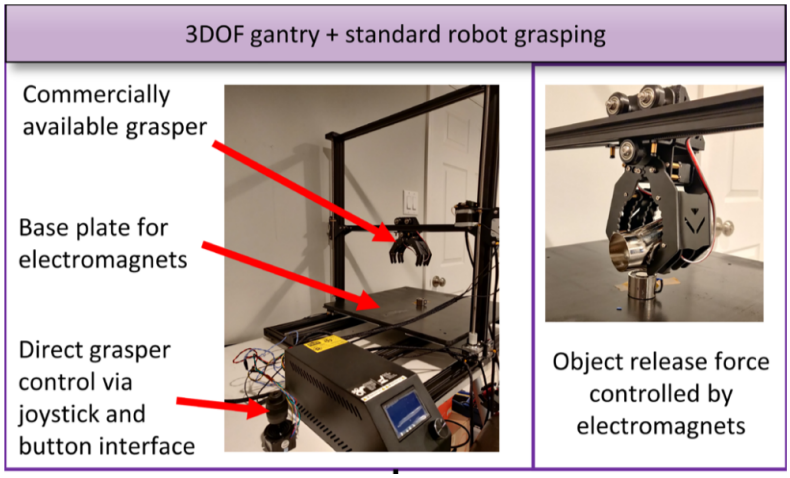
Gantry Simulation

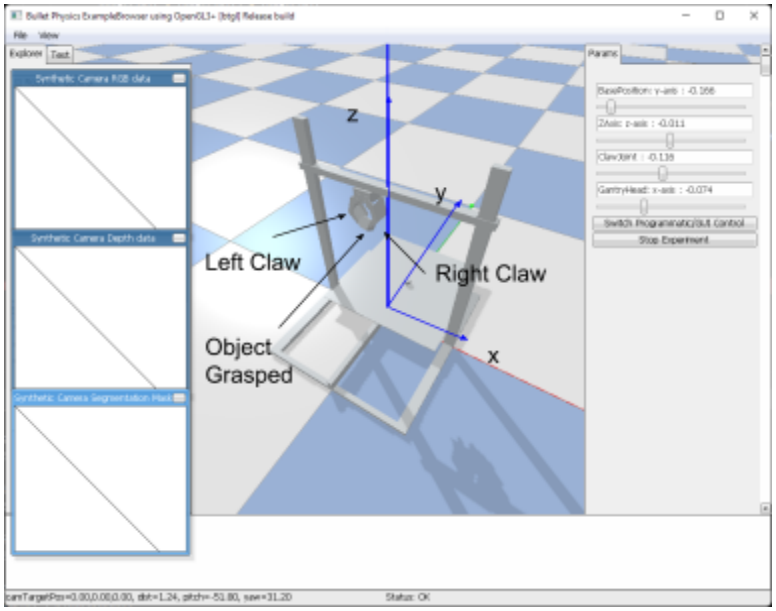
1. Overview

This is a simulation environment (currently using PyBullet) to simulate the gantry interacting with objects for grasping applications.

The picture of the gantry from the FRR grant is shown to the right:



The PyBullet simulation is shown below.



2. Packages Needed

I am currently running conda 4.12.0 and python 3.10.4

Please install the following packages:

- Pybullet
- Numpy
- Matplotlib
- math,pathlib,time ,warnings (should be installed by default)

The files should be under “Gantry_Simulation” branch in the FRR GitHub Repository

