Software Teams: Roles and Collaborations

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Foundations of Software Engineering

https://cmu-313.github.io

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Administrivia

Learning Goals

Software Teams

Are Made of People

Team Roles Boggle

Working by yourselves, without talking, write down
10 *different* roles that people play on software teams.
You have 5 minutes.
- I'll give you one to start: Software Developer

Team Roles Boggle Group Discussion

- Now, pair up with a neighbor and compare your roles.
  You have 10 minutes.
  - Did you have any the others didn't?
  - In your group, discuss what activities people in each of those roles do, and what aspects of the software they are responsible for.

Team Roles Boggle Class Discussion

Report back to the class the roles you discussed and tell us the responsibilities of each role.

- The group with the most unique roles wins a prize!

Software Engineer

- Write the code
- Read and write development specifications
- Read, write, search technical documentation
- Fix bugs and debug code
- Write and run tests
- Check in and check out code
- Discover, find, install, run, and build tools
- Talk to other engineers and non-engineers

Architect

- Design the software architecture
- Enforce modularity across teams
- Audit API designs
- Write style guidelines
- Decide on internal tools

Program Manager

- Read and write design specifications / user stories

- Solicit and interpret the customer's needs and feedback

- Coordinate activities of all engineers

- Sets the timeline for implementing, testing, and shipping user stories

Tester

- Read and write test specifications
- Run tests (e.g., unit, module, integration, systems, acceptance)
- Develop and maintain testing infrastructure
- Push back on developers who write untestable code

Data Scientist (Newest Role)

- Collect
  - Build the data collection platform
  - Inject telemetry
  - Buildi the experimentation platform
- Use and Disseminate
  - Operationalize models
  - Define actions and triggers
  - Apply insights/models to business

- Analyze
  - Merge and clean data
  - Sample data
  - Shape data
  - Select features
  - Define sensible metrics
  - Build predictive models
  - Define ground truth
  - Test hypotheses

Working Styles of Data Scientists

Insight Provider

Specialists

Platform Builder

Polymath

Team Leader

Data Scientist – Insight Providers

- Coordinate between managers and engineers
- Generate insights to guide managers in decision-making
- Strong communication and coordination skills

Data Scientist – Modeling Specialists

- Expert consultants
- Build predictive models to be product features
- Support other team's decision-making
- Strong background in AI and machine learning

Data Scientist – Platform Builders

- Build reusable data engineering platforms
- Strong background in big data systems
- Makes tradeoffs between engineering and science concerns

Data Scientist – Polymaths

- Data scientists who "do it all"
- Form a business goal
- Instrument a system to collect data
- Do necessary analyses or experiments
- Communicate the results to managers

Data Scientist – Team Leaders

- Senior data scientists who run their own data science teams
- Act as data science "evangelists," pushing for the adoption of data-driven decision making
- Work with senior company leaders to inform broad business decisions

User Experience Designer/Researcher

- Designs the user experience and the UI
- Runs user studies to identify positive and negative attributes of user experience
- Designs infinite variations of graphics and UIs for logos, buttons, sliders, text, layout, etc. to help engineering team decide on the look and feel of the product.
- Prototypes novel user experiences for future products

Operations Engineer

- Audit software deployments
- Maintain deployed systems
- Maintain server farms
- Monitor outages
- First to file incident reports

Release Manager

- Audits the software process for repeatability
- Verifies and audits security, privacy, and ethics properties of software
- Ensures software conforms with government regulations in every country product is deployed or shipped to

Sales Manager

- Finds potential customers for the product
- Identifies customer wishlist features for product line
- Makes customers feel good about their purchases
- Establishes Service Level Agreements with customers (i.e., service contracts)
- Tries very hard to be ethical, e.g. don't bribe the customer to buy the product, don't wine and dine the customer at strip clubs, don't make deals that stop customer from buying competitor's products, etc.

