# Lecture 5: Data-Flow Analysis Examples

17-355/17-655/17-819: Program Analysis Rohan Padhye and Jonathan Aldrich February 16 & 18, 2021

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#### Classic Data-Flow Analyses

- Zero Analysis
- Integer Sign Analysis
- Constant Propagation
- Reaching Definitions
- Live Variables Analysis
- Available Expressions
- Very Busy Expressions
- •

## Integer Sign Analysis

- Extension of Zero Analysis to track integers zero, less-than-zero, greater-than-zero, or  $\setminus$ (ツ)\_/ (unknown).
- Q: Why do we care about sign?
- Exercise 1: What would the lattice for simple Sign Analysis look like?

## Integer Sign Analysis

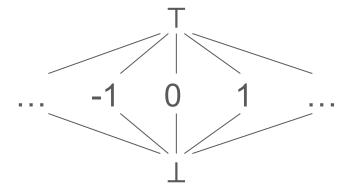
- Extension of simple Sign Analysis to track when x<0, x<=0, x=0, x>=0, x>0, x!=0, or unknown ( \\(\(\cup(\mu)\)\_/\(\)).
- Q: Why do we care about all these cases?
- Exercise 2: What would the lattice for precise Sign Analysis look like?

- Extension of Zero / Sign Analysis to track exact values of variables, if they are **constant** at a given program point (across all paths).
- E.g. x is 42 at line 10
- **Q**: Why is this useful?

$$\sigma \in Var \rightarrow L_{CP}$$

$$L_{CP}$$
 is  $\mathbb{Z} \cup \{\top, \bot\}$ 

$$\forall l \in L_{CP} : \bot \sqsubseteq l \land l \sqsubseteq \top$$



$$\sigma \in Var \to L_{CP}$$

$$\sigma_1 \sqsubseteq_{lift} \sigma_2 \quad iff \quad \forall x \in Var : \sigma_1(x) \sqsubseteq \sigma_2(x)$$

$$\sigma_1 \sqcup_{lift} \sigma_2 = \{x \mapsto \sigma_1(x) \sqcup \sigma_2(x) \mid x \in Var\}$$

$$\top_{lift} = \{x \mapsto \top \mid x \in Var\}$$

$$\bot_{lift} = \{x \mapsto \bot \mid x \in Var\}$$

$$\alpha_{CP}(n) = n$$

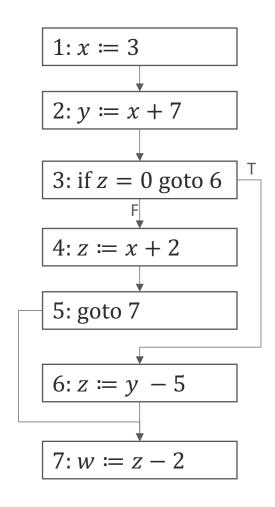
$$\alpha_{lift}(E) = \{x \mapsto \alpha_{CP}(E(x)) \mid x \in Var\}$$

$$\sigma_0 = \top_{lift}$$

$$f_{CP}[x := n](\sigma) =$$
 $f_{CP}[x := y](\sigma) =$ 
 $f_{CP}[x := y \text{ op } z](\sigma) =$ 

```
f_{CP}[\![\operatorname{goto} n]\!](\sigma) = f_{CP}[\![\operatorname{if} x = 0 \operatorname{goto} n]\!]_T(\sigma) = f_{CP}[\![\operatorname{if} x = 0 \operatorname{goto} n]\!]_F(\sigma) = f_{CP}[\![\operatorname{if} x < 0 \operatorname{goto} n]\!](\sigma) = f_{CP}[\![\operatorname{if} x < 0 \operatorname{goto} n]\!](\sigma)
```

```
f_{CP}[x := n](\sigma)
                                           =\sigma[x\mapsto \alpha_{CP}(n)]
f_{CP}[x := y](\sigma)
                                           =\sigma[x\mapsto\sigma(y)]
f_{CP}[x := y \ op \ z](\sigma)
                                           = \sigma[x \mapsto \sigma(y) \ op_{lift} \ \sigma(z)]
                                             where n op_{lift} m = n op m
                                              and n \ op_{lift} \perp = \perp
                                                                                           (and symmetric)
                                              and n \ op_{lift} \top = \top
                                                                                           (and symmetric)
f_{CP}[\![goto\ n]\!](\sigma)
                                           = \sigma
f_{CP}[\inf x = 0 \text{ goto } n]_T(\sigma) = \sigma[x \mapsto 0]
f_{CP}[\inf x = 0 \text{ goto } n]_F(\sigma) = \sigma
f_{CP}[\inf x < 0 \text{ goto } n](\sigma)
                                           = \sigma
```