3. Python Implementation

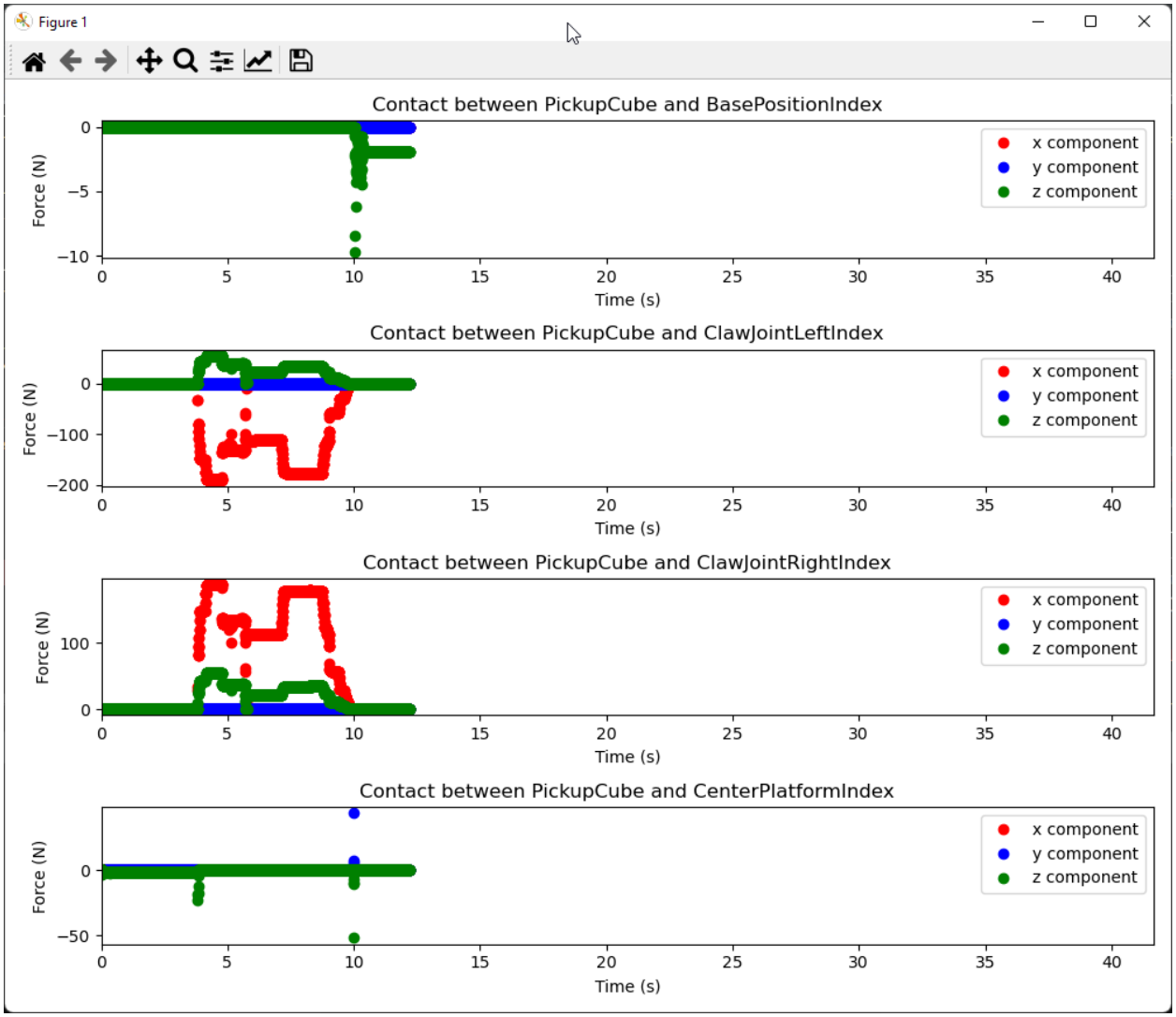
The class implementation is implemented in “**GantrySimulation.py**”. The class has methods for instantiating the PyBullet simulation, loading the Gantry and objects, stepping the simulation (default 1/240 seconds per step), and getting and plotting contact forces.

To see how to instantiate the GantrySimulation class and use it for simulation, see the file “**SinusoidGUI_ProgrammaticCheck.py**”. Note In this simulation, you can switch between GUI control and programmatic control. In GUI control, you can use the **sliders** on the right side to move the different axes of the gantry, as well as open and close the grasper.

By clicking the “**Switch Programmatic/GUI Control**” button, you can switch back and forth between GUI control (i.e. using the sliders) and by sending commands from “**SinusoidGUI_ProgrammaticCheck.p**y” to the **GantrySimulation** class using the “**stepSim**” method (i.e. programmatic control). In the programmatic control, all joints will sinusoidally move between their joint limits with a nominal period of 4 seconds (this may be slightly off).

The button “**Stop Experiment**” will stop the simulation and disconnect from the PyBullet server. It will then plot contact forces between the objects on the gantry and the claws and baseplate of the gantry. The forces are aligned with the global x,y,z directions. An example of the plot is shown below (see class method plotContactForces() for more details). You can access the link and object positions and orientation in the global world frame using the getPositionsAndOrientations method. See the code for more details.

Note: while you have the ability to scale the simulation in both length (lengthScale) and mass (massScale) by passing those arguments to the GantrySimulation initialization.



You can use the "**SinusoidGUI_ProgrammaticCheck.py**" as a reference to implement your own programmatic control via neural networks etc.