Legal

- Ensure all teams are following local, state, national, international laws and regulations
- Write intellectual property (IP) patents for offensive and defensive use
- Defend the company from lawsuits related to product use, workplace discrimination, IP theft
- Provide legal advice to product and sales team hypotheticals
- Provide an ethical backstop to inhibit questionable deals

Product Manager

- Organizes all the employees who work together to design, develop, test, and ship the product
- Decides on the product's North Star
- Decides the major feature pillars for each release
- Monitors development process and product telemetry
- Organizes (and reorganizes) staff into teams
- Hires and fires engineering managers, architect, product sales and marketing directors
- Responsible for profit and loss

Software Team Organizational Structures
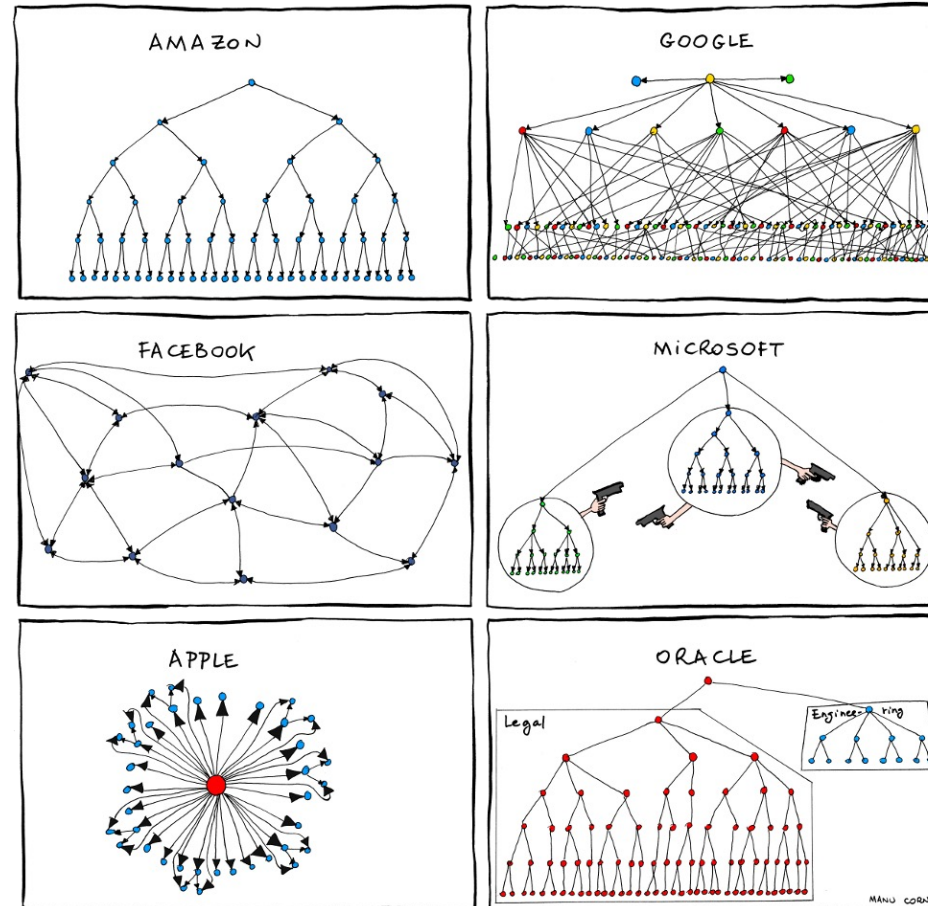
Can't We All Get Along?

