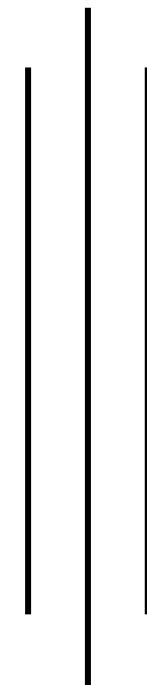


SAGARMATHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(TU Affiliated)

Sanepa, Lalitpur



LAB NO: 1

A LAB REPORT ON

**DATA TRANSFER, ARITHMETIC & LOGICAL GROUP INSTRUCTIONS IN 8085
MICROPROCESSOR**

Submitted By

Name:

Faculty/Year:

Roll No.:

Date:

Submitted To

Department of Electronics and Computer Engineering

Signature:

Date:

MICROPROCESSOR LAB-01

TITLE

USE OF DATA TRANSFER, ARITHMETIC & LOGICAL GROUP INSTRUCTIONS IN 8085 MICROPROCESSOR.

Objective

- ✓ To be familiar with assembly simulator interface
- ✓ To be familiar with basic 8085 instructions

Hardware/Software Required

- Computer with internet
- Sim8085 online simulator

Related Theory

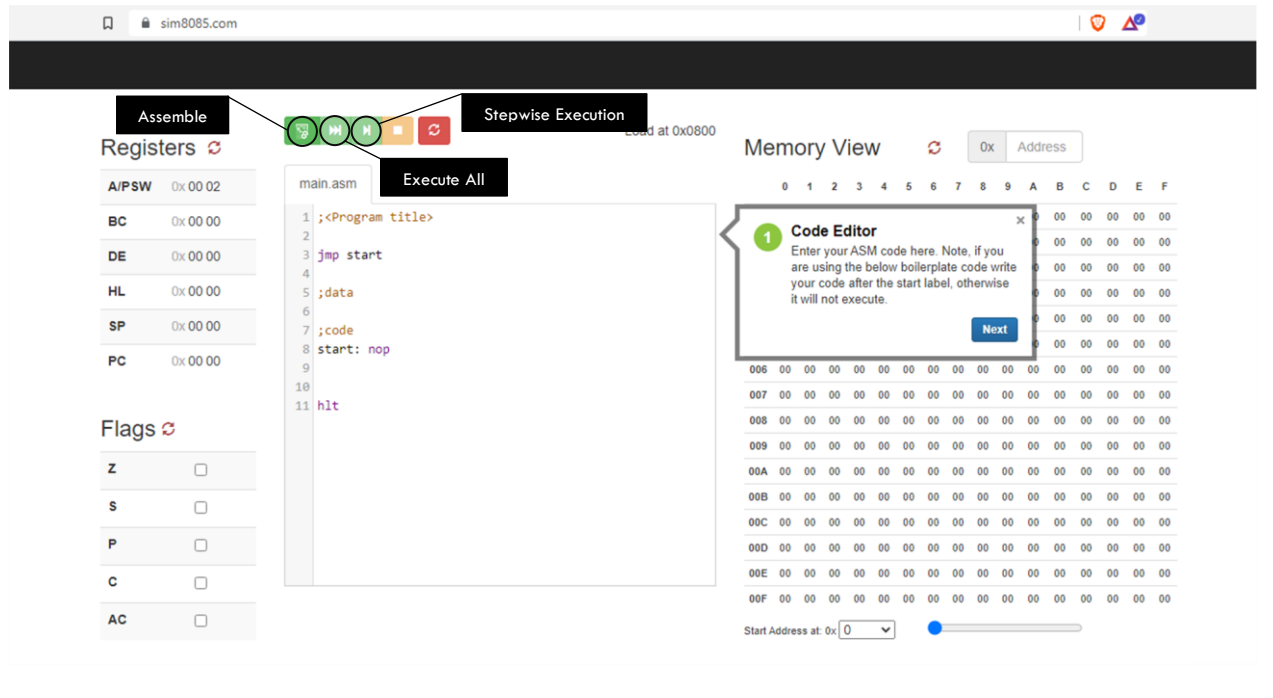
Data Transfer Group Instructions: This instruction group copies data from a source location to destination location without modifying the contents of the source.

Arithmetic Group Instructions: This instruction group performs arithmetic operations such as addition, subtraction, increment and decrement.

Logical Group Instructions: The instruction group performs logical operations like AND, OR, NOT (complement), and bitwise shift.

MICROPROCESSOR LAB-01

Software Interface



Procedure

- 1) Make sure that your computer is connected to the internet and then browse www.sim8085.com
- 2) Write your assembly code at code editor section as shown in figure above.
- 3) After writing your code, click assemble button to assemble and click “Stepwise Execution” button to execute line by line or click “Execute All” button to execute all code at a time.
- 4) Verify your results by inspecting “Memory View”, “Register View” and Flags sections.
- 5) Note that you can manually insert values on memory or registers by double or triple clicking.



MICROPROCESSOR LAB-01

Code and Observations

Data Transfer Group

MVI D, 7AH MOV A, D STA 9000H HLT	LDA 9000H MOV B, A HLT	LXI H, 9000H MVI M, 33H HLT	LXI B, 90A0H LDAX B HLT	LHLD 9000H XCHG HLT	MVI A, 50H LXI B, 9000H STAX B HLT
D = A = [9000] =	A = B = Assume [9000] = A6	H = L = [9000] =	A = B = C = Assume [90A0] = 9A	H = L = D = E = Assume [9000] = 77 [9001] = 44	B = C = [9000] =
LXI H, 1234H SHLD 9000H HLT	LXI SP, 9008 LXI B, 1234H PUSH B HLT	LXI SP, 9005 POP D HLT	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Write a program to exchange the content of location 9010H and 9020H. (<i>Load values manually</i>) WAP to display lower byte of a sixteen-bit number having memory location 9000 on port address 80H and higher byte on port address 81H. 		
H = L = [9000] = [9001] =	B = C = [9007] = [9006] =	D = E = Assume [9005] = 11 [9006] = 66			

Arithmetic Group Instructions

Please fill up the updated register, memory location, flags, or IO port using the convention showed in the example after executing the following code line by line.

Example	
MVI A, 45H	$A \leftarrow 45H$
MVI B, 7AH	$B \leftarrow 7AH$
ACI 22H	$A \leftarrow 45H + 22H + 0$
ADD B	$A \leftarrow 67H + 7AH, (S=I, P=I, AC=I)$
STA 9000H	$[9000H] \leftarrow E1H$
LXI D, 2277H	
LXI H, 3388H	
DAD D	
INX H	
SHLD 9000H	
HLT	

```
MVI A, F3H
ADI 28H
STA 9050H
MVI A, 00H
ADC A
STA 9051H
HLT
```

Q. There are three 16-bit data at location 9000H, 9002H and 9004H. WAP to add all the values and store the 24 bit result at 9007.



MICROPROCESSOR LAB-01

Code and Observations

Logical Group Instructions

MVI A, 18H
MVI D, 24H
ANI 0FH
ORA D
CMA
HLT

MVI A, 35H
MVI D, 7EH
ANA D
XRI 55H
ORI 83H
RRC
HLT

Q1. Compare the content of memory location [9000H] = 41H with [9001H] = 40H and [9002H] = 41H. Observe and note the content of flag.

Q2. Set D₂ bit and reset D₅ bit of data at memory location [9000H] = 63H. And store the result at location [9005H] = ?.

Rough

Result

All the given instructions are executed, and all the results are verified.