哈尔滨工业大学计算机科学与技术学院

实验报告

课程名称: 数据结构与算法

课程类型: 必修

实验名称: 线性结构与应用

实验项目: 中缀表达式的转化与运算

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一、 实验目的

熟悉线性结构的构造与应用

二、 实验要求及实验环境

实验要求:实现中缀表达式对后缀表达式的转换,并计算后缀表

达式

实验环境:macOS, VSCode, JDK 11

三、 设计思想(本程序中用到的所有数据类型的定义,核心

算法的流程图等)

栈结构定义如下:

```
class Stack<T> {
    private ArrayList<T> list = new ArrayList<>();

public void push(T element) {
        list.add(element);
    }

public T pop() {
        T element = list.get(list.size() - 1);
        list.remove(list.size() - 1);
        return element;
}

public ArrayList<T> popTwo() {
        ArrayList<T> elements = new ArrayList<>();
        elements.add(this.pop());
        return elements;
}

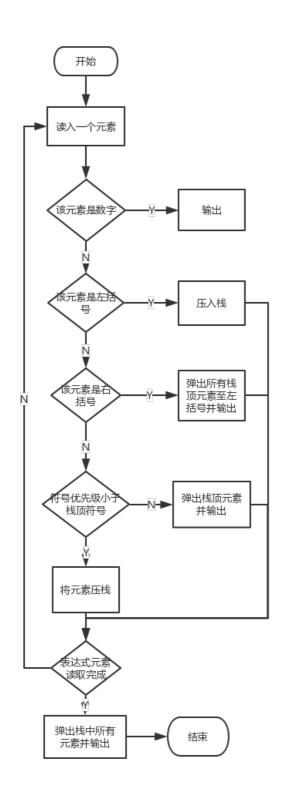
public T getTop() {
        return list.get(list.size() - 1);
}
```

```
public int getSize() {
    return list.size();
}

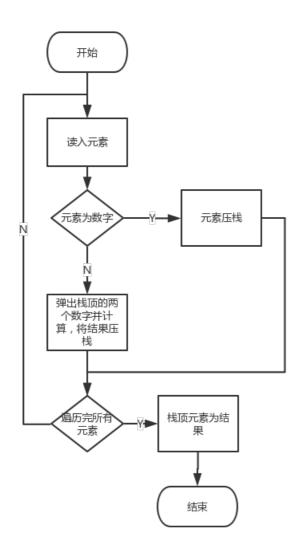
public boolean isEmpty() {
    if(list.isEmpty()) {
       return true;
    } else {
       return false;
    }
}

@Override
public String toString() {
    return list.toString();
}
```

中缀转后缀算法:



后缀表达式计算:



四、 测试结果

```
[GuodeMacBook-Air:DSExp01_Stack guoziyang$ java DSExperiment
是否要开启日志模式(y or n)? y
运算模式选择:
1. 读入文件
2. 实时输入
请 选 择: 1
The infix expression is 1.3+((2.6+3.1)*4.4)-5.0
The postfix expression is 1.3 2.6 3.1 + 4.4 * + 5.0 -
The result is 21.38
The infix expression is (7+15)*(23-28/4)
The postfix expression is 7 15 + 23 28 4 / - *
The result is 352.00
The infix expression is 1+((2+3)*4)-5
The postfix expression is 1 2 3 + 4 * + 5 -
The result is 16.00
The infix expression is 12x+3y+2x
The postfix expression is 12 x * 3 y * + 2 x * +
The infix expression is 1.3+2^{(3*2)}
The postfix expression is 1.3 2 3 2 * ^{\wedge} +
The result is 65.30
计算完成,日志保存在log.txt中
```

五、 系统不足与经验体会

本次实验深刻理解了栈的设计。不足之处有无法对负数进行判断

六、 源代码

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.io.File;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class DSExperiment {
```

```
private static ArrayList<String> infixExpressions = new ArrayList<>();
       private static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
       private static Boolean logOn = false;
       public static void main(String[] args) {
           System.out.print("是否要开启日志模式(y or n)?");
           if("y".equals(scanner.nextLine())) { //是否打开文件日志
               logOn = true;
           }
           System.out.print("运算模式选择:\n1.读入文件\n2.实时输入\n 请选择:
");
           if(scanner.nextInt() == 1) { //进行实时计算或者读入文件
计算
               readFromFile("samples.txt");
               calculateExpressions();
           } else {
               liveCalculate();
           }
           if(logOn) {
               System.out.println("计算完成,日志保存在 log.txt 中");
           }
           Log.log("全部计算完成", logOn);
           Log.closeStream();
       }
       /**
        * 实时输入模式
        */
       private static void liveCalculate() {
           while(true) {
               scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
               System.out.print("请输入表达式(输入 q 退出):");
               String equation = scanner.nextLine();
               if("q".equals(equation)) {
```