Organizational Structures

- Professional developers work closely with other developers, program managers, testers, and managers.
- They organize themselves into multiple simultaneous hierarchies.
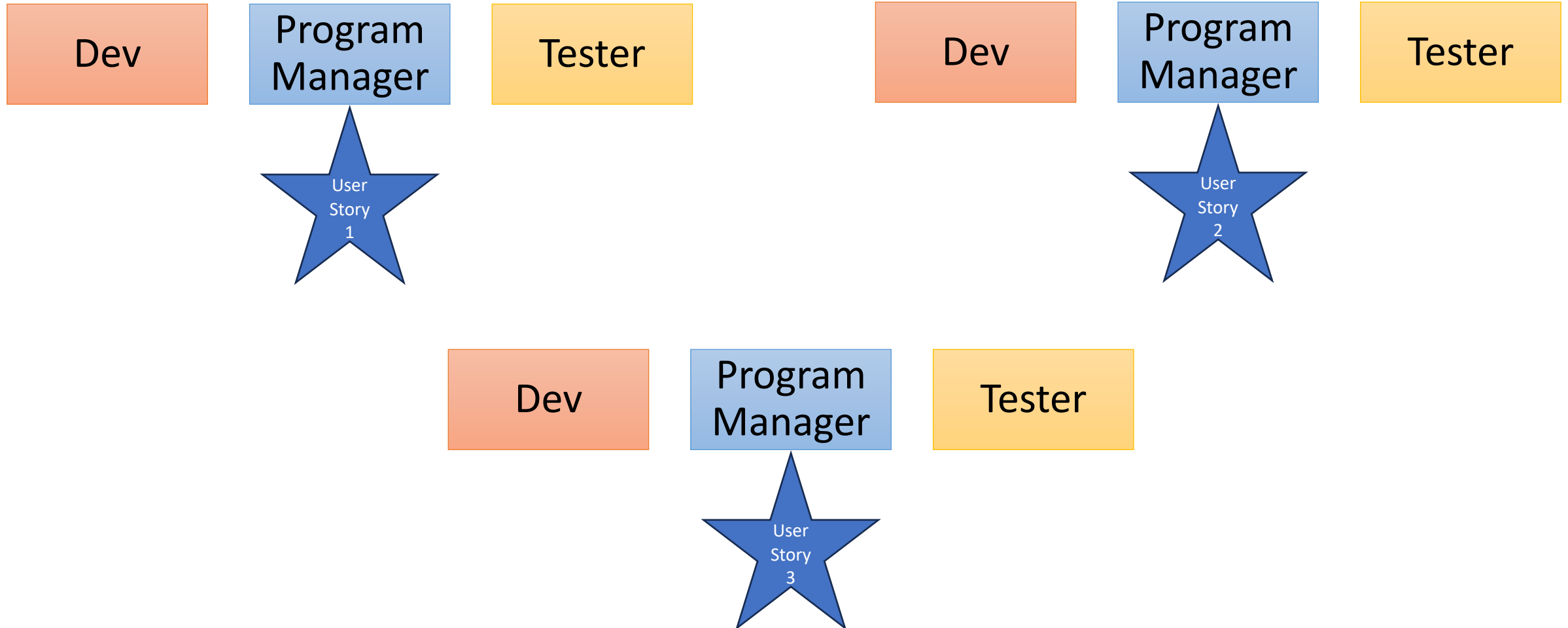
