# SRS Documentation v1.0

Software Requirements Specification Document for Domain Pulse

Ctrl Alt Defeat

# Contents

1	Intr	roduction
	1.1	Overview
	1.2	Objectives
<b>2</b>	Use	r Characteristics
	2.1	Demographics
	2.2	Psychographics
	2.3	Technological Proficiency
	2.4	Physical Abilities
	2.5	Cognitive Abilities
	2.6	Prior Knowledge and Experience
	2.7	Goals and Tasks
	2.8	Emotional Factors
3	Use	r Stories
	3.1	First Iteration
	3.2	Later Iterations
4	Fun 4.1	ctional Requirements 12
		Authentication
	4.2	Domain management
	4.3	Data Visualization and Statistics
	4.4	Sentiment Analysis
	4.5	User Profiles
	4.6	Requirements
	4.7	Use Case Diagrams
5	Ser	vice Contract 18
	5.1	Provided Software
	5.2	Technology Stack
	5.3	Project Management
	5.4	Module Agreement
	5.5	Timeline
	5.6	Security
	5.7	Law and User Privacy
6	Cor	ntract Design
7	Dat	abase Design 20
	7.1	ProfileManager
	7.2	User
	7.3	Profile
	7.4	ModeEnum
	7.5	DataWarehouse
	7.6	SentimentRecord
	7.7	SentimentMetrics
	7.8	SentimentClassificationEnum

	7.9 AnalysisEngine	21 21
8	Class Diagram	22
9	Architectural Requirements  9.1 Quality Requirements	23 23 23
10	Quality Requirements	<b>25</b>
11	Architectural Patterns and Tactics	26
12	Design Patterns	27
13	Constraints	28
14	Technology Requirements	29
	14.1 Development Environment	29
	14.2 Version Control	29
	14.3 Programming Languages	29
	14.4 Frameworks and Libraries	29
	14.5 Database Systems	29
	14.6 Testing and Quality Assurance Tools	29
	14.7 Deployment and Infrastructure	
	14.8 Collaboration and Communication Tools	
	14.9 Security and Encryption	
	14.10Continuous Integration and Deployment Tools	30

## 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Overview

Introducing Domain Pulse, the ultimate sentiment analysis platform. With Domain Pulse, you can easily gauge the sentiment surrounding any domain. Whether it's a business, a person, or anything else, Domain Pulse gathers information from across the internet and analyzes what people are saying.

Domain Pulse presents the results in a visually stunning and easy-to-understand format. Our wide range of visualizations brings statistics to life, making it a breeze to grasp the online presence and sentiment for any domain. Take control of understanding public opinion like never before with Domain Pulse.

## 1.2 Objectives

The objectives of the Domain Pulse project are to develop a comprehensive web application that enables users to track and analyze data from multiple sources, perform sentiment analysis, and visualize statistics. The application aims to provide a user-centered design approach, ensuring usability, accessibility, and a clear and intuitive interface. The system will be built using a scalable and modifiable architecture, leveraging microservices to handle high traffic and enable easy modification and extension. Security will be a top priority, with encryption and access control measures in place to protect user data. The project also aims to achieve high performance through caching and database optimization techniques. Overall, the objective is to create a reliable and efficient platform that empowers users to gain valuable insights from data analysis.

## 2 User Characteristics

## 2.1 Demographics

- **Age**: Users of varying age groups, depending on their professional roles and interests.
- Gender: Users of all genders.
- Education Level: Users with diverse educational backgrounds.
- Occupation: Business professionals, social media managers, researchers, PR professionals, etc.

#### 2.2 Psychographics

- Attitudes: Users interested in sentiment analysis, monitoring online presence, and understanding public perception.
- Values: Users who value data-driven decision-making and insights for decision support.
- Interests: Users interested in market research, branding, reputation management, and online sentiment analysis.
- Lifestyles: Users with professional roles that involve monitoring and managing online presence and sentiment.
- Personality Traits: Users with analytical and research-oriented mindsets.

## 2.3 Technological Proficiency

- **Novice Users**: Users with basic technological skills who may require more guidance.
- Intermediate Users: Users with moderate experience and comfort using technology.
- Expert Users: Users who are technologically proficient and can quickly adapt to new systems.