```
break;
                }
                equation = equation.replaceAll(" ", "");
                infixExpressions.clear();
                 infixExpressions.add(equation);
                calculateExpressions();
            }
        }
        /**
         * 从文件中读取表达式并存入 ArrayList
         * @param path 文件路径
         */
        private static void readFromFile(String path) {
            try{
                 BufferedReader bufferedReader = new BufferedReader(new
FileReader(new File(path)));
                String tempStr = "";
                while((tempStr = bufferedReader.readLine()) != null) {
                     tempStr = tempStr.substring(1, tempStr.length() - 1);
                     infixExpressions.add(tempStr);
                }
                bufferedReader.close();
            }catch(Exception e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
         * 计算 ArrayList 中的表达式
         */
        private static void calculateExpressions() {
            for(String infixExpression : infixExpressions) {
```

```
System.out.println("The infix expression is " + infixExpression);
                if(infixExpression.matches(".*[a-zA-Z].*")) { //如果存在字
母则为表达式化简
                    String
                                          postfixExpression
convertToPostfix(addMultiply(infixExpression));
                    System.out.println("The postfix expression is
postfixExpression);
                    System.out.println();
                } else {
                    String
                                          postfixExpression
convertToPostfix(infixExpression);
                    System.out.println("The postfix expression
                                                                    is
postfixExpression);
                    double ans = calculatePostfixExpression(postfixExpression);
                    System.out.printf("The result is %.2f\n\n", ans);
                }
            }
        }
         * 为含有变量的表达式添加乘号
         * @param infixExpression 添加前的表达式
         * @return 添加完成后的表达式
         */
        private static String addMultiply(String infixExpression) {
            int j = 0;
            int length = infixExpression.length();
            StringBuilder tempBuilder = null;
            for(int i = 0; i < length - 1; i + +) {
                if((infixExpression.charAt(j) >= 48 && infixExpression.charAt(j)
<= 57) &&
                ((infixExpression.charAt()
                                                   1)
                                                          >=
                                                                  97
                                                                         &&
infixExpression.charAt(j + 1) <= 122)
```

```
Ш
                 (infixExpression.charAt(j + 1) >=
                                                       65
                                                            &&
infixExpression.charAt(j + 1) <= 90))) {
                tempBuilder = new StringBuilder(infixExpression);
                tempBuilder.insert(j + 1, "*");
                infixExpression = tempBuilder.toString();
                j ++;
             }
             j ++;
          }
          return infixExpression;
      }
      /**
       * 将中缀表达式转化为后缀表达式
       *1初始化一个栈
       * 2.逐个读取元素(数字或者操作符)
       * 3.如果遇到数字,直接输出
       *4.如果遇到操作符(不考虑括号),如果其优先级大于栈顶元素,就将栈顶
弹出,并重复4步骤,否则将该操作符压入栈中(栈为空的时候也直接压栈即可)
       *5.如果遇到左括号("("),直接将其压入栈中,如果遇到右括号(")"),循
环弹出顶栈元素,直到左括号为止(左括号也需要弹出,右括号不需要压栈),并且输
出所有被弹栈顶元素(左括号除外)
       * @param infixExpression 中缀表达式
       * @return 空格分割的后缀表达式
       */
       private static String convertToPostfix(String infixExpression) {
          Log.log(("开始转化中缀表达式:" + infixExpression + "\n"), logOn);
          StringBuilder postfixExpression = new StringBuilder();
          HashMap < String, Integer > priorityOrder = new HashMap < > ();
          Stack<String> convertStack = new Stack<>();
          priorityOrder.put("^", 3);
          priorityOrder.put("*", 2);
          priorityOrder.put("/", 2);
```

```
priorityOrder.put("+", 1);
             priorityOrder.put("-", 1);
             priorityOrder.put("(", 0);
             ArrayList < String > elementList = splitIntoPieces(infixExpression);
             for(int i = 0; i < elementList.size(); i ++) {
                  String element = elementList.get(i);
                 if("+".equals(element) || "-".equals(element) ||
                     "*".equals(element) || "/".equals(element) ||
                     "(".equals(element) || ")".equals(element) ||
                     "^".equals(element)) {
                      if(")".equals(element)) {
                           String tempString = null;
                          while(!"(".equals(tempString = convertStack.pop())) {
                               postfixExpression.append(tempString + " ");
                          }
                      }else if("(".equals(element)){
                          convertStack.push(element);
                      } else{
                           if(convertStack.isEmpty() || priorityOrder.get(element) >
priorityOrder.get(convertStack.getTop())) {
                               convertStack.push(element);
                          } else {
                               postfixExpression.append(convertStack.pop() + "
");
                               i --;
                               continue;
                          }
                      }
                 }else {
                      postfixExpression.append(element + " ");
                 }
                  Log.log(element, convertStack.toString(), logOn);
             }
```