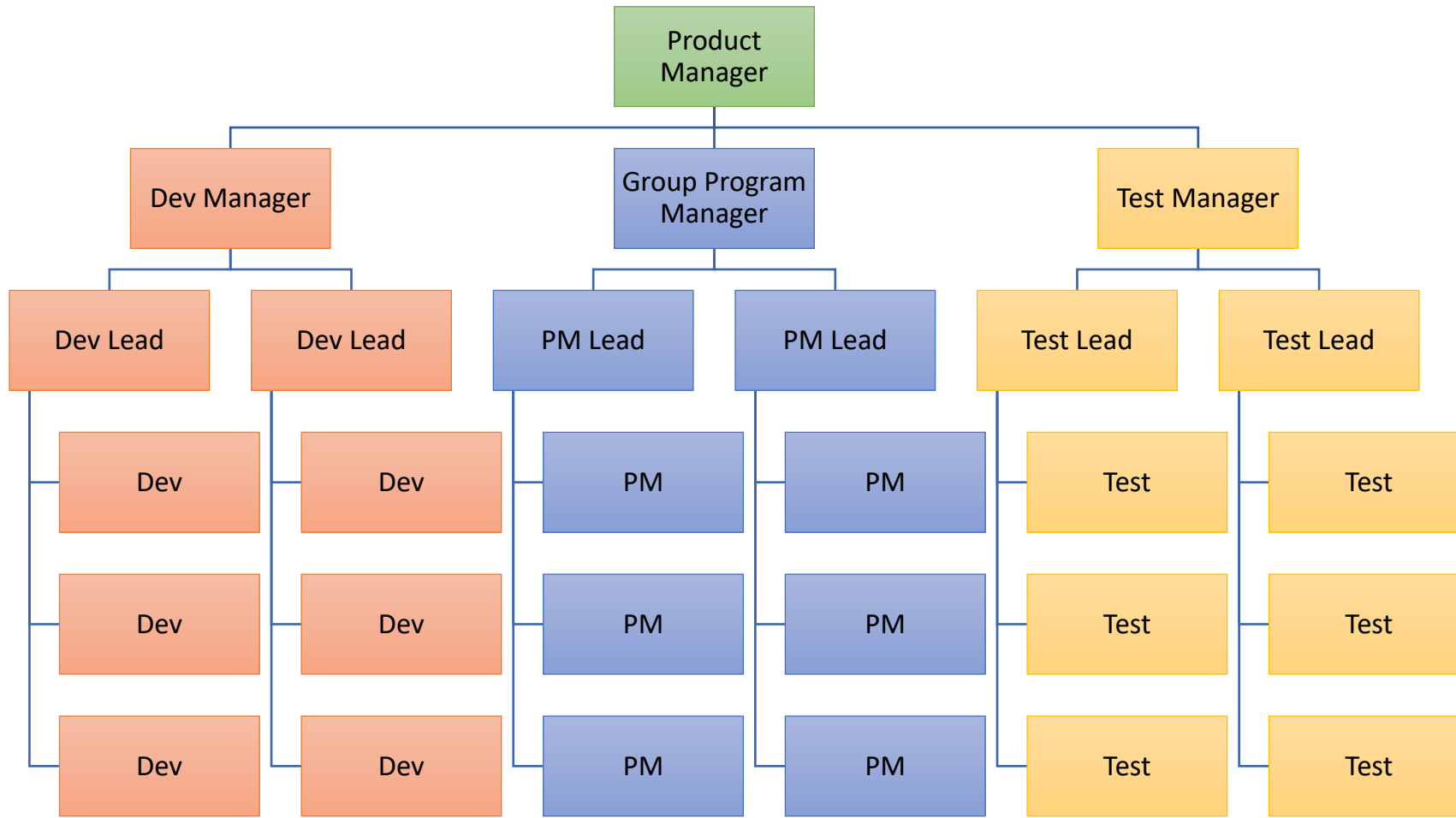# Microsoft Developer Hierarchies
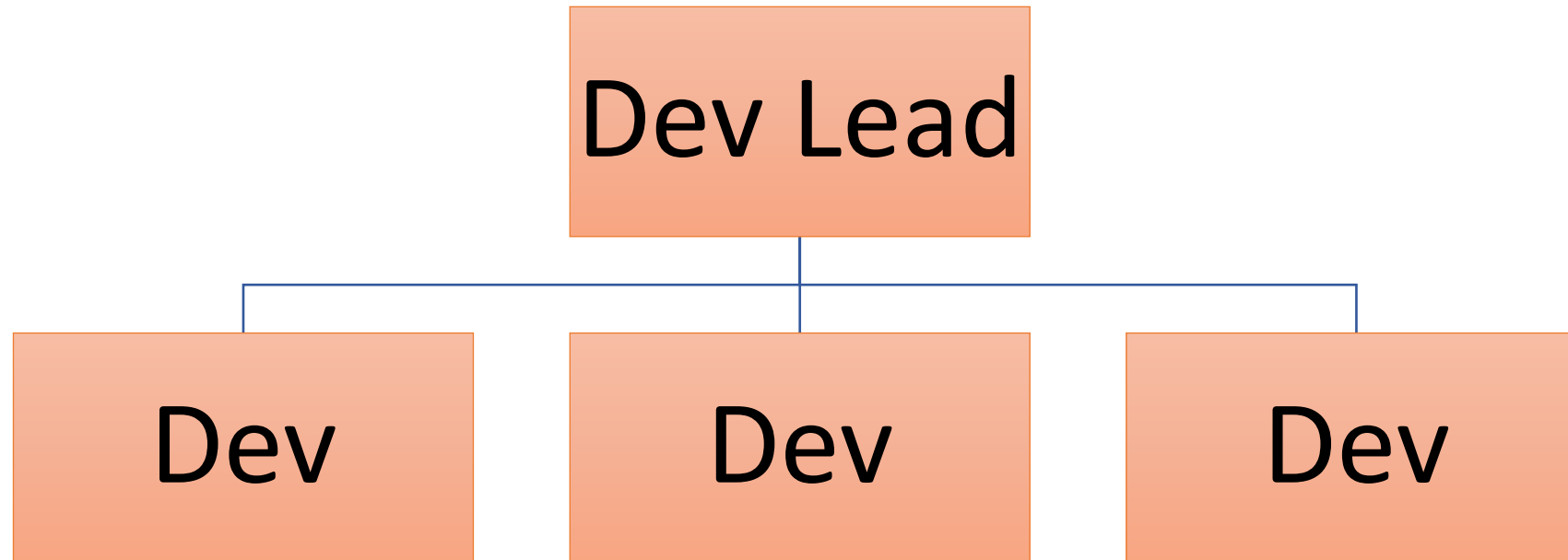