## 2.4 Physical Abilities

- Vision: Users with varying visual abilities.
- Other Physical Abilities: Consideration for accessibility and usability for all users.

## 2.5 Cognitive Abilities

- Attention: Users with different levels of attention spans.
- Memory: Users with varying memory capabilities.

## 2.6 Prior Knowledge and Experience

- Users with different levels of knowledge and experience in sentiment analysis and online presence monitoring.
- Familiarity with Similar Tools or Platforms

#### 2.7 Goals and Tasks

- Monitoring and analyzing sentiment and online presence of specific domains.
- Gathering insights for decision-making, market research, or branding purposes.
- Tracking public perception, PR campaign impact, or personal brand sentiment.
- Supporting research and analysis with data on sentiment trends and patterns.

#### 2.8 Emotional Factors

- Users with preferences for user interfaces and interactions that evoke positive emotions.
- Designing a user experience that is intuitive, engaging, and delightful.

## 3 User Stories

## 3.1 First Iteration

Table 1: User Story: Add a domain

User Story	As a user/business manager, I want
	to add a domain (business, product,
	etc) to my list of domains, so that
	I can view and track customers' sen-
	timent of it.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I provided the name of the
	domain I wish to track,
	When I click the 'add domain' button,
	Then the domain is added to my list.

Table 2: User Story: Remove a domain

User Story	As a user/business manager, I want
	to remove a domain (business, prod-
	uct, etc) from my list of domains,
	so that I can remove unimportant or
	unneeded domains.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I have selected the domain
	I wish to remove,
	When I click the 'remove domain' but-
	ton,
	Then the domain is removed from my
	list.

Table 3: User Story: Selecting a website theme

User Story	As a user, I want to change the theme
	to light or dark mode for my personal
	preference, so that I can more enjoy
	my use of the web-app.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I am within the web-app,
	When I click the 'Change Theme' but-
	ton,
	Then the theme of the page is
	changed.

Table 4: User Story: Log out of an account

	<u> </u>
User Story	As a user, I want to log out of my
	account, so that I can log in on an-
	other or have more security of others
	not viewing my domains.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I am currently signed into
	an account,
	When I click the 'Sign Out' button,
	Then I am signed out of my account
	and placed on the login page.

Table 5: User Story: Add a source

User Story	As a user/business manager, I want
	to add a source (Twitter, Instagram,
	etc) for sentiment data to my list of
	sources, so that I can view and track
	customers' sentiment on said source.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I provided the name/link
	to the source I wish to use,
	When I click the 'add source' button,
	Then the source is added to my list of
	sources.

Table 6: User Story: Select a domain

User Story	As a user/business manager, I want
	to select a domain (business, prod-
	uct, etc) from my list of domains,
	so that I can view and track cus-
	tomers' sentiment regarding it and
	other pieces of meta-data regarding
	the sentiment.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I have the domain I wish
	to view in my list of domains,
	When I click the domain's name in the
	list,
	Then the sources from where I pull
	data from are listed and the overall
	sentiment is displayed.

Table 7: User Story: Register an account

User Story	As a user, I want to create an account,
	so that I help my domains perform
	better by understanding if customers
	are satisfied by tracking customer sen-
	timent.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I have provided my email
	and password on the 'register' page,
	When I click the 'Register' button,
	Then my account is created and I am
	logged in.

Table 8: User Story: Update Password

User Story	As a user, I want to update my pass-
	word, so that I can ensure the safety
	of my account or change it to one I
	shall remember.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I am logged into an ac-
	count,
	When I click the 'Update Password'
	button,
	Then I am prompted to verify by
	email if I want to update my password
	and enter my new password.

Table 9: User Story: Remove a source

Table 9. Osci bio	ny. Remove a source
User Story	As a user/business manager, I want to
	remove a source (Twitter, Instagram,
	etc) for sentiment data from my
	list of sources, so as to remove an un-
	helpful or unwanted source of data.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I have selected the source
	I wish to remove,
	When I click the 'remove source' but-
	ton,
	Then the source is removed from my
	list of sources.

