ECON 509: Numerical Methods in Economics

Spring 2016: Monday/Wednesday/Friday 10:00 - 10:50

Room: 272 and 68 (Computer Lab) http://github.com/IASTATEECON509 Ivan Rudik irudik@iastate.edu

Course Overview

Course Objective: The objective of this course is to familiarize you with the fundamentals of computation, and a set of state-of-the-art methods, primarily for dynamic modeling. In this course you should learn why we need computational methods for certain types of problems, the theory behind the methods, and most importantly, how to use them in practice. The course begins with the basics of computing, then moves into optimization and methods for dynamic economic models, and if there is time we will cover Monte Carlo methods and empirical techniques. The beginning of the course is heavy on theory to understand what is happening inside your machine when solving numerical models. As we begin studying techniques to solve economic problems you will also apply them in practice. Keep in mind this is not a programming course. Beyond the first week or two we will be solely focusing on methodology and not programming.

Prerequisites: ECON 500 and ECON 501, or ECON 600 and ECON 601.

Readings: Miranda and Fackler (2002) will be referred to frequently and is recommended. Nocedal and Wright (2006) is highly useful as a detailed reference for optimization and Judd (1998) takes a more detailed look at the fundamental numerical methods in economics. Miranda and Fackler (2002) and Nocedal and Wright (2006) are available as eBooks in the ISU library. The remainder of the required readings will be from journal articles or excerpts from texts which will be accessible online.

Grading: 10% of your grade is class participation, 45% of your grade is the final project, and 45% of your grade is the problem sets.

Lab Sessions: We will occasionally hold lab sessions in class to implement the methods we learn. These classes will be located in the department computer lab. In the lab sessions we will be using MATLAB. MATLAB was selected due to its ease of learning for computing novices, and that many packages exist to employ the methods we will learn and practice. Much of what we do can be ported to R, Python, Julia, and C.*

Office Hours: By appointment.

Contacting Me: Please put ECON 509 in the subject line of all e-mails and I will respond within 24 hours.

^{*}See http://quant-econ.net for guides and packages for economics research in Python and Julia.

Assignments

- 1. Problem sets will be due periodically. You must submit your code on Github (url above) to your group's repository as well as a separate pdf of your output and results. We will learn how to use Git during class. You may work in a group **no larger than three people**. Groups should turn in one assignment with all members' names on the front page of your submitted pdf. You may use any programming language you wish as long as the code is clearly commented.
- 2. There will be a final project for the course, due at the end of the semester, where each student will submit the beginning of a research paper. In week 9 each student will present a short proposal for the final project to obtain feedback from the class. In week 15 each student will present their completed work which should have a first-take at a numerical model and preliminary results. The paper should be 5-10 pages and should:
 - Have an introduction that clearly states the economic question you are answering and why it is important
 - Have a one page literature review
 - Analytically develop the model
 - Describe how you solve the model
 - Have preliminary results

Tentative Course Schedule

1 Git and MATLAB Tutorial

2 Introduction to Computation

Theory

Miranda and Fackler (2002, Chapters 1, 2, and 5); Judd (1998, Chapters 2, 3 and 7)

3 Rootfinding and Optimization

Theory

Miranda and Fackler (2002, Chapters 3 and 4); Judd (1998, Chapter 4 and 5); Nocedal and Wright (2006, Chapters 2-6)

4 Optimal Control: Theory, Methods, and Applications

Theory

Caputo (2005); Judd (1998, Chapter 10); Trimborn et al. (2008); Brunner and Strulik (2002)

Application

Goulder and Mathai (2000); Lemoine and Rudik (2014)

5 Dynamic Programming: Methods and Applications

Theory

Ljungqvist and Sargent (2004); Adda and Cooper (2003)

Application

Rudik (2015); Lemoine and Traeger (2014); Traeger (2014); Springborn and Sanchirico (2013); Cai et al. (2015)

6 Final Project Proposals

7 Methods for Accelerating and Improving Approximation in Dynamic Programming

Theory

Smolyak (1963); Judd et al. (2014); Puterman and Shin (1978); Carroll (2006); Malin et al. (2011); Judd et al. (2011a,b, 2015); Winschel and Kratzig (2010); Maliar and Maliar (2015)

8 Markov Chain Monte Carlo

Theory

Chib and Greenberg (1995, 1996)

Application

Orlik and Veldkamp (2014); Lieli and Springborn (2012)

9 Maximum Likelihood

10 Final Project Presentations

References

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