$$1: x := 3$$

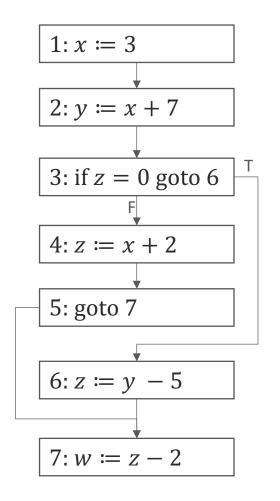
$$2: y := x + 7$$

$$3: \text{ if } z = 0 \text{ goto } 6$$

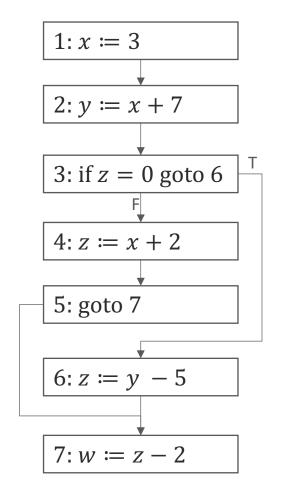
$$4: z := x + 2$$

$$6: z := y - 5$$

$$7: w := z - 2$$



| stmt | worklist | X | y | Z | W |
|------|----------|---|---|---|---|
|      |          |   |   |   |   |
|      |          |   |   |   |   |
|      |          |   |   |   |   |
|      |          |   |   |   |   |
|      |          |   |   |   |   |
|      |          |   |   |   |   |
|      |          |   |   |   |   |



| stmt | worklist      | X | y  | ${f z}$      | W |
|------|---------------|---|----|--------------|---|
| 0    | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 | T | T  | T            | T |
| 1    | 2,3,4,5,6,7   | 3 | T  | T            | T |
| 2    | 3,4,5,6,7     | 3 | 10 | T            | T |
| 3    | 4,5,6,7       | 3 | 10 | $0_T, 	op_F$ | T |
| 4    | 5,6,7         | 3 | 10 | 5            | T |
| 5    | 6,7           | 3 | 10 | 5            | T |
| 6    | 7             | 3 | 10 | 5            | T |
| 7    | Ø             | 3 | 10 | 5            | 3 |

- Where might a variable have last been defined?
  - Equivalent: what definitions of a variable reach this program point?
  - E.g. At line 7, the value of x was last obtained from assignments at lines 2 and 3.
- Lots of applications in compilers ("def-use chains")

- Let DEFS = set of all definitions
  - $\circ$  e.g.  $\{x_1, x_2, y_3\}$

```
\sigma_1 \sqsubseteq \sigma_2 iff
\sigma_1 \sqcup \sigma_2
```

$$\sigma \in \mathcal{P}^{\mathsf{DEFS}}$$
 $\sigma_1 \sqsubseteq \sigma_2 \quad \textit{iff} \quad \sigma_1 \subseteq \sigma_2$ 
 $\sigma_1 \sqcup \sigma_2 = \sigma_1 \cup \sigma_2$ 
 $\top = \mathsf{DEFS}$ 
 $\perp = \varnothing$ 
 $\sigma_0 = \varnothing$ 

$$f_{RD}[I](\sigma) =$$

$$f_{RD}[I](\sigma) = \sigma - KILL_{RD}[I] \cup GEN_{RD}[I]$$

$$f_{RD}[I](\sigma)$$
 =  $\sigma - KILL_{RD}[I] \cup GEN_{RD}[I]$ 
 $KILL_{RD}[n: x := ...]$  = 
 $KILL_{RD}[I]$  = 
 $GEN_{RD}[n: x := ...]$  = 
 $GEN_{RD}[I]$  = 
 $GEN_{RD}[I]$  =