Table 10: User Story: Select a domain

User Story	As a user/business manager, I want
	to select a domain (business, product,
	etc) from my list of domains, so
	that I can view and track customers'
	sentiment regarding it.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I have the domain I wish
	to view in my list of domains,
	When I click the domain's name in the
	list,
	Then display the overall sentiment
	and list of sources selected for that do-
	main.

Table 11: User Story: Log into an account

rable 11. Ober Story. Log into an account	
User Story	As a user, I want to log into my ac-
	count, so that I help my domains per-
	form better by understanding if cus-
	tomers are satisfied by tracking cus-
	tomer sentiment.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I am not currently signed
	into an account, on the 'log-in' page
	and have my account details entered,
	When I click the 'Log In' button,
	Then I am logged into my account
	that stores my previously created do-
	mains and sources.

Table 12: User Story: Forgot Password

User Story	As a user, I want to update my pass-
	word, so that I can change it to one
	I shall remember and access my ac-
	count.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I am on the log-in screen,
	When I click the 'Forgot Password'
	button,
	Then I am prompted to verify by
	email if I want to update my password
	and enter my new password.

Table 13: User Story: Select a source

User Story	As a user/business manager, I want
	to select a source (Twitter, Facebook,
	etc) from my list of sources for
	a domain, so that I can view and
	track customers' sentiment regarding
	my domain within the source.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I have selected a domain
	and have provided sources for said do-
	main,
	When I click the source in the list,
	Then the overall sentiment specific to
	the source is displayed.

Table 14: User Story: Select a statistic

	ory. Screet a statistic
User Story	As a user/business manager, I want to
	select a statistic (sentiment or meta-
	data) from all available statistics, so
	that I can gain a better insight into
	how that statistic compares to other
	statistics and how it affects the overall
	sentiment.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that sentiment analysis has
	been performed,
	When I click on a specific statistic,
	Then a visualization of the statistic is
	displayed.

Table 15: User Story: View source data

1able 19. User 50	ory. View source data
User Story	As a user/business manager, I want to
	be able to see examples of data that
	was retrieved from my sources, so that
	I can confirm that the correct source
	was specified and correctly retrieved.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that sentiment analysis has
	been performed,
	When I am viewing the source of a
	domain,
	Then the raw source data is also dis-
	played.

Table 16: User Story: View source data sentiments

User Story	As a user/business manager, I want
	to be able to see what the application
	predicts people think based on what
	they have said, so that I can confirm
	the validity of the application's pre-
	dictions and trust the system.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that sentiment analysis has
	been performed,
	When I am viewing the examples raw
	source data of a domain,
	Then the predicted sentiment is dis-
	played along with it.

## 3.2 Later Iterations

Table 17: User Story: View Time Series data

Table 17. Obel Story. View Time Series adda	
User Story	As a user/business manager, I want
	to view the time series data of a do-
	main's sentiment from customers, so
	that I can understand when customers
	most enjoyed or disliked my product.
Acceptance Criteria	Given that I have selected the domain
	I wish to see time series data on,
	When I click the 'Time Series' button,
	Then the page displays a graph of cus-
	tomer sentiment of the selected do-
	main over a period of time.

## 4 Functional Requirements

#### 4.1 Authentication

- Registration
  - Can register using username and password
  - Can register using Google account
- Login
  - Can login using username and password
  - Can login using Google account
- Log out
  - A user has a means whereby they can log out of their account
- Update password
  - If a user has forgotten their password, they may securely reset it
- Remove account
  - A user can delete their account

## 4.2 Domain management

- A user may create and domains with custom names, the domain acts as a 'folder' for a number of sources of data
- A user may add a description for a domain
- A user may add an image or select an icon to represent the domain
- A user may remove a domain
- Within a domain, the following operations can be performed
  - Add a data source (ex: Comments on a specified Instagram account) by selecting a source type and specifying additional parameters relevant for that source
  - Remove a data source
  - Refresh the data for the whole domain or a singular source
  - Edit a source type or source URL
  - Optional: Add, edit, and remove groups of keywords to track
- A user can delete domains (deleting the sources within the domain too)

#### 4.3 Data Visualization and Statistics

- A user can view a select sample of data that was retrieved from their specified sources
- A user can view all the statistics (derived from sentiment and meta data) for different sources contained within the domain or all the combined sources
- A user can view data visualizations for sentiment data, meta-data, and optionally: Time-series data