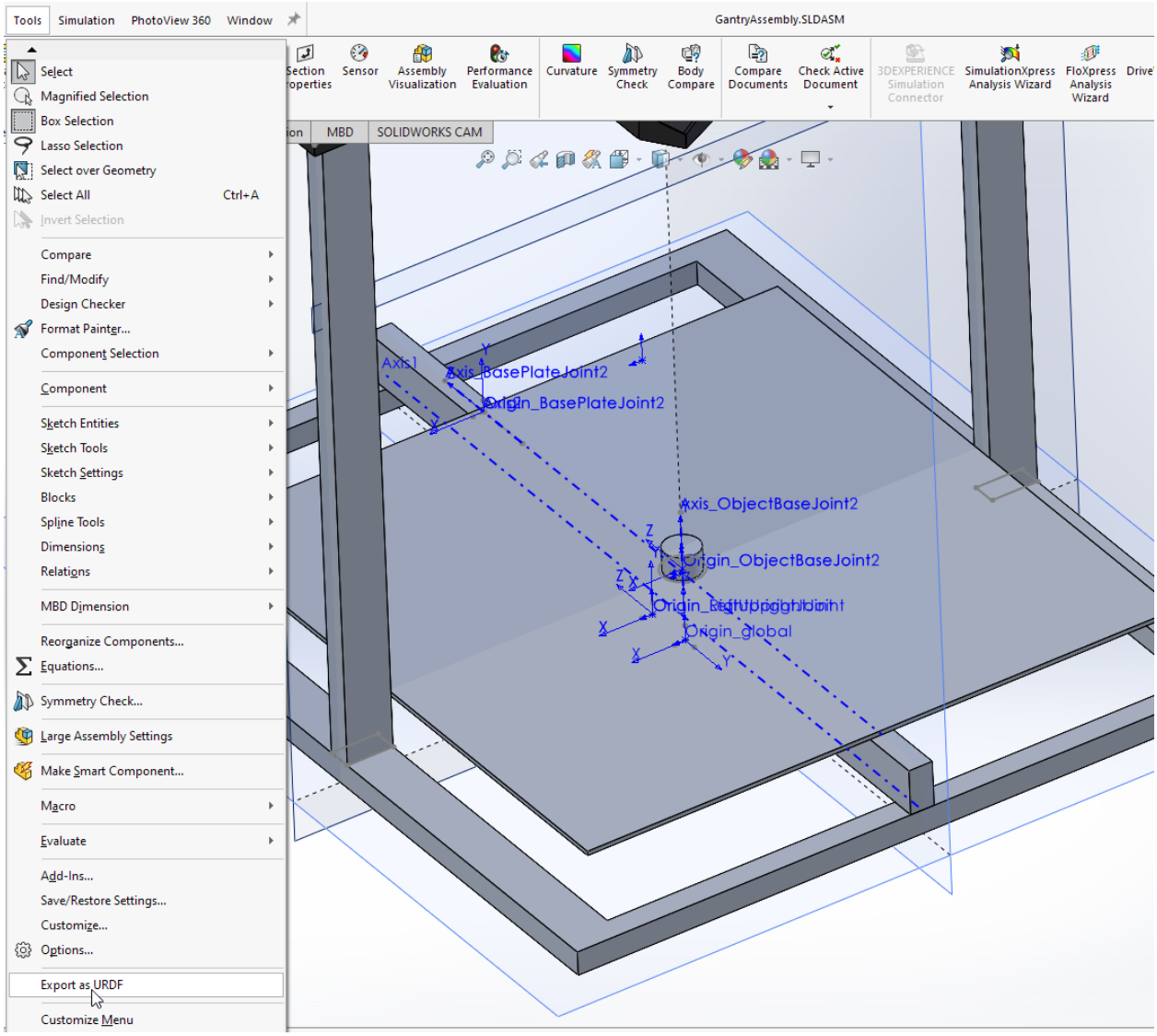
4. Loading Objects

Currently, loading objects is only supported via URDF files. The gantry is automatically loaded when initializing the GantrySimulation class. To add other objects, see the "addObjectsToSim" method call in the "SinusoidGUI_ProgrammaticCheck.py".

