

# CCgen (Covert Channel generator)

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## Introduction

CCgen is a tool for creating, transmitting, and retrieving covert channels into TCP/IP features and packets.

CCgen has two operation modi: (a) **online**, in which covert channels are generated on-the-fly and transmitted to an aimed destination address, and (b) **offline**, in which covert channels are injected into existing flows of pcap captures. It also shows two operation roles: (1) **injector**, which creates and/or injects a covert channel, and (2) **extractor**, which receives and/or discloses a covert channel.

Hence, four different operational behaviours are possible: (a1) online injector, (a2) online extractor, (b1) offline injector, (b2) offline extractor.

## CCgen operational modi

Depending on the desired operational behaviour, CCgen accepts the following calls from a terminal:

- Online injector:  

```
$ python3 ccgen.py online inject <configuration_file>
```
- Online extractor:  

```
$ python3 ccgen.py online extract <configuration_file>
```
- Offline injector:  

```
$ python3 ccgen.py offline inject <configuration_file>
```
- Offline extractor:  

```
$ python3 ccgen.py offline extract <configuration_file>
```

## Configuration file

The configuration file is a plain TEXT file divided into three blocks:

- [Files] contains information about the files to use as inputs and outputs for the injection or extraction of the covert channel. It includes the following fields:
  - *input*: the original pcap to read.
  - *output*: the pcap generated by CCgen with the injected covert channel.
  - *message*: the path to the binary message text file

- *mapping*: the path to the mapping file. This file contains parameters and the relationship between the message and the field in which the covert channel is created. The *docs/techniques.md* links techniques with suitable mapping files examples included in the *MappingFiles* directory.
- [Filter]
  - *src\_ip*: source IP address established as covert channel sender.
  - *dst\_ip*: destination IP address established as covert channel receiver.
  - *src\_port*: source port that the sender uses to send the covert channel.
  - *dst\_port*: destination port in which the receiver receives the covert channel.
  - *proto*: protocol used by the sender and receiver of the covert channel
- [Iptables] is only required in the online mode
  - *chain*: ...
  - *queue*: ...
- [Channel]
  - *technique*: technique that will be used for injecting. Implemented techniques are documented in the *docs/techniques.md* file and have a corresponding python file in the [techniques] folder.
  - *bits*: slice the message into x bits (this should be compatible with the mapping used).
  - *layer*: layer where the covert channel is injected (IP, TCP or UDP). Generally IP should work in all cases.

(Note that, depending on the technique and flowkey used, some of these fields/parameters are not necessary.)

## Examples of configuration files    Offline injection:

---

```
[Files]
input: in.pcap
output: out.pcap
message: message_to_inject.txt
mapping: MappingFiles/mapping_bin.csv

[Filter]
src_ip: 200.60.153.149
dst_ip: 15.161.162.34

[Channel]
technique: ipflags
bits: 1
layer: IP
```

---

### Offline extraction:

---

```
[Files]
input: out.pcap
message: message_extracted.txt
mapping: MappingFiles/mapping_bin.csv
```

```
[Filter]
src_ip: 200.60.153.149
dst_ip: 15.161.162.34
```

```
[Channel]
technique: ipflags
bits: 1
layer: IP
```

### Online injection:

---

```
[Files]
message: message_to_inject.txt
mapping: MappingFiles/mapping_bin.csv
```

```
[Filter]
src_ip: 10.0.0.1
dst_ip: 10.0.0.2
```

```
[Iptables]
chain = OUTPUT
queue = 2
```

```
[Channel]
technique: ipflags
bits: 1
layer: IP
```

### Online extraction:

---

```
[Files]
message: message_extracted.txt
mapping: MappingFiles/mapping_bin.csv
```

```
[Filter]
src_ip: 10.0.0.1
dst_ip: 10.0.0.2

[Iptables]
chain = INPUT
queue = 1

[Channel]
technique: ipflags
bits: 1
layer: IP
```