#### 4.4 Sentiment Analysis

- Sentiment analysis can be performed within any of the following groupings
  - For the domain as a whole (this includes all data across all specified sources)
  - Per data source (this considers all the data retrieved from one specific source)
- The results of sentiment analysis on a grouping are returned as follows
  - The ratios of positive, negative, and neutral sentiment
  - An objectivity-subjectivity score
  - An overall sentiment score (from negative to positive)
  - An overall categorization within the following groups
    - \* Very negative
    - \* Negative
    - \* Negative-to-Neutral
    - \* Neutral
    - \* Neutral-to-Positive
    - \* Positive
    - \* Very positive
- Meta-data is returned whenever a user performs sentiment analysis on an entire domain
  - The meta-data to be returned is as follows
    - \* Which analysis sources were consulted (ex: Twitter, Instagram, etc.)
    - \* How many pieces of data from each source were considered
    - \* An indication of the timeframe over which the data was produced
    - \* Whether new data needed to be retrieved from the web
    - \* Display metrics pertaining to how quickly data was retrieved
    - \* Optional: Based on the number of and type of sources consulted, provide the user an estimate of how good a source the data is for sentiment analysis
- Optional: Time-series data

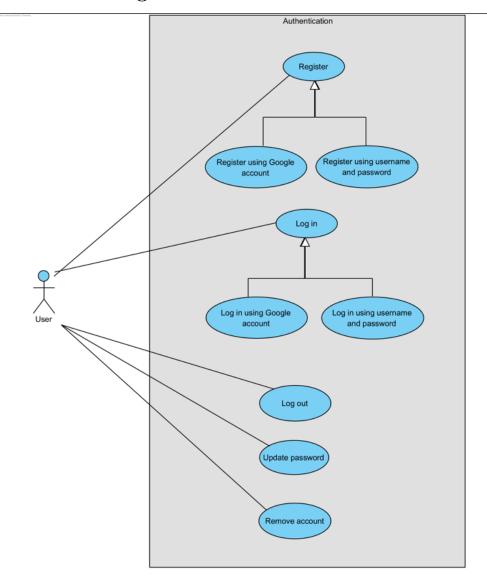
- Time-series data is returned whenever a user performs sentiment analysis
- The following time-series data will be returned
  - \* The change in sentiment score (negative to positive) over a period of time.
  - \* A prediction of the future trend of the sentiment of the domain

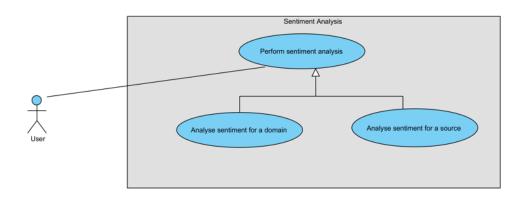
#### 4.5 User Profiles

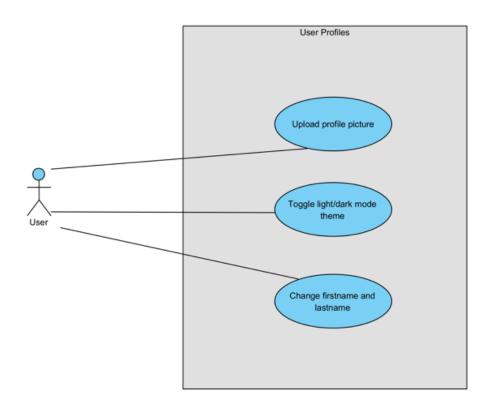
- The domains a user wants to track are stored, this includes:
  - The sources for the domain
  - Optional: The keywords to specifically monitor
- Personalization and preferences
  - User can specify either dark mode or light mode
  - User can upload a profile image
  - User can change their first name and last name

