CS 475/575

Audio

Content adapted from CS378 - Mobile Computing http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~scottm/cs378/schedule.htm Used with permission

Sound

- SoundPool easy to use, great for short sounds, use for games (background sounds looping etc.). Hard limit on size of soundfile (~1Mb but this # will likely change)
- MediaPlayer bit more complex, better suited for longer sounds streaming music and movies

SoundPool

Android class for playing simple sounds

```
SoundPool sp = null;
```

Using SoundPool

- Great for applications with a number of short sound samples
- maxStreams parameter sets maximum number of sounds that can be played at once via this SoundPool
- If max is exceeded, stream with lowest priority stopped
 - and then by age (oldest) with lowest priority

SoundPool play

public final int play (int soundID, float leftVolume, float rightVolume, int priority, int loop, float rate)

Parameters

soundID a soundID returned by the load() function

leftVolume left volume value (range = 0.0 to 1.0)

rightVolume right volume value (range = 0.0 to 1.0)

priority stream priority (0 = lowest priority)

loop loop mode (0 = no loop, -1 = loop forever)

rate playback rate (1.0 = normal playback, range 0.5 to 2.0)

Using SoundPool

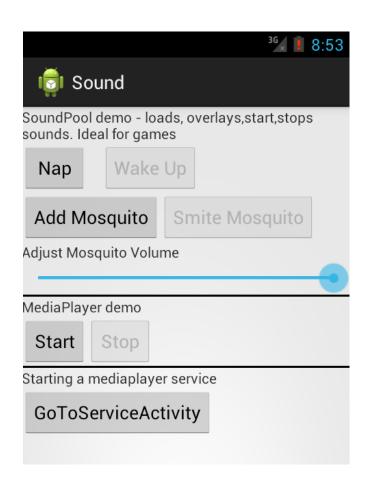
- Looping of sounds:
 - 0 no looping
 - -1 loop forever
 - >0, play that many times
- frequency (speed) can be changed
 - -range from 0.5 to 2.0
 - −0.5 twice as long to play
 - -2.0 half as long to play

SoundPool Example

```
SoundPool sp = null;
int napStream = UNINITIALIZED;
//get soundpool object
sp = new SoundPool(MAX STREAMS, AudioManager.STREAM MUSIC, 0);
//load our sounds
trackNap = sp.load(this, R.raw.snore,0);
trackMosquito = sp.load(this, R.raw.mosquito,0);
trackSmite = sp.load(this, R.raw.flyswat,0);
private void doNap() {
    //create stream, the int returned is the value you use to clobber it
    if ( napStream == UNINITIALIZED){
        napStream = sp.play(trackNap, LEFTVOLUME, RIGHTVOLUME, PRIORITY, LOOPFOREVER, RATE);
        Log.d(TAG, "starting nap stream " + Integer.toString(napStream) );
    setNapState();
public void doWakeup(View v){
    sp.stop(napStream);
    napStream = UNINITIALIZED;
   setNapState();
```

Simple Sound Demo App

- audio files local to app placed in res/raw
- CAUTION
 - large sound files difficult to install on emulator:
 - better success with devphones / actual devices

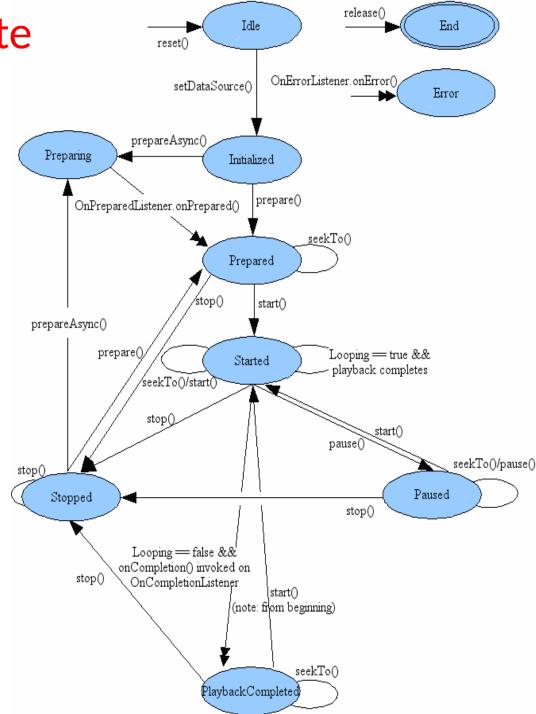


Android Audio

- Use the MediaPlayer class
- Common Audio Formats supported:
 - MP3, MIDI (.mid and others), Vorbis (.ogg),WAVE (.wav) and others
- Sources of audio
 - local resources (part of app)
 - internal URIs (Content Provider for other audio available)
 - -External URLs (streaming)