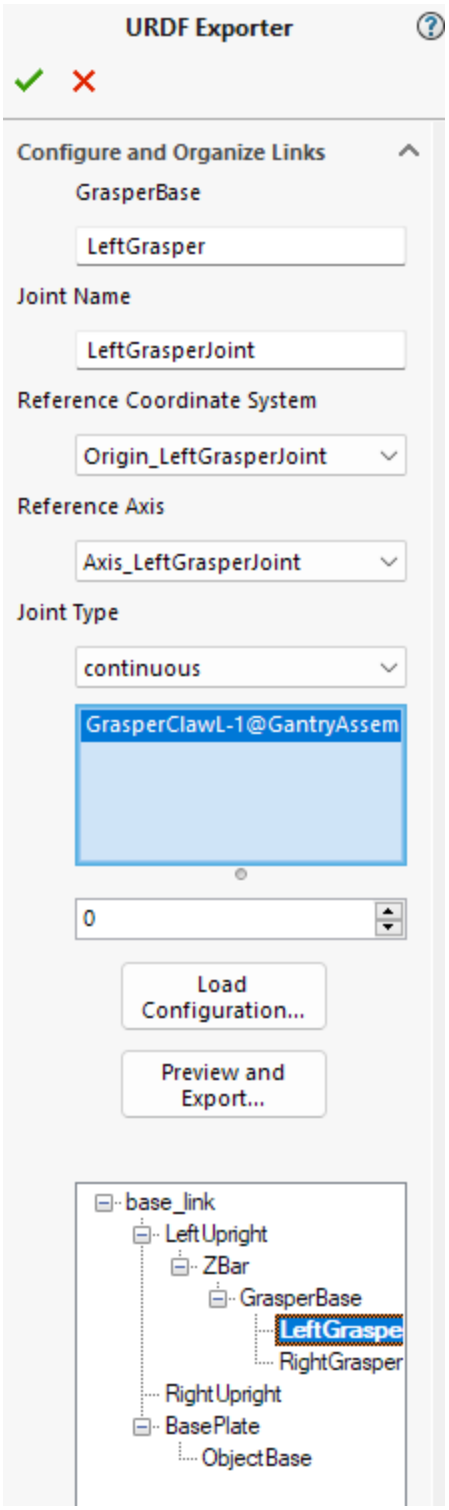
You can easily create URDF files from a Solidworks assembly.

