Entropia 1.5

User's Guide

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Entropia is an open-source command-line tool that implements a family of conformance checking measures. This guide is intended to explains through a series of simple steps how to use the *Entropia* tool to measure precision and recall between a model and an event log using classical non-deterministic and stochastic conformance checking approaches. This guide covers the following topics:

- 1. Getting Started: find out how to get Entropia and prerequisites required to run the tool.
- 2. Classical Non-deterministic Conformance Checking Measures: The *Entropia* commands for the are provided where each command-line instruction is illustrated with an example, making it easy to find the information you are looking for. The section covers the following measures:
 - 1. Exact Matching Precision and Recall [5],
 - 2. Partial Matching Precision and Recall [3]; and
 - 3. Controlled Partial Matching Precision and Recall [1],
- 3. The *Entropia* commands for stochastic conformance checking measures. Here, you can find out a detailed description you need to apply different stochastic conformance checking approaches. The section includes the following measures:
 - 1. Stochastic Precision and Recall [2]; and
 - 2. Entropic Relevance [4].

Getting Started with Entropia

This section will quickly get you started in using the Entropia tool.

a) Checking for Prerequisite

Prior to running the *Entropia* commands, you will need to ensure that the **JDK** (Java Development Kit) is in place.

b) Downloading and Running Entropia

- Clone or download the JPBT library to your local machine: https://github.com/jbpt/codebase/.
- 2. Navigate to the **jbpt-pm/entropia/** folder in your terminal.
- 3. Issue the following command to verify that the *Entropia* tool is properly downloaded and display its version number as shown in the output screen:

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -v
```

Output Screen:

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -v
1.5
```

Use the option (-h) to display the help message that shows information of the core and specific options of the *Entropia* tool.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -h
```

Output Screen:

```
java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -h
 ______
Tool to compute quality measures for Process Mining and Process Querying ver. 1.5.
For support, please contact us at jbpt.project@gmail.com.
PNML format:
              http://www.pnml.org/
XES format:
               https://xes-standard.org/
_____
usage: java -jar jbpt-pm.jar <options>
-dent,--diluted-entropy
-doent,--diluted-optimized-entropy
                                             compute entropy measure (for "diluted" traces)
                                             compute entropy measure (for "diluted" traces with optimization)
-ent,--entropy
-h,--help
                                             compute entropy measure (for exact traces)
                                             print help message
 -popr,--partial-optimized-precision-recall
                                             compute entropy-based precision and recall (partial trace matching with optimization)
                                             compute entropy-based precision and recall (partial trace matching)
 -ppr,--partial-precision-recall
 -pr,--precision-recall
                                             compute entropy-based precision and recall (exact
                                             trace matching)
 -rel,--relevant <file path>
                                             model that describes relevant traces (XES or PNML)
 -ret,--retrieved <file path>
                                             model that describes retrieved traces (XES or PNML)
                                             print the results only add specified amount of skips to traces
 -s,--silent
 -sk,--skips
                                             add specified amount of skips to relevant traces
 -skrel, --skrelevant < number of skips>
 -skret, -- skretrieved < number of skips >
                                             add specified amount of skips to retrieved traces
    --version
                                             get version of this tool
 ·-----
                                             _____
```

Models and Event Log

The tutorial will use example files that are provided with the tool, which are the event log coded in XES format (log.xes), process model modelled as a Petri Net (model.pnml) and stochastic process model as an SDFA coded in JSON format (automaton.json). Table 1, Figure 1 and Figure 2 represent the three files, respectively.

All files are located in the folder jbpt-pm/entropia/examples/. If the folder does not contain the files, you can download them from https://github.com/jbpt/codebase/tree/master/jbpt-pm/entropia/examples/. It is recommended to use the event log and models provided to understand how to run the *Entropia* commands. Then, try it with your own data. Refer to Table III in the demo paper for more details about file types and formats supported by the tool.

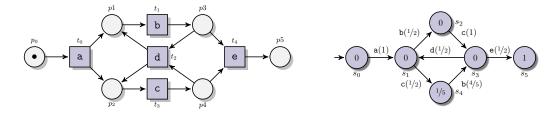


Figure 1: Process Model.

Figure 2: Stochastic Process Model.

Trace
$\langle \mathtt{a},\mathtt{b},\mathtt{c},\mathtt{e} \rangle$
$\langle a, b, c, d, c, b, e \rangle$
$\langle \mathtt{a},\mathtt{b},\mathtt{d},\mathtt{c},\mathtt{b},\mathtt{e} \rangle$
$\langle \mathtt{a}, \mathtt{c}, \mathtt{e} angle$
$\langle \mathtt{b}, \mathtt{c}, \mathtt{e} \rangle$
$\langle \mathtt{b}, \mathtt{c}, \mathtt{e} \rangle$
$\langle \mathtt{a},\mathtt{a},\mathtt{a},\mathtt{c},\mathtt{b},\mathtt{e} \rangle$

Table 1: Event Log

Classical Non-Deterministic Conformance Checking Measures

a) Matching Precision and Recall Measures

To compute the exact matching precision value between the event log (log.xes) and process model (model.pnml), use the option (-emp) as follows.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -emp -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
```

