Summary for Winter Holiday

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1 Outline

1 Introduction to Linux Syscall

2 Sysdig: A Tool Could Capture Syscalls

Open Plan: Deploy and Make Experiments

1 Recall: why we need hook syscall?

3

- In replay stage, we cannot re-construct the return value of syscall
- Find a way to log all **syscalls** in the record stage

```
static void el0 svc_common(struct pt_regs *regs, int scno, int sc nr,
               const syscall_fn_t syscall_table[])
 // ... some pre-check ...
    invoke syscall(regs, scno, sc nr, syscall table);
  // ... tracing status check
trace_exit:
    syscall trace exit(regs);
```

```
static void invoke_syscall(struct pt_regs *regs, unsigned int scno,
               unsigned int sc nr,
               const syscall_fn_t syscall_table[])
    long ret:
    // ... some checks and find in syscall table
   regs->regs[0] = ret;
```

Linux has provided hook positions.

```
void syscall trace exit(struct pt regs *regs)
    audit_syscall_exit(regs);
    if (test thread flag(TIF SYSCALL TRACEPOINT))
        trace sys exit(regs, regs return value(regs));
    if (test_thread_flag(TIF_SYSCALL_TRACE))
        tracehook report syscall(regs, PTRACE SYSCALL EXIT);
   rseq_syscall(regs);
```

Besides, we also need hook in the enter of syscall, which also provided by Linux.

```
int syscall_trace_enter(struct pt_regs *regs)
   // ... some pre-check ...
    if (test_thread_flag(TIF_SYSCALL_TRACEPOINT))
        trace_sys_enter(regs, regs->syscallno);
    // ... audit syscall entry
   return regs->syscallno;
```

2 Outline

Introduction to Linux Syscall

2 Sysdig: A Tool Could Capture Syscalls

3 Plan: Deploy and Make Experiments

2 Introduction to Sysdig

- > sysdig is a universal system visibility tool.
- sysdig leverages tracepoints and load drivers to capture kernel events.

2 Using Sysdig

A receipt for using sysdig to capture syscalls for a process named zsh and with pid 3981 root@ubuntu:/home# sysdig proc.name=zsh and proc.pid=3981 $3344 \dots < read res=1 data=z$ 3345 ... > rt_sigprocmask 3346 ... < rt sigprocmask 3349 ... > fcntl fd=0(<f>/dev/pts/2) cmd=1(F DUPFD) 3350 ... < fcntl res=11(<f>/dev/pts/2)3351 ... > close fd=0(<f>/dev/pts/2)3352 ... < close res=0 3353 ... > openat 3357 ... < openat fd=0(<f>/dev/null) dirfd=-100(AT_FDCWD) ... 3362 ... > mmap addr=0 length=16384 prot=3(PROT_READ|PROT_WRITE) ... 3363 ... < mmap res=7F3CB2E39000 vm size=53820 vm rss=6456 vm swap=0 3364 ... > rt sigprocmask 3365 ... < rt sigprocmask

2 Issues and Prograss |11

I have made following attempts last week:

- Compile and Install Sysdig on Juno: \textcolor\{red\}\{Failed to compile finally\}
- Install Debian on Juno and then install Sysdig: \textcolor{red}{Critical isssue: cannot use ETM}
- Write syscall hook manually: \textcolor{blue}{In progress}

3 Outline | 12

- Introduction to Linux Syscall
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207.532169]

207.532173]

But what do these bemused numbers represent for?

```
207.532130]
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x122bbec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090
207.532135]
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x11d4bec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090
            [my_sysdig:] call syscall 0x11cf3ec0, 2: 0x42, 3:0x8d66090
207.532137]
207.532141]
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x122bbec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090
207.532143]
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x11cf3ec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x122bbec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090
207.532146]
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x11cf3ec0, 2: 0x16, 3:0x8d66090
207.532150]
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x122bbec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090
207.532151
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x11d4bec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090
207.532155]
207.532159]
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x122bbec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090
            [my_sysdig:] call syscall 0x122bbec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090
207.532162]
207.532166]
            [my sysdig:] call syscall 0x11d4bec0, 2: 0x39, 3:0x8d66090
```

[my sysdig:] call syscall 0x11cf3ec0, 2: 0x42, 3:0x8d66090

[my sysdig:] call syscall 0x122bbec0, 2: 0x3f, 3:0x8d66090

3 Deploy for Sysdig

- ▶ We need install sysdig from source code and configure all dependencies manually.
- Or we could also hook syscalls as sysdig does.

We need do some experiments to:

- figure out the overhead.
- judge whether the information captured is enough.
- make a demo to finish original schedule.

3 Acknowledgement | 16

- Chang Zhu: Introduce Sysdig
- ▶ HongYi Lu: Help to locates the syscall number(?) in a mysterious way