Microsoft Developer Hierarchies
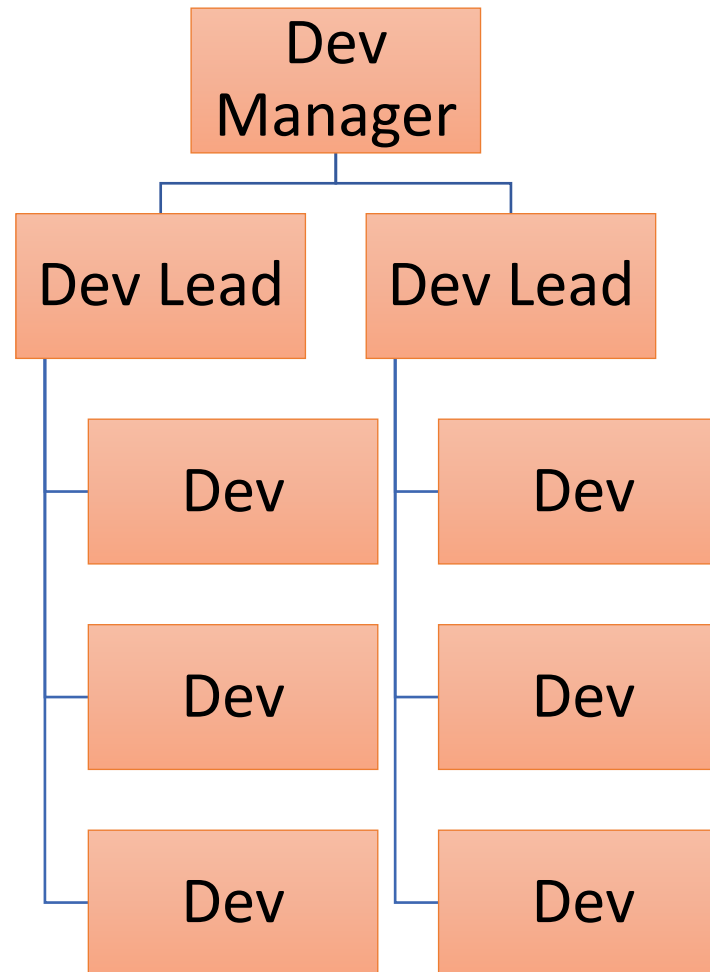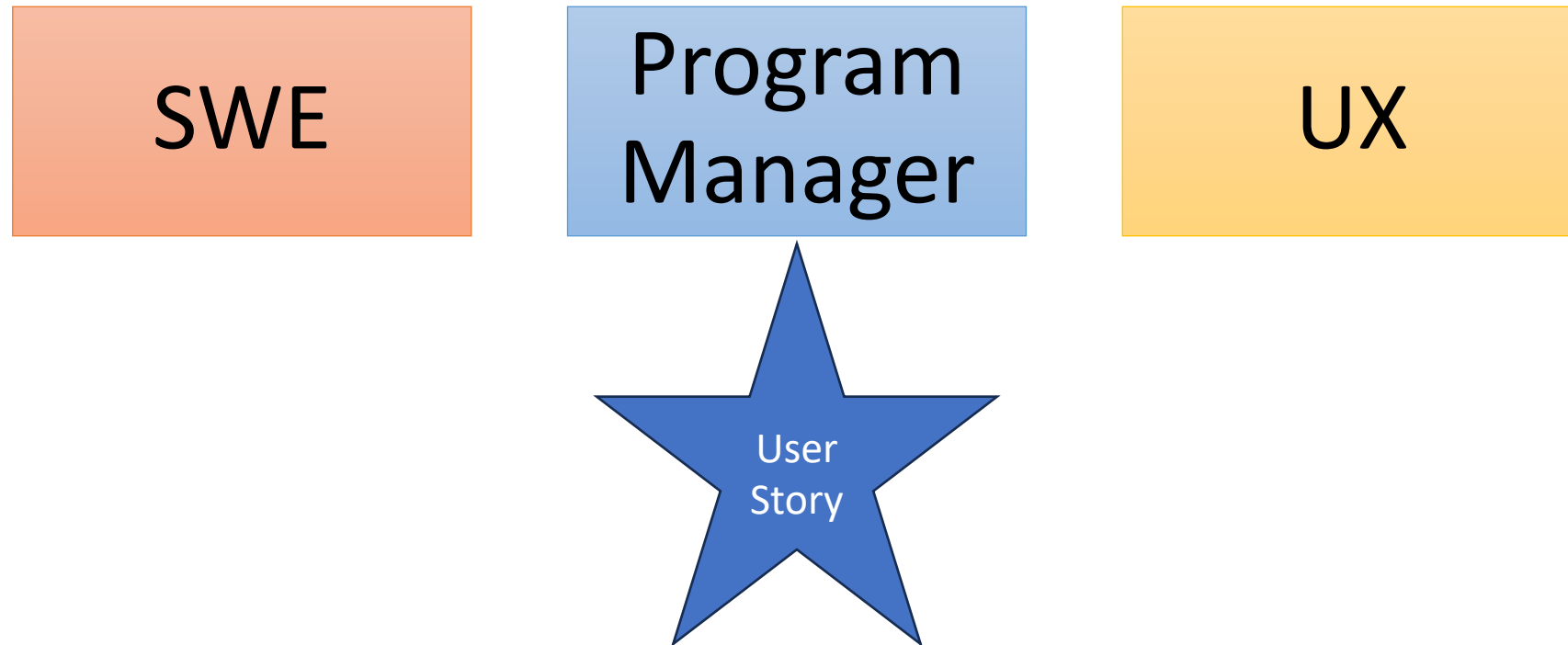