Note that in the command the paths to the event log and process model files are assigned to the relevant (-rel=<path>) and retrieved (-ret=<path>) models respectively.

When the option (-s) is added to commands, the tool runs in the silent mode. The following command is an example of using the (-s) option:

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -emp -s -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
```

The tool, in the silent mode, only prints the result, in this case the exact matching precision, omitting the debug information and execution data. The expected output of the command will be as the following.

Output Screen:

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -emp -s -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
0.7756971155730045.
```

By replacing the option (-emr) with (-emp), the tool computes the exact matching recall value between the event log and process model.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -emr -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
```

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -emr -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
Tool to compute quality measures for Process Mining and Process Querying ver. 1.5.
For support, please contact us at jbpt.project@gmail.com.
PNML format:
                    http://www.pnml.org/
XES format:
                    https://xes-standard.org/
Computing eigenvalue-based precision and recall based on exact matching of traces.
The technique is described in:
Artem Polyvyanyy, Andreas Solti, Matthias Weidlich, Claudio Di Ciccio,
Jan Mendling. Monotone Precision and Recall for Comparing Executions and
Specifications of Dynamic Systems.
ACM Transactions on Software Engineering and Methodology (TOSEM) (2020)
Loading the retrieved model from C:\Users\halkhammash\git\codebase-master\jbpt-pm\model.pnml.

The retrieved modeln loaded in 80 ms.
Loading the relevant model from C:\Users\halkhammash\git\codebase-master\jbpt-pm\log.xes.
The relevant model loaded in
The boundedness of the retrieved model checked in
The boundedness of the relevant model checked in
Constructing automaton RET that encodes the retrieved model.
Automaton RET constructed in
                                                                               40 ms.
                                                                              222 ms.
                                                                               0 ms.
Automaton RET has 6 states and 7 transitions.
Constructing automaton REL that encodes the relevant model.
Automaton REL constructed in
Automaton REL has 10 states and 14 transitions.
                                                                              1 ms.
```

```
The intersection INT of RET and REL constructed in 3 ms.
Automaton INT has 8 states and 8 transitions.

A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of REL is 1.3899267936242778.
A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of REL computed in 85 ms.

A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of RET is 1.4371560431001367.
A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of RET computed in 2 ms.

A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of INT is 1.1147977972610885.
A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of INT computed in 2 ms.

Recall computed in 87 ms.

Recall computed in 87 ms.
```

b) Partial Matching Precision and Recall Measures

To measure the partial matching precision value between the event log and model, use the option (-pmp) on the command line followed by the paths to log (-rel=<path>) and model files (-ret=<path>), as follows:

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -pmp -s -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
```

Output Screen: (in the silent mode).

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -pmp -s -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
0.8675873674841651.
```