```
while(!convertStack.isEmpty()) {
                 postfixExpression.append(convertStack.pop() + " ");
             }
             Log.log((" 成 功 转 化 为 后 缀 表 达 式 : " +
postfixExpression.toString().trim() + "\n\n"), logOn);
             return postfixExpression.toString().trim();
        }
        /**
          * 讲中缀表达式按照元素分割,存入 ArrayList
          * @param infixExpression 中缀表达式
          * @return 元素 List
          */
        private static ArrayList < String > splitIntoPieces(String infixExpression) {
             ArrayList < String > elementList = new ArrayList <> ();
             outer:for(int i = 0; i < infixExpression.length(); i ++) {
                 for(int j = i; j < infixExpression.length(); j ++) {
                      if(infixExpression.charAt(j) == '+' || infixExpression.charAt(j)
== '-' ||
                         infixExpression.charAt(j) == '*' || infixExpression.charAt(j)
== '/' ||
                         infixExpression.charAt(j) == '(' || infixExpression.charAt(j)
== ')' ||
                         infixExpression.charAt(j) == '^') {
                          if(infixExpression.charAt(i)
                                                                                 \parallel
                                                            ==
infixExpression.charAt(i) == '-' ||
                             infixExpression.charAt(i)
                                                                                 ==
infixExpression.charAt(i) == '/' ||
                             infixExpression.charAt(i)
                                                                        '('
                                                                                 ==
infixExpression.charAt(i) == ')' ||
                             infixExpression.charAt(i) == '^') {
                              elementList.add(infixExpression.substring(i, j + 1));
                              i = j;
```

```
} else {
                          elementList.add(infixExpression.substring(i, j));
                          i = j - 1;
                          break;
                      }
                  }else if(j == infixExpression.length() - 1) {
                      elementList.add(infixExpression.substring(i, j + 1));
                      break outer;
                  }
              }
           }
           return elementList;
       }
        * 计算后缀表达式的值
        *1.初始化一个栈
        * 2.遍历后缀表达式的所有元素
        * 3. 如果遇到数字,就将其直接压入栈
        *4.如果遇到运算符,就将顶栈的两个元素弹出,将执行该运算之后结果在压
入栈内
        *5.遍历结束后,栈内的唯一一个元素就是计算结果。
        *@param postfixExpression 后缀表达式
        * @return 后缀表达式的结果
        */
       private static double calculatePostfixExpression(String postfixExpression)
{
           Log.log(("开始计算后缀表达式:" + postfixExpression + "\n"), logOn);
           String[] elementArray = postfixExpression.split(" ");
           Stack<Double> calculateStack = new Stack<>();
           Double tempAns = 0.0;
           for(int i = 0; i < elementArray.length; <math>i + +) {
```

break;

```
String element = elementArray[i];
                 if("+".equals(element) || "-".equals(element) ||
                    "*".equals(element) || "/".equals(element) ||
                    "^".equals(element)) {
                     ArrayList < Double > tempList = calculateStack.popTwo();
                     if("+".equals(element)) {
                         tempAns = tempList.get(1) + tempList.get(0);
                         calculateStack.push(tempAns);
                     }else if("-".equals(element)) {
                         tempAns = tempList.get(1) - tempList.get(0);
                         calculateStack.push(tempAns);
                     }else if("*".equals(element)) {
                         tempAns = tempList.get(1) * tempList.get(0);
                         calculateStack.push(tempAns);
                     }else if("/".equals(element)) {
                         tempAns = tempList.get(1) / tempList.get(0);
                         calculateStack.push(tempAns);
                     }else if("^".equals(element)) {
                         tempAns = Math.pow(tempList.get(1), tempList.get(0));
                         calculateStack.push(tempAns);
                     }
                 } else {
                     calculateStack.push(Double.valueOf(element));
                 }
                 Log.log(element, calculateStack.toString(), logOn);
            }
             Log.log("计算完成,结果是:" + calculateStack.getTop() + "\n\n",
logOn);
             return calculateStack.getTop();
        }
    }
    /**
```

```
* 泛型栈类
* @param <T>
*/
class Stack<T> {
    private ArrayList<T> list = new ArrayList<>();
    public void push(T element) {
        list.add(element);
    }
    public T pop() {
        T element = list.get(list.size() - 1);
        list.remove(list.size() - 1);
        return element;
    }
    public ArrayList<T> popTwo() {
        ArrayList<T> elements = new ArrayList<>();
        elements.add(this.pop());
        elements.add(this.pop());
        return elements;
    }
    public T getTop() {
        return list.get(list.size() - 1);
    }
    public int getSize() {
        return list.size();
    }
    public boolean isEmpty() {
        if(list.isEmpty()) {
```

```
return true;
} else {
    return false;
}

@Override
public String toString() {
    return list.toString();
}
```