

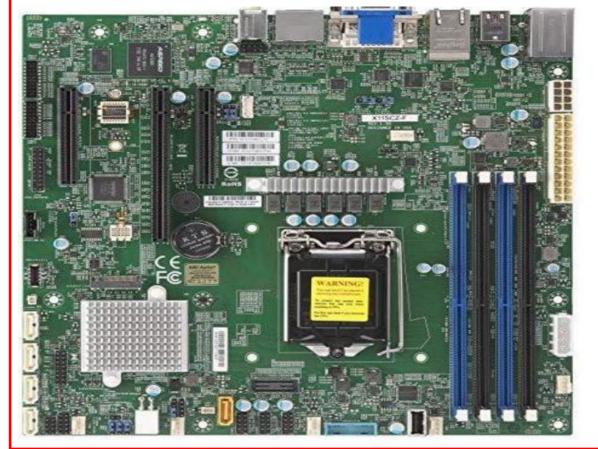
Press power to turn on

## Computer Motherboard **Power Button**

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### Computer Motherboard **Power Button** Powers up the MotherBoard







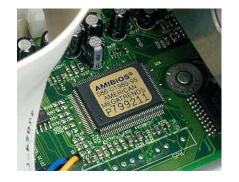
BTW Here is what a motherboard looks like.

### Computer Motherboard The processor on the motherboard starts executing instructions at a predetermined address (0xFFFFFF0 for the x86). This address range contains the BIOS, a discrete chip on the motherboard

**Motherboard** 

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BTW Here is what a BIOS chip looks like

# Computer Motherboard BIOS The processor on the motherboard starts executing instructions at a predetermined address (0xFFFFFFF0 for the x86). This address range contains the BIOS, a discrete chip on the motherboard

### **Motherboard**

### **BIOS**

Does POST Loads bootloader The processor on the motherboard starts executing instructions at a predetermined address (0xFFFFFFF0 for the x86).

This address range contains the BIOS, a discrete chip on the motherboard

The BIOS is flash memory, which means you can update it without removing the chip.

The BIOS conducts a POST, then finds the boot disk and attempts to find the bootloader which starts on the first sector.

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What is boot disk and where is it defined?

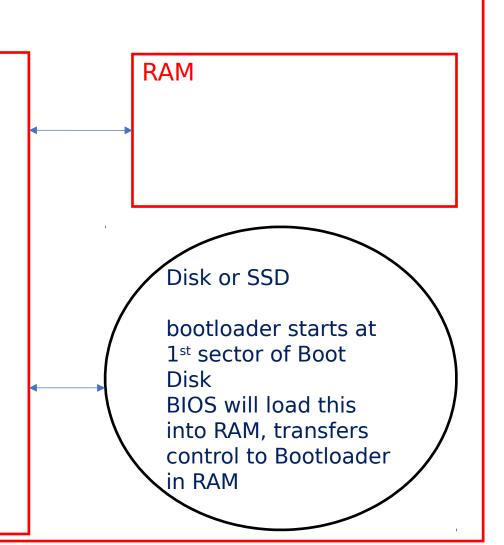
PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility		
Main Advanced Securit	y Boot Exit	
Custon Ting.	rod. 11 .cci	Item Specific Help
System Time: System Date:	[ <b>01</b> :11:55] [06/30/2016]	⟨T-L\ ⟨CL:C4 T-L\
Legacy Diskette A: Legacy Diskette B:	[1.44/1.25 MB 3½"] [Disabled]	<tab>, <shift-tab>, or <enter> selects field.</enter></shift-tab></tab>
<ul> <li>▶ Primary Master</li> <li>▶ Primary Slave</li> <li>▶ Secondary Master</li> <li>▶ Secondary Slave</li> </ul>	[42950 MB] [None] [CD-ROM] [None]	
► Keyboard Features	CAO VID	
System Memory: Extended Memory: Boot-time Diagnostic Screen:	640 KB 523264 KB [Disabled]	
F1 Help ↑↓ Select Item - Esc Exit ↔ Select Menu I	-/+ Change Values Inter Select ► Sub-M	F9 Setup Defaults enu F10 Save and Exit

In the BIOS setup, get here by pressing F2 or F6 while starting machine Here 42950 MB device is the boot disk.

### Motherboard

### **BIOS**

confirms there is a bootloader on Boot disk, loads it from disk into RAM, and then transfers control to the bootloader in RAM



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### **BIOS**

confirms there is a bootloader on Boot disk, loads it from disk into RAM, and then transfers control to the bootloader in RAM RAM

Bootloader finds and loads OS from Disk to RAM, then transfers control to OS

Disk or SSD

bootloader starts at 1st sector of Boot Disk BIOS will load this into RAM, transfers control to Bootloader in RAM

### Motherboard

### **BIOS**

Does POST

confirms there is a bootloader on Boot disk, loads it from disk into RAM, and then transfers control to the bootloader in RAM RAM
OS is now loaded and running

Disk or SSD

1st sector of Boot Disk BIOS will load this into RAM, transfers control to Bootloader in RAM

bootloader starts at