

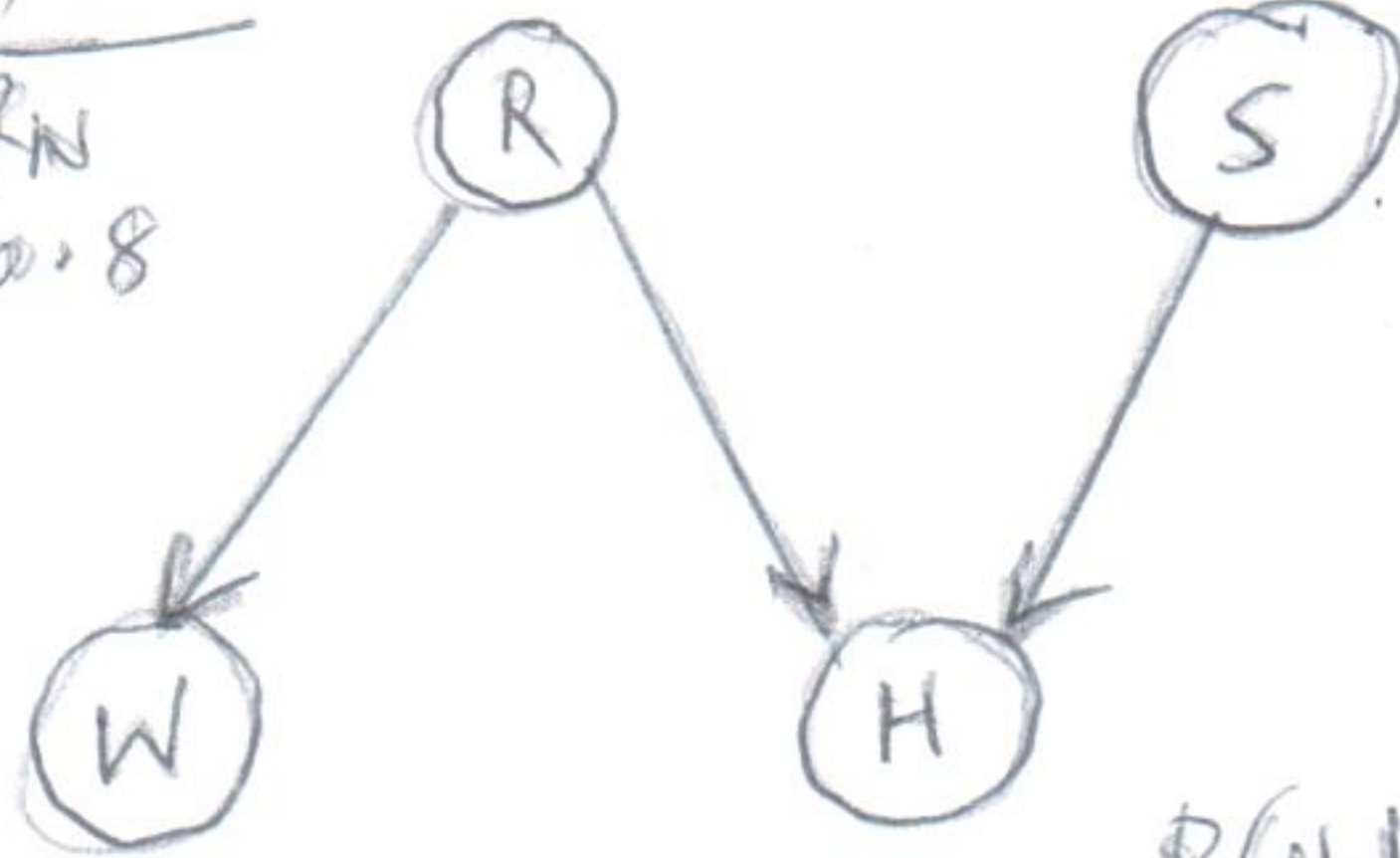
# Wet Grass Example!