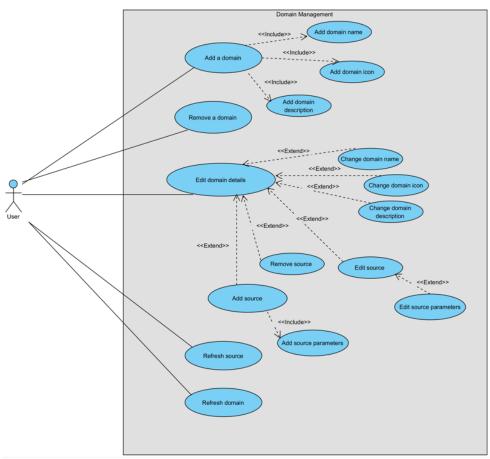
## 4.6 Requirements

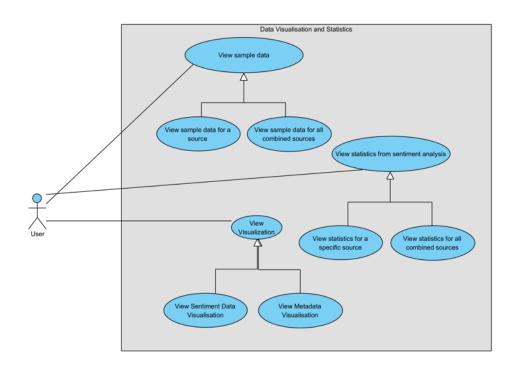
## 4.7 Use Case Diagrams











#### 5 Service Contract

#### 5.1 Provided Software

As per the agreement between the client and development team, the software "Domain Pulse: A Sentiment Analysis Platform" shall be developed and deployed within the given timeframe. The system will allow users to register, create domains, add sources for the domains, and view aggregated and analyzed sentiment data from the sources.

#### 5.2 Technology Stack

The system will be developed using Django as the backend web framework and Angular for the frontend UI. MongoDB, a NoSQL database, will be used for sentiment data storage, while PostgreSQL will be employed for user data storage. The system will be deployed and hosted on a client-provided virtual machine.

#### 5.3 Project Management

The project will be managed using the Agile methodology, with weekly meetings between team members for effective communication and task coordination. GitHub Project Boards will be used to track tasks and progress. Biweekly meetings with the client will be conducted to provide progress reports and sprint reviews.

## 5.4 Module Agreement

The developed system will consist of external services and libraries within the codebase, comprising no more than 15

#### 5.5 Timeline

The project will be completed within the provided timeframes of the COS 301 Capstone Project, and all required information and progress updates will be provided during the respective demos.

## 5.6 Security

Encryption will be implemented on all endpoints within the project to ensure secure data transmission between the server and the client. The virtual machine hosting the system will be secured and protected using measures such as firewalls. POST requests will be preferred over GET requests for enhanced data security.

## 5.7 Law and User Privacy

The software will comply with South African regulations, including laws such as the Protection of Personal Information Act (POPIA). User privacy and data will be protected and secured as required by the regulations.

# 6 Contract Design

## 7 Database Design

## 7.1 ProfileManager

#### 7.2 User

• username : string

• first\_name : string

• last\_name : string

• email : string

• password : string

• userID : string

#### 7.3 Profile

• profileIcon : string

• mode : ModeEnum

• domainIDs : string []

#### 7.4 ModeEnum

• LIGHT

DARK

#### 7.5 DataWarehouse

#### 7.6 SentimentRecord

• timestamp : Timestamp

• content : string

• sentimentMetrics : SentimentMetrics

• sourceID : string

#### 7.7 SentimentMetrics

• overallScore : number

• positiveRatio : number

• neutralRatio : number

• negativeRatio : number

• objSubjScore : number

• classification: SentimentClassificationEnum

## 7.8 SentimentClassificationEnum

- VERY\_NEGATIVE
- NEGATIVE
- SOMEWHAT\_NEGATIVE
- NEUTRAL
- SOMEWHAT\_POSITIVE
- POSITIVE
- VERY\_POSITIVE

## 7.9 AnalysisEngine

#### 7.10 Domain

- Name : string
- sources : Source []
- description : string
- icon: string

#### **7.11** Source

- platform : PlatformEnum
- queryString : string

#### 7.12 PlatformEnum

- TWITTER
- FACEBOOK
- INSTAGRAM
- REDDIT
- GOOGLE\_REVIEWS
- GOOGLE\_NEWS

# 8 Class Diagram

## 9 Architectural Requirements

## 9.1 Quality Requirements

- Security
- Usability
- Accessibility
- Scalability
- Availability
- Modifiability
- Performance

#### 9.2 Architectural Patterns and Tactics

Below we discuss which architectural patterns and tactics we will use to meet the quality requirements. The patterns and tactics are in bold.

