

# AO3401

# 30V P-Channel MOSFET

### **General Description**

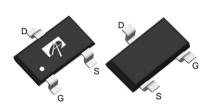
The AO3401 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$ , low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications.

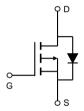
# **Product Summary**

 $\begin{array}{lll} V_{DS} & -30V \\ I_{D} & (at \ V_{GS} \!\!=\!\! -10V) & -4.0A \\ R_{DS(ON)} & (at \ V_{GS} \!\!=\!\! -10V) & <50m\Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} & (at \ V_{GS} \!\!=\!\! -4.5V) & <60m\Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} & (at \ V_{GS} \!\!=\!\! -2.5V) & <85m\Omega \end{array}$ 



SOT23
Top View Bottom View





Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted

Absolute maximum Natings 1,4-25 of the wise noted						
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units		
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	-30	V		
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	±12	V		
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		-4			
Current	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	'D	-3.2	A		
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>c</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	-27			
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	D	1.4	W		
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	$ P_D$	0.9	VV		
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C		

Thermal Characteristics							
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	$R_{\theta JA}$	70	90	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State		100	125	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Lead Steady-S		$R_{\theta JL}$	63	80	°C/W		



#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>.1</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Conditions		Тур	Max	Units	
STATIC F	PARAMETERS							
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =-250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		-30			V	
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}$ =-30V, $V_{GS}$ =0V				-1	^	
			T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			-5	μΑ	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ = ±12V				±100	nA	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS} I_{D}=-250\mu A$		-0.5	-0.9	-1.3	V	
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $V_{DS}$ =5V		-27			Α	
		V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, I <sub>D</sub> =-4.0A			41	50		
D	Static Drain Source On Registence		T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		62	75	mΩ	
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}$ =-4.5V, $I_{D}$ =-3.7A			47	60	mΩ	
		V <sub>GS</sub> =-2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-2A			60	85	mΩ	
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =-5V, $I_{D}$ =-4.0A			17		S	
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			-0.7	-1	V	
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Cur			-2	Α			
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Body-Diode Current <sup>B</sup>					-27	Α	
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS		•		<u> </u>	=	=	
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance				645		pF	
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, f=	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, f=1MHz		80		pF	
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				55		pF	
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz		4	7.8	12	Ω	
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS					-		
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge				14		nC	
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, I <sub>D</sub> =-4.0A			7		nC	
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				1.5		nC	
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				2.5		nC	
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime				6.5		ns	
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $V_{DS}$ =-15V, $R_L$ =3.75 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			3.5		ns	
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				41		ns	
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				9		ns	
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =-4.0A, dI/dt=100A/μs			11		ns	
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =-4.0A, dI/dt=100A/	μs		3.5		nC	

A. The value of R<sub>0JA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub> =25° C. The

APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES TO PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS WITHOUT NOTICE. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CUSTOMER TO EVALUATE SUITABILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR THEIR INTENDED APPLICATION. CUSTOMER SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS, INCLUDING ALL APPLICABLE EXPORT CONTROL RULES, REGULATIONS AND LIMITATIONS.

AOS' products are provided subject to AOS' terms and conditions of sale which are set forth at:

value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C, using  $\leq$  10s junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initialT<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

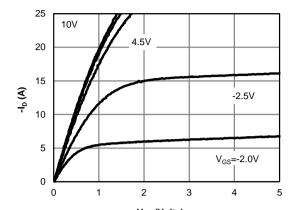
D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead  $R_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

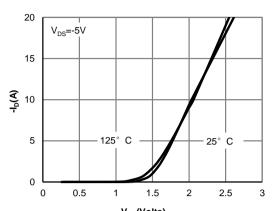
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedence which is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.



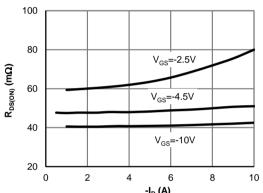
### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



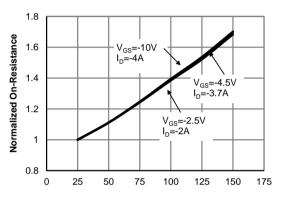
-V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



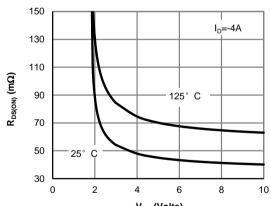
-V<sub>GS</sub>(Volts) Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



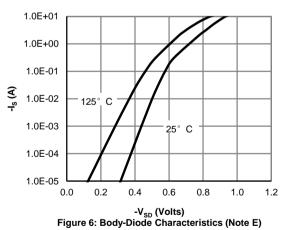
 $\label{eq:local_local} \textbf{-I}_{\text{D}} \, (\textbf{A})$  Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)



Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)



-V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts)
Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)





#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

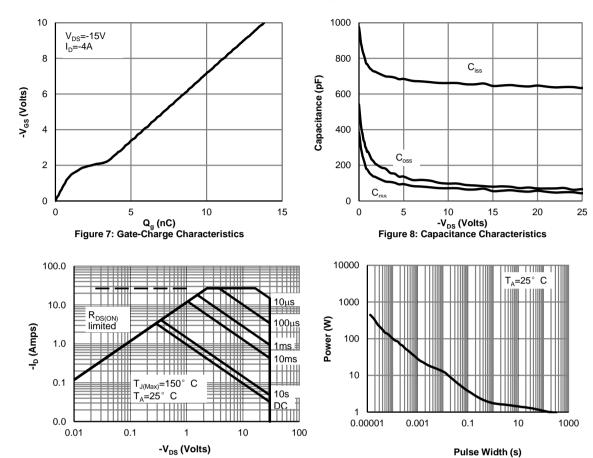
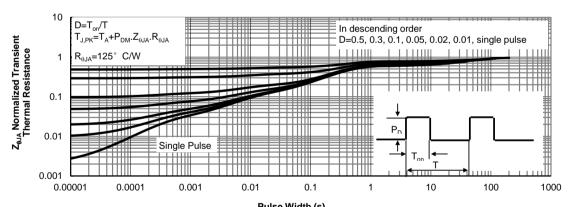


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

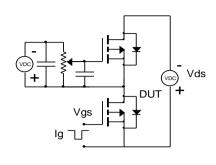
Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)

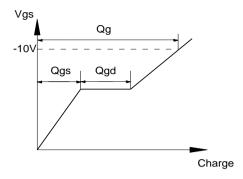


Pulse Width (s)
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

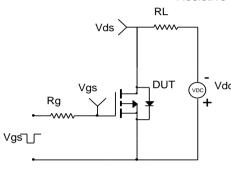


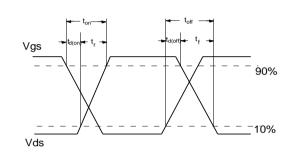
### Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



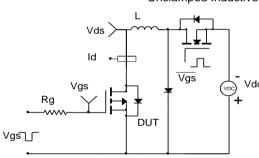


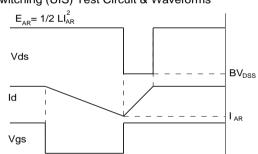
# Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





# Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





### Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

