## Control-Flow Analysis (CFA) Handout

17-355/17-665/17-819: Program Analysis (Spring 2022) Rohan Padhye

## **Functional Language**

$$\begin{array}{lll} e & \in & Expressions & \dots \text{or labelled terms} \\ t & \in & Term & \dots \text{or unlabelled expressions} \\ l & \in & \mathcal{L} & \text{labels} \\ \\ e & ::= & t^l \\ t & ::= & \lambda x.e \\ & \mid & x \\ & \mid & (e_1) \ (e_2) \\ & \mid & \text{let } x = e_1 \text{ in } e_2 \\ & \mid & \text{if } e_0 \text{ then } e_1 \text{ else } e_2 \\ & \mid & n \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid \dots \end{array}$$

## **0-CFA Rules**

$$\sigma \in Var \cup Lab \rightarrow L \qquad L = \mathbb{Z} + T + \mathcal{P}(\lambda x.e)$$

$$\frac{[\![e_1]\!]^{l_1}\hookrightarrow C_1\quad [\![e_2]\!]^{l_2}\hookrightarrow C_2}{[\![e_1]\!]^l\hookrightarrow \alpha(n)\sqsubseteq \sigma(l)} \ \ const \qquad \frac{[\![e_1]\!]^{l_1}\hookrightarrow C_1\quad [\![e_2]\!]^{l_2}\hookrightarrow C_2}{[\![e_1^{l_1}+e_2^{l_2}]\!]^l\hookrightarrow C_1\cup C_2\cup (\sigma(l_1)+\tau\ \sigma(l_2))\sqsubseteq \sigma(l)} \ \ plus$$

Where  $\alpha$  is defined as we discussed in abstract interpretation, and  $+_{\top}$  is addition lifted to work over a domain that includes  $\top$  (and simply ignores/drops any lambda values). There are similar rules for other arithmetic operations.

$$\frac{ \llbracket e \rrbracket^{l_0} \hookrightarrow C }{ \llbracket x \rrbracket^l \hookrightarrow \sigma(x) \sqsubseteq \sigma(l) } \ \ var \qquad \qquad \frac{ \llbracket e \rrbracket^{l_0} \hookrightarrow C }{ \llbracket \lambda x. e^{l_0} \rrbracket^l \hookrightarrow \{\lambda x. e\} \sqsubseteq \sigma(l) \cup C } \ \ lambda$$

$$\frac{[\![e_1]\!]^{l_1} \hookrightarrow C_1 \quad [\![e_2]\!]^{l_2} \hookrightarrow C_2}{[\![e_1^{l_1}\ e_2^{l_2}]\!]^l \hookrightarrow C_1 \cup C_2 \cup \mathbf{fn}\ l_1 : l_2 \Rightarrow l} \text{ apply }$$

$$\frac{\lambda x.e_0^{l_0} \in \sigma(l_1)}{\text{fn } l_1: l_2 \Rightarrow l \hookrightarrow \sigma(l_2) \sqsubseteq \sigma(x) \land \sigma(l_0) \sqsubseteq \sigma(l)} \text{ function-flow}$$

## m-CFA Rules

$$\sigma \in (Var \cup Lab) \times \Delta \to L \qquad \Delta = Lab^{n \leqslant m} \qquad L = \mathbb{Z} + \mathbb{T} + \mathcal{P}((\lambda x.e, \delta))$$

$$\overline{\delta \vdash \llbracket n \rrbracket^l \hookrightarrow \alpha(n) \sqsubseteq \sigma(l, \delta)} \quad const$$

$$\overline{\delta \vdash \llbracket x \rrbracket^l \hookrightarrow \sigma(x, \delta) \sqsubseteq \sigma(l, \delta)} \quad var$$

$$\overline{\delta \vdash \llbracket \lambda x.e^{l_0} \rrbracket^l \hookrightarrow \{(\lambda x.e, \delta)\} \sqsubseteq \sigma(l, \delta)} \quad lambda$$

$$\underline{\delta \vdash \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket^{l_1} \hookrightarrow C_1 \qquad \delta \vdash \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket^{l_2} \hookrightarrow C_2}{\delta \vdash \llbracket e_1^{l_1} e_2^{l_2} \rrbracket^l \hookrightarrow C_1 \cup C_2 \cup \mathbf{fn}_{\delta} \ l_1 : l_2 \Rightarrow l} \quad apply$$

$$(\lambda x.e_0^{l_0}, \delta) \in \sigma(l_1, \delta) \qquad \delta' = suffix(\delta + + l, m)$$

$$C_1 = \sigma(l_2, \delta) \sqsubseteq \sigma(x, \delta') \land \sigma(l_0, \delta') \sqsubseteq \sigma(l, \delta)$$

$$C_2 = \{\sigma(y, \delta) \sqsubseteq \sigma(y, \delta') \mid y \in FV(\lambda x.e_0)\}$$

$$\underline{\delta' \vdash \llbracket e_0 \rrbracket^{l_0} \hookrightarrow C_3}$$

$$\underline{fn_{\delta} \ l_1 : l_2 \Rightarrow l \hookrightarrow C_1 \cup C_2 \cup C_3} \quad function-flow-\delta$$