#### Security

#### Usability

- User-Centred Design Approach
  - Consider the end-user throughout the design process and design the system accordingly.
  - Make the terminology easy to understand but still meaningful, considering users with no technical knowledge about NLP (Natural Language Processing).
  - Examples of end-users: R&D specialists, social media managers, project leaders, executives, consultants.
- Clear and Intuitive Interface
  - Reduce clutter on the dashboard.
  - Ensure that the meaning and purpose of actions is clear through the use of descriptive and minimalistic icons.
  - Provide user feedback as they navigate through the application.
  - Utilize a user workflow of top-to-bottom, left-to-right navigation, ensuring that the process of completing steps feels natural and ordered.
- Usability Testing
  - Test the system with representative users.
  - Collect and implement feedback.

## Accessibility

- Implement a Dark Mode
  - Cater to visually impaired and cognitive disabilities by providing a simple, distraction-free, high contrast user interface.

Scalability

Availability

Modifiability

Performance

# 10 Quality Requirements

11 Architectural Patterns and Tactics

# 12 Design Patterns

# 13 Constraints

## 14 Technology Requirements

## 14.1 Development Environment

For development, our team members shall be developing within VS Code on Linux to ensure consistency within the produced code and testing of our software. Having all members using VS Code also allows for the use of software such as Live Share for collaborative development to improve efficiency within development.

#### 14.2 Version Control

Git will be used for version control, using a clear and simple branching strategy that allows members to easily work on distinct components of our system while also allowing the reverting to previous versions as a 'fail-safe'. Meanwhile, GitHub will be used to host the Git repository.

#### 14.3 Programming Languages

Within our team, many (if not all) members have a high proficiency in coding in Python. Python is considered one of the best programming languages for Machine Learning and data analysis, which are aspects on which our system will heavily rely. Therefore, Python is our programming language of choice.

#### 14.4 Frameworks and Libraries

We have decided to use Django as our web framework for the creation of our app due to its simplicity, efficiency, and secure data transmission capabilities. Within our Django project, we will be utilizing Python's proficiency in data analysis and machine learning by using the powerful Vader and Grafana libraries, which allow us to perform sentiment analysis on text and visualize our data, respectively. For the front-end development, we will be using Angular due to its versatility and ability to create high-quality user interfaces.

## 14.5 Database Systems

For our database systems, we will be using MongoDB as a document-based NoSQL database for data collection of comments, posts, and other content related to user data. Additionally, PostgreSQL will be used as an SQL database for storing user profiles and authentication data for ease of access and querying.

## 14.6 Testing and Quality Assurance Tools

We will perform various forms of testing to ensure the quality of our software. For front-end testing, Cypress will be used, and for unit testing, we will utilize the built-in Unittest library of Python, which is recommended for Django.

#### 14.7 Deployment and Infrastructure

For deployment, our clients have provided a Linux-based virtual machine where we can deploy our software. We will use one virtual machine for the testing environment and another for the production environment to ensure a separation of concerns. Additionally, a domain may be acquired for ease of customer access to the software.

#### 14.8 Collaboration and Communication Tools

To ensure effective communication within our team, we have a private WhatsApp group for important announcements, a private Discord server for more specific announcements and discussions, and a GitHub Project Board to track work progress. For communication with our clients, we have set up a Slack workspace for quick communication.

## 14.9 Security and Encryption

Our system is secured using technologies such as Django's authentication system, which encrypts user data. We prioritize the use of POST over GET for more secure data transmission. Our virtual machine is protected by extensive firewalls to prevent foreign attacks, and access is restricted to authorized members of our team using SSH and private login details.

#### 14.10 Continuous Integration and Deployment Tools

We will utilize CI/CD technologies such as Codecov and GitHub Actions to ensure thorough testing and checking before deployment. GitHub Actions will automate the building, testing, and deployment processes, while Codecov will provide insights into test results and failures. We have been provided with separate production and testing environments to deploy and check the application's functionality.