When you replace the option (-pmp) with (-pmr), the tool measures the partial matching recall value.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -pmr -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
```

Note that the option (-s) is removed as the debug information and execution data are placed on the output screen.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -pmr -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
Tool to compute quality measures for Process Mining and Process Querying ver. 1.5.
For support, please contact us at jbpt.project@gmail.com.
PNML format:
                      http://www.pnml.org/
XES format:
                       https://xes-standard.org/
Computing eigenvalue-based precision and recall based on partial matching of traces. The technique is described in:
Artem Polyvyanyy, Anna Kalenkova. Monotone Conformance Checking for Partially
Matching Designed and Observed Processes. ICPM 2019: 81-88.
https://doi.org/10.1109/ICPM.2019.00022
 Loading the \ retrieved \ model \ from \ C:\ Users\ halk hammash\ git\ code base-master\ jbpt-pm\ model.pnml. 
The retrieved modeln loaded in
                                                                                          78 ms.
Loading the relevant model from C:\Users\halkhammash\git\codebase-master\jbpt-pm\log.xes.
The relevant model loaded in
40 ms.
The boundedness of the relevant model checked in 0 ms.
The boundedness of the retrieved model checked in
                                                                                          228 ms.
Constructing automaton RET that encodes the retrieved model. Automaton RET constructed in
Automaton RET has 6 states and 7 transitions.
Constructing automaton REL that encodes the relevant model.
Automaton REL constructed in
Automaton REL has 10 states and 14 transitions.
Minimizing automaton REL.
                                                                                          1 ms.
```

```
Automaton REL was minimized in
The minimized version of REL has 10 states and 14 transitions.
Determinizing the minimized version of REL.
The minimized version of REL was determinized in
The determinized version of the minimized version of REL has 11\, states and 36\, transitions.
Minimizing deterministic version of automaton REL.
The deterministic version of REL was minimized in
The minimized deterministic version of automaton REL has 9 states and 28 transitions.
Minimizing automaton RET.
Automaton RET was minimized in
The minimized version of RET has 6 states and 7 transitions.
                                                                                 1 ms.
Determinizing the minimized version of RET.
The minimized version of RET was determinized in
The determinized version of the minimized version of RET has 5 states and 17 transitions.
Minimizing deterministic version of automaton RET.
The deterministic version of RET was minimized in
The minimized deterministic version of automaton RET has 3 states and 9 transitions. The intersection INT of RET and REL constructed in 3 ms.
Automaton INT has 8 states and 23 transitions
  largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of REL is 3.9664313615514613. largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of REL computed in 95~\mathrm{ms}.
  largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of RET is 4.4944928370554145.
  largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of RET computed in
  largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of INT is 3.899365208677344. largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of INT computed in 7~\mathrm{ms}.
Recall computed in
Recall: 0.983091563483432
                                                                                            102 ms.
```

c) Controlled Partial Matching Precision and Recall Measures

In order to measure controlled partial matching precision and recall values, the options (-cpmp) and (-cpmr) are used, respectively. Both options should be followed by the paths to log (-rel<path>) and model files (-ret<path>); and (-srel=<num>) and (-sret=<num>) options to specify the number of allowed skips in relevant and retrieved traces.

The following command computes the controlled partial matching precision value between the event log and model, where (-cpmp) is applied with a maximum of 3 allowed skipped actions in a trace described by each of the event log and model.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -cpmp -srel=3 -sret=3 -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
```

```
java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -cpmp -srel=3 -sret=3 -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml>
   ______
Tool to compute quality measures for Process Mining and Process Querying ver. 1.5.
For support, please contact us at jbpt.project@gmail.com.
PNML format:
                 http://www.pnml.org/
XES format:
                 https://xes-standard.org/
·-----
                                            ______
Computing eigenvalue-based precision and recall based on exact matching of traces.
The technique is described in:
Artem Polyvyanyy, Andreas Solti, Matthias Weidlich, Claudio Di Ciccio,
Jan Mendling. Monotone Precision and Recall for Comparing Executions and
Specifications of Dynamic Systems
ACM Transactions on Software Engineering and Methodology (TOSEM) (2020)
Loading the retrieved model from C:\Users\halkhammash\git\codebase-master\jbpt-pm\model.pnml. The retrieved modeln loaded in
Loading the relevant model from C:\Users\halkhammash\git\codebase-master\jbpt-pm\log.xes.
The relevant model loaded in
The boundedness of the retrieved model checked in
The boundedness of the relevant model checked in
                                                                  40 ms.
                                                                  223 ms.
                                                                  0 ms
```

Similarly, in the following command, (-cpmr) is used to measure the controlled partial matching recall value, where the maximal number of allowed skipped actions in traces in the event log (-srel) and model (-sret=<num>) are 2 and 3, respectively.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -cpmr -srel=2 -sret=3 -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
```

