A.03.01 – Trabalho de Fronteira

(Sistemas Fechados)

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Compiled on 2020-03-26 02h39m58s







- Trabalho de Fronteira
 - Qualitativo
 - Quantitativo

2 Tópicos de Leitura



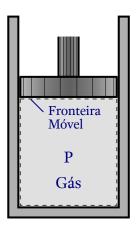




Trabalho de Fronteira – Definição

Trabalho de fronteira, W_f (kJ)

- É a interação energética
- de um sistema compressível
- capaz de diretamente realizar
- trabalho mecânico
- o por meio de uma fronteira móvel.







Trabalho de Fronteira – Aplicações

Aplicações incluem:

- Motores de combustão interna
- Motores Stirling
- Compressores alternativos
- Motores lineares
- Elevadores de carga e atuadores
- Expansores criogênicos



Image by Schlaich Bergermann und Partner from wikipedia.org







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Image by DarkWorkX from pixabay.com







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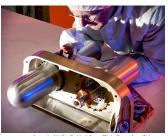
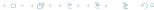


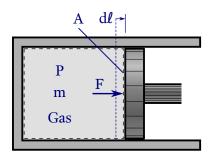
Image by NASA Goddard Space Flight Center from flickr.com







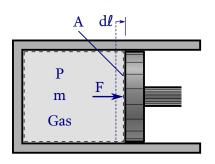
$$\delta W_f \equiv \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{\ell}$$







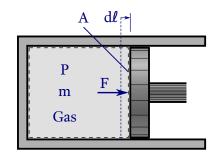
$$\delta W_f \equiv (|\vec{F}| \cdot |d\vec{\ell}|) \times \frac{A}{A} \rightarrow$$







$$\delta W_f \equiv (|\vec{F}| \cdot |d\vec{\ell}|) \times \frac{A}{A} \rightarrow \delta W_f = \frac{F}{A} \cdot A \, d\ell \rightarrow$$



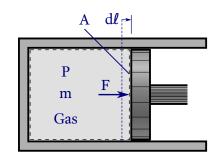




$$\delta W_f \equiv (|\vec{F}| \cdot |d\vec{\ell}|) \times \frac{A}{A} \rightarrow$$

$$\delta W_f = \frac{F}{A} \cdot A \, d\ell \rightarrow$$

$$\left(\frac{F}{A} \equiv P, \quad A \, d\ell \equiv dv\right) \rightarrow$$





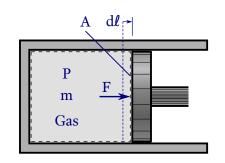


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$$\delta W_f = \frac{F}{A} \cdot A \, d\ell \rightarrow$$

$$\left(\frac{F}{A} \equiv P, \quad A \, d\ell \equiv dv\right) \rightarrow$$

$$\delta W_f = P \, dV$$





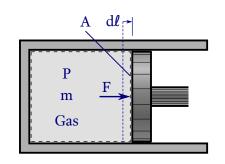


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$$\delta W_f = \frac{F}{A} \cdot A \, d\ell \rightarrow$$

$$\left(\frac{F}{A} \equiv P, \quad A \, d\ell \equiv dv\right) \rightarrow$$

$$(\delta W_f = P \, dV)/m \rightarrow$$









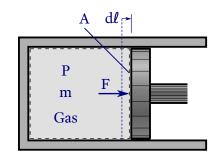
$$\delta W_f \equiv (|\vec{F}| \cdot |d\vec{\ell}|) \times \frac{A}{A} \rightarrow$$

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$$(\delta W_f = P \, dV)/m \rightarrow$$

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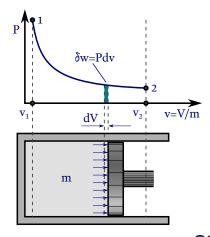








$$\delta w_f = P dv$$



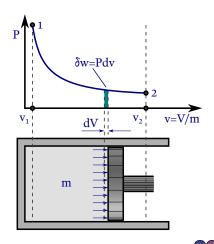






$$\delta w_f = P dv$$

$$w_{12} = \int_{1}^{2} \delta w_{f} = \int_{1}^{2} P \, dv$$

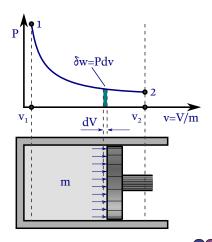






$$\delta w_f = P \, dv$$

$$\left(w_{12} = \int_1^2 \delta w_f = \int_1^2 P \, dv \right) \times m \to \infty$$





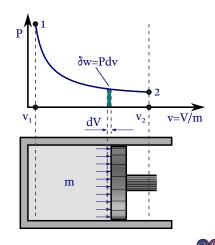




$$\delta w_f = P dv$$

$$\left(w_{12} = \int_1^2 \delta w_f = \int_1^2 P dv\right) \times m \rightarrow$$

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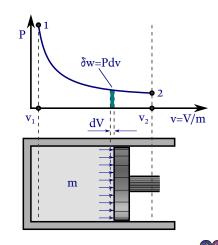




$$\delta w_f = P dv$$

$$\left(w_{12} = \int_1^2 \delta w_f = \int_1^2 P dv\right) \times m \rightarrow$$

$$W_{12} = \int_1^2 \delta W_f = \int_1^2 P dV \quad \therefore$$







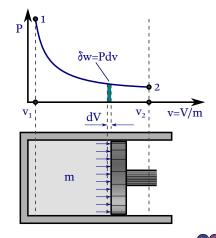
Processo de quase-equilíbrio 1-2:

$$\delta w_f = P dv$$

$$\left(w_{12} = \int_1^2 \delta w_f = \int_1^2 P dv\right) \times m \rightarrow$$

$$W_{12} = \int_1^2 \delta W_f = \int_1^2 P dV \quad \therefore$$

 W_f é a área sob o processo em coordenadas P - v.







Trabalho de Fronteira





Trabalho de Fronteira – Teorema

Here's a subtitle

Theorem

Colors do mix.

Demonstração.

It's all over this presentation!





Tópicos de Leitura I



Çengel, Y. A. e Boles, M. A.

Termodinâmica 7ª Edição. Seção 4-1.

AMGH. Porto Alegre. ISBN 978-85-8055-200-3.