MediaPlayer State
Diagram

- Single arrows are synchronous transitions
- Double arrows are asynchronous transitions
- Delicate!! See
- http
 ://developer.android.com/refere
 nce/android/media/MediaPlayer.
 html#StateDiagram



Playing Local Audio

- To play audio local to the app
- use the MediaPlayer.create convenience method
 - when complete MediaPlayer in the prepared state
- Then just start MediaPlayer

playSound method

```
private void playSound(int songID) {
    MediaPlayer mediaPlayer = MediaPlayer.create(this, songID);
    mediaPlayer.start();
    // no need to call prepare(); create() does that for you
}
```

- okay for short sounds
- downsides:
 - plays to completion
 - multiple sounds play at same time (desirable in some cases)
 - audio continues to play when app paused

Changing Behavior Starting and Stopping

- Add instance variable for MediaPlayer
- Have start and stop methods

```
private void startMP() {
   mp = MediaPlayer.create(this,R.raw.mosquito);
   mp.start();
   mp.setOnCompletionListener(this);
    setMediaPlayerButtonState(false);
 private void stopMP(MediaPlayer mp) { in ActivitySound class
    if (mp != null){
       mp.stop();
        mp.release();
        mp = null;
    setMediaPlayerButtonState(true);
```

Cleaning Up

- Current version does not end well
- Audio continues to play if back button pressed and even if home button pressed!
- Activity Life Cycle onPause we should stop MediaPlayer and release

```
protected void onPause() {
    super.onPause();
    if (mp!= null) {
        mp.stop();
        if (mp!= null) {
            mp.release();
            mp = null;
        }
}
```

Saving State

 Resume music where we left off if paused or activity destroyed due to orientation change

```
@Override
protected void onSaveInstanceState(Bundle outState) {
    super.onSaveInstanceState(outState);
    stopPlayer();
@Override
protected void onPause() {
    super.onPause();
    stopPlayer();
```

Saving MediaPlayer State

 Not a lot of data so used the SharedPreferences

```
private void stopPlayer() {
    if(player != null) {
        if(player.isPlaying()) {
            SharedPreferences mPrefs
                    = getSharedPreferences("sound_demo", MODE_PRIVATE);
            SharedPreferences.Editor ed = mPrefs.edit();
            ed.putInt("songID", currentSongID);
            ed.putInt("audioLocation", player.getCurrentPosition());
            ed.commit();
        player.stop();
        player.release();
        player = null;
```

Restarting Audio

- In onCreate check if audio was interrupted recreate player with same songid and move to correct position
- Can write data to shared preferences or bundle (onSaveInstanceState) and pull out in onCreate

Playing Audio from Phone

- If audio is on device / system, but not local to app use a URI
- Obtain URIs of Music via a Content resolver

Playing Audio from Remote URL

- Straightforward given the URL
- Currently works on Physical Device (not emulator)
- See 14_Sound project

Completion of Audio

 If action required when audio done playing, implement the MediaPlayer.onCompletionListener interface

```
MediaPlayer.OnCompletionListener done
          = new MediaPlayer.OnCompletionListener() {
      @Override
      public void onCompletion(MediaPlayer mp) {
          // take necessary action on completion
• Or could make activity the listener
```

SoundPool or MediaPlayer

Soundpool

- Short clips (~10s) that are loaded fast
- Loaded up font when soundpool created
- Multiple streams can play at same time
- Good for game sound effects (gun fire, explosions etc)

MediaPlayer

- Longer audio tracks (also streamed)
- Loaded in chunks, decoding is on-the-fly.
- One audio stream per player, (can have multiple players though)
- Good for a music player or podcast app

lacktriangle

References

<u>SeekBar http</u>
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 k-tutorial-seekbar-example
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 http://www.vogella.com/articles/AndroidMedi a/article.html