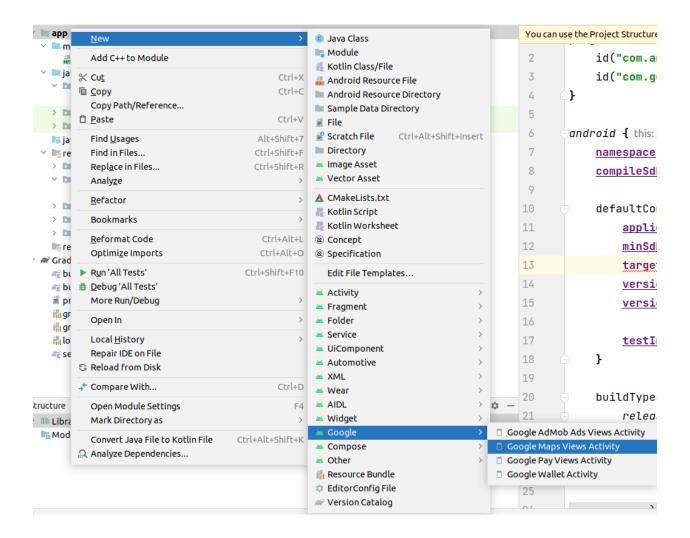
## In Class Lab: Making a google Maps Application

Create a google maps activity, add a toolbar with a spinner for map type. Add some menu items for places where you should go.

Create a new project, choose 'Empty Views Activity"
remove the MainActivity.java and its associated layout file in res/layout
right click on the app and add a new 'Google Maps Views Activity'



```
remove mainactivity from manifest and then add in the Maps Activity, like this
<a href="#">activity</a>
  android:name=".MapsActivity"
  android:exported="true"
  android:label="@string/title activity maps" >
<intent-filter>
  <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
  <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
</intent-filter>
</activity>
In manifest look at following text
<!--
   TODO: Before you run your application, you need a Google Maps API key.
   To get one, follow the directions here:
    https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-sdk/get-api-key
   Once you have your API key (it starts with "Alza"), define a new property in your
   project's local.properties file (e.g. MAPS API KEY=Aiza...), and replace the
   "YOUR API KEY" string in this file with "${MAPS API KEY}".
<meta-data
  android:name="com.google.android.geo.API_KEY"
```

Go to the link shown above, create a key and copy it to the YOUR\_API\_KEY in above local.properties file. This will allow you to retrieve map tiles from Google. Forget to do this, you get no tiles.

android:value="YOUR\_API\_KEY" />

```
In activity_maps.xml - change the lone fragment to the following, this gives you a toolbar with a spinner
as well as a map fragment
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.coordinatorlayout.widget.CoordinatorLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  tools:context=".MapsActivity">
  <com.google.android.material.appbar.AppBarLayout</p>
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content">
    <androidx.appcompat.widget.Toolbar
       android:id="@+id/toolbar"
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout_height="?attr/actionBarSize"
       android:background="?attr/colorPrimary">
      <Spinner
         android:id="@+id/spinner"
         android:layout width="wrap content"
         android:layout height="wrap content"
         android:paddingRight="10dp"/>
    </androidx.appcompat.widget.Toolbar>
  </com.google.android.material.appbar.AppBarLayout>
  <fragment xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    xmlns:map="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:id="@+id/map"
    android:name="com.google.android.gms.maps.SupportMapFragment"
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    tools:context=".MapsActivity"/>
</androidx.coordinatorlayout.widget.CoordinatorLayout>
```

## add following to gradle.properties to use R.id... in switch statements

android.nonFinalResIds=false

```
Add the following to strings.xml under res/values
<string-array name="map_types">
   <item>Normal</item>
   <item>Hybrid</item>
    <item>Satellite</item>
   <item>Terrain</item
    <item>None</item>
</string-array>
Add a menu folder and a file called menu.xml under res. Put the following in menu.xml. These will be the location selection choices available in
<menu xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
   xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto">
       android:id="@+id/action_KP"
       app:showAsAction="never'
       android:title="KP"></item>
       android:id="@+id/action_NZ"
       app:showAsAction="never"
       android:title="Christchurch"></item>
       android:id="@+id/action_MT"
       app:showAsAction="never"
       android:title="Milford"></item>
       android:id="@+id/action_RT"
       app:showAsAction="never"
       android:title="Routeburn"></item>
in res/values/styles change the theme, otherwise your app fails because you are creating an actionbar when one already exists
parent="Theme.AppCompat.Light.DarkActionBar">
parent="Theme.AppCompat.Light.NoActionBar">
   <!-- Primary brand color. -->
  <item name="colorPrimary">@color/purple_500</item>
   <item name="colorPrimaryVariant">@color/purple 700</item>
   <item name="colorOnPrimary">@color/white</item>
   <!-- Secondary brand color. -->
  <item name="colorSecondary">@color/teal 200</item>
  <item name="colorSecondaryVariant">@color/teal 700</item>
   <item name="colorOnSecondary">@color/black</item>
   <!-- Status bar color. -->
   <item name="android:statusBarColor"
```

get rid of the night theme if it exists so above theme is used for day and night.

```
in colors.xml in res/colors add the following

<color name="purple_200">#FFBB86FC</color>

<color name="purple_500">#FF6200EE</color>
```

tools:targetApi="I">?attr/colorPrimaryVariant</item>

</style>

```
<color name="purple_700">#FF3700B3</color>
<color name="teal_200">#FF03DAC5</color>
<color name="teal_700">#FF018786</color>
```