1. First install the Solidworks URDF exporter.

2. Then under Tools-> Export as URDF

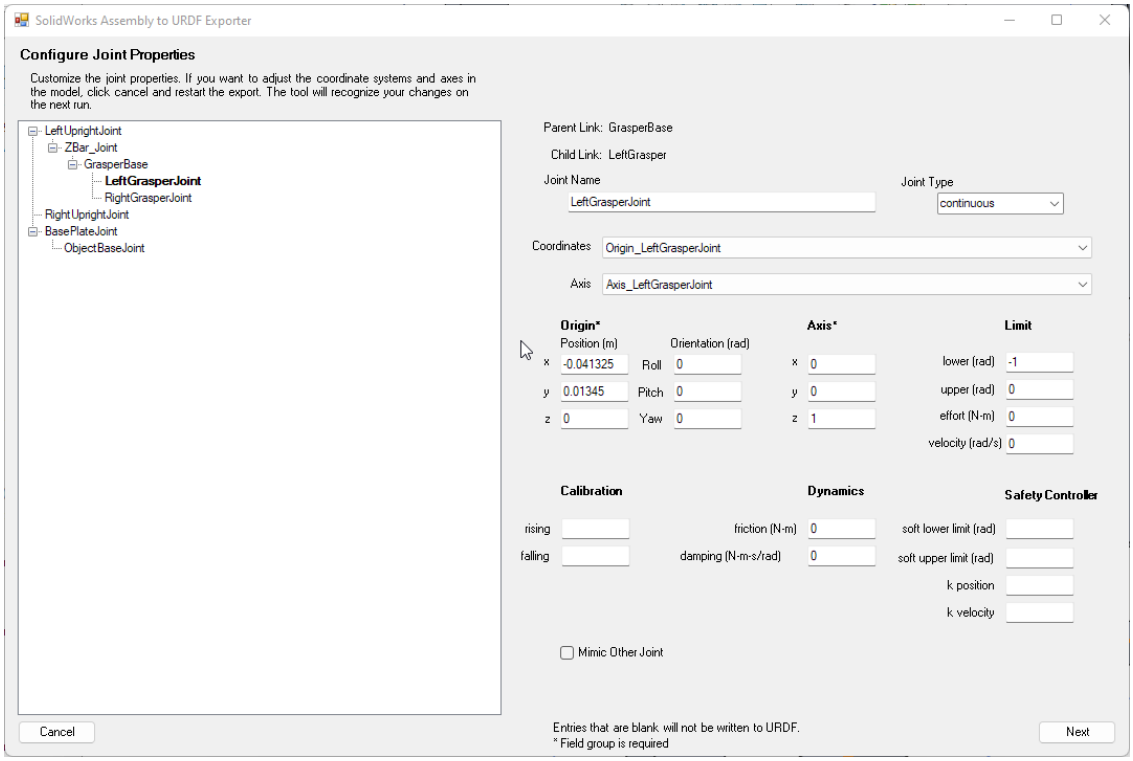


3. Configure the different joints if needed. Then select “Preview and Export”

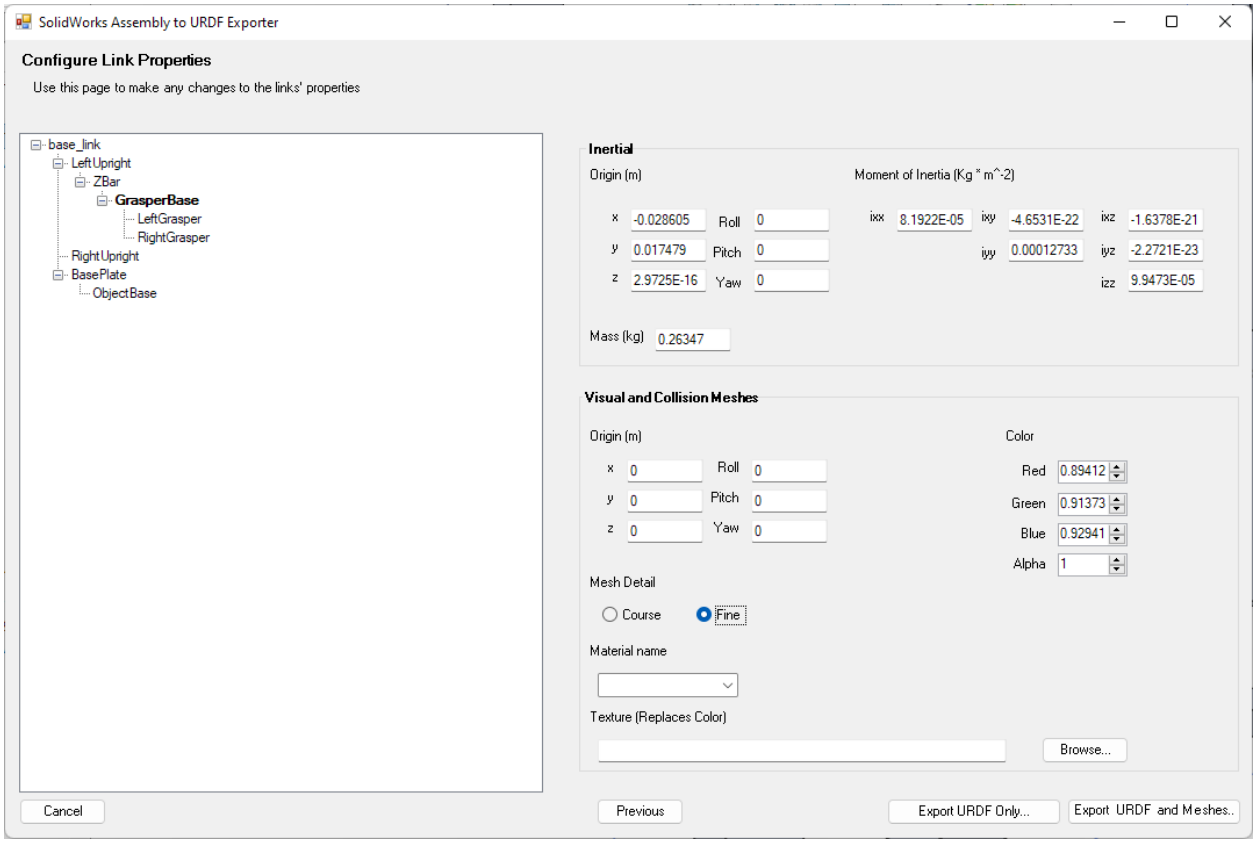


If you are exporting an object to be grasped, then it most likely doesn't have any joints (constraints) and you can directly select "Preview and Export"

4. You can then modify options for the joint properties. Click Next when done.



5. You can then configure the link properties (check masses to make sure they are non zero). Note that it is recommended to select “Fine” for Mesh Detail.



6. When finished select “Export URDF and Meshes”

Note that for the Gantry simulation, grasping is made more stable because of the addition of a “friction anchor”. Please see the .urdf file for more details.