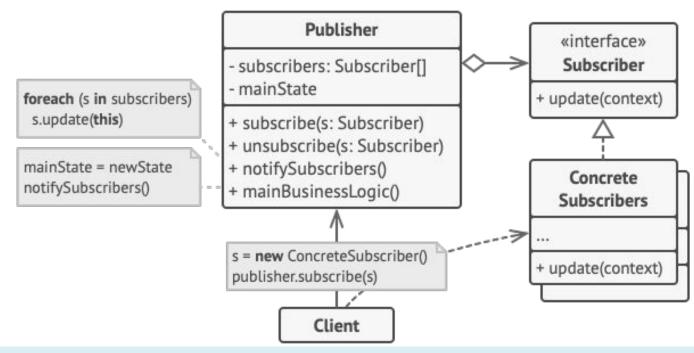
Let the Game tell the GUI that something happened



Problem: This couples the World to the GUI implementation.

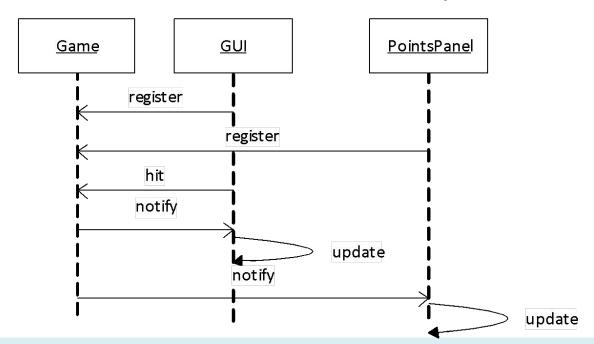
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Recall the Observer



Decoupling with the Observer pattern

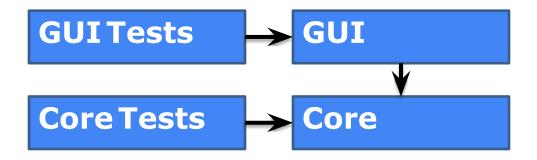
• Let the Game tell *all* interested components about updates



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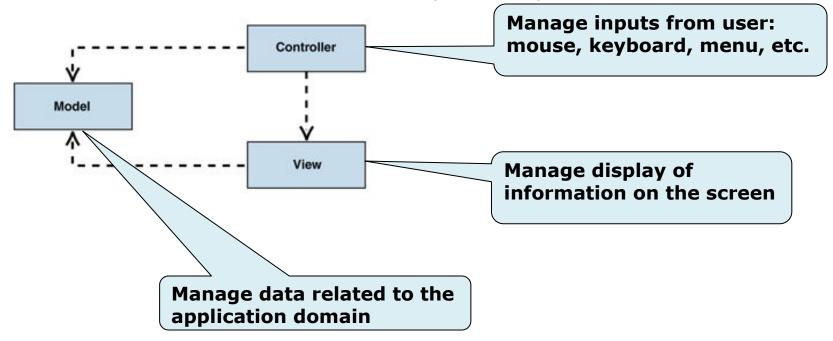
Separating application core and GUI

- Reduce coupling: do not allow core to depend on UI
- Create and test the core without a GUI
 - Use the Observer pattern to communicate information from the core (Model) to the GUI (View)

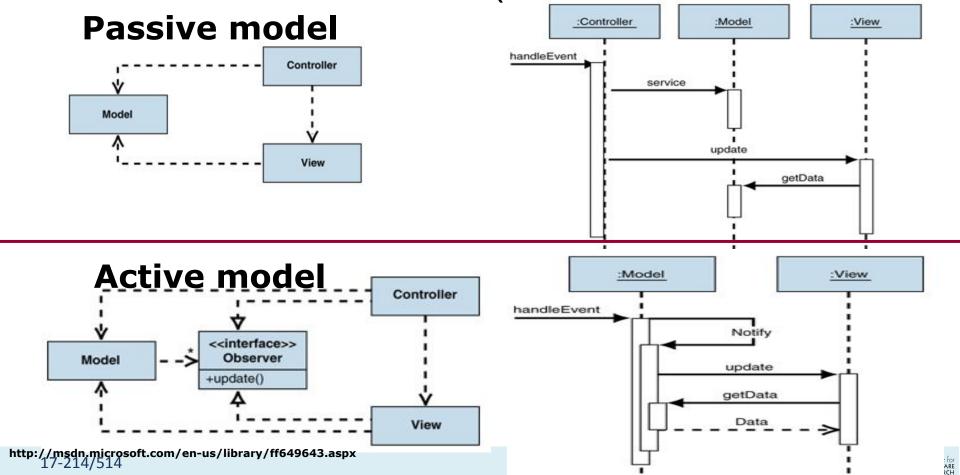


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An architectural pattern: Model-View-Controller (MVC)



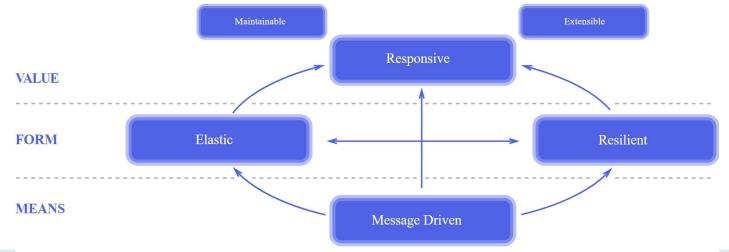
Model-View-Controller (MVC)



React Preview

How to handle asynchronous streams of data, across many actors?

- Without overwhelming workers
- Or blocking, or wasting resources



React Preview

"ReactiveX combines the **Observer pattern** with the **Iterator pattern** and *functional programming* with *collections* to fill the need for an ideal way of managing sequences of events." https://rxjs.dev/guide/overview

"It extends the **observer pattern** to support sequences of data/events and adds operators that allow you to **compose** sequences together declaratively while abstracting away concerns about things like low-level threading, synchronization, thread-safety and concurrent data structures."

https://github.com/ReactiveX/RxJava

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Summary

- Thinking past the main loop
 - The world is asynchronous
 - Concurrency helps, in a lot of ways
 - Requires revisiting programming patterns
- Start considering UI design
 - Discussed in more detail next week