### Project 2: Property Listing Analysis

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#### 1. The hosts who has most number of listing

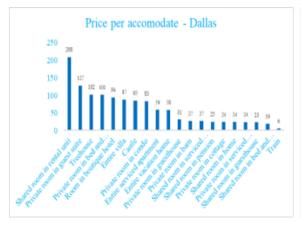
select top 10 h.host\_id,h.host\_name, count(l.id) count\_
from dallas\_hosts h inner join dallas\_listings l on h.host\_id =
l.host\_id group by h.host\_id, h.host\_name order by count\_ desc;





#### 2. Price per accomdate for each property type

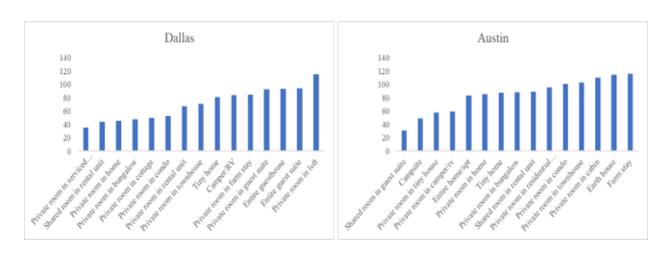
select property\_type, avg(price)/ avg(accommodates)
price\_per\_accomodate
from dallas\_listings group by property\_type order by
price\_per\_accomodate desc;





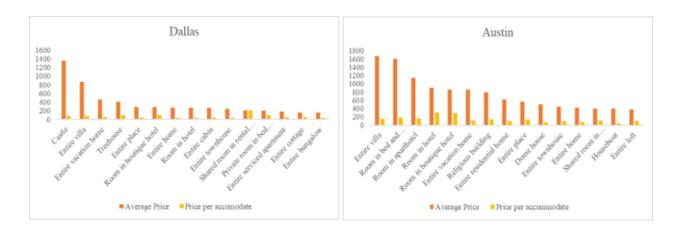
3. Average price of Property Types which are instant bookable and having all ratings above 4.5

```
select property_type, avg(price) as average_price
from listingD
where instant bookable like 'true'
group by property type
having avg(review_scores_rating) >= 4.5
          and avg(review_scores_accuracy) >= 4.5
              and avg(review_scores_checkin) >= 4.5
                  and avg(review_scores_cleanliness) >= 4.5
                      and avg(review_scores_accuracy) >= 4.5
                          and avg(review_scores_communication) >= 4.5
                            and avg(review_scores_location) >= 4.5
                                  and avg(review_scores_value) >= 4.5
order by average price;
```



4. Average Price and Price per accommodate for each property type

```
select property_type, avg(price) Average_price,
avg(price)/avg(accommodates) Price per accommodate
from listingA group by property type
order by Average_price desc;
```

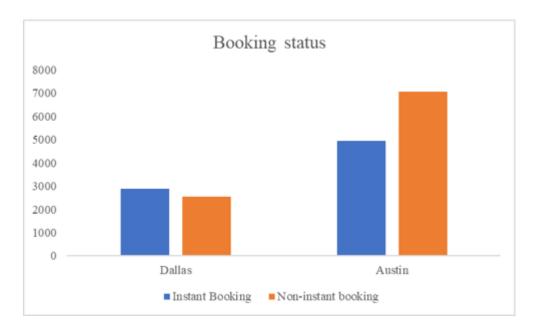


#### 5. Number of listings with instant booking status

with cte1 as (select case when instant\_bookable= 0 then
'not\_instant\_bookable'