Microsoft Engineering Triad
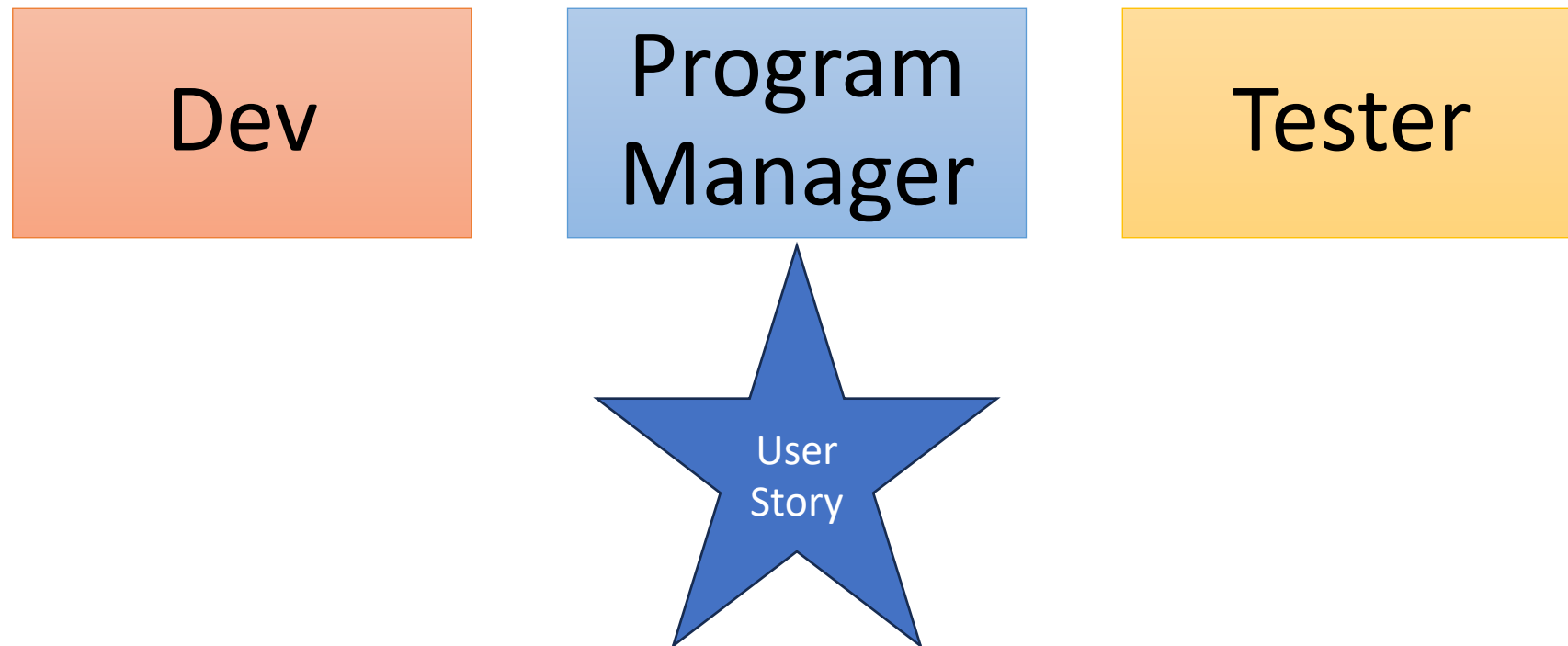
Microsoft Engineering Triads