## In MainActivity

```
dump the binding (or use it, it's up to you)
Change the interface from FragmentActivity to AppCompatActivity. This lets you set the actionbar
(AppCompatActivity is a child of FragmentActivity).
public class MapsActivity extends AppCompatActivity implements OnMapReadyCallback {
Modify onCreate to set your actionBar
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
  super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
  setContentView(R.layout.activity_maps);
  Toolbar toolbar = (Toolbar) findViewById(R.id.toolbar);
  setSupportActionBar(toolbar);
  // Obtain the SupportMapFragment and get notified when the map is ready to be used.
  SupportMapFragment mapFragment = (SupportMapFragment) getSupportFragmentManager()
      .findFragmentById(R.id.map);
  mapFragment.getMapAsync(this);
}
And in onMapReady(...)
Set up the spinner after the map is loaded and ready otherwise the
user will try to change the map type before its loaded
public void onMapReady(GoogleMap googleMap) {
   mMap = googleMap;
   //start at my house
   mMap.addMarker(new MarkerOptions().position(KP_HOUSE).title("Marker KP"));
   mMap.moveCamera(CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLng(KP_HousE));
   setupSimpleSpinner();
}
Override and add so that the overflow button appears in the Appbar
@Override
public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {
   // Inflate the menu; this adds items to the ac
getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.menu, menu);
                      this adds items to the action bar if it is present.
   return true;
//handle item selection from the overflow menu
public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(MenuItem item) {
   switch (item.getItemId()) {
       case R.id.action_KP:
          goToKP();
           break;
```

```
case R.id.action NZ:
            goToNZ();
            break;
        case R.id.action_MT:
            goToMT();
           break;
        case R.id.action_RT:
            goToRT();
            break;
        default:
            break;
    return true;
}
Add some locations as class member variables
private static final LatLng KP_HOUSE = new LatLng(37.047291, -76.493837);
//some locations to travel to
private void goToKP() {
 CameraUpdate camera = CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLngZoom(KP_HOUSE, 15);
 mMap.addMarker(new MarkerOptions().position(CC_NZ).title("Keith and Lynns house"));
 mMap.animateCamera(camera);
}
private void goToNZ() {
    CameraUpdate camera = CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLngZoom(CC_NZ, 15);
    mMap.addMarker(new MarkerOptions().position(CC_NZ).title("Christchurch NZ"));
    mMap.animateCamera(camera);
private void goToMT() {
    CameraUpdate camera = CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLngZoom(NZ_MT, 15);
    mMap.addMarker(new MarkerOptions().position(NZ_MT).title("Milford Track NZ\nworlds best hike"));
    mMap.animateCamera(camera);
}
private void goToRT() {
    CameraUpdate camera = CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLngZoom(NZ_RT, 15);
    mMap.addMarker(new MarkerOptions().position(NZ_RT).title("Routeburn Track NZ\nworlds best hike"));
    mMap.animateCamera(camera);
And finally the spinner
AdapterView.OnItemSelectedListener mySpinnerListener;
private void setupSimpleSpinner() {
    Spinner spinner = (Spinner) findViewById(R.id.spinner);
      Create an ArrayAdapter using the string array and a default spinner layout
    ArrayAdapter < CharSequence > adapter = ArrayAdapter . createFromResource(this,
            R.array.map_types, android.R.layout.simple_spinner_item);
    // Specify the layout to use when the list of choices appears
    adapter.setDropDownViewResource(android.R.layout.simple_spinner_dropdown_item);
    // Apply the adapter to the spinner
    spinner.setAdapter(adapter);
    //set listener
    mySpinnerListener = new AdapterView.OnItemSelectedListener() {
        public void onItemSelected(AdapterView<?> parent, View view, int position, long id) {
            switch (position) {
                  Sets the map type
               case 0:
                   mMap.setMapType(GoogleMap.MAP_TYPE_NORMAL);
                   break;
               case 1:
                   mMap.setMapType(GoogleMap.MAP_TYPE_HYBRID);
                   break;
               case 2:
                   mMap.setMapType(GoogleMap.MAP_TYPE_SATELLITE);
```

```
break;
                  case 3:
                       mMap.setMapType(GoogleMap.MAP_TYPE_TERRAIN);
                       break;
                  case 4:
                       mMap.setMapType(GoogleMap.MAP_TYPE_NONE);
                       break;
                  default:
                       break;
              }
         }
          * Callback method to be invoked when the selection disappears from this
* view. The selection can disappear for instance when touch is activated
          * or when the adapter becomes empty.
          * @param parent The AdapterView that now contains no selected item.
*/
         @Override
         public void onNothingSelected(AdapterView<?> parent) {
         }
    };
    //respond when spinner clicked
    spinner.setOnItemSelectedListener(mySpinnerListener);
}
```