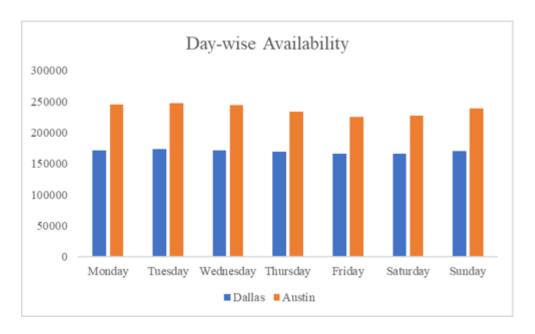
else 'instant\_bookable' end as booking\_type, id
from dallas\_listings)

select booking\_type, count(id) num\_of\_listings from cte1 group by booking type order by count(id) desc;



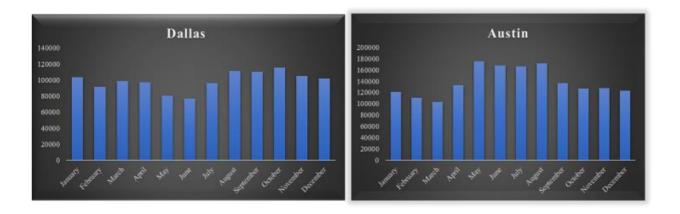
#### 6. Availability of listings day wise

select datename(weekday, date) days\_of\_the\_week , count(id)
num\_of\_available\_listings
from dallas\_availability where available = 'true'
group by datename(weekday, date) order by
num\_of\_available\_listings desc;



#### 7. Count of listings available month wise

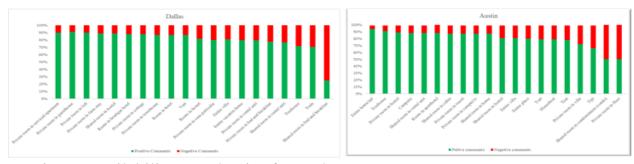
select month(date) month\_num ,datename(month, date)
month\_of\_availability, count(listing\_id)
count\_of\_listings\_available
from dallas\_availability
 where available like 'true'
group by datename(month, date), month(date)
order by month\_num



#### 8. Property wise percentage of good and bad comments

```
with cte1 as(
select 1.property type , count(r.comments)
number of good comments
from dallas listings l
inner join dallas review r on l.id = r.listing id
where r.comments like '%good%' or r.comments like '%great%' or
r.comments like '%awesome%' or r.comments like '%love%' or
r.comments = '%easy%'or r.comments = '%wonderful%' or r.comments
= '%comfortable%' or r.comments = '%recommended%' group by
1.property type ),
cte2 as (
select l.property type , count(r.comments) number of bad comments
from dallas listings l
inner join dallas_review r on l.id = r.listing_id
where r.comments like '%not%' or r.comments like '%bad%' or
r.comments like '%worst%' or r.comments like '%uncomfortable%' or
r.comments = '%issue%' group by l.property type ),
cte3 as (
select cte1.*, cte2.number of bad comments,
number of bad comments+ number of good comments
total number of comments from cte1 inner join cte2
on cte1.property_type = cte2.property_type)
select property type,
number of good comments*100/total number of comments
```

```
Percent_of_good_comments,
number_of_bad_comments*100/total_number_of_comments
percent_of_bad_comments
from cte3 order by Percent_of_good_comments desc;
```



9. Maximum availability month wise for each property type

```
select * from(
select month(a.date) as months_, l.property_type,
datename(month,a.date) month_,count(a.id) as available_listing,
DENSE_RANK() over(partition by l.property_type order by
count(a.id) desc) rank_
from dallas_listings l left join dallas_availability a on l.id =
a.listing_id
where a.available like 'true'
group by month(a.date), l.property_type, datename(month,a.date)
) a
where rank_ = 1
order by months_;
```

10. Property type-wise Host acceptance rate

```
Select 1.property_type,avg( h.host_acceptance_rate)
host_acceptance_rate
from listing_austin 1 join host_austin h on l.host_id =
h.host_id
Group by 1.property_type
Order by host_acceptance_rate desc;
```

11.Instant Bookable listings in each property Type

```
select property_type, count(id) instant_bookables
from listingD
where instant_bookable = 'True'
```

# group by property\_type order by instant\_bookables desc;