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -cpmr -srel=2 -sret=3 -rel=log.xes -ret=model.pnml
Tool to compute quality measures for Process Mining and Process Querying ver. 1.5.
For support, please contact us at jbpt.project@gmail.com.
______
                      http://www.pnml.org/
PNML format:
XES format:
                      https://xes-standard.org/
Computing eigenvalue-based precision and recall based on exact matching of traces.
The technique is described in:
Artem Polyvyanyy, Andreas Solti, Matthias Weidlich, Claudio Di Ciccio,
Jan Mendling. Monotone Precision and Recall for Comparing Executions and
Specifications of Dynamic Systems.
ACM Transactions on Software Engineering and Methodology (TOSEM) (2020)
Loading the retrieved model from C:\Users\halkhammash\git\codebase-master\jbpt-pm\model.pnml.
The retrieved modeln loaded in 78 ms.

Loading the relevant model from C:\Users\halkhammash\git\codebase-master\jbpt-pm\log.xes.
The relevant model loaded in
The boundedness of the retrieved model checked in
The boundedness of the relevant model checked in
                                                                                       40 ms.
                                                                                       223 ms.
Constructing automaton RET that encodes the retrieved model. Automaton RET constructed in Automaton RET has 6 states and 7 transitions. Constructing automaton REL that encodes the relevant model. Automaton REL constructed in Automaton REL has 10 states and 14 transitions.
                                                                                       6 ms.
 Number of states in : REL is 17
Construction time of : REL is 4 ms.
Number of states in : RET is 18
Construction time of : RET is 1 ms.
The intersection INT of RET and REL constructed in
```

```
Automaton INT has 18 states and 48 transitions.

A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of REL is 3.4859606099099087.
A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of REL computed in 77 ms.

A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of RET is 3.089125399438049.
A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of RET computed in 9352 ms.

A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of INT is 2.895675670596543.
A largest eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of INT computed in 16 ms.

Recall computed in 84 ms.

Recall: 0.9851977981870396.
```

Stochastic Conformance Checking Measures

a) Stochastic Precision and Recall Measures

To compute the stochastic precision value between the event log and the process model, use the option (-sp) as follows.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -sp -rel=log.xes -ret=automaton.json
```

Output Screen:

output

Use the option (-sr) instead of (-sp) in order to get the stochastic recall value between the event log and process model.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -sr -rel=log.xes -ret=automaton.json
```

Output Screen:

output

b) Entropic Relevance Measure

You can measure relevance of a stochastic process model to an event log using the option (-r), as the following command shows. Note that the retrieved model is specified to the stochastic process model, i.e. the stochastic deterministic finite automaton (SDFA), in JSON format.

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -r -rel=log.xes -ret=automaton.json
```

```
>java -jar jbpt-pm-entropia-1.5.jar -r -rel=log.xes -ret=automaton.json
{coverage=0.2857142857142857, number0fTransitions=7, number0fNonFittingTraces=5, number0fTraces=7,
relevance=11.653256727657693, number0fStates=6, cost0fBackgroundModel=67.20902501875005}
```

References

- [1] Anna Kalenkova and Artem Polyvyanyy. A spectrum of entropy-based precision and recall measurements between partially matching designed and observed processes. In *ICSOC*, LNCS. Springer, 2020. In Press.
- [2] Sander J. J. Leemans and Artem Polyvyanyy. Stochastic-aware conformance checking: An entropy-based approach. In *Advanced Information Systems Engineering*, volume 12127 of *LNCS*, pages 217–233. Springer, 2020.
- [3] Artem Polyvyanyy and Anna Kalenkova. Monotone conformance checking for partially matching designed and observed processes. In *International Conference on Process Mining*, *ICPM 2019*, *Aachen*, *Germany*, *June 24-26*, *2019*, pages 81–88. IEEE, jun 2019.
- [4] Artem Polyvyanyy, Alistair Moffat, and Luciano García-Bañuelos. An entropic relevance measure for stochastic conformance checking in process mining. CoRR, abs/2007.09310, 2020.
- [5] Artem Polyvyanyy, Andreas Solti, Matthias Weidlich, Claudio Di Ciccio, and Jan Mendling. Monotone precision and recall measures for comparing executions and specifications of dynamic systems. *ACM Trans. Softw. Eng. Methodol.*, 29(3), June 2020.