Microsoft Engineering Triad Hierarchy

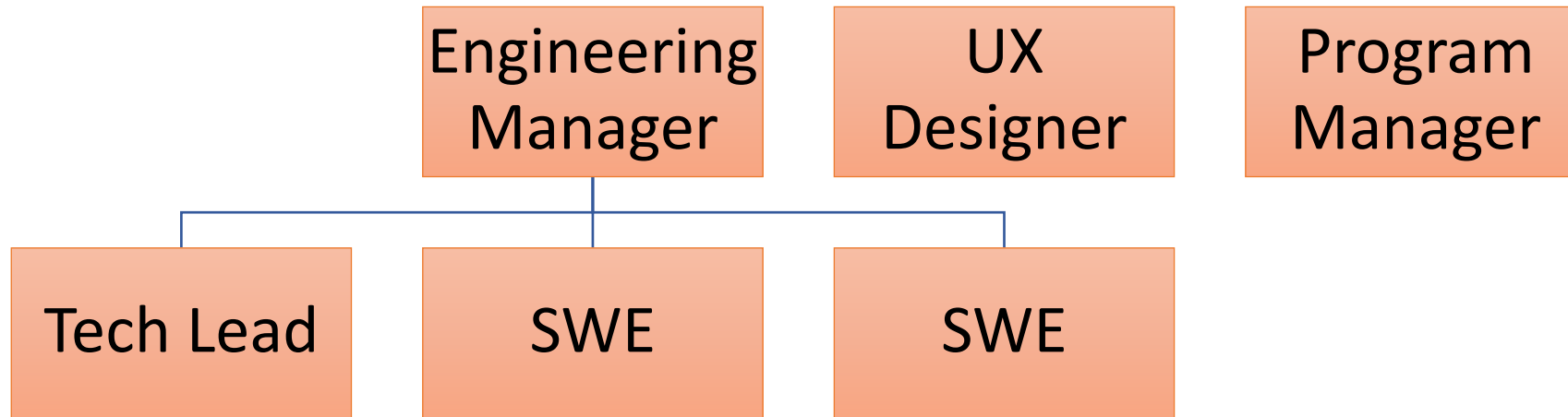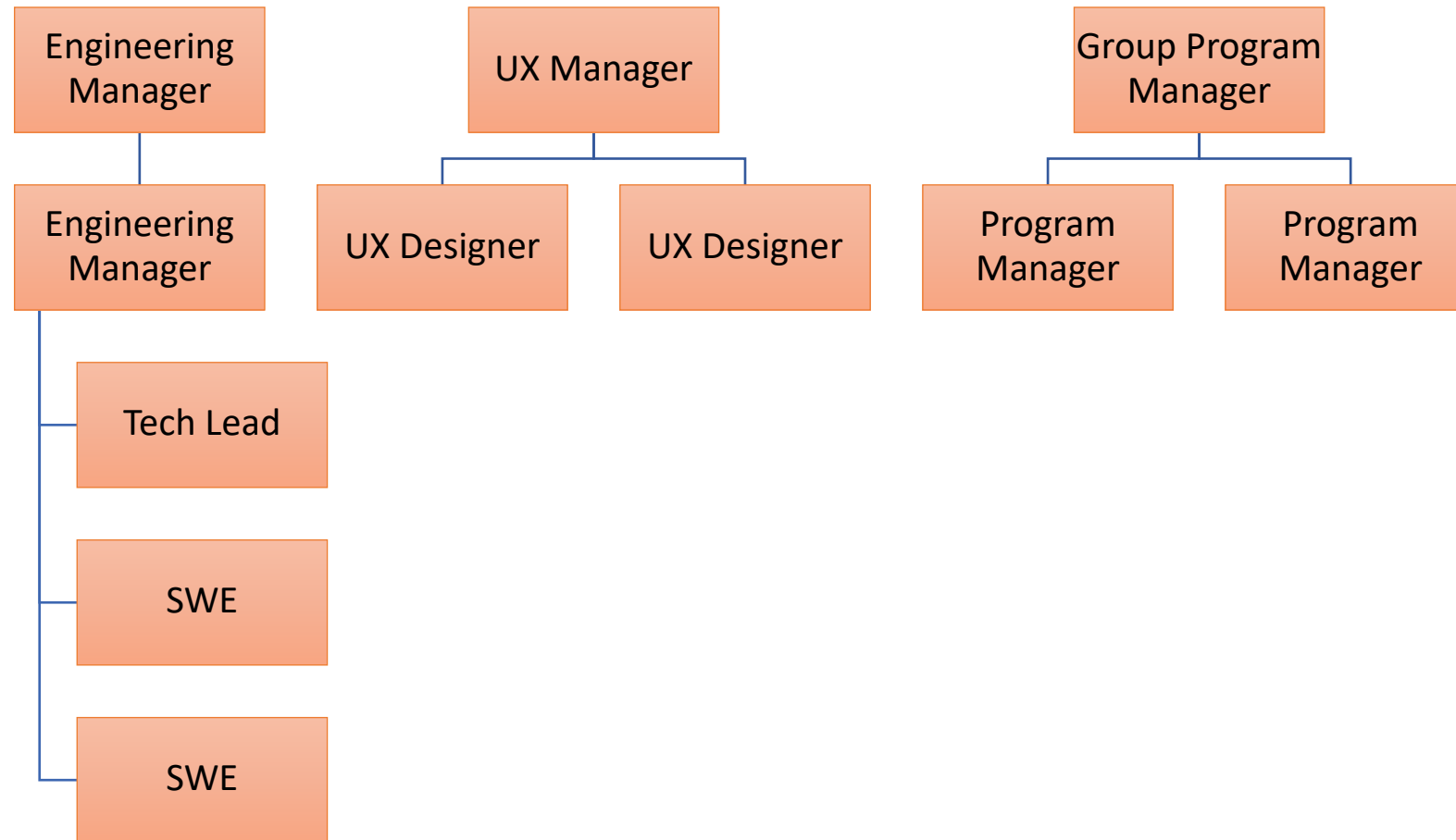# Microsoft "New" Engineering Triad

Google Engineering Team

Google Engineering Team Hierarchy

What Makes Developers Into Good Collaborators?
(as seen by non-developer collaborators)

- Be expert in the code
- Be proactive communicators
- Developers don't need to know everything. Every role makes a valuable contribution.

What Makes Developers Into Bad Collaborators?
(as seen by non-developer collaborators)

- Disrespect non-developer expertise

- Lack a can-do attitude

- Can't handle multiple domains (e.g., software + hardware)

It takes teamwork to make the dream work!