

C++:
Streams (specifically file I/O)

PLEASE Look at this Video

- 3 minute video on pointers and references
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LwAPKuJpvmA>
- (BTW I'm sorry about its weird background music)

File I/O

- `#include <fstream>`
- Provide char I/O to files
- Usually want to follow pattern
open -> read or write -> close

If reading file use `ifstream`



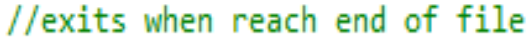
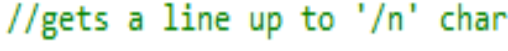

If writing file use `ofstream`

File I/O Opening a file

- `.open(filename,mode)`
- Filename is `const char *`, *a pointer*.
- Use `std::string` instead, easier and safer
- `String.c_str()` will return a `const char` pointer to string contents
- mode (flags)
 - `ios::inOpen` for input
 - `ios::outOpen` for output
 - `ios::binaryOpen` binary, encryption, images etc
 - `ios::ate` Set initial position at the end of the file. Default is beginning
 - `ios::app` append to end of the file
 - `ios::trunc` if exists, open and delete contents

File I/O reading a file

```
std::string myfile = "MyTestFile.txt";
```

```
void readFile(){  
    ifstream myInputfile;  
    myInputfile.open(myfile.c_str(), ios::in);   
    //note the .c_str() call on MYFILE  
    //read and count the data  
  
    if (myInputfile.is_open()){   
        std::string line;  
  
        while (!myInputfile.eof()) {   
            getline(myInputfile, line);   
            cout<<line;  
        }  
        myInputfile.close();   
    }  
}
```

File I/O writing a file

```
std::string myfile = "MyTestFile.txt";
```

```
void writeFile() {  
    ofstream myOutputfile;  
    myOutputfile.open(myfile.c_str()); //could open with flags myfile.open(MYFILE, ios::out)  
                                       //note the .c_str() call on MYFILE  
    myOutputfile << "Writing this to a file.\n";  
    myOutputfile.close();  
}
```

See <http://www.cplusplus.com/doc/tutorial/files/>