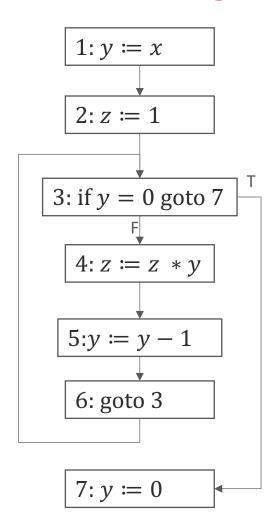
$$f_{RD}\llbracket I \rrbracket (\sigma) \hspace{1cm} = \sigma - KILL_{RD}\llbracket I \rrbracket \cup GEN_{RD}\llbracket I \rrbracket$$

$$KILL_{RD}\llbracket n: \ x := ... \rrbracket \hspace{1cm} = \{x_m \mid x_m \in \mathsf{DEFS}(x)\}$$

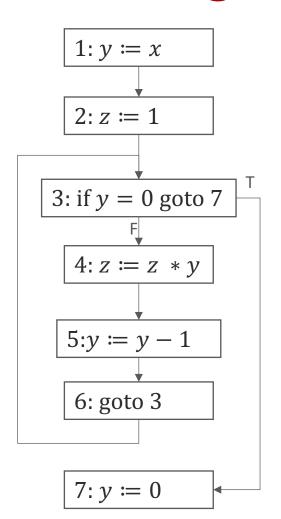
$$KILL_{RD}\llbracket I \rrbracket \hspace{1cm} = \varnothing \hspace{1cm} \text{if $I$ is not an assignment}$$

$$GEN_{RD}\llbracket n: \ x := ... \rrbracket \hspace{1cm} = \{x_n\}$$

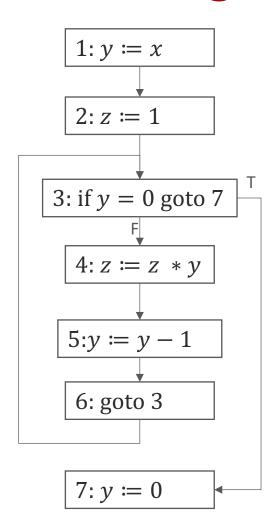
$$GEN_{RD}\llbracket I \rrbracket \hspace{1cm} = \varnothing \hspace{1cm} \text{if $I$ is not an assignment}$$



```
\begin{array}{lll} 1: & y:=x \\ 2: & z:=1 \\ 3: & \text{if } y=0 \text{ goto } 7 \\ 4: & z:=z*y \\ 5: & y:=y-1 \\ 6: & \text{goto } 3 \\ 7: & y:=0 \end{array}
```



| stmt | worklist | defs |
|------|----------|------|
|      |          | -    |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |



| stmt | worklist      | defs                  |
|------|---------------|-----------------------|
| 0    | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 | Ø                     |
| 1    | 2,3,4,5,6,7   | $\{y_1\}$             |
| 2    | 3,4,5,6,7     | $\{y_1,z_1\}$         |
| 3    | 4,5,6,7       | $\{y_1,z_1\}$         |
| 4    | 5,6,7         | $\{y_1,z_4\}$         |
| 5    | 6,7           | $\{y_5,z_4\}$         |
| 6    | 3,7           | $\{y_5,z_4\}$         |
| 3    | <b>4,</b> 7   | $\{y_1,y_5,z_1,z_4\}$ |
| 4    | 5,7           | $\{y_1,y_5,z_4\}$     |
| 5    | 7             | $\{y_5,z_4\}$         |
| 7    | Ø             | $\{y_7,z_1,z_4\}$     |

- Which variables will be used in the future (are "live")?
- E.g. x is live at line 7 because it's current value will be used at line 10.