$$P(R)$$

| $R_Y$ | $R_N$ |
|-------|-------|
| 0.2   | 0.8   |

$$P(S)$$

| $S_Y$ | $S_N$ |
|-------|-------|
| 0.1   | 0.9   |



$$P(W|R)$$

| $R_Y$ | $R_N$ |
|-------|-------|
| $W_Y$ | 1     |
| $W_N$ | 0     |
|       | 0.2   |
|       | 0.8   |

$$P(H|R, S)$$

|       | $R_Y, S_Y$ | $R_N, S_Y$ | $R_Y, S_N$ | $R_N, S_N$ |
|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| $H_Y$ | 1          | 0.9        | 1          | 0          |
| $H_N$ | 0          | 0.1        | 0          | 1          |

Initial values

| $b(x)$       | $\pi(x)$   | $\lambda(x)$ |
|--------------|------------|--------------|
| R (0.2, 0.8) | (0.2, 0.8) | (1, 1)       |
| S (0.1, 0.9) | (0.1, 0.9) | (1, 1)       |
| W            |            | (1, 1)       |
| H            |            | (1, 1)       |

$$\lambda_W(R) = [1, 1] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} = [1, 1]$$

$$\lambda_H(R) = [1, 1] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.9 \\ 0 & 0.1 \end{bmatrix} = [1, 1]$$

$$P(H|R) = \sum_S P(H|R, S) P(S|R) = \sum_S P(H|R, S) P(S)$$

$$P(H|S_Y) = [0.2 \ 0.8] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.9 & 0.1 \end{bmatrix} = [0.92, 0.08]$$

$$P(H|R_Y) = [0.1 \ 0.9] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = [1, 0]$$

$$P(H|S_N) = [0.2 \ 0.8] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = [0.2, 0.8]$$

$$P(H|R_N) = [0.1 \ 0.9] \begin{bmatrix} 0.9 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = [0.09, 0.91]$$

$$P(H|R) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.9 \\ 0 & 0.91 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P(H|S) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.92 & 0.2 \\ 0.08 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda(R) = [1, 1] \times [1, 1] = [1, 1]$$

$$\lambda(S) = [1, 1] \times [1, 1] = [1, 1]$$

$$\pi(W) = [0.2 \ 0.8] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.2 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} = [0.36, 0.64]$$

$$\pi(H) = [1, 1] \times [0.1 \ 0.9] \begin{bmatrix} 0.92 & 0.08 \\ 0.2 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} = [0.272, 0.728]$$



# Prior Probabilities

|   | $b(x)$        | $\pi(x)$      | $\lambda(x)$ |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| R | (0.2 0.8)     | (0.2 0.8)     | (1, 0)       |
| S | (0.1 0.9)     | (0.1 0.9)     | (1, 1)       |
| W | (0.36 0.64)   | (0.36 0.64)   | (1, 1)       |
| H | (0.272 0.728) | (0.272 0.728) | (1, 1)       |

Now,  $\lambda_H = [1, 0]$

$$\lambda_H = [1 \ 1]$$

$$\lambda_H(R) = [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.09 \\ 0 & 0.91 \end{bmatrix} = [1 \ 0.09]; \quad P(R) = \alpha_1 [0.2 \ 0.8] \times [1 \ 0.09] \\ \equiv [0.7353, 0.2647]$$

$$\lambda_H(S) = [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 0.92 & 0.2 \\ 0.08 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} = [0.92 \ 0.2]; \quad P(S) = \alpha_2 [0.1 \ 0.9] \times [0.92 \ 0.2] \\ \equiv [0.3382, 0.6618]$$

$\pi_W(R)$  gets changed!  $[0.7353, 0.2647]$

$$\pi(W) = [0.7353, 0.2647] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.2 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} = [0.7882, 0.2118]$$

Therefore!

Next he notices that the grass of Dr. Watson's garden is also wet, use previous approach

$$\lambda_W(R) = [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} = [1 \ 0.2], \quad P(R) = \alpha [0.2 \ 0.8] \times [1 \ 0.2] \\ \equiv [0.55, 0.45]$$

$$\lambda_H(S) = [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 0.955 & 0.55 \\ 0.045 & 0.45 \end{bmatrix} = [0.955 \ 0.55], \quad P(S) = \alpha [0.1 \ 0.9] \times [0.955 \ 0.55] \\ = [0.161 \ 0.839]$$

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow & \nearrow \\ P(H|S_y) & P(H|S_n) \\ [0.55 \ 0.45] & [1 \ 0] \\ [0.9 \ 0.1] & [0 \ 1] \end{matrix}$