- Another set-based analysis (like reaching definitions).
- Data-flow values propagate backwards !!!

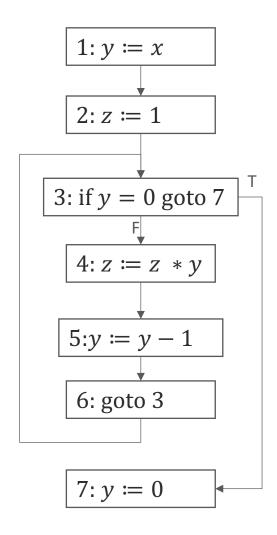
$$\sigma \in \mathcal{P}^{\mathsf{var}}$$
 $\sigma_1 \sqsubseteq \sigma_2 \quad \textit{iff}$ 
 $\sigma_1 \sqcup \sigma_2 =$ 
 $\bot =$ 

$$\sigma \in \mathcal{P}^{\mathsf{Var}}$$
 $\sigma_1 \sqsubseteq \sigma_2 \quad \textit{iff} \quad \sigma_1 \subseteq \sigma_2$ 
 $\sigma_1 \sqcup \sigma_2 = \sigma_1 \cup \sigma_2$ 
 $\top = \mathsf{Var}$ 
 $\perp = \varnothing$ 

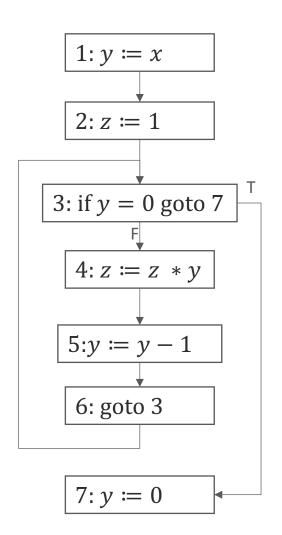
Flow functions map backward! (out --> in)

$$KILL_{LV}[I] = \{x \mid I \text{ defines } x\}$$

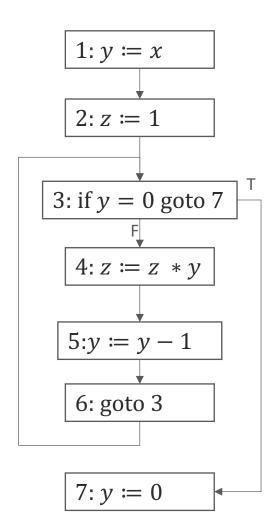
$$GEN_{LV}[I] = \{x \mid I \text{ uses } x\}$$



```
egin{array}{lll} 1: & y:=x \ 2: & z:=1 \ 3: & \mbox{if } y=0 \mbox{ goto } 7 \ 4: & z:=z*y \ 5: & y:=y-1 \ 6: & \mbox{goto } 3 \ 7: & y:=0 \ \end{array}
```



| stmt | worklist | live |
|------|----------|------|
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |
|      |          |      |



| stmt | worklist      | live      |
|------|---------------|-----------|
| end  | 7,3,6,5,4,2,1 | $\{z\}$   |
| 7    | 3,6,5,4,2,1   | $\{z\}$   |
| 3    | 6,5,4,2,1     | $\{z,y\}$ |
| 6    | 5,4,2,1       | $\{z,y\}$ |
| 5    | 4,2,1         | $\{z,y\}$ |
| 4    | 3,2,1         | $\{z,y\}$ |
| 3    | 2             | $\{z,y\}$ |
| 2    | 1             | $\{y\}$   |
| 1    | Ø             | $\{x\}$   |

#### Discussion

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